FINANCIAL STATEMENTS and REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION with INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2018 AND 2017

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Board of Directors Spearville Hospital District Spearville, Kansas

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the business-type activities of the Spearville Hospital District as of and for the years ended December 31, 2018 and 2017, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Spearville Hospital District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audits. We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the *Kansas Municipal Audit and Accounting Guide*. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the business-type activities of the Spearville Hospital District as of December 31, 2018 and 2017, and the respective changes in financial position and cash flows thereof for the years then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Management has omitted the management's discussion and analysis that accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require to be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such missing information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic or historical context. Our opinion on the basic financial statements is not affected by this missing information.

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America also require that the comparison of revenues and expenses (statutory basis) and the budgetary comparison statement – budget to GAAP reconciliation information on pages 10 and 11 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Kennedy McKee & Company LLP

April 29, 2019

STATEMENTS OF NET POSITION

	December 31,			
		2018	2017	
ASSETS				
Current assets:				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	197,150	\$	177,517
Certificates of deposit	Ŷ	53,244	Ŷ	53,244
Property taxes receivable		159,375		154,346
Other receivables		3,638		7,384
Inventory		3,412		3,657
Prepaid expenses		5,104		5,289
Total current assets		421,923		401,437
Noncurrent assets:				
Capital assets:				
Property, plant and equipment, net		281,923		298,169
Total assets	\$	703,846	\$	699,606
LIABILITIES AND DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES				
Current liabilities:				
Accounts payable	\$	20,431	\$	40,724
Accrued expenses		8,226		6,900
Total current liabilities		28,657		47,624
Deferred inflows of resources		256,045		217,057
NET POSITION				
Net investment in capital assets		281,923		298,169
Unrestricted		137,221		136,756
Total net position		419,144		434,925
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and net position	\$	703,846	\$	699,606

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.

STATEMENTS OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION

	Year ended December 31,			
	2018			
Operating revenues:				
Net resident service revenue	\$ 118,849	\$ 120,375		
Clinic revenues	18,873	-		
Friendship meals	45,234	46,531		
Miscellaneous	1,449	1,711		
Total operating revenues	184,405	168,617		
Operating expenses:				
Payroll	122,055	116,913		
Payroll taxes	9,277	8,098		
Employee health insurance	12,464	11,497		
Repairs and maintenance	36,418	19,327		
Clinic expenses	107,526	104,272		
Friendship meals expense	37,317	37,962		
Utilities	46,980	44,499		
Insurance	17,865	17,839		
Office supplies and expenses	2,640	2,315		
Professional services	9,822	8,796		
Depreciation	55,416	54,593		
Miscellaneous expense	5,284	3,958		
Total operating expenses	463,064	430,069		
Operating income (loss)	(278,659)	(261,452)		
Nonoperating revenues (expenses):				
Property taxes	261,145	224,264		
Interest income	253	401		
Noncapital grants and gifts	1,480	735		
Gain (loss) on disposal of assets	-	99		
- / / / / /		005.400		
Total nonoperating revenue	262,878	225,499		
Change in net position	(15,781)	(35,953)		
Net position, beginning of year	434,925	470,878		
Net position, end of year	\$ 419,144	\$ 434,925		

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.

STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

	Year ended December 31,
	2018 2017
Cash flows from operating activities: Receipts from and on behalf of residents and patients Receipts from meals Payments to suppliers and contractors Payments to employees Other receipts, net	\$ 137,722 \$ 120,375 48,980 42,903 (296,179) (230,014) (130,006) (124,187) 1,449 1,711
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	(238,034) (189,212)
Cash flows from noncapital financing activities: Property taxes supporting operations Noncapital grants and gifts	295,104 225,983 1,480 735
Net cash provided (used) by noncapital financing activities	296,584 226,718
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities: Proceeds from sale of capital assets Purchase of capital assets	- 1,550 (39,170) (18,525)
Net cash provided (used) by capital and related financing activities	(39,170) (16,975)
Cash flows from investing activities: Interest income Net change in certificates of deposit	253 401 - (107)
Net cash provided (used) by investing activities	253 294
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	19,633 20,825
Cash and cash equivalents, January 1	177,517 156,692
Cash and cash equivalents, December 31	<u>\$ 197,150 </u> \$ 177,517
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided (used) by operating activities: Operating loss Depreciation Changes in operating assets and liabilities: Other receivables Inventory	\$ (278,659) \$ (261,452) 55,416 54,593 3,746 (3,628) 245 205
Prepaid expenses	185 180
Accounts payable Accrued expenses	(20,293) 20,066 1,326 824
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	\$ (238,034) \$ (189,212)

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

December 31, 2018 and 2017

A. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

1. <u>Nature of operations</u>

The Spearville Hospital District (the District) is operated by a Board of Directors elected by the qualified voters of the District. The District was organized to provide services for the benefit of the residents in and around Ford County. The District primarily earns revenue by providing self-care apartments and senior meals. Additionally, basic medical services are provided at the District's clinic through a contract with the Hodgeman County Health Center.

