Independent Auditor's Report and Financial Statements
September 30, 2019 and 2018

Board of Trustees of Republic County Hospital A Component Unit of Republic County, Kansas September 30, 2019 and 2018

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Independent Auditor's Report

Board of Trustees Board of Trustees of Republic County Hospital Belleville, Kansas

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the Board of Trustees of Republic County Hospital (Board of Trustees), a component unit of Republic County, Kansas, as of and for the years ended September 30, 2019 and 2018, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Board of Trustees of Republic County Hospital's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audits. We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the Kansas Municipal Audit and Accounting Guide. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.



Board of Trustees Board of Trustees of Republic County Hospital Page 2

Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Board of Trustees of Republic County Hospital as of September 30, 2019 and 2018, and the changes in its financial position and its cash flows for the years then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Required Supplementary Information

The Board of Trustees has omitted the management's discussion and analysis information that accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require to be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such missing information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic or historical context. Our opinion on the basic financial statements is not affected by this missing information.

Wichita, Kansas March 6, 2020

BKD, LLP

Balance Sheets September 30, 2019 and 2018

Assets

	2019	2018	
Current Assets			
Cash	\$ 858,666	\$ 927,884	
Short-term certificates of deposit	250,000	-	
Due from Hospital	80,104	79,862	
Interest receivable	1,560	158	
Intergovernmental receivable	269,385	182,315	
Notes receivable	6,000	5,500	
Total current assets	1,465,715	1,195,719	
Certificates of Deposit	535,203	282,349	
Noncurrent Cash and Investments			
Funds held by County for construction/debt service	18,229	18,585	
Permanently restricted funds	412,871	412,871	
	431,100	431,456	
Capital Assets, Net	558,382	616,438	
Due From Hospital	108,229	188,333	
Total assets	\$ 3,098,629	\$ 2,714,295	

Liabilities and Net Position

	2019	2018
Current Liabilities		
Current maturities of long-term debt	\$ 120,104	\$ 119,862
Interest payable	6,120	6,120
Deposits	2,500	3,000
Due to Hospital	2,015	6,876
Total current liabilities	130,739	135,858
	222.222	510.222
Long-term Debt, Less Current Maturities	398,229	518,333
Total liabilities	528,968	654,191
Net Position		
Net investment in capital assets	228,382	246,438
Restricted nonexpendable permanent endowments	412,871	412,871
Unrestricted	1,928,408	1,400,795
Total net position	2,569,661	2,060,104
Total liabilities and net position	\$ 3,098,629	\$ 2,714,295

A Component Unit of Republic County, Kansas

Statements of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position Years Ended September 30, 2019 and 2018

	2019	2018
Operating Revenues		
Clinic revenue	\$ 68,622	\$ 81,959
Independent living revenue	116,340	109,206
Noncapital appropriations - Republic County	1,082,020	988,106
Other	7,881	54,341
Other	7,881	
Total operating revenues	1,274,863	1,233,612
Operating Expenses		
Clinic expense	77,443	132,770
Independent living expense	53,812	68,020
Board expense	9,229	8,433
Depreciation	58,056	59,511
Total operating expenses	198,540	268,734
Operating Income	1,076,323	964,878
Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)		
Investment income	12,547	4,233
Contribution to Hospital for operations	(563,588)	(674,748)
Interest expense	(15,725)	(17,426)
Impairment loss		(8,158)
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)	(566,766)	(696,099)
Increase in Net Position	509,557	268,779
Net Position, Beginning of Year	2,060,104	1,791,325
Net Position, End of Year	\$ 2,569,661	\$ 2,060,104

A Component Unit of Republic County, Kansas

Statements of Cash Flows

Years Ended September 30, 2019 and 2018

	2019	2018	
Cash Flows From Operating Activities			
Patient and resident revenue	\$ 184,962	\$ 191,165	
Noncapital appropriations - Republic County	994,950	1,042,646	
Other revenue	7,381	54,906	
Other payments	(145,845)	(201,847)	
1 7			
Net cash provided by operating activities	1,041,448	1,086,870	
Cash Flows From Noncapital Financing Activities			
Contributions to Hospital for operations	(563,588)	(674,748)	
Net cash used in noncapital financing activities	(563,588)	(674,748)	
Cash Flows From Capital and Related Financing Activities			
Principal paid on long-term debt	(40,000)	(40,000)	
Interest paid on long-term debt	(15,725)	(17,426)	
Net cash used in capital and related			
financing activities	(55,725)	(57,426)	
Cash Flows From Investing Activities			
Investment income	11,145	4,423	
Change in certificates of deposit	(502,854)	271,886	
Change in funds held by County	356	3,060	
Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities	(491,353)	279,369	
Increase (Decrease) in Cash	(69,218)	634,065	
Cash, Beginning of Year	927,884	293,819	
Cash, End of Year	\$ 858,666	\$ 927,884	

