

**WESTERN KANSAS COMMUNITY COLLEGE
VIRTUAL EDUCATION CONSORTIUM**

**FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
WITH
INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT**

JUNE 30, 2022 AND 2021



LOYD GROUP, LLC

Certified Public Accountants

**Western Kansas Community College
Virtual Education Consortium**

June 30, 2022 and 2021

TABLE OF CONTENTS

	<u>Page</u>
Independent Auditor's Report	1 – 2
Management's Discussion and Analysis	3 – 5
Basic Financial Statements:	
Statements of Net Position	6
Statements of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position	7
Statements of Cash Flows	8
Notes to Financial Statements	9 - 23
Required Supplementary Information	
Schedule of the Consortium's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability – KPERS	
Death and Disability	24
Schedule of the Consortium's OPEB Contributions – KPERS Death and Disability	25
Schedule of the Consortium's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability	26
Schedule of Consortium Contributions	27
Notes to Required Supplementary Information	28



LOYD GROUP, LLC

520 S. Main Street
P.O. Box 7
Galva, KS 67443
620-654-7565
www.loyd-group.com

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Board of Trustees
Western Kansas Community College
Virtual Education Consortium
Great Bend, Kansas

Report on the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the financial statements of the business-type activities the Western Kansas Community College Consortium (the Consortium), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Consortium's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the business-type activities of Western Kansas Community College Consortium as of June 30, 2022, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the Consortium and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

The Consortium's management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Consortium's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS will always detect a material

D. Scot Loyd, CPA, CGFM, CFE, CGMA, CNC

"Creating Maneuverability in Government"

misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Consortium's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Consortium's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control–related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that management's discussion and analysis and other post-employment benefits and pension information on pages 3-5 and 24-28, respectively, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Loyd Group, LLC

Loyd Group, LLC
Galva, Kansas

December 7, 2022

Management's Discussion and Analysis

Overview of the Financial Statements and Financial Analysis

Western Kansas Community College Virtual Education Consortium is presenting this discussion and analysis of its financial statements to provide an overview of the financial activities for the year. It is presenting its annual financial statements in accordance with pronouncements issued by the Government Accounting Standards Board (GASB), the authoritative body for establishing Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP) for state and local governments, including public institutions of higher learning.

The Consortium was created by six western Kansas community colleges to jointly develop and market general education courses over the internet. It was created in 1999 and has operated successfully since that time. The initial investments made by the colleges were completely repaid and the Consortium continues to produce quality education to students at a fair value.

The basic financial statements focus on the Consortium as a whole. These statements are designed to emulate corporate presentation models. There are three financial statements presented: the Statement of Net Position; the Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Change in Net Position; and the Statement of Cash Flows. The statements are presented on a comparative basis. The emphasis of the discussion will include this comparison.

Statements of Net Position

The Statements of Net Position is a point in time financial statement. The purpose of the Statements of Net Position is to present to the readers of the financial statements a fiscal snapshot of the Consortium. The Statements of Net Position presents end-of-year data concerning Assets (current and noncurrent), Liabilities (current and noncurrent), and Net Position (assets minus liabilities).

From the data presented, readers of the Statements of Net Position are able to determine the assets available to continue the operations of the Consortium. They are also able to determine how much the Consortium owes vendors and others. The Statements of Net Position provides a picture of the net position (assets minus liabilities) and its availability for expenditure by the Consortium. The net position of the consortium is unrestricted and is available for any lawful purposes.

	2022	2021
Assets & Deferred Outflows		
Current Assets	\$ 1,217,548	\$ 1,513,545
Capital Assets	-	16,333
Deferred Outflows	3,402	23,814
Total Assets & Deferred Outflows	\$ 1,220,950	\$ 1,553,692
Liabilities & Deferred Inflows		
Current Liabilities	\$ 348,006	\$ 430,652
Non-Current Liabilities	-	119,925
Deferred Inflows	115,175	53,571
Total Liabilities & Deferred Inflows	463,181	604,148
Net Position		
Investment in Capital Assets	-	16,333
Unrestricted	757,769	933,211
Total Net Position	757,769	949,544
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows & Net Position	\$ 1,220,950	\$ 1,553,692

The net position of the Consortium is primarily cash and accounts receivable from consortium members. They are available for future appropriations to members and to continue research and development of new courses and educational opportunities and improving existing coursework. As of the end of June 30, 2022, the Consortium's success has provided continued cash appropriations to the members. Past appropriations completed the repayment of the initial investment made by the members. Non-current liabilities, deferred outflows and deferred inflows are primarily adjustments to identify pension liabilities. Reductions in Capital Assets is depreciation. There have been no additions during the year.

Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Change in Net Position

Changes in total net position are based on the activity presented in the Statements of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position. The purpose of the statements is to present the revenues received by the Consortium, both operating and nonoperating, and the expenses paid by the Consortium, operating and nonoperating, and any other revenues, expenses, gains and losses received or spent by the Consortium.

Generally speaking, operating revenues are received for providing educational services to the various customers and constituencies of the Consortium. The revenues are primarily tuition received from students taking courses from the Consortium. The four colleges enroll and charge tuition and fees to their students and then pay the resulting revenues to the Consortium. Operating expenses are those expenses paid to produce the educational services provided in return for the operating revenues, and to carry out the mission of the Consortium. Non-operating revenues (expenses) are amounts for which educational services are not provided. For the Consortium, non-operating revenues (expenses) are interest on cash balances, service charges, coursework research and appropriations to members.

The operating revenues of the Consortium are primarily tuition and fees generated from the sale of education to students. Revenues also include online textbooks purchased by students. Credit hour production stayed steady, decreasing by approximately 9%. Expenditures decreased slightly by 1.00%. Some of the changes in expenditures are caused by adjustments in noncurrent liabilities, deferred outflows and deferred inflows that are not controlled by the Consortium. Operating income is normally used to continue needed research into new education possibilities and continue appropriation payments to members.

	<u>2022</u>	<u>2021</u>
Operating Revenues	\$ 2,129,515	\$ 2,345,576
Operating Expenses	<u>1,860,305</u>	<u>1,881,241</u>
Net Operating Income	269,210	464,335
Total Non operating Revenues (Expenses)	<u>(460,985)</u>	<u>(299,799)</u>
Change in Net Position	(191,775)	164,536
Total Net Position, Beginning	<u>878,839</u>	<u>714,303</u>
Total Net Position, Ending	<u><u>\$ 687,064</u></u>	<u><u>\$ 878,839</u></u>

The Consortium is continually working towards growth of its operations. The Consortium is also continuing to improve the engagement of students earlier in the enrollment process, as well as increase the number of digital assets in the courses. Some Consortium partners are offering additional online courses, which allows for an increase in the number of general education classes offered. Furthermore, there has also been strengthening in the number of alliances with others in the education industry to assist students in creating academic pathways. All of these improvements along with industry wide increased use of distance education and the increased marketing efforts in other states should help to continue the Consortium's success.

