CITY OF OZAWKIE OZAWKIE, KANSAS

FINANCIAL STATEMENT DECEMBER 31, 2018

City of Ozawkie, Kansas

Table of Contents

FINANCIAL SECTION	Page <u>Number</u>
Independent Auditor's Report	1-2
Statement 1 Summary Statement of Receipts, Expenditures and. Unencumbered Cash	3
Notes to the Financial Statement	4-10
REGULATORY-REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION Schedule 1 Summary of Expenditures – Actual and Budget	11
Schedule 2 Schedule of Receipts and Expenditures - Actual and Budget General Fund	12-13
Special Purpose Funds: Special Highway Fund Capital Improvement Reserve Fund City Sales Tax Fund Water Utility Reserve Fund Sewer Utility Reserve Fund	14 15 16 17 18
Capital Project Fund: Wastewater Project Fund	19
Business Funds: Water Utility Fund Sewer Utility Fund Trash Fund	20 21 22
Schedule 3 Summary of Receipts and Disbursements – Sales Tax Agency Fund	23

727 POYNTZ AVE. STE 601 · MANHATTAN, KS 66502-0124 · 785.537.0190 · FAX 785.537.0158

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Mayor and City Council of the City of Ozawkie, Kansas

We have audited the accompanying fund summary statement of regulatory basis receipts, expenditures, and unencumbered cash balances of the City of Ozawkie, Kansas (the City), as of and for the year ended December 31, 2018, and the related notes to the financial statement.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statement

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of this financial statement in accordance with the *Kansas Municipal Audit and Accounting Guide* as described in Note 1; this includes determining that the regulatory basis of accounting is an acceptable basis for the preparation of the financial statement in the circumstances. Management is also responsible for the design, implementation and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statement that is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the financial statement based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, and the *Kansas Municipal Audit and Accounting Guide*. Those standards require we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statement is free of material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statement. The procedures selected depend on auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statement, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statement in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statement.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Basis for Adverse Opinion on U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles

As described in Note 1 of the financial statement, the financial statement is prepared by the City on the basis of the financial reporting provisions of the *Kansas Municipal Audit and Accounting Guide*, which is a basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

The effects on the financial statement of the variances between the regulatory basis of accounting described in Note 1 and accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, although not reasonably determinable, are presumed to be material.

Adverse Opinion on U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles

In our opinion, because of the significance of the matter discussed in the "Basis for Adverse Opinion on U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles" paragraph, the financial statement referred to above does not present fairly, in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, the financial position of the City as of December 31, 2018, or changes in financial position and cash flows thereof for the year then ended.

Unmodified Opinion on Regulatory Basis of Accounting

In our opinion, the financial statement referred to above presents fairly, in all material respects, the aggregate cash and unencumbered cash balance of the City as of December 31, 2018, and the aggregate receipts and expenditures for the year then ended, in accordance with the financial reporting provisions of the *Kansas Municipal Audit and Accounting Guide* described in Note 1.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the fund summary statement of regulatory basis receipts, expenditures, and unencumbered cash balances (basic financial statement) as a whole. The summary of regulatory basis expenditures-actual and budget, the individual fund schedules of regulatory basis receipts and expenditures-actual and budget and the summary of receipts and disbursements – agency fund (Schedules 1, 2 and 3 as listed in the table of contents) are presented for analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statement, however are required to be presented under the provisions of the Kansas Municipal Audit and Accounting Guide. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statement. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statement and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statement or to the basic financial statement itself, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statement as a whole, on the basis of accounting described in Note 1.

James Gordon + Associates CA, P.A.