2. Basis of accounting

The financial statements of the District have been prepared on the accrual basis of accounting using the economic resources measurement focus. Revenues, expenses, gains, losses, assets, liabilities and deferred inflows/outflows of resources from exchange and exchange-like transactions are recognized when the exchange transaction takes place, while those from government-mandated nonexchange transactions are recognized when all applicable eligibility requirements are met. Operating revenues and expenses include exchange transactions. Property taxes and investment income are included in nonoperating revenues and expenses.

3. Use of estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and deferred inflows/outflows of resources and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

4. Cash equivalents

The District considers all liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less to be cash equivalents.

5. Property taxes

The District received approximately 58% and 57% of its financial support from property taxes in 2018 and 2017, respectively. One hundred percent of these funds were used to support operations.

Property taxes are assessed in November and are received beginning in January of the following year. Revenue from property taxes is recognized in full in the year following the year the taxes were levied, which is the year in which use is first permitted.

A. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

6. Risk management

The District is exposed to various risks of loss from torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; business interruption; errors and omissions; employee injuries and illnesses; natural disasters; and employee health and accident benefits. Commercial insurance coverage is purchased for claims arising from such matters. Settled claims have not exceeded this commercial coverage in any of the three preceding years.

7. <u>Receivables</u>

All receivables are reported net of estimated uncollectible amounts.

8. <u>Inventory</u>

Inventory is stated at the lower of cost, determined using the first-in, first-out method, or market.

9. Capital assets

Capital assets purchased or acquired with an original cost of \$1,000 or more are reported at historical cost or estimated historical cost. Contributed assets are reported at fair market value as of the date received. Additions, improvements and other capital outlays that significantly extend the useful life of an asset are capitalized. Other costs incurred for repairs and maintenance are expensed as incurred. Depreciation on all assets is provided on the straight-line basis over the following estimated useful lives:

Land improvements	10 - 15 years
Buildings	5 - 40 years
Major moveable equipment	5 - 20 years

10. <u>Compensated absences</u>

The District's policies permit most employees to accumulate vacation and sick leave benefits that may be realized as paid time off or, in limited circumstances, as a cash payment. Expense and the related liability are recognized as vacation benefits are earned whether the employee is expected to realize the benefit as time off or in cash. Expense and the related liability for sick leave benefits are recognized when earned to the extent the employee is expected to realize the benefit in cash determined using the termination payment method. Sick leave benefits expected to be realized as paid time off are recognized as expense when the time off occurs, and no liability is accrued for such benefits employees have earned but not yet realized. Compensated absence liabilities are computed using the regular pay and termination pay rates in effect at the Statement of Net Position date plus an additional amount for compensation-related payments such as Social Security and Medicare taxes computed using rates in effect at that date.

A. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

11. <u>Deferred inflows of resources</u>

The District's Statement of Net Position reports a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element reflects an increase in net assets that applies to a future period(s). Revenue from property taxes is recognized in full in the year following the year the taxes were levied, which is the year in which use is first permitted. Accordingly, unavailable revenues from property taxes are reported in the Statement of Net Position.

12. Net position

Net position of the District is classified in two components. Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by the outstanding balances of borrowings used to finance the purchase or construction of those assets. Unrestricted net position is the remaining net position that does not meet the definition of net investment in capital assets.

13. Income taxes

As an essential government entity, the District is generally exempt from federal and state income taxes under Section 115 of the Internal Revenue Code and a similar provision of state law.

B. DEPOSITS

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, a government's deposits may not be returned to it. The District's deposit policy for custodial credit risk requires compliance with the provisions of state law.

State law requires collateralization of all deposits with federal depository insurance; bonds and other obligations of the U.S. Treasury, U.S. agencies or instrumentalities or the State of Kansas; bonds of any city, county, school district, or special road district of the State of Kansas; bonds of any state; or a surety bond having an aggregate value at least equal to the amount of the deposits.

At December 31, 2018 and 2017, the District's bank deposits did not exceed federal depository insurance coverage limits.

