Financial Statement With Independent Auditors' Report

For the Year Ended December 31, 2019

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TABLE OF CONTENTS

Independent Auditors' Report	. 1
Summary Statement of Receipts, Expenditures and Unencumbered Cash – Regulatory Basis	. 4
Notes to Financial Statement	6
Regulatory–Required Supplementary Information	
Schedule 1 – Summary of Expenditures – Actual and Budget – Regulatory Basis	10
Schedule 2 – Schedule of Receipts and Expenditures – Regulatory Basis Individually presented by fund	
Governmental Type Funds General Fund	
2-1 General Fund	11
Special Purpose Funds	
2-2 Road Fund	
2-3 Fire Fund	13
2-4 Special Machinery Fund	14



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Certified Public Accountants

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Board of Trustees King City Township McPherson, KS

We have audited the accompanying fund summary statement of regulatory basis receipts, expenditures, and unencumbered cash balances of **King City Township**, as of and for the year ended December 31, 2019 and the related notes to the financial statement.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statement

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of this financial statement in accordance with the *Kansas Municipal Audit and Accounting Guide* as described in Note 1; this includes determining that the regulatory basis of accounting is an acceptable basis for the preparation of the financial statement in the circumstances. Management is also responsible for the design, implementation and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statement that is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the financial statement based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the Kansas Municipal Audit and Accounting Guide. Those standards require we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statement is free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statement. The procedures selected depend on auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statement, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statement in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statement.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Basis for Adverse Opinion on U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles

As described in Note 1, the financial statement is prepared by **King City Township** on the basis of the financial reporting provisions of the *Kansas Municipal Audit and Accounting Guide*, which is a basis of

King City Township

Page 2

accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. The effects on the financial statement of the variances between the regulatory basis of accounting described in Note 1 and accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, although not reasonably determinable, are presumed to be material.

Adverse Opinion on U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles

In our opinion, because of the significance of the matters discussed in the "Basis for Adverse Opinion on U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles" paragraph, the financial statement referred to above does not present fairly, in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, the financial position of **King City Township** as of December 31, 2019, or changes in financial position and cash flows thereof for the year then ended.

Unmodified Opinion on Regulatory Basis of Accounting

In our opinion, the financial statement referred to above presents fairly, in all material respects, the aggregate cash and unencumbered cash balance of **King City Township** as of December 31, 2019, and the aggregate receipts and expenditures for the year then ended in accordance with the financial reporting provisions of the *Kansas Municipal Audit and Accounting Guide* described in Note 1.

Other Matters

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the fund summary statement of regulatory basis receipts, expenditures and unencumbered cash balances (basic financial statement) as a whole. The summary of regulatory basis expenditures – actual and budget and individual fund schedules of regulatory basis receipts and expenditures – actual and budget (Schedules 1 and 2 as listed in the table of contents) are presented for analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statement; however, are required to be presented under the provisions of the *Kansas Municipal Audit and Accounting Guide*. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statement. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statement and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statement or to the basic financial statement itself, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statement as a whole, on the basis of accounting described in Note 1.

We also previously audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, the basic financial statement of **King City Township** as of and for the year ended December 31, 2018 (not presented herein), and have issued our report thereon dated October 18, 2019, which contained an unmodified opinion on the basic financial statement. The 2018 basic financial statement and our accompanying report are not presented herein, but are available in electronic form from the web site of the Kansas Department of Administration at the following link http://admin.ks.gov/offices/chief-financial-officer/municipal-services. The 2018 actual column (2018 comparative information) presented in the individual fund schedules of regulatory basis receipts and expenditures — actual and budget for the year ended December 31, 2019 (Schedule 2 as listed in the table of contents) is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic

King City Township

Page 3

financial statement. Such 2018 comparative information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the 2018 basic financial statement. The 2018 comparative information was subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the 2018 basic financial statement and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the 2018 basic financial statement or to the 2018 basic financial statement itself, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the 2018 comparative information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statement as a whole for the year ended December 31, 2018, on the basis of accounting described in Note 1.

ADAMS, BROWN, BERAN & BALL, CHTD.