James Gordon & Associates CPA, P.A. Manhattan, Kansas

April 8, 2019



Summary Statement of Receipts, Expenditures, and Unencumbered Cash Regulatory Basis For the Year Ended December 31, 2018

Funds	Une	Beginning encumbered sh Balance		Receipts	E2	xpenditures		Ending encumbered ash Balance	An	Add cumbrances d Accounts Payable	E	nding Cash Balance
General Funds:												
General General	\$	107,132	\$	149,501	\$	176,919	\$	79,714	\$	4,451	\$	84,165
Special Purpose Funds:	Ψ	107,132	Ψ	142,501	Ψ	170,515	Ψ	15,114	Ψ	7,751	Ψ	04,103
Special Highway		31,045		34,030		61,637		3,438		39,000		42,438
Capital Improvement Reserve		9,609		10,719		4,609		15,719		-		15,719
City Sales Tax		2,586		57,520		34,067		26,039		34,067		60,106
Water Utility Reserve		58,986		10,000		-		68,986		_		68,986
Sewer Utility Reserve		3,464		-		-		3,464		-		3,464
Capital Project Fund:												
Wastewater Project		40,678		-		40,678		-				-
Business Funds:												
Water Utility		155,020		77,712		92,847		139,885		9,757		149,642
Sewer Utility		276,650		209,624	7	260,608		225,666		1,556		227,222
Trash		14,043		40,638		36,511		18,170		90		18,260
Total	\$	699,213	\$	589,744	\$	707,876	\$	581,081	\$	88,921	\$	670,002
			Con	aposition of (Cash a	nd Investme	nts:					
			Ch	ecking accou	nts						\$	436,191
			Ce	rtificates of d	eposit							250,000
			Pe	tty cash								250
			Ag	ency Funds p	er Sch	edule 3						(16,439)
			Tota	l Reporting E	ntity (excluding Age	ency F	unds)			\$	670,002

Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Municipal Financial Reporting Entity

The City of Ozawkie (the City) is a municipal corporation governed by an elected six-member council. The City as an entity has been defined to include, on a combined basis, (a) the City (b) organizations for which the City is financially accountable, and (c) other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the City are such that exclusion would cause the reporting entity's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete.

Regulatory Basis Fund Types

The accounts of the City are organized and operated on the basis of funds. A fund is defined as an independent fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts recording cash and other financial resources, together with all related liabilities and residual equities or balances, and changes therein, which are segregated for the purpose of carrying out specific activities or attaining certain objectives in accordance with specific regulations, restrictions, or limitations.

The following types of funds were utilized in recording the financial activities of the City for the year 2018:

Regulatory Basis fund types

<u>General fund</u> – Used to account for all resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

<u>Special purpose fund</u> – Used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources, other than major capital projects, that are restricted by law or administrative action to expenditures for specified purposes.

<u>Capital project fund</u> – Used to account for the debt proceeds and other financial resources to be used for acquisition or construction of major capital facilities or equipment.

<u>Business fund</u> – Funds financed in whole or in part by fees charged to users of the goods or services (i.e., enterprise and internal service fund, etc.)

<u>Agency fund</u> – Funds used to report assets held by the municipal reporting entity in a purely custodial capacity (payroll clearing fund, county treasury tax collection accounts, etc.)

Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Basis of Accounting

Regulatory Basis of Accounting and Departure from Accounting Principles Generally Accepted in the United States of America. The Kansas Municipal Audit and Accounting Guide (KMAAG) regulatory basis of accounting involves the recognition of cash, cash equivalents, marketable investments, and certain accounts payable and encumbrance obligations to arrive at a net unencumbered cash and investments balance on a regulatory basis for each fund, and the reporting of changes in unencumbered cash and investments of a fund resulting from the difference in regulatory basis revenues and regulatory basis expenditures for the fiscal year. All recognized assets and liabilities are measured and reported at cost, unless they have been permanently impaired and have no future cash value or represent no future obligation against cash. The KMAAG regulatory basis does not recognize capital assets, long-term debt, accrued receivables and payables, or any other assets, liabilities or deferred inflows or outflows, other than those mentioned above.

The City has approved a resolution that is in compliance with K.S.A. 75-1120a (c), waiving the requirement for application of generally accepted accounting principles and allowing the City to use the regulatory basis of accounting.

Reimbursed Expenditures

The City records reimbursable expenditures in the fund that makes the disbursement and records reimbursements as a receipt to the fund that receives the reimbursement. For purposes of budgetary comparisons, the expenditures are properly offset by the reimbursements under KMAAG regulatory basis accounting.

