City of Wetmore, Kansas

Financial Statement
As of December 31, 2024
and For the Year Then Ended

With Report by Independent Auditor

SHIPLEY
CPA, LLC
Audit, Assurance, & Consulting Services

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SHIPLEY CPA, LLC
Audit, Assurance, & Consulting Services

Russell Shipley CPA, CFE, CGFM, CGMA
Principal & Managing Director
(785) 760-4898
Russell@ShipleyCPA.com

PO Box 751193
Topeka, KS 66675

ShipleyCPA.com

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Mayor and City Council of the
City of Wetmore, Kansas

Adverse and Unmodified Opinions

I have audited the accompanying fund summary statement of regulatory basis receipts, expenditures and unencumbered cash balances of the City of Wetmore, Kansas (the City), as of and for the year ended December 31, 2024 and the related notes to the financial statement.

Adverse Opinion on U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles

In my opinion, because of the significance of the matter discussed in the Basis for Adverse and Unmodified Opinions section of my report, the accompanying financial statement referred to above does not present fairly, in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, the financial position of the City as of December 31, 2024, or changes in financial position and cash flows thereof for the year then ended.

Unmodified Opinion on Regulatory Basis of Accounting

In my opinion, the accompanying financial statement referred to above presents fairly, in all material respects, the aggregate cash and unencumbered cash balance of the City as of December 31, 2024, and the aggregate receipts and expenditures for the year then ended in accordance with the financial reporting provisions of the *Kansas Municipal Audit and Accounting Guide* described in Note 1.

Basis for Adverse and Unmodified Opinions

I conducted my audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and the *Kansas Municipal Audit and Accounting Guide*. My responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statement section of my report. I am required to be independent of the City, and to meet my other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to my audit. I believe that the audit evidence I have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for my adverse and unmodified audit opinions.

Matter Giving Rise to Adverse Opinion on U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles

As discussed in Note 1 of the financial statement, the financial statement is prepared by the City on the basis of the financial reporting provisions of the *Kansas Municipal Audit and Accounting Guide*, which is a basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. The effects on the financial statement of the variances between the regulatory basis of accounting described in Note 1 and accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, although not reasonably determinable, are presumed to be material.

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Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statement

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of this financial statement in accordance with the *Kansas Municipal Audit and Accounting Guide* as described in Note 1; this includes determining that the regulatory basis of accounting is an acceptable basis for the preparation of the financial statement in the circumstances. Management is also responsible for the design, implementation and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statement that is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statement, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the City's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statement

My objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statement as a whole is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes my opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statement.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS, I:

- exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statement, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statement.
- obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statement.
- conclude whether, in my judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the City's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

I am required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that I identified during the audit.

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Supplementary Information

My audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the fund summary statement of regulatory basis receipts, expenditures and unencumbered cash balances (basic financial statement) as a whole. The summary of regulatory basis expenditures-actual and budget, individual fund schedules of regulatory basis receipts and expenditures-actual and budget and summary of receipts and disbursements – agency funds (Schedules 1, 2 and 3 as listed in the table of contents) are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statement, however are required to be presented under the provisions of the *Kansas Municipal Audit and Accounting Guide*. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statement. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statement and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statement or to the basic financial statement itself, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In my opinion, the accompanying supplementary information is fairly stated in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statement as a whole, on the basis of accounting described in Note 1.

Shipley CPA, LLC

Shipley CPA, LLC
Topeka, Kansas
May 12, 2025

CITY OF WETMORE, KANSAS
SUMMARY STATEMENT OF RECEIPTS, EXPENDITURES AND UNENCUMBERED CASH
REGULATORY BASIS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2024