Adams, Brown, Beran & Ball, Chartered

Certified Public Accountants

September 30, 2020

Summary Statement of Receipts, Expenditures and Unencumbered Cash Regulatory Basis For the Year Ended December 31, 2019

Fund	U	Beginning Inencumbered Cash	Prior Year Cancelled Encumbrances	Receipts	Expenditures	Ending Unencumbered Cash Balance	Add Encumbrances and Accounts Payable	Ending Cash Balance
Governmental Type Funds								
General Fund	\$	11,126	-	12,336	4,260	19,202	-	19,202
Special Purpose Funds								
Road Fund		192,506	-	468,992	451,320	210,178	155,838	366,016
Fire Fund		5,906	-	172,450	169,778	8,578	-	8,578
Special Machinery Fund	_	163,614		18,300	126,282	55,632		55,632
Total Reporting Entity	\$	373,152		672,078	751,640	293,590	155,838	449,428
				Comp	osition of Cash	Checking and Money M	larket Accounts \$	449,428

Notes to Financial Statement December 31, 2019

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

King City Township has established a uniform system of accounting maintained to reflect compliance with the applicable laws of the State of Kansas. The accompanying financial statement is presented to conform to the cash basis and budget laws of the State of Kansas, which is a comprehensive basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. The following is a summary of such significant policies.

Financial Reporting Entity

The Township is a municipal corporation governed by an elected three-member board. A related municipal entity is an entity established to benefit the Township and/or its constituents. The Township has no related municipal entities.

Basis of Presentation – Fund Accounting

The accounts of the Township are organized and operated on the basis of funds. In governmental accounting, a fund is defined as an independent fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts. Fund accounting segregates funds according to their intended purpose and is used to aid management in demonstrating compliance with finance related legal and contractual provisions. The minimum number of funds is maintained consistent with legal and managerial requirements.

The following types of funds comprise the financial activities of the Township for the year ended December 31, 2019.

Regulatory Basis Fund Types

General Fund – the chief operating fund. Used to account for all resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

Special Purpose Fund – used to account for the proceeds of specific tax levies and other specific revenue sources (other than Capital Project and tax levies for long-term debt) that are intended for specified purposes.

Basis of Accounting

Regulatory Basis of Accounting and Departure from Accounting Principles Generally Accepted in the United States of America. The KMAAG regulatory basis of accounting involves the recognition of cash, cash equivalents, marketable investments, and certain accounts payable and encumbrance obligations to arrive at a net unencumbered cash and investments balance on a regulatory basis for each fund, and the reporting of changes in unencumbered cash and investments of a fund resulting from the difference in regulatory basis receipts and regulatory basis expenditures for the fiscal year. All recognized assets and liabilities are measured and reported at cost, unless they have been permanently impaired and have no future cash value or represent no future obligation against cash. The KMAAG regulatory basis does not recognize capital assets, long-term debt, accrued receivables and payables, or any other assets, liabilities or deferred inflows or outflows, other than those mentioned above.

The Township has approved a resolution that is in compliance with K.S.A. 75-1120a(c), waiving the requirement for application of generally accepted accounting principles and allowing the Township to use the regulatory basis of accounting.

Notes to Financial Statement December 31, 2019

Reimbursements

The Township records reimbursable expenditures in the fund that makes the disbursement and records reimbursements as a receipt to the fund that receives the reimbursement. For purposes of budgetary comparisons, the expenditures are properly offset by the reimbursements under KMAAG regulatory basis of accounting.

NOTE 2 – BUDGETARY INFORMATION

Kansas statutes require that an annual operating budget be legally adopted for the general fund, special purpose funds (unless specifically exempted by statute), bond and interest funds, and business funds. Although directory rather than mandatory, the statutes provide for the following sequence and timetable in the adoption of the legal annual operating budget:

- a. Preparation of the budget for the succeeding calendar year on or before August 1st.
- b. Publication in local newspaper on or before August 5th of the proposed budget and notice of public hearing on the budget.
- Public hearing on or before August 15th, but at least 10 days after publication of notice of hearing.
- d. Adoption of the final budget on or before August 25th.

The statutes allow for the governing body to increase the originally adopted budget for previously unbudgeted increases in revenue other than ad valorem property taxes. To do this, a notice of public hearing to amend the budget must be published in the local newspaper. At least 10 days after publication, the hearing may be held and the governing body may amend the budget at that time. There were no such budget amendments for this year.

The statutes permit transferring budgeted amounts between line items within an individual fund. However, such statutes prohibit expenditures in excess of the total amount of the adopted budget of expenditures of individual funds. Budget comparison schedules are presented for each fund showing actual receipts and expenditures compared to legally budgeted receipts and expenditures.