C. CAPITAL ASSETS

	Balance January 1, 2018	Additions	Deletions	Balance December 31, 2018
Land and land improvements Buildings Major moveable equipment	\$ 40,786 1,624,909 <u>329,961</u>	\$ 9,285 7,111 22,774	\$	\$ 50,071 1,632,020
Loss accumulated depreciation	1,995,656	39,170	9,200	2,025,626
Less accumulated depreciation Land improvements Buildings Major moveable equipment	34,686 1,402,130 260,671	361 40,997 14,058		35,047 1,443,127 <u>265,529</u>
	1,697,487	55,416	9,200	1,743,703
Capital assets, net	<u>\$ </u>	<u>\$ (16,246)</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$ 281,923</u>

C. CAPITAL ASSETS (CONTINUED)

	Balance January 1, 2017	Additions	Deletions	Balance December 31, 2017
Land and land improvements Buildings Major moveable equipment	\$ 40,786 1,624,909 <u>314,073</u>	\$	\$	\$ 40,786 1,624,909 <u>329,961</u>
Less accumulated depreciation Land improvements Buildings Major moveable equipment	<u>1,979,768</u> 34,686 1,360,248 <u>249,146</u>	<u>18,525</u> 41,882 12,711	<u>2,637</u> - 1,186	<u>1,995,656</u> 34,686 1,402,130 <u>260,671</u>
Capital assets, net	<u>1,644,080</u> <u>\$335,688</u>	<u> </u>	<u>1,186</u> <u>\$1,451</u>	<u>1,697,487</u> <u>\$298,169</u>

D. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

Management has evaluated subsequent events through April 29, 2019, the date on which the financial statements were available to be used. Management's evaluation concluded that there are no subsequent events that are required to be recognized or disclosed in these financial statements.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

COMPARISON OF REVENUES AND EXPENSES (STATUTORY BASIS) ACTUAL AND BUDGET

Year ended December 31, 2018

	Budgeted amounts			Actual amounts		Variance with final budget positive		
	C	Driginal		Final	(budg	getary basis)	(negative)	
- · · · · · ·								
Budgetary fund balance,	^	00.004	•	00.004	•	400 407	•	100.070
beginning of year	\$	82,861	\$	82,861	\$	183,137	\$	100,276
Resources (inflows):		050 700		050 700		005 404		20.245
Taxes		256,789		256,789		295,104		38,315
Net resident service revenue		85,000		85,000		118,849		33,849
Friendship meals		35,000		35,000		48,980		13,980
Clinic revenues		2,000		2,000		18,873		16,873
Investment earnings		100		100		253		153
Noncapital grants		-		-		1,480		1,480
Miscellaneous		-				1,449		1,449
Amounts available								
for appropriation		461,750		461,750		668,125		206,375
Charges to appropriations								
(outflows):								
Salaries and benefits		171,750		171,750		143,796		27,954
Utilities and phone		48,000		48,000		46,980		1,020
Professional services		12,000		12,000		9,822		2,178
Advertising		2,000		2,000		806		1,194
Supplies, repairs								
and maintenance		60,000		60,000		80,423		(20,423)
Insurance		25,000		25,000		17,865		7,135
Clinic expense		73,000		73,000		107,526		(34,526)
Capital outlay		70,000		70,000		39,170		30,830
Total charges to								
appropriations		461,750		461,750		446,388		15,362
appropriations		401,700		-+01,700		440,000		10,002
Budgetary fund balance,								
end of year	\$	-	\$	-	\$	221,737	\$	221,737

BUDGETARY COMPARISON STATEMENT BUDGET TO GAAP RECONCILIATION

Year ended December 31, 2018

Sources/inflows of resources: Actual amounts available for appropriation from the budgetary comparison statement Differences, budget to GAAP:	\$ 668,125
The unencumbered cash at the beginning of the year is a budgetary resource, but is not a current year revenue for financial reporting purposes. Current year property tax and other receivable amounts are not a budgetary	(183,137)
resource, but they are revenues for financial reporting purposes. Prior year property taxes and other receivable amounts are a budgetary	163,013
resource, but they are not revenues for financial reporting purposes.	(161,730)
Current year deferred inflows of resources are a budgetary resource, but they are not revenues for financial reporting purposes. Prior year deferred inflows of resources are not a budgetary resource,	(256,045)
but they are revenues for financial reporting purposes.	217,057
Total revenues and nonoperating revenues as reported on the statements of	
revenues, expenses and changes in net position	\$ 447,283
Uses/outflows of resources:	
Actual amounts of charges to appropriations from the budgetary	
comparison statement Differences, budget to GAAP:	\$ 446,388
Depreciation expense is an expense for financial reporting but	
not for budgetary purposes. Prepaid expenses are budgetary outflows but are deferred and	55,416
reported as an expense as the benefit is utilized.	185
Capital asset purchases are budgetary outflows but are capitalized and depreciated over a specified class life for financial reporting purposes.	(20, 170)
Inventory purchases are included as a budgetary outflow, but are reported	(39,170)
as an expense when the inventory is sold for financial reporting purposes.	 245
Total operating expenses as reported on the statements of revenues,	
expenses and changes in net position	\$ 463,064