Statement of Cash Flows

The final statement presented by the Consortium is the Statement of Cash Flows. The Statement of Cash Flows presents detailed information about the cash activity of the Consortium during the year. It is divided into cash flows from operating activities, capital activities, noncapital activities and investing activities. It reconciles the net cash used to the operating income or loss reflected on the Statements of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position.

	<u>2022</u>	<u>2021</u>
Net change in Cash From		
Operating Activities	\$ 728,044	\$ 209,719
Capital and Related Financing Activities	(508,797)	(350,000)
Investing Activities	<u>710</u>	<u>1,532</u>
Net change in Cash	219,957	(138,749)
Cash - Beginning	<u>489,069</u>	<u>627,818</u>
Cash - Ending	<u><u>\$ 709,026</u></u>	<u><u>\$ 489,069</u></u>

Cash flows from operations for the year will continue to contribute to research of new educational possibilities and future appropriation payments to members. The net increase in cash is primarily due to the regular operations of the Consortium during the year. The cash balance at the end of the year is sufficient to maintain the operations of the Consortium.

Economic Outlook

The Consortium has been successful since its inception. Future success will be dependent on developing courses needed and desired by students, successfully marketing these education products, and continuing to find methods to improve and maintain excellent service and quality. The investors and management are committed to continuing successful operations of the Consortium.

Dr. Esther Lahargoue
Chief Executive Officer

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Western Kansas Community College Virtual Education Consortium

Statements of Net Position

June 30, 2022 and 2021

	2022	2021
ASSETS		
Current Assets		
Cash	\$ 931,875	\$ 711,918
Accounts receivable	258,360	772,330
Prepaid expenses	27,313	29,297
Total current assets	<u>1,217,548</u>	<u>1,513,545</u>
Noncurrent Assets		
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation	<u>-</u>	<u>16,333</u>
TOTAL ASSETS	<u>1,217,548</u>	<u>1,529,878</u>
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES		
Deferred outflows - pensions	<u>3,402</u>	<u>23,814</u>
TOTAL ASSETS AND DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	<u>\$ 1,220,950</u>	<u>\$ 1,553,692</u>
LIABILITIES		
Current Liabilities		
Accounts payable	\$ 27,887	\$ 29,752
Accrued salaries	97,537	122,374
Deferred tuition	210,954	223,852
Compensated absences payable	11,628	54,674
Total current liabilities	<u>348,006</u>	<u>430,652</u>
Noncurrent Liabilities		
Net pension liabilities	<u>-</u>	<u>119,925</u>
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		
Deferred inflows - pensions	<u>115,175</u>	<u>53,571</u>
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	<u>463,181</u>	<u>604,148</u>
NET POSITION		
Net investment in capital assets	-	16,333
Unrestricted	<u>757,769</u>	<u>933,211</u>
Total net position	<u>757,769</u>	<u>949,544</u>
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND NET POSITION	<u>\$ 1,220,950</u>	<u>\$ 1,553,692</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

Western Kansas Community College Virtual Education Consortium

Statements of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position

For the Year Ended June 30, 2022 and 2021

	<u>2022</u>	<u>2021</u>
OPERATING REVENUES		
Student tuition and fees	\$ 2,129,313	\$ 2,345,219
Commissions	191	357
Miscellaneous revenue	<u>11</u>	<u>-</u>
Total operating revenues	<u>2,129,515</u>	<u>2,345,576</u>
OPERATING EXPENSES		
Digital asset fees	112,199	140,233
Instructional costs	818,025	720,996
Textbooks	127,661	153,684
Salaries and benefits	498,569	526,484
Marketing	94,613	118,219
Travel	5,446	1,723
Supplies	7,933	18,867
Legal and accounting	78,599	76,901
Office overhead	20,687	22,080
Utilities	12,237	16,209
Website	67,517	50,172
Platform costs	-	3,682
Interest	323	239
Depreciation	16,333	31,752
Gifts	<u>163</u>	<u>-</u>
Total operating expenses	<u>1,860,305</u>	<u>1,881,241</u>
Operating income (loss)	<u>269,210</u>	<u>464,335</u>
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)		
State aid - KPERS	46,779	48,430
Investment income	1,033	1,771
Member appropriations	<u>(508,797)</u>	<u>(350,000)</u>
Net nonoperating revenues (expenses)	<u>(460,985)</u>	<u>(299,799)</u>
Net change in net position	(191,775)	164,536
NET POSITION		
Net position - beginning of year	<u>949,544</u>	<u>785,008</u>
Net position - end of year	<u><u>\$ 757,769</u></u>	<u><u>\$ 949,544</u></u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

Western Kansas Community College Virtual Education Consortium

Statements of Cash Flows

For the Year Ended June 30, 2022 and 2021

	<u>2022</u>	<u>2021</u>
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES		
Student tuition and fees	\$ 2,630,385	\$ 1,986,856
Commissions	191	357
Miscellaneous revenue	11	-
Payments for salaries and benefits	(1,377,471)	(1,169,151)
Payments for contractual services	(177,732)	(200,659)
Payments and reimbursements for utilities	(12,238)	(16,210)
Payments for marketing	(94,613)	(118,219)
Payments for other administration costs	(240,489)	(273,255)
Net change in cash flows from operating activities	<u>728,044</u>	<u>209,719</u>
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES		
Member appropriations	<u>(508,797)</u>	<u>(350,000)</u>
Net change in cash flows from capital and related financing activities	<u>(508,797)</u>	<u>(350,000)</u>
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES		
Interest on investments	<u>710</u>	<u>1,532</u>
Net change in cash and cash equivalents	219,957	(138,749)
Cash - beginning of year	<u>711,918</u>	<u>850,667</u>
Cash - end of year	<u><u>\$ 931,875</u></u>	<u><u>\$ 711,918</u></u>
RECONCILIATION OF NET OPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES) TO NET CHANGE IN CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES		
Operating income	\$ 269,210	\$ 464,335
Depreciation expense	16,333	31,752
Changes in operating assets and liabilities:		
Accounts receivable	513,970	(352,154)
Prepaid expense	1,984	(6,572)
Accounts payable	(1,542)	(70,752)
Accrued salaries	(24,837)	122,374
Deferred tuition	(12,898)	(6,209)
Compensated absences payable	(43,046)	(9,034)
Net pension liabilities	(119,925)	(7,230)
Deferred inflows and outflows related to pensions	82,016	(5,221)
State aid - KPERS	46,779	48,430
Net change in cash flows from operating activities	<u><u>\$ 728,044</u></u>	<u><u>\$ 209,719</u></u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

