

CITY OF BUNKER HILL, KANSAS
FINANCIAL STATEMENT AND INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT
For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

Gudenkauf & Malone, Inc.

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Certified Public Accountants

Pamela Gudenkauf, CPA
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Kelli Johnson, CPA

Independent Auditors' Report

Honorable Mayor and City Council
City of Bunker Hill, Kansas

Adverse and Unmodified Opinions

We have audited the accompanying fund summary statement of regulatory basis receipts, expenditures, and unencumbered cash balances of the City of Bunker Hill, Kansas, as of and for the year ended December 31, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statement.

Adverse Opinion on U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles

In our opinion, because of the significance of the matter discussed in the Basis for Adverse and Unmodified Opinions section of our report, the accompanying financial statement referred to above does not present fairly, in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, the financial position of the City of Bunker Hill, Kansas as of December 31, 2022, or changes in financial position and cash flows thereof for the year then ended.

Unmodified Opinion on Regulatory Basis of Accounting

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statement referred to above presents fairly, in all material respects, the aggregate cash and unencumbered cash balance of the City of Bunker Hill, Kansas as of December 31, 2022, and the aggregate receipts and expenditures for the year then ended in accordance with the financial reporting provisions of the *Kansas Municipal Audit and Accounting Guide* described in Note A.

Basis for Adverse and Unmodified Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and the *Kansas Municipal Audit and Accounting Guide*. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statement section of our report. We are required to be independent of the City, and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirement relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our adverse and unmodified audit opinions.

Matter Giving Rise to Adverse Opinion on U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles

As discussed in Note A of the financial statement, the financial statement is prepared by the City on the basis of the financial reporting provisions of the *Kansas Municipal Audit and Accounting Guide*, which is a basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. The effects on the financial statement of the variances between the regulatory basis of accounting described in Note A and accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of American, although not reasonably determinable, are presumed to be material.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statement

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of this financial statement in accordance with the *Kansas Municipal Audit and Accounting Guide* as described in Note A; this includes determining that the regulatory basis of accounting is an acceptable basis for the preparation of the financial statement in the

circumstances. Management is also responsible for the design, implementation and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statement that is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statement, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the City's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, included any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditors' Responsibility for the Audit of the Financial Statement

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statement as a whole is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgement made by a reasonable user based on the financial statement.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS, we:

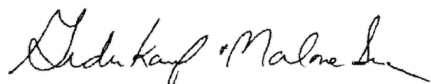
- exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statement, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statement.
- obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statement.
- conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the City's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the fund summary statement of regulatory basis receipts, expenditures, and unencumbered cash balances (basic financial statement) as a whole. The summary of regulatory basis expenditures-actual and budget and individual fund schedules of regulatory basis receipts and expenditures-actual and budget (Schedules 1 and 2 as listed in the table of contents) are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statement, however are required to be presented under the provisions of the *Kansas Municipal Audit and Accounting Guide*. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statement. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statement and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statement or to the basic financial statement itself, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the accompanying supplementary information is fairly stated in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statement as a whole, on the basis of accounting described in Note A.

We also previously audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, the basic financial statement of the City of Bunker Hill, Kansas as of and for the year ended December 31, 2021 (not presented herein), and have issued our report thereon dated November 7, 2022, which contained an unmodified opinion on the basis financial statement. The 2021 basic financial statement and our accompanying report are not presented herein, but are available in electronic form from the web site of the Kansas Department of Administration at the following link <http://admin.ks.gov/offices/accounts-reports/local-government/municipal-services>. The 2021 actual column (2021 comparative information) presented in the individual fund schedules of regulatory basis receipts and expenditures-actual and budget for the year ended December 31, 2022 (Schedule 2 as listed in the table of contents) is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statement. Such 2021 comparative information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the 2021 basic financial statement. The 2021 comparative information was subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the 2021 basic financial statement and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the 2021 basic financial statement or to the 2021 basic financial statement itself, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the 2021 comparative information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the 2021 basic financial statement as a whole for the year ended December 31, 2021, on the basis of accounting described in Note A.



