CITY OF LECOMPTON, KANSAS
FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Year ended December 31, 2022



FINANCIAL STATEMENTS Year ended December 31, 2022

TABLE OF CONTENTS

	Page <u>Number</u>
NTRODUCTORY SECTION	
Table of Contents	i
FINANCIAL SECTION	
Independent Auditor's Report	1 - 2
Summary Statement of Receipts, Expenditures and Unencumbered Cash	3
Notes to the Financial Statements	4 - 8
SCHEDULE 1 Summary of Expenditures - Actual and Budget	9
SCHEDULE 2 Schedule of Receipts and Expenditures - Actual and Budget or Actual Only	
General Fund Employee Benefits Fund Special Highway Fund Capital Improvement Reserve Fund Equipment Reserve Fund Housing Grant Fund ARPA Fund E-Community Fund Bond and Interest Fund Water Tower Fund Water Fund Sewer Fund	10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21





INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Mayor and City Council City of Lecompton, Kansas

Adverse and Unmodified Opinions

We have audited the accompanying fund summary statement of regulatory basis receipts, expenditures, and unencumbered cash balances of the City of Lecompton, Kansas, (the City), as of and for the year ended December 31, 2022 and the related notes to the financial statement.

Adverse Opinion on U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles

In our opinion, because of the significance of the matter discussed in the "Basis of Adverse and Unmodified Opinions" section of our report, the accompanying financial statement referred to above does not present fairly, in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, the financial position of the City as of December 31, 2022, or the changes in financial position and cash flows thereof for the year then ended.

Unmodified Opinion on Regulatory Basis of Accounting

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statement referred to above presents fairly, in all material respects, the aggregate cash and unencumbered cash balance of the City as of December 31, 2022, and the aggregate receipts and expenditures for the year then ended in accordance with the financial reporting provisions of the *Kansas Municipal Audit and Accounting Guide* described in Note 1.

Basis for Adverse and Unmodified Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS), and the *Kansas Municipal Audit and Accounting Guide*. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the "Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statement" section of our report. We are required to be independent of the City, and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our adverse and unmodified opinions.

Matter Giving Rise to Adverse Opinion on U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles

As discussed in Note 1 of the financial statement, the financial statement is prepared by the City on the basis of the financial reporting provisions of the *Kansas Municipal Audit and Accounting Guide*, which is a basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. The effects on the financial statement of the variances between the regulatory basis of accounting described in Note 1 and accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, although not reasonably determinable, are presumed to be material.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statement

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of this financial statement in accordance with the *Kansas Municipal Audit and Accounting Guide* as described in Note 1; this includes determining that the regulatory basis of accounting is an acceptable basis for the preparation of the financial statement in the circumstances. Management is also responsible for the design, implementation and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statement that is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statement, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the City's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statement

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statement as a whole is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statement.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS, we:

- exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statement, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statement.
- obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statement.
- conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the City's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the fund summary statement of regulatory basis receipts, expenditures, and unencumbered cash balances (basic financial statement) as a whole. The summary of regulatory basis expenditures-actual and budget and individual fund schedules of regulatory basis receipts and expenditures-actual and budget (Schedules 1 and 2 as listed in the table of contents) are presented for analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statement, however, are required to be presented under the provisions of the *Kansas Municipal Audit and Accounting Guide*. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statement. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statement and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statement or to the basic financial statement itself, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statement as a whole, on the basis of accounting described in Note 1.