Western Kansas Community College Virtual Education Consortium

Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2022 and 2021

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Western Kanas Community College Virtual Education Consortium (the Consortium) was organized under the inter-local cooperative agreement act authorized by K.S.A. 12-2901 and approved by the office of the Attorney General on October 29, 2002 and the Board of Regents on November 14, 2002. The Consortium functions as a special purpose government and encompasses the geographic areas in Western Kansas served by the Community Colleges of Dodge City, Pratt, and Seward County. The Consortium offers online courses under the name EduKan. EduKan provides access to quality higher education through degrees, certificates, individual courses, support services and emerging market-driven programming through distance education.

At inception of the Consortium, the six member Colleges invested equal funds to support the projects' operation and development. As revenues exceeded expenses and appropriate level cash reserves were established, invested funds were periodically repaid. As of January 2007, the entire amount of the original investment has been returned to the respective Colleges.

(a) Reporting Entity

The Consortium is governed by a separate Board of Directors comprised of the three member College Presidents. The accounting and reporting policies of the Consortium, relating to the funds included in the accompanying financial statements, conform to generally accepted accounting principles applicable to public institutes engaged in business-type activities. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The significant accounting policies of the Consortium are described below.

(b) Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

The Consortium's financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. With this measurement focus, all assets and liabilities associated with the operation of the Consortium are included on the statement of net position. The statement of revenues, expenses and change in net pension presents increases and decreases in net position. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recorded when earned, and expenses are recorded when an obligation has been incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available.

(c) Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

(d) Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources and Net Position

Cash

For purposes of the statement of cash flows, the Consortium considers all investments with original maturities of one year or less to be cash equivalents. There were no cash equivalents as of June 30, 2022 and 2021.

Western Kansas Community College Virtual Education Consortium

Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2022 and 2021

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Cont.)

(d) Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources and Net Position (Cont.)

Accounts Receivable

Accounts receivable consists of tuition and fees charged to students. The member Colleges receive billings from the Consortium for the tuition due from the students enrolled through their respective College. The balance shown as accounts receivable at June 30, 2022 and 2021 is considered to be 100% collectible by management since each College is responsible for collecting their own receivables from the students. Accordingly, no provision has been established for doubtful accounts.

Prepaid Expenses

Payments made to vendors for goods and services that will benefit periods beyond the current year are recorded as prepaid items when they are deemed material and it is considered appropriate. Prepaid contract fees and prepaid payroll include the amounts paid for summer sessions not yet completed. The Consortium maintains no significant inventory of office supplies. These items are expensed as purchased and no inventory is recorded in the financial statements.

Deferred Tuition

Summer session tuition and fees billed to students who enroll in May and June are allocated over the days of the course and the portion related to the subsequent account period is recorded as deferred revenue.

Capital Assets

Capital assets include property and equipment. Capital assets are defined by the Consortium as assets with an initial unit cost of \$5,000 or more. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation. Additions, improvements and other capital outlays that significantly extend the useful life of an asset are capitalized as projects are constructed. The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add value to the assets or materially extend the assets' lives are not capitalized.

Property and equipment of the Consortium are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Office and Computer Equipment – 3 to 5 years

On-Behalf Payments for Employee Benefits

The Consortium recognizes revenues and expenses for contributions made by the State of Kansas to the Kansas Public Employees Retirement System (KPERS) on behalf of the Consortium's employees.

Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Kansas Public Employees Retirement System (KPERS) and additions to/deductions from KPERS's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by KPERS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

Western Kansas Community College Virtual Education Consortium

Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2022 and 2021

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Cont.)

(d) Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources and Net Position (Cont.)

Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred outflows of resources*, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The Consortium reports collective deferred outflows for pensions. See Note 6 for more information on these deferred outflows.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred inflows of resources*, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The Consortium reports collective deferred inflows for pensions. See Note 6 for more information on these deferred inflows.

Net Position

The Consortium's net position is classified as follows:

Net investment in capital assets. This represents the Consortium's total investment in capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by outstanding debt obligations related to those capital assets. To the extent debt has been incurred but not yet expended for capital assets, such amounts are not included as a component of net investment in capital assets.

Restricted net position – nonexpendable. Restricted nonexpendable net position consists of endowment and similar type funds in which donors or other outside sources have stipulated, as a condition of the gift instrument, that the principal is to be maintained in perpetuity, and invested for the purpose of producing present and future income, which may either be expended or added to principal. The Consortium has no nonexpendable restricted net position as of June 30, 2022 and 2021.

Restricted net position – expendable. Restricted expendable net assets include resources in which the Consortium is legally or contractually obligated to spend resources in accordance with restrictions imposed by external third parties. The Consortium has no expendable restricted net position as of June 30, 2022 and 2021.

Unrestricted net position. Unrestricted net assets represent resources derived from student tuition and fees. These resources are used for transactions relating to the educational and general operations of the Consortium and may be used at the discretion of the governing board to meet current expenses for any lawful purpose.

Net Position Flow Assumption

Sometimes the Consortium will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted (e.g. restricted bond or grant proceeds) and unrestricted resources. In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted net position and unrestricted net position in the financial statements, a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. It is the Consortium's policy to consider restricted net position to have been depleted before unrestricted net position is applied.

Western Kansas Community College Virtual Education Consortium

Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2022 and 2021

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Cont.)

Change in Accounting Principles

GASB issued Statement No. 87, Leases. This Statement requires the recognition of certain lease assets and liabilities for leases that were previously classified as operating leases. It establishes a single model for lease accounting based on the foundational principle that leases are financings of the right to use an underlying asset. The Statement was not required to be applied retroactively and there were not any changes to net position as a result of applying this.

GASB issued Statement No. 96, Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements (SBITA). This Statement defines a SBITA; (2) establishes that SBITA results in a right-to-use subscription asset - an intangible asset - and a corresponding subscription liability; (3) provides the capitalization criteria for outlays other than subscription payments, including implementation costs of a SBITA; and (4) requires note disclosures regarding a SBITA. The Statement was not required to be applied retroactively and there were not any changes to net position as a result of applying this.