Gudenkauf & Malone, Inc.
December 5, 2023

CITY OF BUNKER HILL, KANSAS

SUMMARY STATEMENT OF RECEIPTS, EXPENDITURES AND UNENCUMBERED CASH
Regulatory Basis
For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

<u>Funds</u>	<u>Beginning Unencumbered Cash Balance</u>	<u>Receipts</u>	<u>Expenditures</u>	<u>Ending Unencumbered Cash Balance</u>	<u>Add: Encumbrances and Accounts Payable</u>	Statement 1 <u>Ending Cash Balance</u>
GENERAL FUND	\$ 154,109	\$ 76,515	\$ 81,807	\$ 148,817	\$ 24,888	\$ 173,705
SPECIAL PURPOSE FUNDS						
Special Highway Fund	3,964	2,694	-	6,658	-	6,658
Special Lighting Fund	1,163	6,922	6,513	1,572	457	2,029
Total Special Purpose Funds	<u>5,127</u>	<u>9,616</u>	<u>6,513</u>	<u>8,230</u>	<u>457</u>	<u>8,687</u>
BUSINESS FUNDS						
Water Fund	95,498	28,599	25,894	98,203	1,147	99,350
Sanitation Fund	638	14,347	14,484	501	1,254	1,755
Lift Station Fund	117	6,000	6,630	(513)	511	(2)
Total Business Funds	<u>96,253</u>	<u>48,946</u>	<u>47,008</u>	<u>98,191</u>	<u>2,912</u>	<u>101,103</u>
Total Reporting Entity (Excluding Agency Funds)	<u>\$ 255,489</u>	<u>\$ 135,077</u>	<u>\$ 135,328</u>	<u>\$ 255,238</u>	<u>\$ 28,257</u>	<u>\$ 283,495</u>
Composition of Cash:						
				Checking		\$ 180,326
				Money Market		<u>103,169</u>
				Total Reporting Entity		<u>\$ 283,495</u>

The notes to the financial statement are an integral part of this statement.

City of Bunker Hill, Kansas

Notes to Financial Statement

Year Ended December 31, 2022

NOTE A – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Municipal Financial Reporting Entity

The City of Bunker Hill, located in Russell County, Kansas, was incorporated in 1876. The Municipality is governed under the Mayor-Council form of government. Bunker Hill provides a minimal range of municipal services, including general government administration, water, sewer, and refuse services for the residents of the City of Bunker Hill. The Municipality is a Kansas municipal corporation with a six member City Council comprised of the Mayor and five at large members.

The regulatory financial statement presents the City of Bunker Hill, Kansas (the municipality) and does not include any Related Municipal Entities.

Basis of Accounting

Regulatory Basis of Accounting and Departure from Accounting Principles Generally Accepted in the United States of America. The *Kansas Municipal Audit and Accounting Guide* (KMAAG) regulatory basis of accounting involves the recognition of cash, cash equivalents, marketable investments, and certain accounts payable and encumbrance obligations to arrive at net unencumbered cash and investments balance on a regulatory basis for each fund, and the reporting of changes in unencumbered cash and investments of a fund resulting from the difference in regulatory basis receipts and regulatory basis expenditures for the fiscal year. All recognized assets and liabilities are measured and reported at cost, unless they have been permanently impaired and have no future cash value or represent no future obligation against cash. The KMAAG regulatory basis does not recognize capital assets, long-term debt, accrued receivables and payables, or any other assets, liabilities or deferred inflows or outflows, other than those mentioned above.

The City has approved a resolution that is in compliance with K.S.A. 75-1120a(c), waiving the requirement for application of generally accepted accounting principles and allowing the City to use the regulatory basis of accounting.

Regulatory Basis Fund Types

A fund is defined as a fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts recording cash and other financial resources, together with all related liabilities and residual equities or balances and changes therein, which are segregated for the purpose of carrying on specific activities or attaining certain objectives in accordance with special regulations, restrictions, or limitations.