Certified Public Accountant Lawrence, Kansas

GORDON CPA LLC

March 2, 2023

CITY OF LECOMPTON Summary Statement of Receipts, Expenditures and Unencumbered Cash Regulatory Basis For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

											_	Add:		
		Beginning		Prior Year						Ending		Outstanding cumbrances		Ending
		encumbered		Cancelled					Hr	nencumbered		nd Accounts		Cash
Funds		sh Balance		ncumbrances		Receipts	Ex	penditures		ash Balance	ui	Payable		Balance
General Funds:														
General	\$	193,736	\$	-	\$	334,170	\$	293,602	\$	234,304	\$	8,750	\$	243,054
Special Purpose Funds:														
Employee Benefits		22,519		-		16,642		12,915		26,246		-		26,246
Special Highway		116,801		-		16,898		-		133,699		-		133,699
Capital Improvement Reserve		163,086		-		-		-		163,086		-		163,086
Equipment Reserve		109,086		-		55,350		33,820		130,616		-		130,616
Housing Grant		1,362		-		-		-		1,362		-		1,362
ARPA		49,903		-		49,903		-		99,806		-		99,806
E-Community		-		-		5,019		-		5,019		-		5,019
Bond and Interest Funds:														
Bond and Interest		51,346		-		54,971		100,449		5,868		-		5,868
Capital Project Funds:														
Water Tower		6,983		-		-		-		6,983		-		6,983
Business Funds:														
Water Utility		348,030		-		184,404		172,668		359,766		-		359,766
Sewer Utility		47,060	_		_	55,417	_	61,763	_	40,714			_	40,714
Total Reporting Entity	\$	1,109,912	\$	_	\$	772,774	\$	675,217	\$	1,207,469	\$	8,750	\$	1,216,219
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Composition of Cash:

Checking	\$ 412,763
Money market	337,890
Certificates of deposit	 465,565
Total	\$ 1,216,219

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS December 31, 2022

NOTE 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Municipal Financial Reporting Entity

The City of Lecompton (the City) is a municipal corporation governed by a mayor and a five-member council. These financial statements present the City. There are no organizations which meet the criteria for being combined in the City's report.

Basis of Accounting

Regulatory Basis of Accounting and Departure from Accounting Principles Generally Accepted in the United States of America. The Kansas Municipal Audit and Accounting Guide (KMAAG) regulatory basis of accounting involves the recognition of cash, cash equivalents, marketable investments, and certain accounts payable and encumbrance obligations to arrive at a net unencumbered cash and investments balance on a regulatory basis for each fund, and the reporting of changes in unencumbered cash and investments of a fund resulting from the difference in regulatory basis receipts and regulatory basis expenditures for the fiscal year. All recognized assets and liabilities are measured and reported at cost, unless they have been permanently impaired and have no future cash value or represent no future obligation against cash. The KMAAG regulatory basis does not recognize capital assets, long-term debt, accrued receivables and payables, or any other assets, liabilities or deferred inflows or outflows, other than those mentioned above.

The City has approved a resolution that is in compliance with K.S.A. 75-1120a(c), waiving the requirement for application of generally accepted accounting principles and allowing the City to use the regulatory basis of accounting.

Regulatory Basis Fund Types

<u>General Fund</u> - the chief operating fund. Used to account for all resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

<u>Special Purpose Fund</u> - used to account for the proceeds of specific tax levies and other specific regulatory receipt sources (other than Capital Project and tax levies for long-term debt) that are intended for specified purposes.

<u>Bond and Interest Fund</u> - used to account for the accumulation of resources, including tax levies, transfers from other funds and payment of general long-term debt.

<u>Capital Project Fund</u> - used to account for the debt proceeds and other financial resources to be used for acquisition or construction of major capital facilities or equipment.

<u>Business Fund</u> - funds financed in whole or in part by fees charged to users of the goods or services (i.e. enterprise and internal service fund etc.)

Budgetary Information

Kansas statutes require that an annual operating budget be legally adopted for the general fund, special purpose funds (unless specifically exempted by statute), bond and interest funds, and business funds. Although directory rather than mandatory, the statutes provide for the following sequence and timetable in the adoption of the legal annual operating budget:

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS December 31, 2022

NOTE 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Budgetary Information (Continued)

- 1. Preparation of the budget for the succeeding calendar year on or before August 1st.
- 2. Publication in local newspaper of the proposed budget and notice of public hearing on the budget on or before August 5th.
- 3. Public hearing on or before August 15th, but at least ten days after publication of notice of hearing.
- 4. Adoption of the final budget on or before August 25th.