(e) Revenue Classification

The Consortium has classified its revenues as either operating or nonoperating according to the following criteria:

Operating Revenues. Operating revenues include activities that have the characteristics of exchange transactions, such as student tuition and fees and sales and services of auxiliary enterprises.

Nonoperating Revenues. Nonoperating revenues include activities that have the characteristics of nonexchange transactions, such as gifts and contributions and other revenue sources, such as state aid, property taxes and investment income.

2. Stewardship, Compliance, and Accountability

(a) Budgetary Information

The Consortium is not subject to the legal annual operating budget requirements, but is controlled by the use of an internal budget established by the governing body. As the Consortium is not subject to these requirements, comparison to budget has been waived on the financial statements.

3. Cash and Investments

Kansas Statute (KSA) 9-1401 establishes the depositories which may be used by the Consortium. The statute requires banks eligible to hold the Consortium's funds have a main or branch bank in the county in which the Consortium is located, or in an adjoining county if such institution has been designated as an official depository, and the banks provide an acceptable rate of return on funds. In addition, K.S.A. 9-1402 requires the banks to pledge securities for deposits in excess of FDIC coverage. The Consortium has no other policies that would further limit inherent rate risk.

Kansas Statute (KSA) 12-1675 authorizes the Consortium to invest monies in time deposits, certificates of deposits, repurchase agreements consisting of obligations insured by the U.S. government or any agency thereof, U.S. Treasury bills or notes with maturities not exceeding two years, and the Kansas Municipal Investment Pool. The Consortium has no other policies that would further limit investment choices.

Western Kansas Community College Virtual Education Consortium

Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2022 and 2021

3. Cash and Investments (Cont.)

Concentration of credit risk. State statutes place no limit on the amount the Consortium may invest in any one issuer as long as the investments are adequately secured under K.S.A. 9-1402 and K.S.A. 9-1405.

Custodial Credit Risk - Deposits. Custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of a bank failure, the Consortium's deposits may not be returned to it. State statutes require the Consortium's deposits in financial institutions to be entirely covered by federal depository insurance or by collateral held under a joint custody receipt issued by a bank within the State of Kansas, the Federal Reserve Bank of Kansas City, or the Federal Home Loan Bank of Topeka. All deposits were legally secured at June 30, 2022 and 2021.

The Consortium's carrying amount of deposits was \$931,875 and \$711,918 and the bank balance was \$1,232,275 and \$801,650 at June 30, 2022 and 2021, respectively. The bank balance was held by one bank resulting in a concentration of credit risk. Of the bank balance, \$250,000 was covered by federal depository insurance and \$982,275 and \$551,650 was collateralized by securities held by the pledging institutions' agents in the Consortium's name at June 30, 2022 and 2021, respectively.

Custodial Credit Risk - Investments. For an investment, this is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the issuer or counterparty, the Consortium will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. State statutes require investments to be adequately secured. The Consortium had no investments at June 30, 2022 and 2021.

4. Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2022, was as follows:

	Beginning Balance	Increases	(Decreases) Adjustments	Ending Balance
Depreciable capital assets:				
Office Equipment	\$ 216,153	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 216,153
Less accumulated depreciation:				
Office Equipment	(199,820)	(16,333)	-	(216,153)
Total capital assets, net	<u>\$ 16,333</u>	<u>\$ (16,333)</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>

Depreciation expense for the year ended June 30, 2022 is \$16,333.

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2021, was as follows:

	Beginning Balance	Increases	(Decreases) Adjustments	Ending Balance
Depreciable capital assets:				
Office Equipment	\$ 216,153	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 216,153
Less accumulated depreciation:				
Office Equipment	(168,068)	(31,752)	-	(199,820)
Total capital assets, net	<u>\$ 48,085</u>	<u>\$ (31,752)</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 16,333</u>

Depreciation expense for the year ended June 30, 2022 is \$31,752

Western Kansas Community College Virtual Education Consortium

Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2022 and 2021

5. Risk Management

The Consortium is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The Consortium has been unable to obtain health insurance at a cost it considered to be economically justifiable. For this reason, the County joined together with other counties in the State to participate in the State Employee Health Plan (SEHP), which is a public entity risk pool currently operating as a common risk management and insurance program.

The Consortium pays monthly premiums to the SEHP for its health insurance coverage. The agreement to participate provides that the SEHP will be self-sustaining through member premiums and will not reinsure through commercial companies. Additional premiums may be due if total claims for the pool are different than what has been anticipated by SEHP management.

The Consortium carries commercial insurance for all other risks of loss, including property, general liability, automobile, crime, cyber liability, directors and officers' professional liability, inland marine and worker's compensation. Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

During the ordinary course of its operations, the Consortium is exposed to various claims, legal actions and complaints. It is of the opinion of the Consortium's management and legal counsel that any current matters are not anticipated to have a material impact on the Consortium.

6. Defined Benefit Pension Plan

Plan Description

The Consortium participates in the Kansas Public Employees Retirement System (KPERS or System), a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan as provided by Kansas law and administered by KPERS, a body corporate and an instrumentality of the State of Kansas. Kansas law establishes and amends benefit provisions. KPERS issues a publicly available, stand-alone comprehensive annual financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained by writing to KPERS (611 S. Kansas, Suite 100, Topeka, KS 66603) or by calling 1-888-275-5737, or at the KPERS website at www.kpers.org.

KPERS provides pension benefits to the following statewide pension groups under one plan, as provided by KSA 74, article 49:

- Public employees, which include:
 - State/School Employees
 - Local Employees
- Police and Firemen
- Judges

Substantially all public employees in Kansas are covered by KPERS. The State of Kansas and Kansas schools are required to participate, while participation by local political subdivisions is optional, but irrevocable once elected.

Western Kansas Community College Virtual Education Consortium

Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2022 and 2021

6. Defined Benefit Pension Plan (Cont.)

Plan Description (Cont.)