The following funds comprise of the regulatory cash basis of accounting:

General Fund - the chief operating fund. Used to account for all resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

Special Purpose Fund - used to account for the proceeds of specific tax levies and other specific regulatory receipt sources (other than Capital Project and tax levies for long-term debt) that are intended for specified purposes.

Bond and Interest Fund - used to account for the accumulation of resources, including tax levies, transfers from other funds and payment of general long-term debt.

Capital Project Fund - used to account for the debt proceeds and other financial resources to be used for acquisition or construction of major capital facilities or equipment.

Business Fund – funds financed in whole or in part by fees charged to users of the goods or services (i.e. enterprise and internal service fund etc.).

City of Bunker Hill, Kansas

Notes to Financial Statement

Year Ended December 31, 2022

NOTE A – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES, CONTINUED

Trust Fund – funds used to report assets held in trust for the benefit of the municipal financial reporting entity (i.e. pension funds, investment trust funds, private purpose trust funds which benefit the municipal reporting entity, scholarship funds, etc.).

Agency Fund – funds used to report assets held by the municipal reporting entity in a purely custodial capacity (payroll clearing fund, county treasurer tax collection accounts, etc.).

Budgetary Information

Kansas statutes require that an annual operating budget be legally adopted for the general fund, special purpose funds (unless specifically exempted by statute), bond and interest funds, and business funds. Although directory rather than mandatory, the statutes provide for the following sequence and timetable in the adoption of the legal annual operating budget:

1. Preparation of the budget for the succeeding calendar year on or before August 1st.
2. Publication in local newspaper on or before August 5th of the proposed budget and notice of public hearing on the budget.
3. Public hearing on or before August 15th, but at least ten days after publication of notice of hearing.
4. Adoption of the final budget on or before August 25th.

If the municipality is holding a revenue neutral rate hearing, the budget timeline for adoption of the final budget has been adjusted to on or before September 20th. The municipality did hold a revenue neutral rate hearing for this year.

The statutes allow for the governing body to increase the originally adopted budget for previously unbudgeted increases in regulatory receipts other than ad valorem property taxes. To do this, a notice of public hearing to amend the budget must be published in the local newspaper. At least ten days after publication, the hearing may be held and the governing body may amend the budget at that time. There were no such budget amendments for 2022.

The statutes permit transferring budgeted amounts between line items within an individual fund. However, such statutes prohibit expenditures in excess of the total amount of the adopted budget of expenditures of individual funds. Budget comparison schedules are presented for each fund showing actual receipts and expenditures compared to legally budgeted receipts and expenditures.

All legal annual operating budgets are prepared using the regulatory basis of accounting, in which regulatory receipts are recognized when cash is received and expenditures include disbursements, accounts payable, and encumbrances, with disbursements being adjusted for the prior year's accounts payable and encumbrances. Encumbrances are commitments by the City for future payments and are supported by a document evidencing the commitment, such as a purchase order or contract. Any unused budgeted expenditure authority lapses at year end.

A legal operating budget is not required for capital project funds and trust funds. Spending in funds which are not subject to the legal annual operating budget requirement is controlled by federal regulations, other statutes, or by the use of internal spending limits established by the governing body.

Reimbursements

The City of Bunker Hill records reimbursable expenditures in the fund that makes the disbursement and records reimbursements as a receipt to the fund that receives the reimbursement. For purposes of budgetary comparisons, the expenditures are properly offset by the reimbursements under KMAAG regulatory basis accounting.

City of Bunker Hill, Kansas

Notes to Financial Statement

Year Ended December 31, 2022

NOTE A – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES, CONTINUED

Property Tax

The determination of assessed valuations and the collection of property taxes for all political subdivisions in the State of Kansas is the responsibility of the various counties. The County appraiser annually determines assessed valuations based on real estate transactions recorded by the Register of Deeds and personal property transactions reported by taxpayers. The County Clerk spreads the annual assessment on the tax rolls. The County Treasurer is the tax collection agent for all taxing entities within the county.