If the City is holding a revenue neutral rate hearing, the budget timeline for adoption of the final budget has been adjusted to on or before September 20th. The City did hold a revenue neutral rate hearing for this year.

The statutes allow for the governing body to increase the originally adopted budget for previously unbudgeted increases in regulatory receipts other than ad valorem property taxes. To do this, a notice of public hearing to amend the budget must be published in the local newspaper. At least ten days after publication, the hearing may be held and the governing body may amend the budget at that time. There were no such budget amendments for this year.

The statutes permit transferring budgeted amounts between line items within an individual fund. However, such statutes prohibit expenditures in excess of the total amount of the adopted budget of expenditures of individual funds. Budget comparison schedules are presented for each fund showing actual receipts and expenditures compared to legally budgeted receipts and expenditures.

All legal annual operating budgets are prepared using the regulatory basis of accounting, in which regulatory receipts are recognized when cash is received and expenditures include disbursements, accounts payable, and encumbrances, with disbursements being adjusted for the prior year's accounts payable and encumbrances. Encumbrances are commitments by the City for future payments and are supported by a document evidencing the commitment, such as a purchase order or contract. Any unused budgeted expenditure authority lapses at year end.

A legal operating budget is not required for the following funds: Capital Improvement Reserve, Equipment Reserve, Housing Grant, ARPA and E-Community funds.

Spending in funds which are not subject to the legal annual operating budget requirement is controlled by federal regulations, other statutes, or by the use of internal spending limits established by the City Council.

NOTE 2 - Deposits and Investments

Deposits. K.S.A. 9-1401 establishes the depositories which may be used by the City. The statute requires banks eligible to hold the City's funds have a main or branch bank in the county in which the City is located, or in an adjoining county if such institution has been designated as an official depository, and the banks provide an acceptable rate of return on funds. In addition, K.S.A. 9-1402 requires the banks to pledge securities for deposits in excess of FDIC coverage. The City has no other policies that would further limit interest rate risk.

Investments. K.S.A. 12-1675 limits the City's investment of idle funds to time deposits, open accounts, and certificates of deposit with allowable financial institutions; U.S. government securities; temporary notes; no-fund warrants; repurchase agreements; and the Kansas Municipal Investment Pool. The City has no investment policy that would further limit its investment choices. As of December 31, 2022, the City held no such investments.

Concentration of credit risk. State statutes place no limit on the amount the City may invest in any one issuer as long as the investments are adequately secured under K.S.A. 9-1402 and 9-1405.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS December 31, 2022

NOTE 2 - Deposits and Investments (Continued)

Custodial credit risk - deposits. Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the City's deposits may not be returned to it. State statutes require the City's deposits in financial institutions to be entirely covered by federal depository insurance or by collateral held under a joint custody receipt issued by a bank within the State of Kansas, the Federal Reserve Bank of Kansas City, or the Federal Home Loan Bank of Topeka, except during designated "peak periods" when required coverage is 50%. The City has no designated "peak periods."

At December 31, 2022, the City's carrying amount of deposits was \$1,216,219 and the bank balance was \$1,218,966. The bank balance was held by three banks, resulting in a concentration of credit risk. Of the bank balance, \$505,019 was covered by federal depository insurance, \$711,887 was collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution's agents in the City's name, and the remaining balance of \$2,060 was unsecured, which is a violation of K.S.A. 9-1402.

Custodial credit risk - investments. For an investment, this is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the issuer or counterparty, the City will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. State statutes require investments to be adequately secured. The City had no such investments as of December 31, 2022.

NOTE 3 - Retirement Plan

Plan Description. The City participates in the Kansas Public Employees Retirement System (KPERS), a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan as provided by K.S.A. 74-4901, et. seq. Kansas law establishes and amends benefit provisions. KPERS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. KPERS' financial statements are included in its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report which can be found on the KPERS website at www.kpers.org by writing to KPERS (611 South Kansas, Suite 100, Topeka, KS 66603) or by calling 1-888-275-5737.