Note 2 - Budgetary Information

Kansas statutes require that an annual operating budget be legally adopted for the general fund, special purpose funds (unless specifically exempted by statute), bond and interest funds, and business funds. Although directory rather than mandatory, the statutes provide for the following sequence and timetable in the adoption of the legal annual operating budget:

- 1. Preparation of budget for the succeeding calendar year on or before August 1st.
- 2. Publication in local newspaper of the proposed budget and notice of public hearing on the budget on or before August 5th.
- 3. Public hearing on or before August 15th, but at least ten days after publication of notice of hearing.
- 4. Adoption of the final budget on or before August 25th.

Note 2 – Budgetary Information (continued)

The statutes allow for the governing body to increase the originally adopted budget for previously unbudgeted increases in revenue other than ad valorem property taxes. To do this, a notice of public hearing to amend the budget must be published in the local newspaper. At least ten days after publication the hearing may be held and the governing body may amend the budget at that time. There were no such amendments to the 2018 budget.

The statutes permit transferring budgeted amounts between line items within an individual fund. However, such statutes prohibit expenditures in excess of the total amount of the adopted budget of expenditures of individual funds. Budget comparison schedules are presented for each fund showing actual receipts and expenditures compared to legally budgeted receipts and expenditures.

All legal annual operating budgets are prepared using the regulatory basis of accounting, in which revenues are recognized when cash is received and expenditures include disbursements, accounts payable, and encumbrances, with disbursements being adjusted for prior year's accounts payable and encumbrances. Encumbrances are commitments by the municipality for future payments and are supported by a document evidencing the commitment, such as a purchase order or contract. Any unused budgeted expenditure authority lapses at year end.

A legal operating budget is not required for capital project funds, trust funds and the following special purpose funds: Trash, Capital Improvement Reserve, Water Utility Reserve and Sewer Utility Reserve.

Spending in funds which are not subject to the legal annual operating budget requirement is controlled by federal regulations, other statutes, or by the use of internal spending limits established by the governing body.

Note 3 - Deposits and Investments

K.S.A. 9-1401 establishes the depositories which may be used by the City. The statute requires banks eligible to hold the City's funds have a main or branch bank in the county in which the City is located and the banks provide an acceptable rate of return on funds. In addition, K.S.A. 9-1402 (d) (1) requires the banks to pledge securities for deposits in excess of FDIC coverage. The City has no other policies that would further limit interest rate risk.

K.S.A. 12-1675 limits the City's investment of idle funds to time deposits, open accounts, and certificates of deposit with allowable financial institutions; U.S. government securities; temporary notes; no-fund warrants; repurchase agreements; and the Kansas Municipal Investment Pool. The City has no investment policy that would further limit its investment choices.

Note 3 – Deposits and Investments (continued)

Concentration of credit risk. State statutes place no limit on the amount the City may invest in any one issuer as long as the investments are adequately secured under K.S.A. 9-1402 and 9-1405.

Custodial credit risk – deposits. Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the City's deposits may not be returned to it. State statutes require the City's deposits in financial institutions to be entirely covered by federal depository insurance, or by collateral held under a joint custody receipt issued by a bank within the State of Kansas, the Federal Reserve Bank of Kansas City, or the Federal Home Loan Bank of Topeka, except during designated "peak periods" when required coverage is 50%. The City's has not designated "peak periods". All deposits were legally secured during 2018.

At December 31, 2018, the carrying amount of the City's deposits was \$670,002 and the bank balance was \$690,506. The bank balance was held at one bank resulting in a concentration of credit risk. The difference between the carrying amount and the bank balance is outstanding checks. Of the bank balance, \$250,000 was covered by FDIC insurance and the remaining balance was collateralized by pledged securities held under joint custody receipts issued by a third-party bank in the City's name. The third-party bank holding the pledged securities is independent of the pledging bank. The pledged securities are held under a tri-party custodial agreement signed by all three parties; the City, the pledging bank, and the independent third-party bank holding the pledged securities.

Custodial credit risk – investments. For an investment, this is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the issuer or counterparty, the Government will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. State statutes require investments to be adequately secured. The City had no investments during 2018.

Note 4 - Property Taxes

In accordance with governing State statutes, property taxes levied during the current year are revenue sources to be used to finance the budget of the ensuing year. Taxes are assessed on a calendar-year basis and are levied and become a lien on the property on November 1st of each year. The County Treasurer is the tax collection agent for all taxing entities within the County.