In accordance with state statutes, property taxes levied during the current year are a revenue source to be used to finance the budget of the ensuing year. Property taxes are assessed on a calendar year basis and become a lien on property on November 1 of each year. The taxes are due one-half on December 20th and one-half the following May 10th. Any taxes unpaid at the due dates are considered delinquent.

Collection of current year property tax by the County Treasurer is not completed, apportioned or distributed to the various subdivisions until the succeeding year, such procedure being in conformity with governing state statutes. Consequently, current year property taxes receivable are not available as a resource that can be used to finance the current operation of the City and therefore are not susceptible to accrual.

Undistributed taxes from the prior year levy are recognized as income in the current year. It is not practicable to apportion delinquent taxes held by the County Treasurer at the end of the audit period and, further, the amounts thereof are not material to the financial statement taken as a whole.

NOTE B – STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE, AND ACCOUNTABILITY

Compliance with Kansas Statutes

K.S.A. 12-1608 requires the treasurer of a city of the third class to file an annual statement showing beginning and ending cash balances, receipts, and expenditures of each fund. The statement is to be published within 30 days after December 31 of each year. The annual statement for 2022 was not published within 30 days after year end.

K.S.A. 10-1113 requires that no indebtedness be created for a fund in excess of available monies in that fund. The Lift Station Fund has a deficit cash balance at year end.

NOTE C – DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

K.S.A. 9-1401 establishes the depositories which may be used by the City. The statute requires banks eligible to hold the City's funds have a main or branch bank in the county in which the City is located, or in an adjoining county if such institution has been designated as an official depository, and the banks provide an acceptable rate of return on funds. In addition, K.S.A. 9-1402 requires the banks to pledge securities for deposits in excess of FDIC coverage. The City has no other policies that would further limit interest rate risk.

K.S.A. 12-1675 limits the City's investment of idle funds to time deposits, open accounts, and certificates of deposit with allowable financial institutions; U.S. government securities; temporary notes; no-fund warrants; repurchase agreements; and the Kansas Municipal Investment Pool. The City has no investment policy that would further limit its investments choices.

Concentration of credit risk. State statutes place no limit on the amount the City may invest in any one issuer as long as the investments are adequately secured under K.S.A. 9-1402 and 9-1405.

City of Bunker Hill, Kansas

Notes to Financial Statement

Year Ended December 31, 2022

NOTE C – DEPOSITS & INVESTMENTS – CONTINUED

Custodial credit risk - deposits. Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the City's deposits may not be returned to it. State statutes require the City's deposits in financial institutions to be entirely covered by federal depository insurance or by collateral held under a joint custody receipt issued by a bank within the State of Kansas, the Federal Reserve Bank of Kansas City, or the Federal Home Loan Bank of Topeka. All deposits were legally secured at December 31, 2022.

At December 31, 2022 the City's carrying amount of deposits was \$283,495 and the bank balance was \$283,519. The bank balance was held by one bank resulting in a concentration of credit risk. Of the bank balance, \$250,000 was covered by federal depository insurance, \$33,519 was collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institutions' agents in the City's name.

Custodial credit risk-investments. For an investment, this is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the issuer or counterparty, the City will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. State statutes require investments to be adequately secured.

NOTE D – CLAIMS AND JUDGMENTS

The City participates in federal, state, and county programs that are fully or partially funded by grant received from other government units. Expenditures financed by grants are subject to audit by the appropriate grantor government. If expenditures are disallowed due to noncompliance with the grant program regulations, the City may be required to reimburse the grantor government.

The City is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The City continues to carry commercial insurance for these potential risks of loss. There have been no significant reductions in insurance coverage from 2021 to 2022 and there were no settled claims that exceeded insurance coverage in the past three years.

During the ordinary course of its operations the City is a party to various claims, legal actions and complaints. It is the opinion of the City's management and legal counsel that these matters are not anticipated to have a material financial impact on the City.