All legal annual operating budgets are prepared using the regulatory basis of accounting, in which revenues are recognized when cash is received and expenditures include disbursements, accounts payable, and encumbrances, with disbursements being adjusted for prior year's accounts payable and encumbrances. Encumbrances are commitments by the Township for future payments and are supported by a document evidencing the commitment, such as a purchase order or contract. Any unused budgeted expenditure authority lapses at year end.

A legal operating budget is not required for capital project funds, trust funds, and the following special purpose fund: Special Machinery Fund.

Spending in funds which are not subject to the legal annual operating budget requirement is controlled by federal regulations, other statutes, or by the use of internal spending limits established by the governing body.

Notes to Financial Statement December 31, 2019

NOTE 3 – DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

King City Township follows the practice of pooling cash and investments of all funds. Each fund's portion of total cash and investments is summarized by fund category in the summary statement of receipts, expenditures and unencumbered cash.

K.S.A. 9-1401 establishes the depositories which may be used by the Township. The statute requires banks eligible to hold the Township's funds have a main or branch bank in the county in which the Township is located, or in an adjoining county if such institution has been designated as an official depository, and the banks provide an acceptable rate of return on funds. In addition, K.S.A. 9-1402 requires the banks to pledge securities for deposits in excess of FDIC coverage. The Township has no other policies that would further limit interest rate risk.

K.S.A. 12-1675 limits the Township's investment of idle funds to time deposits, open accounts, and certificates of deposit with allowable financial institutions; U.S. government securities; temporary notes; no-fund warrants; repurchase agreements; and the Kansas Municipal Investment Pool. The Township has no investment policy that would further limit its investment choices.

Concentration of Credit Risk

State statutes place no limit on the amount the Township may invest in any one issuer as long as the investments are adequately secured under K.S.A. 9-1402 and K.S.A. 9-1405.

Custodial Credit Risk – Deposits

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the Township's deposits may not be returned to it. State statutes require the Township's deposits in financial institutions to be entirely covered by federal depository insurance or by collateral held under a joint custody receipt issued by a bank within the State of Kansas, the Federal Reserve Bank of Kansas City, or the Federal Home Loan Bank of Topeka, except during designated "peak periods" when required coverage is 50%. The Township does not use "peak periods". All deposits were legally secured at December 31, 2019.

At December 31, 2019, the Township's carrying amount of deposits was \$449,428 and the bank balance was \$450,615. The bank balance was held by one bank resulting in a concentration of credit risk. Of the bank balance, \$250,000 was covered by FDIC Insurance and \$200,615 a cover by pledged securities.

Custodial Credit Risk - Investments

For an investment, this is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the issuer or counterparty, the Township will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. State statutes require investments to be adequately secured. The Township had no investments at December 31, 2019.

NOTE 4 – INTERFUND TRANSFERS

Interfund transfers within the reporting entity are substantially for the purpose of subsidizing operating functions, funding capital projects and asset acquisitions or maintaining debt service on a routine basis as authorized by Kansas statutes. **King City Township's** interfund transfers and regulatory authority for the year ended December 31, 2019 were as follows:

		Regulatory		
From	To	Authority	A	<u>mount</u>
Road Fund	Special Machinery Fund	K.S.A. 68-141g	\$	18,300

Notes to Financial Statement December 31, 2019

NOTE 5 – LITIGATION

King City Township is a party to various legal proceedings which normally occur in governmental operations. These legal proceedings are not likely to have a material financial impact on the affected funds of the Township.

NOTE 6 - RISK MANAGEMENT

King City Township carries commercial insurance for risks of loss, including property, general liability, contractors' equipment, automobile, linebacker, and workers' compensation. Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

NOTE 7 – SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

Subsequent to year end, the United States experienced a nationwide pandemic from the novel coronavirus known as COVID-19. As a result of the spread of COVID-19, economic uncertainties have arisen which are likely to negatively impact the entire United States economy. As of the date of this financial statement, management is unable to reasonably determine the effects of this virus on the operations of the Township. Management has evaluated subsequent events through September 30, 2020, which is the date the financial statement was available to be issued.

NOTE 8 - LONG-TERM DEBT

King City Township has entered into a capital lease agreement for equipment. The lease contains a fiscal funding clause.