Property owners have the option of paying one-half of the full amounts of the taxes levied on or before December 20th during the year levied with the balance to be paid on or before May 10th of the ensuing year. State statutes prohibit the County Treasurer from distributing taxes levied and collected in the year prior to January 1st of the ensuing year.

Note 5 – Long – Term Debt

On December 19, 2017, the City issued Series 2017A GO Bonds in the amount of \$3,140,000, at an interest rate of 3.5% and maturity of December 19, 2057. These bonds were used to pay off the temporary financing used for the City's wastewater project.

Note 5 - Long - Term Debt (continued)

Changes in long-term liabilities for the City for the year ended December 31, 2018, were as follows:

	ж.			Date of	Balance					Balance	Int	erest and
	Interest	Date of	Amount of	Final	Beginning			Re	ductions/	End of	Se	rvice Fee
Issue	Rates	Issue	Issue	Maturity	of Year	Add	ditions	Pa	ayments	Year		Paid
GO Bonds Payable:												
Series 2017A	3.50%	12/19/2017	\$ 3,140,000	12/19/2057	\$ 3,140,000	\$		\$	137,000	\$ 3,003,000	\$	109,900

Note 5 - Long - Term Debt (continued)

Current maturities of long-term debt and interest for the next five years and in five-year increments through maturity are as follows:

	I	Principal	 Interest
2018	\$	38,000	\$ 108,605
2019		39,000	107,569
2020		40,000	105,910
2021		41,000	104,510
2022		43,000	103,075
2023-2027		243,000	491,868
2028-2032		286,000	446,314
2033-2037		346,000	392,145
2038-2042		411,000	327,122
2043-2047		489,000	250,068
2048-2052		585,000	157,891
2053-2057		442,000	 48,222
	\$	3,003,000	\$ 2,643,299

Note 6 - Risk Management

The City is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to or destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. These risks are covered by commercial insurance purchased from independent third parties. Settled claims from these risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years. There have been no decreases in insurance coverage from the prior year.

The City continues to carry commercial insurance for all other risks of loss, including general liability, crime, inland marine, errors and omissions, business auto, and property. Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

Note 7 – Evaluation of Subsequent Events

The City has evaluated events and transactions for potential recognition or disclosure through the date of the independent auditor's report which is the date the financial statement was available for issue.

Regulatory-Required Supplementary Information

SCHEDULE 1

CITY OF OZAWKIE, KANSAS Summary of Expenditures – Actual and Budget Regulatory Basis (Budgeted Funds Only) For the Year Ended December 31, 2018

Funds	Certified Budget	for Q B	ustments Qualifying Budget Credits	Total udget for mparison	Cha	penditures argeable to rrent Year	ariance- Over Under)
General Funds:							
General	\$ 194,967	\$	-	\$ 194,967	\$	176,919	\$ (18,048)
Special Purpose Funds:							
Special Highway	62,011		-	62,011		61,637	(374)
City Sales Tax	65,000		-	65,000		34,067	(30,933)
Business Funds:							
Water Utility	185,536		-	185,536		92,847	(92,689)
Sewer Utility	385,798		-	385,798		260,608	(125,190)
Trash	48,595		-	48,595		36,511	(12,084)

General Fund

Schedule of Receipts and Expenditures – Actual and Budget Regulatory Basis

			,	D 1	Variance Over
D	<i>F</i>	Actual		Budget	 Under)
Receipts:					
Ad Valorem Tax	\$	70,045	\$	70,710	\$ (665)
Delinquent Tax		289		-	289
Motor Vehicle Tax		13,065		12,682	383
Recreational Vehicle Tax		184		187	(3)
16/20 M Vehicle Tax		26		26	-
Commercial Vehicle Tax		19		-	19
Watercraft Tax		224		202	22
Specials Tax		1,326		=	1,326
Local Alcoholic Liquor		465		-	465
Local Sales Tax		21,689		27,300	(5,611)
Franchise Fees		26,698		24,375	2,323
Licenses		5,291		2,000	3,291
Charges For Services		2,000		-	2,000
Interest on Idle Funds		2,766		900	1,866
Reimbursed Expenses		436		-	436
Miscellaneous		4,978		6,000	 (1,022)
Total Receipts		149,501	\$	144,382	\$ 5,119