Funds	Beginning Unencumbered Cash Balance	Receipts	Expenditures	Ending Unencumbered Cash Balance	Add Encumbrances And Accounts Payable	Ending Cash Balance
General Fund:						
General Fund	$ 43,673	$ 103,434	$ 91,169	$ 55,938	$ 10,226	$ 66,164
Special Purpose Funds:						
Special Highway	5,428	9,255	6,454	8,229	700	8,929
Special Parks & Recreation	41,606	11,058	24,534	28,130	294	28,424
Equipment Reserve	86,578	-	29,743	56,835	-	56,835
Capital Improvement	9,780	2,693	12,219	254	5,816	6,070
American Rescue Plan Act	6,358	-	3,132	3,226	-	3,226
Expendable Gift Fund	778,116	40,740	11,002	807,854	-	807,854
Business Funds:						
Refuse Utility	6,658	36,474	35,563	7,569	2,971	10,540
Water Utility	33,266	55,425	59,189	29,502	3,602	33,104
Sewer Utility	242,335	90,906	119,224	214,017	2,933	216,950
Natural Gas Utility	69,543	108,402	108,332	69,613	4,574	74,187
Service Station Utility	119,323	517,761	484,359	152,725	22,655	175,380
Trust Fund:						
Trust Fund	480	5,487	1,531	4,436	-	4,436
Total	$ 1,443,144	$ 981,635	$ 986,451	$ 1,438,328	$ 53,771	$ 1,492,099

Composition of Cash:	
Checking account	$ 52,500
Money market	567,518
Certificate of deposit	64,000
Investments	807,854
Total Cash	$ 1,491,872
Agency Funds per Schedule 3	227
Total Primary Government	$ 1,492,099

The notes to the financial statement are an integral part of this statement.

CITY OF WETMORE, KANSAS

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENT
DECEMBER 31, 2024

Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Municipal Financial Reporting Entity

The City of Wetmore, Kansas (the City), is a municipal corporation governed by an elected five-member council plus a mayor. This regulatory financial statement presents the City. A primary government is a legal entity or body politic and includes all funds, organizations, institutions, agencies, departments and offices that are not legally separate. Such legally separate entities are referred to as related municipal entities. The primary government financial statement referred to above do not include the related municipal entities, such as the Wetmore Public Library, of the City.

Regulatory Basis Fund Types

The accounts of the City are organized and operated on the basis of funds. A fund is defined as an independent fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts recording cash and other financial resources, together with all related liabilities and residual equities or balances, and changes therein, which are segregated for the purpose of conducting specific activities or attaining certain objectives in accordance with specific regulations, restrictions, or limitations.

The following types of funds were utilized in recording the financial activities of the City for the year 2024:

General fund – The chief operating fund. Used to account for all resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

Special Purpose funds – Used to account for the proceeds of specific tax levies and other specific regulatory receipt sources that are intended for specified purposes.

Business funds – Funds financed in whole or in part by fees charged to users of the goods or services (i.e. enterprise and internal service fund etc.).

Trust fund – Funds used to report assets held in trust for the benefit of the municipal financial reporting entity (i.e. pension funds, investment trust funds, private purpose trust funds which benefit the municipal reporting entity, scholarship funds, etc.).

Agency funds – Funds used to report assets held by the municipal reporting entity in a purely custodial capacity (i.e. payroll clearing fund, county treasurer tax collection accounts, etc.).

Basis of Accounting

Regulatory Basis of Accounting and Departure from Accounting Principles Generally Accepted in the United States of America. The *Kansas Municipal Audit and Accounting Guide* (KMAAG) regulatory basis of accounting involves the recognition of cash, cash equivalents, marketable investments, and certain accounts payable and encumbrance obligations to arrive at a net unencumbered cash and investments balance on a regulatory basis for each fund, and the reporting of changes in unencumbered cash and investments of a fund resulting from the difference in regulatory basis receipts and regulatory basis expenditures for the fiscal year. All recognized assets and liabilities are measured and reported at cost, unless they have been permanently impaired and have no future cash value or represent no future obligation against cash.

Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

The KMAAG regulatory basis does not recognize capital assets, long-term debt, accrued receivables and payables, or any other assets, liabilities or deferred inflows or outflows, other than those mentioned above.