Contributions. K.S.A. 74-4919 and K.S.A. 74-49,210 establish the KPERS member-employee contribution rates. KPERS has multiple benefit structures and contribution rates depending on whether the employee is a KPERS 1, KPERS 2 or KPERS 3 member. KPERS 1 members are active and contributing members hired before July 1, 2009. KPERS 2 members were first employed in a covered position on or after July 1, 2009, and KPERS 3 members were first employed in a covered position on or after January 1, 2015. Effective January 1, 2015, Kansas law established the KPERS member-employee contribution rate at 6% of covered salary for KPERS 1, KPERS 2 and KPERS 3 members. Member contributions are withheld by their employer and paid to KPERS according to the provisions of Section 414(h) of the Internal Revenue Code.

State law provides that the employer contribution rates for KPERS 1, KPERS 2 and KPERS 3 be determined based on the results of each annual actuarial valuation. Kansas law sets a limitation on annual increases in the employer contribution rates. The actuarially determined employer contribution rate (not including the 1% contribution rate for the Death and Disability Program) and the statutory contribution rate was 8.90% for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2022. Contributions to the pension plan from the City were \$10,963 for the year ended December 31, 2022.

Net Pension Liability. At December 31, 2022, the City's proportionate share of the collective net pension liability reported by KPERS was \$102,285. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2022, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2021, which was rolled forward to June 30, 2022. The City's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the ratio of the City's contributions to KPERS, relative to the total employer and non-employer contributions of the Local subgroup of KPERS. Since the KMAAG regulatory basis of accounting does not recognize long-term debt, this liability is not reported in these financial statements.

The complete actuarial valuation report, including all actuarial assumptions and methods, and the report on the allocation of the KPERS collective net pension liability to all participating employers are publicly available on the KPERS website at www.kpers.org or can be obtained as described above.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS December 31, 2022

NOTE 4 - Long-Term Debt

Changes in Long-term Debt. During the year ended December 31, 2022, the following changes occurred in long-term debt:

	Beginning	Additions	I	Reductions	Ending	
	Principal	to		of	Principal	
Type of Issue	Outstanding	<u>Principal</u>		<u>Principal</u>	<u>Outstanding</u>	Interest Paid
General Obligation Bonds	\$1,666,000	\$	- \$	[34,000]	\$ 1,632,000	\$ 66,449

General Obligation Bonds. General obligation bonds currently outstanding are as follows:

General Obligation		Amount		Original	Date of	Final
Bonds	Interest Rate	Outstanding		<u>Amount</u>	Issue	<u>Maturity</u>
Series 2009A	4.125%	\$	943,000	\$1,127,000	7/13/2009	7/23/2049
Series 2009B	3.50%		451,000	549,000	7/20/2009	7/23/2049
Series 2009C	4.375%		238,000	286,000	9/18/2009	9/24/2049
		\$ 1	1,632,000	\$1,962,000		

The annual debt service requirements to maturity for the general obligation bonds are as follows:

Year Ending									
December 31,	Pr	incipal Due	<u>In</u>	iterest Due	Total Due				
2023	\$	35,000	\$	65,096	\$	100,096			
2024		36,000		63,683		99,683			
2025		37,000		62,268		99,268			
2026		38,000		60,798		98,798			
2027		41,000		59,286		100,286			
2028 - 2032		229,000		270,761		499,761			
2033 - 2037		277,000		221,601		498,601			
2038 - 2042		338,000		162,523		500,523			
2043 - 2047		413,000		88,318		501,318			
2048 - 2049		188,000		11,310		199,310			
	\$	1,632,000	\$	1,065,644	\$	2,697,644			

NOTE 5 - Interfund Transfers

Operating transfers during the year ended December 31, 2022, were as follows:

		Regulatory		
From	<u>To</u>	<u>Authority</u>	<u>A</u>	mount
Water	Bond & Interest	KSA 12-825d	\$	6,000
			\$	6,000

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS December 31, 2022

NOTE 6 - Compensated Absences

City employees receive vacation and sick leave benefits. Vacation benefits accrue on a monthly basis an annual carryover caps the number of days transferred from year to year. Upon termination, employees are compensated for any unused vacation leave. Sick leave accrues on a monthly basis up to a maximum. Upon termination, employees are not compensated for any unused sick leave. It is the City's policy to recognize the costs of compensated absences when actually paid.