General Fund (Continued)

Schedule of Receipts and Expenditures – Actual and Budget Regulatory Basis

					ariance Over
	Actual	Budget			Under)
Expenditures:					
General Government					
Personal Services	49,046	\$	64,000	\$	(14,954)
Contractual Services	40,210		40,000	*	210
Materials and Supplies	12,412		15,248		(2,836)
Capital Outlay	26,819		-		26,819
Insurance	-		12,000		(12,000)
Police					
Personal Services	-		10,000		(10,000)
Contractual Services	7,611		5,000		2,611
Materials and Supplies	5,409		15,000		(9,591)
Streets					
Materials and Supplies	11,379		10,000		1,379
Street Lights					
Contractual Services	712		2,000		(1,288)
Parks and Recreation					
Electric	276		6,000		(5,724)
Mowing	12,326		5,000		7,326
Transfers Out	10,719		10,719		-
Total Expenditures	176,919	\$	194,967	\$	(18,048)
Receipts Over (Under) Expenditures	(27,418)				
Unencumbered Cash, Beginning	107,132				
Unencumbered Cash, Ending	\$ 79,714				

Special Highway Fund

Schedule of Receipts and Expenditures – Actual and Budget Regulatory Basis For the Year Ended December 31, 2018

					V	ariance Over
		Actual		Budget		Under)
Receipts:	Φ	17.020	Ф	16010	Φ.	220
State of Kansas Gas Tax Transfers In	\$	17,030	\$	16,810	\$	220
Transfers in		17,000			-	17,000
Total Receipts		34,030	\$	16,810	\$	17,220
Expenditures:						
Contractual Services		47,705	\$	42,011	\$	5,694
Materials and Supplies		13,932		20,000		(6,068)
Total Expenditures		61,637	\$	62,011	\$	(374)
Receipts Over (Under) Expenditures		(27,607)				
Unencumbered Cash, Beginning		31,045				
Unencumbered Cash, Ending	\$	3,438				

CITY OF OZAWKIE, KANSAS Capital Improvement Reserve Fund Schedule of Receipts and Expenditures – Actual and Budget

Regulatory Basis For the Year Ended December 31, 2018

	F	Actual	Ві	ıdget	ariance Over Under)
Receipts:					
Transfers In	\$	10,719	\$		\$ 10,719
Total Receipts		10,719	\$		\$ 10,719
Expenditures: Miscellaneous		4,609	\$		\$
Total Expenditures		4,609	\$		\$
Receipts Over (Under) Expenditures		6,110			
Unencumbered Cash, Beginning	7	9,609			
Unencumbered Cash, Ending	\$	15,719			

Sales Tax Fund

Schedule of Receipts and Expenditures – Actual and Budget Regulatory Basis

	I	Actual
Receipts: Local Sales Tax	\$	57,520
Total Receipts		57,520
Expenditures: Contractual Services		34,067
Total Expenditures		34,067
Receipts Over (Under) Expenditures		23,453
Unencumbered Cash, Beginning		2,586
Unencumbered Cash, Ending	\$	26,039

CITY OF OZAWKIE, KANSAS Water Utility Reserve Fund Schedule of Receipts and Expenditures Regulatory Basis For the Year Ended December 31, 2018

		Actual
Receipts: Transfers In	\$	10,000
Total Receipts		10,000
Expenditures: Capital Outlay	Manager in an all the last of	-
Total Expenditures		<u>-</u>
Receipts Over (Under) Expenditures		10,000
Unencumbered Cash, Beginning		58,986
Unencumbered Cash, Ending	\$	68,986

CITY OF OZAWKIE, KANSAS Sewer Utility Reserve Fund Schedule of Receipts and Expenditures Regulatory Basis For the Year Ended December 31, 2018

	A	ctual
Receipts: Transfers In	\$	-
Total Receipts		-
Expenditures: Capital Outlay		
Total Expenditures		
Receipts Over (Under) Expenditures		-
Unencumbered Cash, Beginning		3,464
Unencumbered Cash, Ending	\$	3,464