The City has approved a resolution that is in compliance with K.S.A. 75-1120a(c), waiving the requirement for application of generally accepted accounting principles and allowing the City to use regulatory basis of accounting.

Reimbursed Expenses

The City records reimbursable expenditures in the fund that makes the disbursement and records reimbursements as a receipt to the fund that receives the reimbursement. For purposes of budgetary comparisons, the expenditures are properly offset by the reimbursements under KMAAG regulatory basis accounting.

Note 2 – Budgetary Information

Kansas statutes require that an annual operating budget be legally adopted for the general fund, special purpose funds (unless specifically exempted by statute), bond and interest funds, and business funds. Although directory rather than mandatory, the statutes provide for the following sequence and timetable in the adoption of the legal annual operating budget:

1. Preparation of budget for the succeeding calendar year on or before August 1st.
2. Publication in local newspaper of the proposed budget and notice of public hearing on the budget on or before August 5th.
3. Public hearing on or before August 15th, but at least ten days after publication of notice of hearing.
4. Adoption of the final budget on or before August 25th.

If the City is holding a revenue neutral rate hearing, the budget timeline for the public hearing is adjusted to no sooner than August 20th and no later than September 20th, but at least ten days after all statutory notification and publication requirements have been met. Municipal budgets requiring a hearing to exceed the revenue neutral rate should be adopted on or before October 1st but may not be adopted prior to the revenue neutral rate hearing. The City did not hold a revenue neutral rate hearing for this year.

The statutes allow for the governing body to increase the originally adopted budget for previously unbudgeted increases in revenue other than ad valorem property taxes. To do this, a notice of public hearing to amend the budget must be published in the local newspaper. At least ten days after publication the hearing may be held, and the governing body may amend the budget at that time. were no such budget amendments for this year.

The statutes permit transferring budgeted amounts between line items within an individual fund. However, such statutes prohibit expenditures in excess of the total amount of the adopted budget of expenditures of individual funds. Budget comparison schedules are presented for each fund showing actual receipts and expenditures compared to legally budgeted receipts and expenditures.

Note 2 – Budgetary Information (continued)

All legal annual operating budgets are prepared using the regulatory basis of accounting, in which revenues are recognized when cash is received, and expenditures include disbursements, accounts payable, and encumbrances, with disbursements being adjusted for prior year's accounts payable and encumbrances. Encumbrances are commitments by the municipality for future payments and are supported by a document evidencing the commitment, such as a purchase order or contract. Any unused budgeted expenditure authority lapses at year end.

A legal operating budget is not required for Equipment Reserve, the Capital Improvement and the American Rescue Plan Act funds.

Spending in funds which are not subject to the legal annual operating budget requirement is controlled by federal regulations, other statutes, or by the use of internal spending limits established by the governing body.

Note 3 – Deposits and Investments

K.S.A. 9-1401 establishes the depositories which may be used by the City. The statute requires banks eligible to hold the City's funds have a main or branch bank in the county in which the City is located and the banks provide an acceptable rate of return on funds. In addition, K.S.A. 9-1402 requires the banks to pledge securities for deposits in excess of FDIC coverage. The City has no other policies that would further limit interest rate risk.

K.S.A. 12-1675 limits the City's investment of idle funds to time deposits, open accounts, and certificates of deposit with allowable financial institutions; U.S. government securities; temporary notes; no-fund warrants; repurchase agreements; and the Kansas Municipal Investment Pool. The City has no investment policy that would further limit its investment choices. Investments are reported at cost on the books of the City. Fair value of U.S. Treasury obligations, federal agency obligations, stocks, and bonds are determined by published market quotes.

Concentration of credit risk. State statutes place no limit on the amount the City may invest in any one issuer as long as the investments are adequately secured under K.S.A. 9-1402 and 9-1405.