A Component Unit of Republic County, Kansas

Statements of Cash Flows (Continued) Years Ended September 30, 2019 and 2018

	2019		2018	
Reconciliation of Operating Income to				
Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities				
Operating income	\$	1,076,323	\$	964,878
Depreciation		58,056		59,511
Change in assets and liabilities				
Intergovernmental receivable		(87,070)		54,540
Notes receivable		(500)		500
Deposits		(500)		565
Due to Hospital		(4,861)		6,876
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$	1,041,448	\$	1,086,870
Supplemental Cash Flows Information				
Capital lease principal payments made by Great Plains				
of Republic County, Inc. on subleases	\$	79,862	\$	66,863
Capital lease additions subleased to Great Plains of				
Republic County, Inc.	\$	-	\$	135,260

Notes to Financial Statements September 30, 2019 and 2018

Note 1: Nature of Operations and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Nature of Operations and Reporting Entity

The Board of Trustees of Republic County Hospital (Board of Trustees) was organized by the County Commissioners of Republic County, Kansas to operate a governmental hospital and to control the use of tax appropriations. The Board of Trustees is appointed by the County Commissioners of Republic County and is considered to be a component unit of Republic County (County). The Board of Trustees owns and rents a medical clinic building and independent living apartments.

Great Plains of Republic County, Inc. (GPRC/Hospital) is located in Belleville, Kansas and provides acute, swing-bed and long-term care services under a lease agreement entered into, pursuant to K.S.A. 19-4601 et. seq. with the Board of Trustees (*Note 6*). The operations of the Hospital are reported separately from the Board of Trustees due to this lease agreement.

Basis of Accounting and Presentation

The financial statements of the Board of Trustees have been prepared on the accrual basis of accounting using the economic resources measurement focus. Revenues, expenses, gains, losses, assets and liabilities from exchange and exchange-like transactions are recognized when the exchange transactions take place, while those from government-mandated nonexchange transactions are recognized when all applicable eligibility requirements are met. Operating revenues and expenses include noncapital appropriations – Republic County and exchange transactions. Contributions, investment income (loss) and contributions to Hospital for operations are included in nonoperating revenues (expenses).

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets, liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Cash Equivalents

The Board of Trustees considers all liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less to be cash equivalents. There were no cash equivalents at September 30, 2019 and 2018.

Notes to Financial Statements September 30, 2019 and 2018

Capital Assets

Capital assets are recorded at cost at the date of acquisition, or fair value at the date of donation if acquired by gift. Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over the estimated useful life of each asset. The following estimated useful lives are being used by the Board of Trustees:

Land improvements	10-25 years
Buildings	5-40 years
Fixed equipment	7-20 years
Moveable equipment	10-15 years

Maintenance, repairs and renewals which neither materially add to the value of the capital assets nor appreciably prolong the life are charged to expense as incurred. Gains or losses on dispositions of capital assets are included in operations.

Capital Asset Impairment

The Board of Trustees evaluates capital assets for impairment whenever events or circumstances indicate a significant, unexpected decline in the service utility of a capital asset has occurred. If a capital asset is tested for impairment and the magnitude of the decline in service utility is significant and unexpected, accumulated depreciation is increased by the amount of the impairment loss.

Impairment losses of \$0 and \$8,158 were recognized for the years ended September 30, 2019 and 2018

Noncapital Appropriations – Republic County – Property and Sales Taxes

The Board of Trustees receives tax appropriations from the County. Property taxes are assessed in November and are received beginning in January of each year. Revenue from property taxes is recognized in the year for which the taxes are assessed to the extent such taxes are collected and available for use. Amounts not yet received as of fiscal year-end are reflected on the balance sheets as intergovernmental receivables.

Sales tax revenue is recognized based on sales tax collected by the County's retailers in the Board of Trustees' accounting period. The sales tax is permanent and is 1% of sales taxable transactions.

Revenue for property taxes and sales taxes are reported as non-capital appropriations – Republic County in the Statements of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position. Property and sales tax revenues were \$359,181 and \$622,269, respectively, in 2019 and \$450,000 and \$579,146, respectively, in 2018.

Notes to Financial Statements September 30, 2019 and 2018

Net Position

Net position of the Board of Trustees is classified in three components. Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by the outstanding balances of borrowings used to finance the purchase or construction of those assets. Restricted nonexpendable net position consists of noncapital assets that are required to be maintained in perpetuity as specified by parties external to the Board of Trustees, such as permanent endowments. Unrestricted net position is the remaining net position that does not meet the definition of net investment in capital assets or restricted net position.