Wastewater Project Fund Schedule of Receipts and Expenditures Regulatory Basis For the Year Ended December 31, 2018

	A	ctual	Project To Date			
Receipts:						
Loan Proceeds	\$	-	\$ 6	,794,500		
KDHE Loan Proceeds		-		845,488		
Interest Income		-		5		
		×				
Total Receipts			7	,639,993		
Expenditures:						
Capital Outlay		_	3	3,099,247		
Note Payments - Principal		40,678	4	1,445,697		
Note Payments - Interest		_		60,279		
Note Payments - Fees				34,770		
Total Expenditures		40,678		7,639,993		
Receipts Over (Under) Expenditures		(40,678)		-		
Unencumbered Cash, Beginning		40,678				
Unencumbered Cash, Ending	\$	¥	\$			

Water Utility Fund

Schedule of Receipts and Expenditures – Actual and Budget Regulatory Basis

	_	Actual Budą		Budget	Variance Over (Under)		
Receipts:							
Water Sales		\$	53,731	\$	49,100	\$	4,631
Connections			4,100		-		4,100
Other Utility Charges			-		435		(435)
Surcharge	-		19,881		19,025	_	856
Total Receipts			77,712	\$	68,560	\$	9,152
Expenditures:							
Personal Services			25,372	\$	25,000	\$	372
Contractual Services			35,020		20,000		15,020
Materials and Supplies			17,859		15,000		2,859
Capital Outlay			4,596		115,536		(110,940)
Transfers Out	,		10,000		10,000		
Total Expenditures	3		92,847	\$	185,536	\$	(92,689)
Receipts Over (Under) Expenditures			(15,135)				
Unencumbered Cash, Beginning		26.	155,020				
Unencumbered Cash, Ending		\$	139,885				

Sewer Utility Fund

Schedule of Receipts and Expenditures – Actual and Budget Regulatory Basis

	Actual		Budget		Variance Over (Under)		
Receipts:				•			
Customer Collections	\$	89,304	\$	82,000	\$	7,304	
Debt Service Fee		120,320		96,600		23,720	
Total Receipts		209,624	\$	178,600	\$	31,024	
Expenditures:							
Personal Services		25,372	\$	25,000	\$	372	
Contractual Services		25,525		25,000		525	
Materials and Supplies		1,013		20,000		(18,987)	
Capital Outlay		2,476		256,045		(253,569)	
Transfers		-		5,000		(5,000)	
Principal		96,322		34,947		61,375	
Interest Expense		109,900		19,806		90,094	
Total Expenditures		260,608	\$	385,798	\$	(125,190)	
Receipts Over (Under) Expenditures		(50,984)					
Unencumbered Cash, Beginning		276,650					
Unencumbered Cash, Ending	\$	225,666					

SCHEDULE 2 PAGE 11 OF 11

CITY OF OZAWKIE, KANSAS

Trash Fund

Schedule of Receipts and Expenditures – Actual and Budget Regulatory Basis

				Variance Over		
	<i>F</i>	Actual	Budget		(Under)	
Receipts: Customer Collections	\$	40,638	\$	39,600	\$	1,038
Total Receipts		40,638	\$	39,600	\$	1,038
Expenditures:						
Contractual Services		36,378	\$	40,000	\$	(3,622)
Materials and Supplies		133		800		(667)
Capital Outlay	-	-		7,795		(7,795)
Total Expenditures		36,511	\$	48,595	\$	(12,084)
Receipts Over (Under) Expenditures		4,127				
Unencumbered Cash, Beginning		14,043				
Unencumbered Cash, Ending	\$	18,170				

CITY OF OZAWKIE, KANSAS Sales Tax Agency Fund Summary of Receipts and Disbursements Regulatory Basis For the Year Ended December 31, 2018

Fund	ginning n Balance	Receipts		Receipts Disbursements			Ending Cash Balance		
City Sales Tax Clearing Deposit Clearing Penalty Clearing	\$ 144 8,716 13,578	\$	240 22,492 -	\$	384 16,039 12,308	\$	15,169 1,270		
Total	\$ 22,438	\$	22,732	\$	28,731	\$	16,439		