Custodial credit risk – deposits. Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the City's deposits may not be returned to it. State statutes require the City's deposits in financial institutions to be entirely covered by federal depository insurance or by collateral held under a joint custody receipt issued by a bank within the State of Kansas, the Federal Reserve Bank of Kansas City, or the Federal Home Loan Bank of Topeka, except during designated "peak periods" when required coverage is 50%. The City did not have a peak period pledge agreement during 2024, and therefore the City did not designate peak periods.

At December 31, 2024, the carrying amount of the City's deposits including certificates of deposit was $685,516 and the bank balance was $676,421. The bank balance was held by one bank resulting in a concentration of credit risk. The difference between the carrying amount and the bank balance is outstanding checks. Of the bank balance, $250,000 was covered by FDIC insurance, and the remaining was collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institutions' agents in the City's name.

Note 3 – Deposits and Investments (continued)

Custodial credit risk – investments. For an investment, this is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the issuer or counterparty, the City will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party.

Interest rate risk - Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. Investments held for longer periods are subject to increased risk of adverse interest rate changes. Investments are diversified to minimize the risk of loss resulting from over-concentration of assets in a specific maturity period, a single issuer, or an individual class of securities.

Credit risk - Credit risk is the risk that an issuer to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. Through the investment policies of the outside financial institution, the City limits its investments in commercial paper and corporate bonds. The rating of the City's investments is noted below.

Concentration of credit risk - This is the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of a government's investment in a single issuer. The City's investments are diversified among various issuers and industry types.

As of December 31, 2024, the City had the following investments and maturities.

Investments	Cost	FMV	Maturities (in years) Less than 1	Rating	Percentage of Investments
Cash equivalents	$ 17,567	$ 17,567	$ 17,567	n/a	1.61%
Equities	352,601	648,149	648,149	n/a	59.58%
Fixed income	437,686	422,151	422,151	n/a	38.81%
	$ 807,854	$ 1,087,867	$ 1,087,867		

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENT
DECEMBER 31, 2024

Note 4 – Long-Term Debt

Changes in long-term liabilities for the City for the year ended December 31, 2024 were as follows:

Issue	Interest Rates	Date of Issue	Amount of Issue	Date of Final Maturity	Balance Beginning of Year	Additions	Reductions/ Payments	Balance End of Year	Interest and Service Fee Paid
Series 2019A	1.875%	03/04/20	$ 2,339,000	03/04/59	$ 2,175,331	$ -	$ 42,853	$ 2,132,478	$ 40,788
					$ 2,175,331	$ -	$ 42,853	$ 2,132,478	$ 40,788

Current maturities of long-term debt and interest for the next five-year increments through maturity are as follows:

Year	Principal	Interest and Service Fee
2025	$ 43,657	$ 39,984
2026	44,475	39,166
2027	45,309	38,332
2028	46,159	37,482
2029	47,024	36,617
2030-2034	248,681	169,524
2035-2039	272,886	145,319
2040-2044	299,447	118,758
2045-2049	328,594	89,611
2050-2054	360,575	57,630
2055-2059	395,671	22,534
	$ 2,132,478	$ 794,957

Note 5 – Property Taxes

In accordance with governing State statutes, property taxes levied during the current year are revenue sources to be used to finance the budget of the ensuing year. Taxes are assessed on a calendar-year basis and are levied and become a lien on the property on November 1st of each year. The County Treasurer is the tax collection agent for all taxing entities within the County. Property owners have the option of paying one-half of the full amounts of the taxes levied on or before December 20th during the year levied with the balance to be paid on or before May 10th of the ensuing year. State statutes prohibit the County Treasurer from distributing taxes levied and collected in the year prior to January 1st of the ensuing year.

Note 6 – Interfund Transactions

Operating transfers were as follows:

From	To	Amount	Authority
Service Station Utility	Special Highway	$ 14,010	Council
Service Station Utility	Natural Gas Utility	2,913	Council

Note 7 – Risk Management

The City is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to or destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. These risks are covered by commercial insurance purchased from independent third parties. Settled claims from these risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years. There have been no decreases in insurance coverage from the prior year.