NOTE E – WATER SYSTEM IMPROVEMENT

The City was granted a forgivable \$500,000 loan from the State of Kansas Department of Health and Environment (KDHE) in July of 2020. Project #2998's purpose is to interconnect with a neighboring public water supply system, construction of a blending station, well improvements, treatment plant improvements, and installation of automated meter reading system. See Note F Long-Term Debt.

CITY OF BUNKER HILL, KANSAS

**NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENT
For the Year Ended December 31, 2022**

NOTE F - LONG-TERM DEBT

Changes in long-term liabilities for the City of Bunker Hill for the year ended December 31, 2022, were as follows:

<u>Issue</u>	<u>Interest Rates</u>	<u>Date of Issue</u>	<u>Amount of Issue</u>	<u>Date of Final Maturity</u>	<u>Balance Beginning of Year</u>	<u>Additions</u>	<u>Reductions/ Payments</u>	<u>Balance End of Year</u>	<u>Interest Paid</u>
2014 GO Bonds	2.15%	7/1/2014	\$69,090	9/1/2024	21,000	-	7,000	14,000	452
Kansas Public Water Supply Loan Project #2998 (Forgivable)	1.43%	6/25/2020	\$500,000	TBD	-	2,389	2,389 *	-	-
Total Contractual Indebtedness					<u>\$ 21,000</u>	<u>\$ 2,389</u>	<u>\$ 9,389</u>	<u>\$ 14,000</u>	<u>\$ 452</u>

Current maturities of long-term debt and interest for the next five years and in five year increments through maturity are as follows:

	<u>2023</u>	<u>2024</u>	<u>Total</u>
Principal:			
2014 GO Bonds	<u>7,000</u>	<u>7,000</u>	<u>14,000</u>
Total Principal	<u>7,000</u>	<u>7,000</u>	<u>14,000</u>
Interest:			
2014 GO Bonds	<u>452</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>452</u>
Total Interest	<u>452</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>452</u>
Total Principal and Interest	<u>\$ 7,452</u>	<u>\$ 7,000</u>	<u>\$ 14,452</u>

* The City is authorized to receive forgivable loan proceeds of \$500,000. As of December 31, 2022, the City had drawn down \$21,068.

City of Bunker Hill, Kansas

Notes to Financial Statement

Year Ended December 31, 2022

NOTE G – SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

In March 2023, the City was granted a forgivable \$2,610,000 loan from the State of Kansas Department of Health and Environment (KDHE). Project #3165's purpose is to pay for the engineering, administration, and construction to connect with Russell Rural Water District No. 3 to blend current water well water with purchased water to reduce levels in water to acceptable levels.

In May 2023, Council approved an engineering contract with EBH Engineering for \$351,500 for the Water Supply Project #3165.

Management has evaluated the effects on the financial statement of subsequent events occurring through the date of this report, which is the date at which the financial statement was available to be issued.

REGULATORY-REQUIRED
SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

FOR THE YEAR ENDED
DECEMBER 31, 2022

CITY OF BUNKER HILL, KANSAS

SUMMARY OF EXPENDITURES - ACTUAL AND BUDGET

**Regulatory Basis
(Budgeted Funds Only)**

For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

Schedule 1

Fund	Certified Budget	Adjustment for Qualifying Budget Credits	Total Budget for Comparison	Expenditures Chargeable to Current Year	Variance Over (Under)
GENERAL FUND	\$ 203,193	\$ -	\$ 203,193	\$ 81,807	\$ (121,386)
SPECIAL PURPOSE FUNDS					
Special Highway Fund	13,400	-	13,400	-	(13,400)
Special Lighting Fund	8,144	-	8,144	6,513	(1,631)
BUSINESS FUNDS					
Water Fund	124,954	-	124,954	25,894	(99,060)
Sanitation Fund	16,593	-	16,593	14,484	(2,109)
Lift Station Fund	8,619	-	8,619	6,630	(1,989)
Total	<u>\$ 374,903</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 374,903</u>	<u>\$ 135,328</u>	<u>\$ (239,575)</u>