Income Taxes

As an essential government function, the Board of Trustees is generally exempt from federal and state income taxes under Section 115 of the Internal Revenue Code and a similar provision of state law. However, the Board of Trustees is subject to federal income tax on any unrelated business taxable income.

Note 2: Deposits and Investments

Deposits

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, a government's deposits may not be returned to it. The Board of Trustees' deposit policy for custodial credit risk requires compliance with the provisions of state law.

State law requires collateralization of all deposits with federal depository insurance; bonds and other obligations of the U.S. Treasury, U.S. agencies or instrumentalities or the state of Kansas; bonds of any city, county, school district or special road district of the state of Kansas; bonds of any state; or a surety bond having an aggregate value at least equal to the amount of the deposits.

The Board of Trustees maintains its bank deposits (checking and saving accounts and certificates of deposit) with financial institutions which, at times, exceed federally insured limits. For purposes of evaluating credit risk, the stability of financial institutions conducting business with the Board of Trustees is periodically reviewed and the Board of Trustees believes it is not exposed to any significant credit risk on these balances.

Notes to Financial Statements September 30, 2019 and 2018

At September 30, 2019 and 2018, respectively, \$806,927 and \$796,483 of the Board of Trustees' bank balances of \$2,056,740 and \$1,623,104 were exposed to custodial credit risk as follows:

	2019		2018	
Uninsured and uncollateralized	\$	20,768	\$	-
Uninsured and collateral held on behalf of the pledging financial institution in the				
Board of Trustees' name		786,159		796,483
	\$	806,927	\$	796,483

Summary of Carrying Values

The carrying values of deposits shown above are included in the balance sheets at September 30, 2019 and 2018, as follows:

	2019	2018
Carrying value Deposits	\$ 1,806,740	\$ 1,623,104
	2019	2018
Included in the following balance sheet captions		
Cash	\$ 858,666	\$ 927,884
Certificates of deposit	535,203	282,349
Permanently restricted funds	412,871	412,871
	\$ 1,806,740	\$ 1,623,104

Note 3: Noncurrent Cash and Investments

Assets limited as to use include (1) funds held by the County for construction/debt service and (2) funds permanently restricted by donors. Permanently restricted funds consist of certificates of deposit and represent assets subject to donor-imposed stipulations that are required to be maintained permanently by the Board of Trustees.

A Component Unit of Republic County, Kansas

Notes to Financial Statements September 30, 2019 and 2018

Note 4: Capital Assets

Capital assets activity for the years ended September 30, was:

			2019		
	Beginning Balance	Additions	Disposals	Transfers	Ending Balance
Land and improvements	\$ 311,774	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 311,774
Buildings	1,988,829	-	(17,734)	-	1,971,095
Fixed equipment	306,886	-	-	-	306,886
Moveable equipment	26,184				26,184
	2,633,673		(17,734)		2,615,939
Less accumulated depreciation					
Land improvements	255,527	8,326	-	-	263,853
Buildings	1,429,848	49,036	(17,734)	-	1,461,150
Fixed equipment	305,676	694	-	-	306,370
Moveable equipment	26,184				26,184
	2,017,235	58,056	(17,734)		2,057,557
Capital Assets, Net	\$ 616,438	\$ (58,056)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 558,382
			2018		
	Beginning Balance	Additions	Disposals	Transfers	Ending Balance
Land and improvements	\$ 311,774	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 311,774
Buildings	2,013,029	=	(24,200)	=	1,988,829
Fixed equipment	306,886	-	-	-	306,886
Moveable equipment	26,184				26,184
	2,657,873		(24,200)		2,633,673
Less accumulated depreciation					
Land improvements	246,455	9,072	-	-	255,527
Buildings	1,396,145	57,903	(24,200)	-	1,429,848
Fixed equipment	304,982	694	-	-	305,676
Moveable equipment	26,184				26,184
	1,973,766	67,669	(24,200)		2,017,235
Capital Assets, Net	\$ 684,107	\$ (67,669)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 616,438

A Component Unit of Republic County, Kansas

Notes to Financial Statements September 30, 2019 and 2018

Note 5: Long-term Debt/Due From Hospital

The following is a summary of long-term debt transactions for the Board of Trustees for the years ended September 30, 2019 and 2018:

			2019		
	Beginning Balance	Additions	Deductions	Ending Balance	Current Portion
Long-term debt Hospital Revenue Bonds Series 2011 Capital lease obligations	\$ 370,000 268,195	\$ -	\$ (40,000) (79,862)	\$ 330,000 188,333	\$ 40,000 80,104
Total long-term debt	\$ 638,195	\$ -	\$ (119,862)	\$ 518,333	\$ 120,104
			2018		
	Beginning Balance	Additions	Deductions	Ending Balance	Current Portion
Long-term debt Hospital Revenue Bonds	Ф. 410.000	Ф	Ф. (40.000)	ф. 27 0 000	Ф. 40.000
Series 2011 Capital lease obligations	\$ 410,000 199,798	\$ - 135,260	\$ (40,000) (66,863)	\$ 370,000 268,195	\$ 40,000 79,862
Total long-term debt	\$ 609,798	\$ 135,260	\$ (106,863)	\$ 638,195	\$ 119,862

Revenue Bonds Payable - Series 2011

The Series 2011 bonds payable consist of Hospital Revenue Bonds (Bonds) in the original amount of \$600,000 dated July 2011, with interest of 4.25%. The Bonds are payable in annual installments through June 2026. Outstanding bonds are redeemable at the Board of Trustees' option at any time at a redemption price of 100%.

Scheduled principal repayments on the revenue bond obligations as of September 30, 2019, were as follows:

Year Ending September 30,	То	tal to be Paid	Р	rincipal	Ir	nterest
2020	\$	54,025	\$	40,000	\$	14,025
2021		57,324		45,000		12,324
2022		55,413		45,000		10,413
2023		53,500		45,000		8,500
2024		56,588		50,000		6,588
2025 - 2026		111,800		105,000		6,800
	\$	388,650	\$	330,000	\$	58,650

Notes to Financial Statements September 30, 2019 and 2018

Capital Lease Obligations

The Board of Trustees is obligated under leases for equipment that are accounted for as capital leases. The Board of Trustees has subleased the equipment to GPRC. The following is a schedule by year of future minimum lease payments under the capital leases including interest ranging from 3.40% to 3.82% together with the present value of the future minimum lease payments as of September 30, 2019:

Year Ending September 30,	
2020	\$ 85,772
2021	55,098
2022	45,317
2023	12,415
Total minimum lease payments	 198,602
Less amount representing interest	 (10,269)
Present value of future minimum lease payments	\$ 188,333
Current portion	\$ 80,104
Noncurrent portion	 108,229
	\$ 188,333

Due from Hospital in the accompanying balance sheets represents the amounts due to the Board of Trustees in connection with the subleases referred to above.

Note 6: Lease and Management Agreement

The Board of Trustees controls facilities, including buildings, as well as equipment and other assets, which are owned by Republic County, Kansas, and leased to GPRC by the Board of Trustees. The lease agreement provides that GPRC will assume and continue the operations of the hospital and maintain all property and equipment in good operating condition. The original lease term was for a period of five years through September 30, 2005, with two renewal option periods of five years each. The lease was renewed on January 1, 2016, for a period of five years through December 31, 2020, with two renewal option periods of five years each. The Board of Trustees leases the hospital facilities to GPRC for \$1. In connection with this lease, Great Plains Health Alliance, Inc. (GPHA), the sole member of GPRC, has a management agreement with GPRC. Either party has the option to terminate the lease at any time for a material breach of terms or provisions of the agreement with a 60-day notice. All assets and liabilities were transferred to GPRC upon commencement of the original term, October 1, 2000. At the end of the lease term, all assets, including working capital and liabilities, shall transfer back to the Board of Trustees.

Notes to Financial Statements September 30, 2019 and 2018

Note 7: Future Change in Accounting Principle

Leases

Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 87, Leases (GASB 87) provides a new framework for accounting for leases under the principle that leases are financings. No longer will leases be classified between capital and operating. Lessees will recognize an intangible asset and a corresponding liability. The liability will be based on the payments expected to be paid over the lease term, which includes an evaluation of the likelihood of exercising renewal or termination options in the lease. Lessors will recognize a lease receivable and related deferred inflow of resources. Lessors will not derecognize the underlying asset. An exception to the general model is provided for short-term leases that cannot last more than 12 months. Contracts that contain lease and nonlease components will need to be separated so each component is accounted for accordingly. GASB 87 is effective for financial statements for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2019. Governments will be allowed to transition using the facts and circumstances in place at the time of adoption, rather than retroactive to the time each lease was begun. The Board of Trustees is evaluating the impact the statement will have on the financial statements.

Note 8: Commitment

The Board of Trustees entered into a contract in October 2019 to upgrade the HVAC system of the Hospital. Approximately, \$2,544,000 has been committed to this project which will be financed by a note payable to a bank.