NOTE 7 - Commitments and Contingencies

The City receives significant financial assistance from numerous federal and state governmental agencies in the form of grants and state pass-through aid. The disbursements of funds received under these programs generally require compliance with terms and conditions specified in the grant agreements and are subject to audit. Any disallowed claims resulting from such audits could become a liability of the General Fund or other applicable funds. However, in the opinion of management, any such disallowed claims will not have a material effect on the financial statements of the City as of December 31, 2022.

NOTE 8 - Risk Management

The City is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters, for which the City has carried commercial insurance. Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded commercial insurance in any of the past three fiscal years.

NOTE 9 - Other Long-Term Obligations from Operations

Other Post-Employment Benefits. As provided by K.S.A. 12-5040, the City allows retirees to participate in the group health insurance plan. While each retiree pays the full amount of the applicable premium, conceptually, the City is subsidizing the retirees because each participant is charged a level of premium regardless of age. However, the cost of this subsidy has not been quantified in this financial statement.

Under the Consolidated Omnibus Budget Reconciliation Act (COBRA), the City makes health care benefits available to eligible former employees and eligible dependents. Certain requirements are outlined by the federal government for this coverage. The premium is paid in full by the insured.

Death and Disability Other Post-Employment Benefits. As provided by K.S.A. 74-4927, disabled members in the Kansas Public Employees Retirement System (KPERS) receive long-term disability benefits and life insurance benefits. The plan is administered through a trust held by KPERS that is funded to pay annual benefit payments. The employer contribution rate is set at 1% for the year ended December 31, 2022.

NOTE 10 - Related Party Transaction

During the year ended December 31, 2022, the City paid \$200 for remodeling services to a family member of a City employee.

CITY OF LECOMPTON, KANSAS Summary of Expenditures - Actual and Budget Regulatory Basis For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

<u>Funds</u>	Certified <u>Budget</u>	Adjustment for Qualifying Budget Credits	Total Budget for <u>Comparison</u>		Expenditures Chargeable to Current Year		Variance Over [<u>Under]</u>
General Funds:							
General	\$ 620,750	\$ -	\$	620,750	\$	293,602	\$ [327,148]
Special Purpose Funds:							
Employee Benefits	32,000	-		32,000		12,915	[19,085]
Special Highway	118,776	-		118,776		-	[118,776]
Bond and Interest Funds:							
Bond and Interest	105,449	-		105,449		100,449	[5,000]
Business Funds:							
Water Utility	573,464	-		573,464		172,668	[400,796]
Sewer Utility	141,393	-		141,393		61,763	[79,630]

CITY OF LECOMPTON, KANSAS GENERAL FUND

Schedule of Receipts and Expenditures - Actual and Budget Regulatory Basis

Receipts		<u>Actual</u>		<u>Budget</u>		/ariance Over [Under]
Taxes and shared revenue	•	40.074	_	00.044		40.007
Ad valorem property tax	\$	46,971	\$	36,344	\$	10,627
Delinquent tax		1,125		1,000		125
Motor vehicle tax		6,898		6,488		410
RV tax		128		103		25
16/20M vehicle tax		84		10		74
Watercraft tax		58		58		[0]
Sales tax		175,478		140,000		35,478
Franchise fees		28,440		25,000		3,440
Licenses, rents, permits		10,277		18,000		[7,723]
Interest income		2,487		6,000		[3,513]
Reimbursements		27,671		_		27,671
Solid waste		34,553		35,000		[447]
				<u> </u>		
Total Receipts		334,170	\$	268,003	\$	66,167
Expenditures						
General government						
Personnel services		34,001	\$	45,000	\$	[10,999]
Commodities		50,871	Ψ	55,000	Ψ	[4,129]
Contractual services		142,793		130,750		12,043
Parks and recreation		3,375		7,500		[4,125]
		15,076		37,500		
Highways and streets		13,070				[22,424]
Capital outlay		47 400		185,000		[185,000]
Solid waste		47,486		62,500		[15,014]
Operating transfers				97,500	_	[97,500]
Total Expenditures		293,602	\$	620,750	<u>\$</u>	[327,148]
Receipts Over [Under] Expenditures		40,568				
Unencumbered Cash, Beginning		193,736				
Unencumbered Cash, Ending	\$	234,304				