The employer contributions for non-public school district schools, as defined in KSA 74-4931 (2) and (3), are funded by the State of Kansas on behalf of these employers. Therefore, these employers, are vocational-technical schools and community junior Consortiums, are considered to be in a special funding situation as defined by GASB Statement No. 68. The State is treated as a nonemployer contributing entity in the System. Since these employers do not contribute directly to the System for active employees, there is no net pension liability or deferred inflows or outflows to report in the financial statements for active employees. The notes to the Consortium's financial statements must disclose the portion of the nonemployer contributing entities' total proportionate share of the collective net pension liability that is associated with the non-public school district employer. In addition, each non-public school district employer must recognize the pension expense associated with their employer as well as revenue in an amount equal to the nonemployer contributing entities' total proportionate share of the collective pension expense associated with their employer.

A number of these employers make contributions directly to KPERS for KPERS retirees filling KPERS covered positions per KSA 74-4937, "working after retirement" employees. The resulting proportional share of these agencies "working after retirement" contributions and resulting net pension liability are attributable to the employer. These amounts are reflected separately and recorded in the financial statements.

Benefits provided

Benefits are established by statute and may only be changed by the General Assembly. Members with ten or more years of credited service, may retire as early as age 55, with an actuarially reduced monthly benefit. Normal retirement is at age 65, age 62 with ten years of credited service, or whenever a member's combined age and years of credited service equal 85 "points".

Monthly retirement benefits are based on a statutory formula that includes final average salary and years of service. When ending employment, members may withdraw their contributions from their individual accounts, including interest. Members who withdraw their accumulated contributions lose all rights and privileges of membership. For all pension coverage groups, the accumulated contributions and interest are deposited into and disbursed from the membership accumulated reserve fund as established by KSA 74-4922.

Members choose one of seven payment options for their monthly retirement benefits. At retirement a member may receive a lump sum payment of up to 50% of the actuarial present value of the member's lifetime benefit. His or her monthly retirement benefit is then permanently reduced based on the amount of the lump sum. Benefit increases, including ad hoc post retirement benefit increases, must be passed into law by the Kansas Legislature. Benefit increases are under the authority of the Legislature and the Governor of the State of Kansas.

The 2012 Legislature made changes affecting new hires, current members and employers. A new KPERS 3 cash balance retirement plan for new hires starting January 1, 2015, was created. Normal retirement age for KPERS 3 is 65 with five years of service or 60 with 30 years of service. Early retirement is available at age 55 with ten years of service, with a reduced benefit. Monthly benefit options are an annuity benefit based on the account balance at retirement.

Western Kansas Community College Virtual Education Consortium

Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2022 and 2021

6. Defined Benefit Pension Plan (Cont.)

Contributions

For all pension coverage groups, the retirement benefits are disbursed from the retirement benefit payment reserve fund established by KSA 74-4922. Member contribution rates are established by State law, and are paid by the employee according to the provisions of Section 414(h) of the Internal revenue code. State law provides that the employer contribution rates for each of the three state wide pension groups to be determined based on the results of each annual actuarial valuation. The contributions and assets of all groups are deposited in the Kansas Public Employees Retirement Fund established by KSA 74-4921. All of the retirement systems are funded on an actuarial reserve basis.

For fiscal years beginning in 1995, Kansas legislation established statutory limits on increases in contribution rates for KPERS employers. Annual increases in the employer contribution rates related to subsequent benefit enhancements are not subject to these limitations. The statutory cap increase over the prior year contribution rate is 1.20% of total payroll.

The State is required to contribute 100% of the Consortium's contractually required contributions, which are actuarially determined as an amount that, when combined with employee contributions, is expected to finance the cost of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. However, they do make contributions directly to KPERS for KPERS retirees filling KPERS covered positions per KSA 74-4937, "working after retirement" employees. The resulting proportional share of the "working after retirement" contributions and resulting new pension liability are attributable to the employer.

KSA 74-4919 and KSA 74-49,210 establish the KPERS member-employee contribution rates. KPERS has multiple benefit structures and contribution rates depending on whether the employee is a KPERS 1, KPERS 2, or KPERS 3 member. KPERS 1 members are active and contributing members hired before July 1, 2009. KPERS 2 members were first employed in a covered position on or after July 1, 2009, and KPERS 3 members were first employed in a covered position on or after January 1, 2016. Effective January 1, 2015, Kansas law established the KPERS member-employee contribution rate of 6% of covered salary for KPERS 1, KPERS 2, and KPERS 3 members.

The Consortium's contractually required contributions rate for the actuarial report year ended June 30, 2021, was 15.59% of the annual Consortium payroll, of which 0.00% of payroll was required from the Consortium and 100% of payroll was required from the State. The Consortium's contributions to the pension plan were \$0 for the year ended June 30, 2021 (actuarial report date).

Employer Allocations

Although KPERS administers one cost sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan, separate (sub) actuarial valuations are prepared to determine the actuarial determined contribution rate by group. Following this method, the measurement of the collective net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources, deferred inflows of resources, and pension expense are determined separately for each of the following groups of the plan:

- State/School
- Local
- Police and Fireman
- Judges

To facilitate the separate (sub) actuarial valuations, KPERS maintains separate accounts to identify additions, deductions, and fiduciary net position applicable to each group. The allocation percentages presented for each group in the schedule of employer and nonemployer allocations are applied to amounts presented in the schedules of pension amounts by employer and nonemployer.

Western Kansas Community College Virtual Education Consortium

Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2022 and 2021

6. Defined Benefit Pension Plan (Cont.)

Employer Allocations (Cont.)

The allocation percentages for the Consortium's share of the collective pension amounts as of the June 30, 2021 and 2020 valuation reports, were based on the ratio of each employer's contributions to the total of the employer and nonemployer contributions of the group for the valuation fiscal years ended June 30, 2021 and 2020, respectively.

The contributions used exclude contributions made for prior service, excess benefits and irregular payments.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2022 (actuarial report year ended June 30, 2021), the Consortium reported a liability for its proportionate share of the net pension liability that reflected a reduction for the State pension support provided to the Consortium. The amount recognized by the Consortium as its proportionate share of the net pension liability, the related state support, and the total portion of the net pension liability that was associated with the Consortium were as follows:

Consortium's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ -
State's proportionate share of the net pension liability associated with the Consortium	<u>396,015</u>
	<u>\$ 396,015</u>

The net pension liability was measured as of December 31, 2020, which was rolled forward to June 30, 2021. The total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The Consortium's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the ratio of its contributions to the total of the employer and non-employer contributions of the group for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021. The contributions used exclude contributions made for prior service, excess benefits, and irregular payments. At June 30, 2021, the combined Consortium and State's proportion was 2.43%, which was a decrease of .91% from its proportion measured as of the year ended June 30, 2020.