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2019

Changes in long-term liabilities for the Township for the year ended December 31, 2019, were as follows:

				Date of	Balance			Balance	
	Interest	Date of	Amount	Final	Beginning		Reductions/	End of	Interest
Issue	Rates	Issue	of Issue	Maturity	of Year	Additions	Payments	Year	Paid
Capital Leases									
John Deere Motor Grader	3.50%	12/22/2017	102,798	12/28/2022 \$	68,462		16,229	52,233	2,435

Current maturities of long-term debt and interest for the next three years through maturity are as follows:

		2020	2021	2022	Total
Principal John Deere Motor Grader	\$	16,806	17,404	18,023	52,233
Interest John Deere Motor Grader	_	1,858	1,260	641	3,759
Total Principal and Interest	\$_	18,664	18,664	18,664	55,992

Regulatory-Required Supplementary Information

Summary of Expenditures - Actual and Budget Regulatory Basis For the Year Ended December 31, 2019

Funds	Certified Budget	Adjustment for Qualifying Budget Credits	Total Budget for Comparison	Expenditures Chargeable to Current Year	Variance Over (Under)
Governmental Type Funds	 		· ·		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
General Fund	\$ 5,813	-	5,813	4,260	(1,553)
Special Purpose Funds					
Road Fund	522,500	-	522,500	451,320	(71,180)
Fire Fund	170,000	-	170,000	169,778	(222)

KING CITY TOWNSHIP General Fund

Schedule of Receipts and Expenditures - Actual and Budget Regulatory Basis

For the Years Ended December 31, 2019

Descripto	_	Prior Year Actual	Actual	Budget	Variance Over (Under)
Receipts Taxes and Shared Revenues	\$_	10,655	12,336	5,181	7,155
Expenditures					
Salaries and Wages		-	-	3,113	(3,113)
Supplies		4,835	4,191	200	3,991
Buildings Maintenance		-	-	2,500	(2,500)
Miscellaneous	_	12	69		69
Total Expenditures	_	4,847	4,260	5,813	(1,553)
Receipts Over (Under) Expenditures		5,808	8,076		
Unencumbered Cash - Beginning	_	5,318	11,126		
Unencumbered Cash - Ending	\$_	11,126	19,202		

KING CITY TOWNSHIP Road Fund

Schedule of Receipts and Expenditures - Actual and Budget Regulatory Basis

For the Years Ended December 31, 2019

		Prior Year Actual	Actual	Budget	Variance Over (Under)
Receipts		_			
Taxes and Shared Revenues	\$	445,074	468,200	468,057	143
Interest		481	572	-	572
Refund		29	32	-	32
Miscellaneous	_	1,259	188		188
Total Receipts	_	446,843	468,992	468,057	935
Expenditures					
Salaries and Wages		113,526	134,086	115,000	19,086
Employee Benefits		8,460	10,225	6,000	4,225
Road Maintenance		6,098	11,467	39,000	(27,533)
Road Materials		70,741	72,782	25,000	47,782
Insurance		11,234	14,033	11,500	2,533
Capital Outlay		-	155,838	316,000	(160,162)
Professional Fees		5,046	1,769	10,000	(8,231)
Miscellaneous		6,210	32,820	-	32,820
Transfers Out	_	100,000	18,300		18,300
Total Expenditures	_	321,315	451,320	522,500	(71,180)
Receipts Over (Under) Expenditures		125,528	17,672		
Unencumbered Cash - Beginning	_	66,978	192,506		
Unencumbered Cash - Ending	\$_	192,506	210,178		

KING CITY TOWNSHIP Fire Fund

Schedule of Receipts and Expenditures - Actual and Budget Regulatory Basis

For the Years Ended December 31, 2019

	_	Prior Year Actual	Actual	Budget	Variance Over (Under)
Receipts Taxes and Shared Revenues	\$	168,401	172,450	172,317	133
Expenditures McPherson City Fire Contract	_	163,263	169,778	170,000	(222)
Receipts Over (Under) Expenditures		5,138	2,672		
Unencumbered Cash - Beginning	_	768	5,906		
Unencumbered Cash - Ending	\$_	5,906	8,578		

KING CITY TOWNSHIP Special Machinery Fund

Schedule of Receipts and Expenditures
Regulatory Basis

For the Years Ended December 31, 2019

Receipts Transfers In	- \$_	Prior Year Actual	Current Year Actual
Expenditures Capital Outlay Lease Payment	_	- 18,664	107,618 18,664
Total Expenditures	=	18,664	126,282
Receipts Over (Under) Expenditures		81,336	(107,982)
Unencumbered Cash - Beginning	=	82,278	163,614
Unencumbered Cash - Ending	\$_	163,614	55,632