CITY OF BUNKER HILL, KANSAS

SCHEDULE OF RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURES - ACTUAL AND BUDGET
Regulatory Basis
For the Year Ended December 31, 2022
(With Comparative Actual Totals for the Prior Year Ended December 31, 2021)

GENERAL FUND

Schedule 2-1

		2022		
	2021 Actual	Actual	Budget	Variance Over (Under)
Cash Receipts				
Ad Valorem Tax	\$ 36,563	\$ 33,759	\$ 37,922	\$ (4,163)
Delinquent Tax	350	8	-	8
Motor Vehicle Tax	9,102	8,128	7,133	995
Tower Rent	3,560	3,969	3,780	189
Sales & Use Tax	14,423	17,256	13,650	3,606
Franchise Tax	1,943	1,867	1,600	267
Interest	377	488	400	88
Miscellaneous	2,546	1,479	1,000	479
State of Kansas ARPA Funds	7,173	7,172	-	7,172
Kansas Water Supply Forgivable Loan	17,711	2,389	-	2,389
Total Cash Receipts	93,748	76,515	\$ 65,485	\$ 11,030
Expenditures				
Personal Services	20,318	25,055	19,394	5,661
Contractual Services	30,986	41,027	58,800	(17,773)
Commodities	2,109	1,809	1,700	109
Capital Outlay	-	-	114,847	(114,847)
Bond Principal & Interest	7,602	7,453	7,452	1
Transfer to Special Lighting	-	-	1,000	(1,000)
Miscellaneous	2,557	4,074	-	4,074
Engineering for Water Supply	17,711	2,389	-	2,389
Total Expenditures	81,283	81,807	\$ 203,193	\$ (121,386)
Receipts Over (Under) Expenditures	12,465	(5,292)		
Unencumbered Cash, Beginning	141,644	154,109		
Unencumbered Cash, Ending	\$ 154,109	\$ 148,817		

CITY OF BUNKER HILL, KANSAS

SCHEDULE OF RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURES - ACTUAL AND BUDGET
Regulatory Basis
For the Year Ended December 31, 2022
(With Comparative Actual Totals for the Prior Year Ended December 31, 2021)

SPECIAL HIGHWAY FUND

Schedule 2-2

	2021	<u>2022</u>		Variance
	<u>Actual</u>	<u>Actual</u>	<u>Budget</u>	Over (Under)
Cash Receipts				
State of Kansas Gas Tax	\$ 2,714	\$ 2,694	\$ 2,420	\$ 274
Total Cash Receipts	<u>2,714</u>	<u>2,694</u>	<u>\$ 2,420</u>	<u>\$ 274</u>
Expenditures				
Street Repair	<u>9,000</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>13,400</u>	<u>(13,400)</u>
Total Expenditures	<u>9,000</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>\$ 13,400</u>	<u>\$ (13,400)</u>
Receipts Over (Under) Expenditures	(6,286)	2,694		
Unencumbered Cash, Beginning	<u>10,250</u>	<u>3,964</u>		
Unencumbered Cash, Ending	<u>\$ 3,964</u>	<u>\$ 6,658</u>		

CITY OF BUNKER HILL, KANSAS

SCHEDULE OF RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURES - ACTUAL AND BUDGET
Regulatory Basis
For the Year Ended December 31, 2022
(With Comparative Actual Totals for the Prior Year Ended December 31, 2021)

SPECIAL LIGHTING FUND

Schedule 2-3

	2021 Actual	2022		Variance Over (Under)
		Actual	Budget	
Cash Receipts				
Franchise Tax	\$ 6,297	\$ 6,669	\$ 6,175	\$ 494
Miscellaneous Income	-	253	-	253
Transfer from General	-	-	1,000	(1,000)
	6,297	6,922	\$ 7,175	\$ (253)
Expenditures				
Contractual Services	5,853	6,513	8,144	(1,631)
Total Expenditures	5,853	6,513	\$ 8,144	\$ (1,631)
Receipts Over (Under) Expenditures	444	409		
Unencumbered Cash, Beginning	719	1,163		
Unencumbered Cash, Ending	\$ 1,163	\$ 1,572		