For the actuarial report as of June 30, 2021, there were changes in assumptions and benefits as described in the notes to the required supplemental information. There were no changes between the measurement date of December 31, 2020, rolled forward to June 30, 2021, and the Consortium's reporting date of June 30, 2022.

For the year ended June 30, 2022, the Consortium recognized pension expense of \$30,240 and revenue of \$30,240 for support provided by the state. For the portion related to the "working after retirement" the Consortium recognized pension expense of \$(37,910), which includes the changes in the collective net pension liability, projected earnings on pension plan investments, and the amortization of deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources for the current period. For the year ended June 30, 2022 (the measurement date of June 30, 2021), the Consortium reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions for the Consortium from the following sources:

Western Kansas Community College Virtual Education Consortium

Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2022 and 2021

6. Defined Benefit Pension Plan (Cont.)

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions (Cont.)

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ -	\$ -
Changes of assumptions	-	-
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments	-	-
Changes in proportion and differences between Consortium contributions and proportionate share of contributions	3,402	115,175
Contributions subsequent to the measurement date	-	-
Total	<u>\$ 3,402</u>	<u>\$ 115,175</u>

In the year ended June 30, 2022 amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expenses by the Consortium as follows:

<u>Year ended June 30:</u>	<u>Amount</u>
2022	\$ (37,669)
2023	(26,017)
2024	(24,130)
2025	(20,383)
2026	(3,574)
Thereafter	-
	<u>\$ (111,773)</u>

Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability recognized by the State and the portion recognized by the Consortium, were determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2020, which was rolled forward to June 30, 2021, using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

- Price Inflation 2.75 percent
- Wage inflation 3.50 percent
- Salary increases, including wage increases 3.50 to 12.00 percent, including inflation
- Long-term rate of return, net of investment expense, and including price inflation 7.25 percent

Western Kansas Community College Virtual Education Consortium

Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2022 and 2021

6. Defined Benefit Pension Plan (Cont.)

Actuarial Assumptions (Cont.)

Mortality rates were based on the RP 2014 Mortality Tables, with age setbacks and age set forwards as well as other adjustments based on different membership groups. Future mortality improvements are anticipated using Scale MP-2016.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building block method in which best estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage. Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class as of the most recent experience study, dated January 7, 2020, as provided by KPERS' investment consultant, are summarized in the following table:

Asset class	Long-term target allocation	Long-term expected real rate of return
U.S. Equities	23.50%	5.20%
Non-U.S. Equities	23.50%	6.40%
Private Equity	8.00%	9.50%
Private Real Estate	11.00%	4.45%
Yield Driven	8.00%	4.70%
Real Return	11.00%	3.25%
Fixed Income	11.00%	1.55%
Short-term Investments	<u>4.00%</u>	0.25%
Total	<u>100.00%</u>	

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.25%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate was based on member and employer contributions as outlined below.

In KPERS, the State/School and Local groups do not necessarily contribute the full actuarially determined rate. Based on legislation passed in 1993 and subsequent legislation, the employer contribution rates certified by the Board may not increase by more than the statutory cap. The statutory cap for Fiscal Year 2021 was 1.2 percent.

In recent years, the Legislature has made several changes to statutory rates that deviate from the scheduled contribution increases set under the caps established in 2012 for the State/School group. Under 2015 SB 4, the previously certified State/School statutory rate for Fiscal Year 2015 of 11.27 percent was reduced to 8.65 percent for the last half of the fiscal year as part of the Governor's allotment. That same session, SB 228 recertified statutory rates for the State/School group to 10.91 percent for Fiscal Year 2016 and 10.81 percent for Fiscal Year 2017 in anticipation of the issuance of \$1 billion in pension obligation bonds. Legislation in the 2016 session (SB 161) provided for the delay of up to \$100 million in State and School contributions to the Pension Plan. Legislation passed by the 2017 Legislature removed the repayment provisions included in SB 161.

Western Kansas Community College Virtual Education Consortium

Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2022 and 2021

6. Defined Benefit Pension Plan (Cont.)

Discount Rate (Cont.)

In addition, 2017 Senate Sub for Sub HB 2052 delayed \$64.1 million in Fiscal Year 2017 State/School contributions, to be repaid over 20 years in level dollar installments. The first payment of \$6.4 million was paid in full at the beginning of Fiscal Year 2019, and appropriations for Fiscal Year 2019 were made at the statutory contribution rate of 12.01 percent for the State/School group. Additional legislation in the 2017 Session (Senate Sub for HB 2002) provided for a reduction of \$194 million from the previously certified contribution rate of 13.21 percent in the State/School contributions for Fiscal Year 2019. Like the Fiscal Year 2017 reduction, it is to be paid back over a 20-year period, beginning in Fiscal Year 2020. Therefore, both reductions will be accounted for as long-term receivables by the Pension Plan. The 2019 Legislature passed House Sub for Sen Bill 109, which directed onbehalf payments of \$56 million and \$82 million be made to the System. The \$56 million payment was received by the System on June 30, 2018, and recorded as Fiscal Year 2018 contributions. The \$82 million was received July 1, 2019, and was recorded as Fiscal Year 2019 contributions. The 2019 Legislative session passed Senate Bill 9 which authorized a transfer of \$115 million to KPERS, received in March 2020. House Sub for Senate Bill 25 from the 2019 Legislative session authorized additional funding for the KPERS School group in Fiscal Year 2020 of \$51 million.

Sensitivity of the State's proportionate share of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate.

The table below presents the net pension liability of the Pension Plan as of June 30, 2021, (actuarial report date) calculated using the discount rate of 7.25%, as well as what the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage point lower (6.25%) or 1-percentage point higher (8.25%) than the current rate:

1% Decrease (6.25%)	Discount rate (7.25%)	1% Increase (8.25%)
\$0	\$0	\$0

7. Other Post Employment Benefit Plan - KPERS Death and Disabilities

The Consortium participates in a multiple-employer defined benefit other postemployment benefit (OPEB) plan (the Plan) which is administered by the Kansas Public Employees Retirement System (KPERS). The Plan provides long-term disability benefits and a life insurance benefit for disabled members to KPERS members, as provided by K.S.A. 74-04927. The Plan is administered through a trust held by KPERS that is funded to pay annual benefit payments. However because the trust's assets are used to pay employee benefits other than OPEB, the trust does not meet the criteria in paragraph 4 of GASB Statement No. 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions. Accordingly, the Plan is considered to be administered on a pay-as-you-go basis.