CITY OF LECOMPTON, KANSAS EMPLOYEE BENEFITS FUND

Schedule of Receipts and Expenditures - Actual and Budget Regulatory Basis

Receipts		<u>Actual</u>	<u>Budget</u>	-	ariance Over Under]
Taxes and shared revenue Ad valorem property tax Delinquent tax Motor vehicle tax RV tax 16/20M vehicle tax Watercraft tax	\$	13,343 323 2,900 36 24 16	\$ 13,648 250 1,849 29 3 17	\$	[305] 73 1,051 7 21 [1]
Total Receipts		16,642	\$ 15,796	\$	846
Expenditures General administration		12,915	\$ 32,000	\$	[19,085]
Total Expenditures		12,915	\$ 32,000	\$	[19,085]
Receipts Over [Under] Expenditures		3,727			
Unencumbered Cash, Beginning		22,519			
Unencumbered Cash, Ending	<u>\$</u>	26,246			

CITY OF LECOMPTON, KANSAS SPECIAL HIGHWAY FUND

Schedule of Receipts and Expenditures - Actual and Budget Regulatory Basis

	<u>Actual</u>			<u>Budget</u>	′ariance Over <u>[Under]</u>
Receipts State gas tax Operating transfers	\$	16,898	\$	16,820 1,350	\$ 78 [1,350]
Total Receipts		16,898	\$	18,170	\$ [1,272]
Expenditures Street repair and maintenance		<u>-</u>	\$	118,776	\$ [118,776]
Total Expenditures			\$	118,776	\$ [118,776]
Receipts Over [Under] Expenditures		16,898			
Unencumbered Cash, Beginning		116,801			
Unencumbered Cash, Ending	\$	133,699			

CITY OF LECOMPTON, KANSAS CAPITAL IMPROVEMENT RESERVE FUND Schedule of Receipts and Expenditures - Actual * Regulatory Basis For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

Receipts Operating transfers	\$
Total Receipts	
Expenditures Capital outlay	
Total Expenditures	
Receipts Over [Under] Expenditures	-
Unencumbered Cash, Beginning	 163,086
Unencumbered Cash, Ending	\$ 163,086

CITY OF LECOMPTON, KANSAS EQUIPMENT RESERVE FUND

Schedule of Receipts and Expenditures - Actual * Regulatory Basis

Receipts Miscellaneous	\$ 55,350
Total Receipts	 55,350
Expenditures Capital outlay	 33,820
Total Expenditures	 33,820
Receipts Over [Under] Expenditures	21,530
Unencumbered Cash, Beginning	 109,086
Unencumbered Cash, Ending	\$ 130,616

CITY OF LECOMPTON, KANSAS HOUSING GRANT FUND Schedule of Receipts and Expenditures - Actual * Regulatory Basis For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

Receipts Grant	\$
Total Receipts	
Expenditures Miscellaneous	 <u>-</u>
Total Expenditures	
Receipts Over [Under] Expenditures	-
Unencumbered Cash, Beginning	 1,362
Unencumbered Cash, Ending	\$ 1,362