CITY OF BUNKER HILL, KANSAS

SCHEDULE OF RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURES - ACTUAL AND BUDGET
Regulatory Basis
For the Year Ended December 31, 2022
(With Comparative Actual Totals for the Prior Year Ended December 31, 2021)

WATER FUND

Schedule 2-4

	2021	2022		Variance
	Actual	Actual	Budget	Over (Under)
Cash Receipts				
Water Sales	\$ 29,722	\$ 28,599	\$ 30,000	\$ (1,401)
Total Cash Receipts	<u>29,722</u>	<u>28,599</u>	<u>\$ 30,000</u>	<u>\$ (1,401)</u>
Expenditures				
Personal Services	5,441	7,792	5,626	2,166
Contractual Services	21,616	18,102	15,000	3,102
Commodities	-	-	5,550	(5,550)
Capital Outlay	-	-	98,778	(98,778)
Total Expenditures	<u>27,057</u>	<u>25,894</u>	<u>\$ 124,954</u>	<u>\$ (99,060)</u>
Receipts Over (Under) Expenditures	2,665	2,705		
Unencumbered Cash, Beginning	<u>92,833</u>	<u>95,498</u>		
Prior Year Cancelled Encumbrances	-	-		
Unencumbered Cash, Ending	<u>\$ 95,498</u>	<u>\$ 98,203</u>		

CITY OF BUNKER HILL, KANSAS

SCHEDULE OF RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURES - ACTUAL AND BUDGET
Regulatory Basis
For the Year Ended December 31, 2022
(With Comparative Actual Totals for the Prior Year Ended December 31, 2021)

SANITATION FUND

Schedule 2-5

		2022		
	2021 Actual	Actual	Budget	Variance Over (Under)
Cash Receipts				
Collections	\$ 13,905	\$ 14,347	\$ 15,000	\$ (653)
Total Cash Receipts	13,905	14,347	\$ 15,000	\$ (653)
Expenditures				
Contractual Service	14,020	14,484	14,200	284
Capital Outlay	-	-	2,393	(2,393)
Total Expenditures	14,020	14,484	\$ 16,593	\$ (2,109)
Receipts Over (Under) Expenditures	(115)	(137)		
Unencumbered Cash, Beginning	753	638		
Unencumbered Cash, Ending	\$ 638	\$ 501		

CITY OF BUNKER HILL, KANSAS

SCHEDULE OF RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURES - ACTUAL AND BUDGET
Regulatory Basis
For the Year Ended December 31, 2022
(With Comparative Actual Totals for the Prior Year Ended December 31, 2021)

LIFT STATION FUND

Schedule 2-6

	2021	<u>2022</u>		Variance
	<u>Actual</u>	<u>Actual</u>	<u>Budget</u>	Over (Under)
Cash Receipts				
Collections	\$ 6,157	\$ 6,000	\$ 7,600	\$ (1,600)
Total Cash Receipts	<u>6,157</u>	<u>6,000</u>	<u>\$ 7,600</u>	<u>\$ (1,600)</u>
Expenditures				
Capital Outlay	-	-	793	(793)
Personal Service	5,442	4,859	5,626	(767)
Operations Expense	<u>1,477</u>	<u>1,771</u>	<u>2,200</u>	<u>(429)</u>
Total Expenditures	<u>6,919</u>	<u>6,630</u>	<u>\$ 8,619</u>	<u>\$ (1,989)</u>
Receipts Over (Under) Expenditures	(762)	(630)		
Unencumbered Cash, Beginning	<u>879</u>	<u>117</u>		
Prior Year Cancelled Encumbrances	-	-		
Unencumbered Cash, Ending	<u>\$ 117</u>	<u>\$ (513)</u>		