Contributions

Employer contributions are established and may be amended by state statute. Members are not required to contribute. Employer contributions paid for benefits as they came due during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022, totaled \$741.

Western Kansas Community College Virtual Education Consortium

Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2022 and 2021

7. Other Post Employment Benefit Plan - KPERS Death and Disabilities (Cont.)

Special Funding Situation

The employer contributions for the Consortium, as defined in K.S.A. 74-4931 (2) and (3), are made by the State of Kansas on behalf of the Consortium. Therefore, the Consortium is considered to be in a special funding situation. Accordingly, the State is required to recognize the total OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources, deferred inflows of resources and expense for the OPEB plan attributable to the Consortium. The Consortium records revenue and OPEB expense in an amount equal to the expense recognized by the State on behalf of the Consortium.

Benefits

Benefits are established by statute and may be amended by the KPERS Board of Trustees. The Plan provides long-term disability benefits equal to 60% (prior to January 1, 2006, 66 2/3%) of annual compensation, offset by other benefits. Members receiving long-term disability benefits also receive credit towards their KPERS retirement benefits and have their group life insurance coverage continued under the waiver of premium provision.

The monthly long-term disability benefit is 60% of the member's monthly compensation, with a minimum of \$100 and a maximum of \$5,000. The monthly benefit is subject to reduction by deductible sources of income, which include Social Security primary disability or retirement benefits, workers compensation benefits, other disability benefits from any other sources by reason of employment, and earnings from any form of employment. If the disability begins before age 60, benefits are payable while the disability continues until the member's 65th birthday or retirement date, whichever occurs first. If the disability begins after age 60, benefits are payable while the disability continues, for a period of five years or until the member retires, whichever occurs first. Benefit payments for disabilities caused or contributed to by substance abuse or non-biologically based mental illnesses are limited to the shorter of the term of the disability or 24 months per lifetime.

The death benefit paid to beneficiaries of disabled members is 150% of the greater of 1) the member's annual rate of compensation at the time of disability, or 2) the members previous 12 months of compensation at the time of the last date on payroll. If the member has been disabled for five or more years, the annual compensation or salary rate at the time of death will be indexed using the consumer price index, less one percentage point, to compute the death benefit. If a member is diagnosed as terminally ill with a life expectancy of 12 months or less, the member may be eligible to receive up to 100% of the death benefit rather than having the benefit paid to the beneficiary. If a member retires or disability benefits end, the member may convert the group life insurance coverage to an individual insurance policy.

Covered Employees

The Consortium has the following employees covered by the Plan as of the June 30, 2022 report:

Inactive employees or beneficiaries currently receiving benefit payments	-
Active employees	6
Total	<u>6</u>

Total OPEB Liability

At the report dated June 30, 2021, the total OPEB liability recognized by the State of Kansas that was attributable to the Consortium was \$130.

Western Kansas Community College Virtual Education Consortium

Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2022 and 2021

7. Other Post Employment Benefit Plan - KPERS Death and Disabilities (Cont.)

Actuarial Assumptions

The financial information for Consortium's fiscal year 2021-22 is based upon actuarial valuation performed as of December 31, 2020 rolled forward to June 30, 2021, using the participant census as of July 1, 2020.

The measurement date as selected by the Consortium under GASB 75 Standards is June 30th. The results of the valuation were projected to the end of year measurement date using standard actuarial techniques.

Price inflation	2.75%
Salary increases, including wage increases	3.50-10.00%
Discount rate (based on the 20 year municipal bond rate with an average rating of AA/Aa or better, obtained from the index.)	2.16%

Mortality rates used for the death benefits were based on the RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant Mortality Table for Males and Females, adjusted for generational mortality improvement using MP-2018. Mortality rates used for the disability benefits were based on the RP-2014 Disabled Life Table with generational mortality improvement using MP-2018.

The actuarial assumptions used in the December 31, 2020, valuation were based on the actual KPERS experience.

Revenue and OPEB Expense Recorded by the Consortium

For the year ended June 30, 2021, the Consortium recognized revenue and OPEB expense in an equal amount of (\$714).

8. Other Post Employment Benefits - Healthcare

The Consortium allows retirees to participate in the group health insurance plan. While each retiree pays the full amount of the applicable premium, conceptually, the Consortium is subsidizing the retirees because each participant is charged a level of premium regardless of age. Due to no retired employees participating and immaterial nature of cost, the cost of this subsidy has not been quantified in these financial statements.

Under the Consolidated Omnibus Budget Reconciliation Act (COBRA), the Consortium makes health care benefits available to eligible former employees and eligible dependents. Certain requirements are outlined by the federal government for this coverage. The premium is paid in full by the insured.

9. Compensated Absences

All full-time employees (40 hours per week) are eligible for vacation and personal sick leave. Upon resignation or retirement, all unused vacation and sick leave will be paid to the employee at his/her current salary.

Paid personal days are used to provide time off from work for personal reasons and are used at the employee's discretion. Paid personal leave consists of 16 hours per fiscal year. Unused hours are not eligible for carry over to the next fiscal year or payout when employment terminates.

Each employee is entitled to 160 hours of vacation, 80 hours of sick time and 16 hours of personal sick leave. Employees may carry over up to 80 hours of vacation at the end of the fiscal year. Starting July 2020 employees may carry over up to 720 sick time at the end of the fiscal year. If the hours are not used by October 31st they are forfeited. The Consortium's potential liability for vacation and sick (sick and vacation liability reflected in 2022) time has been estimated at \$11,628 and \$54,674 at June 30, 2022 and 2021, respectively, and is presented on the Statements of Net Position.

Western Kansas Community College Virtual Education Consortium

Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2022 and 2021

10. Member Appropriations

Each fiscal year end, the Consortium calculates the revenues that exceed the expenses and an appropriation is returned back to the three member Colleges. Fifteen percent of the total appropriation available is allocated equally among the members. The other Eighty-five percent is based on the amount of credit hours each member purchased through EduKan and is allocated respectively. The appropriation amount available for distribution was \$300,000 and \$350,000 at June 30, 2022 and 2021, respectively. In addition, Barton Community College chose to leave the Consortium during June 30, 2022 year. The amount of the payout to the College was \$208,797.