The City pays an annual premium to Kansas Municipal Insurance Trust for its worker's compensation and employer's liability insurance coverage. The agreement to participate provides that the City will be self-sustaining through member premiums. Additional premiums may be due if total claims for the pool are different than what has been anticipated by pool administrator.

The City continues to carry commercial insurance for all other risks of loss, including general liability, crime, inland marine, errors and omissions, business auto, and property. Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

Note 8 – Defined Benefit Pension Plan

Plan description. The City participates in the Kansas Public Employees Retirement System (KPERS), a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan as provided by K.S.A. 74-4901, et. seq. Kansas law establishes and amends benefit provisions. KPERS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. KPERS' financial statements are included in its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report which can be found on the KPERS website at www.kpers.org or by writing to KPERS (611 South Kansas, Suite 100, Topeka, KS 66603) or by calling 1-888-275-5737.

Note 8 – Defined Benefit Pension Plan (continued)

Contributions. K.S.A. 74-4919 and K.S.A. 74-49,210 establish the KPERS member-employee contribution rates. KPERS has multiple benefit structures and contribution rates depending on whether the employee is a KPERS 1, KPERS 2 or KPERS 3 member. KPERS 1 members are active and contributing members hired before July 1, 2009. KPERS 2 members were first employed in a covered position on or after July 1, 2009, and KPERS 3 members were first employed in a covered position on or after January 1, 2015. Effective January 1, 2015, Kansas law established the KPERS member-employee contribution rate at 6% of covered salary for KPERS 1, KPERS 2 and KPERS 3 members. Member contributions are withheld by their employer and paid to KPERS according to the provisions of Section 414(h) of the Internal Revenue Code.

State law provides that the employer contribution rates for KPERS 1 and KPERS 2 and KPERS 3 be determined based on the results of each annual actuarial valuation. Kansas law sets a limitation on annual increases in the employer contribution rates. The actuarially determined employer contribution rate (not including the 1% for the Death and Disability Program) and the statutory contribution rate was 9.26% for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2024. Contributions to the pension plan from the City were $8,017 for the year ended December 31, 2024.

Net Pension Liability

At December 31, 2024, the City's proportionate share of the collective net pension liability reported by KPERS was $83,312. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2024, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2023, which was rolled forward to June 30, 2024. The City's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the ratio of the City's contributions to KPERS, relative to the total employer and nonemployer contributions of the Local subgroup within KPERS. Since the KMAAG regulatory basis of accounting does not recognize long-term debt, this liability is not reported in this financial statement.

The complete actuarial valuation report including all actuarial assumptions and methods, and the report on the allocation of the KPERS collective net pension liability to all participating employers are publicly available on the website at www.kpers.org or can be obtained as described above.

Note 9 – Other Post Employment Benefits

As provided by K.S.A. 12-5040, the City allows retirees to participate in the group health insurance plan. While each retiree pays the full amount of the applicable premium, conceptually, the municipality is subsidizing the retirees because each participant is charged a level of premium regardless of age. However, the cost of this subsidy has not been quantified in this financial statement.

Under the Consolidated Omnibus Budget Reconciliation Act (COBRA), the government makes health care benefits available to eligible former employees and eligible dependents. Certain requirements are outlined by the federal government for this coverage.

As provided by K.S.A. 74-4927, disabled members in the KPERS receive long-term disability benefits and life insurance benefits. The plan is administered through a trust held by KPERS that is funded to pay annual benefit payments. The employer contribution rate is set at 1% for the year ended December 31, 2024.

Note 10 – Endowment

During 2023, the City, received a gift to be endowed in the amount of $1,000,000. The contributions received by the City of $12,500 are recorded in the Expendable Gift fund. The contributions received by the City can be used to pay off bonds or debts, for capital expenditures or salaries for council members or administrative positions. The cost and fair market value of investments held at December 31, 2024 was $807,854 and $1,087,868, respectively.