CITY OF LECOMPTON, KANSAS ARPA FUND

Schedule of Receipts and Expenditures - Actual * Regulatory Basis

Receipts Grant	\$ 49,903
Total Receipts	 49,903
Expenditures Contractual services	
Total Expenditures	
Receipts Over [Under] Expenditures	49,903
Unencumbered Cash, Beginning	 49,903
Unencumbered Cash, Ending	\$ 99,806

CITY OF LECOMPTON, KANSAS E-COMMUNITY FUND

Schedule of Receipts and Expenditures - Actual * Regulatory Basis

Receipts	
Grant	\$ 5,000
Interest income	 19
Total Receipts	5,019
Expenditures	
Contractual services	
Total Expenditures	
Receipts Over [Under] Expenditures	5,019
Unencumbered Cash, Beginning	
Unencumbered Cash, Ending	\$ 5,019

CITY OF LECOMPTON, KANSAS BOND AND INTEREST FUND

Schedule of Receipts and Expenditures - Actual and Budget Regulatory Basis

		<u>Actual</u>		<u>Budget</u>		ariance Over <u>Under]</u>
Receipts						
Taxes and shared revenue	Φ.	40.400	Φ.	40,400	Φ.	10001
Ad valorem property tax	\$	42,463 984	\$	43,432 1,000	\$	[969]
Delinquent tax Motor vehicle tax		5,281		5,849		[16] [568]
RV tax		115		93		22
16/20M vehicle tax		76		8		68
Watercraft tax		52		53		[1]
Operating transfers		6,000	_	17,500		[11,500]
Total Receipts		54,971	\$	67,935	\$	[12,964]
Expenditures						
Principal		34,000	\$	34,000	\$	_
Interest & fees		66,449		66,449		-
Cash basis reserve				5,000		[5,000]
Total Expenditures		100,449	<u>\$</u>	105,449	<u>\$</u>	[5,000]
Receipts Over [Under] Expenditures		[45,478]				
Unencumbered Cash, Beginning		51,346				
Unencumbered Cash, Ending	\$	5,868				

Receipts

Unencumbered Cash, Beginning

Unencumbered Cash, Ending

CITY OF LECOMPTON, KANSAS WATER TOWER FUND

Schedule of Receipts and Expenditures - Actual * Regulatory Basis For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

Miscellaneous	\$ -
Total Receipts	
Expenditures Capital outlay	
Total Expenditures	-
Receipts Over [Under] Expenditures	-

6,983

6,983

CITY OF LECOMPTON, KANSAS WATER FUND

Schedule of Receipts and Expenditures - Actual and Budget Regulatory Basis

	<u>Actual</u>	<u>Budget</u>	Variance Over [<u>Under]</u>		
Receipts Charges for services Miscellaneous revenue	\$ 184,201 203	\$ 215,000	\$ [30,799] 203		
Total Receipts	184,404	\$ 215,000	\$ [30,596]		
Expenditures General Production Capital outlay Operating transfers	102,670 63,998 - 6,000	\$ 200,000 155,000 200,964 17,500	\$ [97,330] [91,002] [200,964] [11,500]		
Total Expenditures	172,668	\$ 573,464	\$ [400,796]		
Receipts Over [Under] Expenditures	11,736				
Unencumbered Cash, Beginning	348,030				
Unencumbered Cash, Ending	\$ 359,766				

CITY OF LECOMPTON, KANSAS SEWER FUND

Schedule of Receipts and Expenditures - Actual and Budget Regulatory Basis For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

	<u>Actual</u>	<u>Budget</u>		Variance Over [<u>Under]</u>	
Receipts Charges for services	\$ 55,417	\$ 80,000	\$	[24,583]	
Total Receipts	 55,417	\$ 80,000	\$	[24,583]	
Expenditures General Production	 39,703 22,060	\$ 107,500 33,893	\$	[67,797] [11,833]	
Total Expenditures	 61,763	\$ 141,393	\$	[79,630]	
Receipts Over [Under] Expenditures	[6,346]				
Unencumbered Cash, Beginning	 47,060				
Unencumbered Cash, Ending	\$ 40,714				