11. Subsequent Events

Management has evaluated the effects on the financial statements of subsequent events occurring through the date of this report, which is the date at which the financial statements were available to be issued.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Western Kansas Community College Virtual Education Consortium
Schedule of the Consortium's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability - KPERS Death and Disability
For the Year ended June 30, 2022

	Last 10 Fiscal Years*									
	<u>2022</u>	<u>2021</u>	<u>2020</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2015</u>	<u>2014</u>	<u>2013</u>
Total OPEB Liability	\$ 871	\$ 871	\$ 1,090	\$ 918	\$ 1,428	For 2013 to 2017, this data is not yet available.				
Fiduciary net position	-	-	-	-	-	For 2013 to 2017, this data is not yet available.				
Net OPEB liability	<u>\$ 871</u>	<u>\$ 871</u>	<u>\$ 1,090</u>	<u>\$ 918</u>	<u>\$ 1,428</u>	For 2013 to 2017, this data is not yet available.				
Nonemployer contributing entities' total proportionate share of collective net OPEB liability	\$ 339,482	\$ 321,727	\$ 217,137	\$ 291,578	\$ 247,925	For 2013 to 2017, this data is not yet available.				
Employer's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability	-	-	-	-	-	For 2013 to 2017, this data is not yet available.				
Covered-employee payroll	\$ 339,482	\$ 321,727	\$ 217,137	\$ 291,578	\$ 247,925					
Nonemployer's proportionate share of collective net OPEB liability as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	4.00%	0.27%	0.50%	0.31%	0.58%					
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	For 2013 to 2017, this data is not yet available.				

Note: For June 30, 2019, GASB 75 was implemented. The information for years 2013-2017 is not available under the measurement requirements of GASB 75.

Western Kansas Community College Virtual Education Consortium
Schedule of the Consortium's OPEB Contributions - KPERS Death & Disability
For the Year ended June 30, 2022

Kansas Public Employees Retirement System

Last 10 Fiscal Years*

	<u>2022</u>	<u>2021</u>	<u>2020</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2015</u>	<u>2014</u>	<u>2013</u>
Statutorily required OPEB contributions	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	For 2013 to 2017, this data is not yet available.				
OPEB contributions in relation to statutorily required contributions**	-	-	-	-	-	For 2013 to 2017, this data is not yet available.				
Contribution deficiency (excess)	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>					
College's covered-employee payroll	\$ 339,482	\$ 321,727	\$ 217,137	\$ 291,578	\$ 247,925	For 2013 to 2017, this data is not yet available.				
OPEB contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	For 2013 to 2017, this data is not yet available.				

* The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the calendar year end that occurred within the fiscal year.

** Contributions in relation to statutorily required OPEB contributions are the contributions an employer actually made to the OPEB Plan, as distinct from statutorily required contributions.

Western Kansas Community College Virtual Education Consortium
Schedule of the Consortium's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability
For the Year ended June 30, 2022

Kansas Public Employees Retirement System

Last 10 Fiscal Years*

	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013
Consortium's proportion share of the net pension liability (asset)	0.000%	0.001%	0.001%	0.001%	0.00299%	0.00308%	0.00303%	0.00264%	For 2013 to 2014, this data is not yet	
Consortium's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)	\$ -	\$ 119,925	\$ 127,155	\$ 119,902	\$ 200,964	\$ 207,015	\$ 209,716	\$ 168,798	For 2013 to 2014, this data is not yet	
State's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)	0.005%	0.004%	0.004%	0.004%	0.004%	0.004%	0.004%	0.003%		
State's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)	\$ 396,015	\$ 459,897	\$ 367,289	\$ 409,212	\$ 411,449	\$ 397,677	\$ 367,780	\$ 320,860	For 2013 to 2014, this data is not yet	
Total collective net pension liability (asset)	\$ 396,015	\$ 579,822	\$ 494,444	\$ 529,114	\$ 612,413	\$ 604,692	\$ 577,496	\$ 489,658		
Consortium's covered-employee payroll	\$ 339,482	\$ 321,727	\$ 217,137	\$ 291,578	\$ 272,789	\$ 254,110	\$ 233,507	\$ 320,860		
Total collective net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll	116.653%	180.222%	227.711%	181.466%	224.501%	237.965%	247.314%	152.608%	For 2013 to 2014, this data is not yet	
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	76.404%	66.302%	221.293%	186.507%	186.507%	185.272%	199.424%	149.641%	For 2013 to 2014, this data is not yet	

8 * The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the calendar year end that occurred within the fiscal year.

Western Kansas Community College Virtual Education Consortium

Schedule of Consortium Contributions

For the Year ended June 30, 2022

Kansas Public Employees Retirement System

Last 10 Fiscal Years*

	<u>2022</u>	<u>2021</u>	<u>2020</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2015</u>	<u>2014</u>	<u>2013</u>
Contractually required contribution	\$ -	\$ 11,436	\$ 12,660	\$ 10,525	\$ 14,830	\$ 14,394	\$ 13,157	\$ 11,911	\$ -	\$ -
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	-	(11,436)	(12,660)	(10,525)	(14,830)	(14,394)	(13,157)	(11,911)	-	-
Contribution deficiency (excess)	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>
College's covered-employee payroll	\$ -	\$ 119,925	\$ 127,155	\$ 119,902	\$ 291,578	\$ 254,110	\$ 233,507	\$ 221,423	\$ -	\$ -
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	0.00%	9.54%	9.96%	8.78%	5.09%	5.66%	5.63%	5.38%	0.00%	0.00%

Note: Historically, the Consortium has not been responsible for contributions due to being a special funding situation. The State of Kansas has paid all contributions. Due to changes in the statutes, the Consortium is now responsible for "working after retirement" employees contributions.

Western Kansas Community College Virtual Education Consortium

Notes to Required Supplementary Information

For the Year ended June 30, 2022

Other Post Employment Benefits - KPERS Death and Disabilities

Changes in benefit terms:

There are no changes in benefits.

Changes in assumptions:

Changes of assumptions and other inputs reflect a change in the discount rate from 2.21% in June 30, 2020 actuarial report to 2.16% at June 30, 2021, actuarial report.

Mortality rates used for the death benefits were based on the RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant Mortality Table for Males and Females, adjusted for generational mortality improvement using MP-2018. Mortality rates used for the disability benefits were based on the RP-2014 Disabled Life Table with generational mortality improvement using MP-2021.

Defined Benefit Pension Plan

Changes in benefit terms:

There are no changes in benefits.

Changes in assumptions:

Changes from the beginning to the end of year measurement for the valuation report dated June 30, 2021, are noted below:

- Price inflation remained unchanged at 2.75 percent
- Investment return assumption was lowered from 7.50 percent to 7.25 percent
- General wage growth assumption was lowered from 3.5 percent to 12.00 percent