Note 11 – Stewardship, Compliance, and Accountability

Expenditures in the Special Parks & Recreation Fund exceeded the adopted budget for the year ended December 31, 2024, which is a violation of K.S.A. 79-2935.

Note 12 – Evaluation of Subsequent Events

The City has evaluated events and transactions for potential recognition or disclosure through the date of the independent auditor's report, which is the date the financial statement was available for issue.

Regulatory-Required Supplementary Information

SCHEDULE 1

CITY OF WETMORE, KANSAS
SUMMARY OF EXPENDITURES – ACTUAL AND BUDGET
REGULATORY BASIS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2024

Funds	Certified Budget	Adjustments for Qualifying Budget Credits	Total Budget	Expenditures Chargeable to Current Year	Variance Over (Under)
General Fund:					
General Fund	$ 114,896	$ -	$ 114,896	$ 91,169	$ (23,727)
Special Purpose Funds:					
Special Highway	30,447	-	30,447	6,454	(23,993)
Special Parks & Recreation	23,862	-	23,862	24,534	672
Business Funds:					
Refuse Utility	40,467	-	40,467	35,563	(4,904)
Water Utility	94,627	-	94,627	59,189	(35,438)
Sewer Utility	341,653	-	341,653	119,224	(222,429)
Natural Gas Utility	177,423	-	177,423	108,332	(69,091)
Service Station Utility	1,025,569	-	1,025,569	484,359	(541,210)

CITY OF WETMORE, KANSAS
GENERAL FUND
SCHEDULE OF RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURES – ACTUAL AND BUDGET
REGULATORY BASIS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2024

	Actual	Budget	Variance Over (Under)
Receipts			
Ad valorem tax	$ 24,323	$ 26,299	$ (1,976)
Delinquent tax	627	-	627
Motor vehicle tax	5,573	5,592	(19)
Recreational vehicle tax	106	92	14
16/20 M vehicle tax	17	76	(59)
Watercraft tax	-	18	(18)
Post office rent	7,000	7,000	-
Sales tax	41,248	39,500	1,748
Insurance dividends	3,361	200	3,161
Franchise fees	9,084	11,100	(2,016)
Miscellaneous	1,611	450	1,161
Interest on idle funds	10,484	1,000	9,484
Total Receipts	103,434	$ 91,327	$ 12,107
Expenditures			
Salaries and wages	$ 51,669	$ 53,000	$ (1,331)
Contractual	26,227	33,000	(6,773)
Commodities	6,207	5,000	1,207
Street lighting	7,066	7,500	(434)
Community building	-	16,396	(16,396)
Transfers out	-	-	-
Total Expenditures	91,169	$ 114,896	$ (23,727)
Receipts Over (Under) Expenditures	12,265		
Unencumbered Cash, Beginning	43,673		
Unencumbered Cash, Ending	$ 55,938		

CITY OF WETMORE, KANSAS
SPECIAL HIGHWAY FUND
SCHEDULE OF RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURES – ACTUAL AND BUDGET
REGULATORY BASIS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2024

	Actual	Budget	Variance Over (Under)
Receipts			
State of Kansas gas tax	$ 9,255	$ 9,900	$ (645)
Total Receipts	9,255	$ 9,900	$ (645)
Expenditures			
Contractual services	4,933	$ 30,447	$ (25,514)
Commodities	1,521	-	1,521
Total Expenditures	6,454	$ 30,447	$ (23,993)
Receipts Over (Under) Expenditures	2,801		
Unencumbered Cash, Beginning	5,428		
Unencumbered Cash, Ending	$ 8,229		

CITY OF WETMORE, KANSAS
SPECIAL PARKS & RECREATION FUND
SCHEDULE OF RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURES – ACTUAL AND BUDGET
REGULATORY BASIS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2024

	Actual	Budget	Variance Over (Under)
Receipts			
Pool receipts	$ 11,058	$ 15,000	$ (3,942)
Reimbursements	-	-	-
Transfers in	-	-	-
Total Receipts	11,058	$ 15,000	$ (3,942)
Expenditures			
Personal	7,685	$ 11,000	$ (3,315)
Contractual	13,909	12,750	1,159
Commodities	2,940	112	2,828
Cash forward	-	-	-
Total Expenditures	24,534	$ 23,862	$ 672
Receipts Over (Under) Expenditures	(13,476)		
Unencumbered Cash, Beginning	41,606		
Unencumbered Cash, Ending	$ 28,130		

CITY OF WETMORE, KANSAS
EQUIPMENT RESERVE FUND
SCHEDULE OF RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURES – ACTUAL
REGULATORY BASIS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2024

	Actual
Receipts	
Donation	$ -
Total Receipts	-
Expenditures	
Contractual services	4,743
Community support	25,000
Cash forward	-
Total Expenditures	29,743
Receipts Over (Under) Expenditures	(29,743)
Unencumbered Cash, Beginning	86,578
Unencumbered Cash, Ending	$ 56,835

CITY OF WETMORE, KANSAS
CAPITAL IMPROVEMENT FUND
SCHEDULE OF RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURES – ACTUAL
REGULATORY BASIS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2024

	Actual
Receipts	
Donations-Ballpark	$ 2,693
Total Receipts	2,693
Expenditures	
Ballpark	12,219
Cash forward	-
Total Expenditures	12,219
Receipts Over (Under) Expenditures	(9,526)
Unencumbered Cash, Beginning	9,780
Unencumbered Cash, Ending	$ 254

CITY OF WETMORE, KANSAS
AMERICAN RESCUE PLAN ACT FUND
SCHEDULE OF RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURES – ACTUAL
REGULATORY BASIS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2024

	Actual
Receipts	
Grants	$ -
Total Receipts	-
Expenditures	
Capital outlay	3,132
Total Expenditures	3,132
Receipts Over (Under) Expenditures	(3,132)
Unencumbered Cash, Beginning	$ 6,358
Unencumbered Cash, Ending	$ 3,226

CITY OF WETMORE, KANSAS
EXPENDABLE GIFT FUND
SCHEDULE OF RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURES – ACTUAL
REGULATORY BASIS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2024

	Actual
Receipts	
Endowment contributions	$ 12,500
Endowment earnings	28,240
Total Receipts	40,740
Expenditures	
Contractual services	11,002
Total Expenditures	11,002
Receipts Over (Under) Expenditures	29,738
Unencumbered Cash, Beginning	778,116
Unencumbered Cash, Ending	$ 807,854

CITY OF WETMORE, KANSAS
REFUSE UTILITY FUND
SCHEDULE OF RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURES – ACTUAL AND BUDGET
REGULATORY BASIS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2024

	Actual	Budget	Variance Over (Under)
Receipts			
Trash service fees	$ 36,474	$ 35,000	$ 1,474
Transfer in	-	-	-
Total Receipts	36,474	$ 35,000	$ 1,474
Expenditures			
Pickup contract	$ 35,173	$ 33,000	$ 2,173
Personal services	390	700	(310)
Contractual services	-	6,767	(6,767)
Total Expenditures	35,563	$ 40,467	$ (4,904)
Receipts Over (Under) Expenditures	911		
Unencumbered Cash, Beginning	6,658		
Unencumbered Cash, Ending	$ 7,569		

CITY OF WETMORE, KANSAS
WATER UTILITY FUND
SCHEDULE OF RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURES – ACTUAL AND BUDGET
REGULATORY BASIS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2024

	Actual	Budget	Variance Over (Under)
Receipts			
Water receipts	$ 55,425	$ 63,000	$ (7,575)
Transfer in	-	-	-
Total Receipts	55,425	$ 63,000	$ (7,575)
Expenditures			
Personal services	$ 24,935	$ 25,000	$ (65)
Contractual services	32,151	35,000	(2,849)
Commodities	1,753	34,627	(32,874)
Miscellaneous	350	-	350
Total Expenditures	59,189	$ 94,627	$ (35,438)
Receipts Over (Under) Expenditures	(3,764)		
Unencumbered Cash, Beginning	33,266		
Unencumbered Cash, Ending	$ 29,502		

CITY OF WETMORE, KANSAS
SEWER UTILITY FUND
SCHEDULE OF RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURES – ACTUAL AND BUDGET
REGULATORY BASIS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2024

	Actual	Budget	Variance Over (Under)
Receipts			
Sewer fees	$ 90,906	$ 100,000	$ (9,094)
Transfer in	-	-	-
Total Receipts	90,906	$ 100,000	$ (9,094)
Expenditures			
Debt services	$ 83,641	$ 85,640	$ (1,999)
Personal services	15,023	14,000	1,023
Contractual services	18,992	239,013	(220,021)
Commodities	1,568	3,000	(1,432)
Total Expenditures	119,224	$ 341,653	$ (222,429)
Receipts Over (Under) Expenditures	(28,318)		
Unencumbered Cash, Beginning	242,335		
Unencumbered Cash, Ending	$ 214,017		

CITY OF WETMORE, KANSAS
NATURAL GAS UTILITY FUND
SCHEDULE OF RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURES – ACTUAL AND BUDGET
REGULATORY BASIS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2024

	Actual	Budget	Variance Over (Under)
Receipts			
Natural gas sales	$ 108,402	$ 130,000	$ (21,598)
Miscellaneous	-	-	-
Total Receipts	108,402	$ 130,000	$ (21,598)
Expenditures			
Gas purchased	58,168	$ 90,000	$ (31,832)
Personal services	26,585	27,000	(415)
Contractual services	15,176	25,000	(9,824)
Commodities	3,884	7,500	(3,616)
Improvements	-	19,923	(19,923)
Level payment refunds	2,996	5,000	(2,004)
Deposit refunds	1,523	3,000	(1,477)
Total Expenditures	108,332	$ 177,423	$ (69,091)
Receipts Over (Under) Expenditures	70		
Unencumbered Cash, Beginning	69,543		
Unencumbered Cash, Ending	$ 69,613		

CITY OF WETMORE, KANSAS
SERVICE STATION UTILITY FUND
SCHEDULE OF RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURES – ACTUAL AND BUDGET
REGULATORY BASIS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2024

	Actual	Budget	Variance Over (Under)
Receipts			
Diesel and gasoline sales	$ 517,761	$ 900,000	$ (382,239)
Miscellaneous	-	-	-
Total Receipts	517,761	$ 900,000	$ (382,239)
Expenditures			
Diesel and gasoline purchases	455,966	$ 975,225	$ (519,259)
Personal services	9,451	25,000	(15,549)
Contractual services	16,674	20,000	(3,326)
Commodities	2,268	5,344	(3,076)
Capital outlay	-	-	-
Cash forward	-	-	-
Total Expenditures	484,359	$ 1,025,569	$ (541,210)
Receipts Over (Under) Expenditures	33,402		
Unencumbered Cash, Beginning	119,323		
Unencumbered Cash, Ending	$ 152,725		

CITY OF WETMORE, KANSAS
TRUST FUND
SCHEDULE OF RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURES – ACTUAL
REGULATORY BASIS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2024

	Actual
Receipts	
Interest earnings	$ 5,487
Total Receipts	5,487
Expenditures	
Contractual services	1,531
Total Expenditures	1,531
Receipts Over (Under) Expenditures	3,956
Unencumbered Cash, Beginning	480
Unencumbered Cash, Ending	$ 4,436

CITY OF WETMORE, KANSAS

SUMMARY OF RECEIPTS AND DISBURSEMENTS – AGENCY FUNDS
REGULATORY BASIS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2024

	Beginning Cash Balance	Cash Receipts	Cash Disbursements	Ending Cash Balance
Fund				
Library	$ -	$ 5,463	$ 5,463	$ -
Sales Tax	(358)	131	-	(227)
Total	$ (358)	$ 5,594	$ 5,463	$ (227)