# **KECHI TOWNSHIP**

## SEDGWICK COUNTY, KANSAS

Financial Statement

For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

# For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

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Knudsen Monroe & Company LLC

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#### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Board of Trustees Kechi Township Sedgwick County, Kansas

#### Adverse and Unmodified Opinions

We have audited the accompanying fund summary statement of regulatory basis receipts, expenditures, and unencumbered cash balances of Kechi Township, Sedgwick County, Kansas (Township), as of and for the year ended December 31, 2022, and the related disclosures to the financial statement.

#### Adverse Opinion on U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles

In our opinion, because of the significance of the matter discussed in the Basis for Adverse and Unmodified Opinions section of our report, the accompanying financial statement referred to above does not present fairly, in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, the financial position of the Township as of December 31, 2022, or changes in financial position and cash flows thereof for the year then ended.

#### Unmodified Opinion on Regulatory Basis of Accounting

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statement referred to above presents fairly, in all material respects, the aggregate cash and unencumbered cash balance of the Township as of December 31, 2022, and the aggregate receipts and expenditures for the year then ended in accordance with the financial reporting provisions of the *Kansas Municipal Audit and Accounting Guide* described in Note 1.

#### Basis for Adverse Opinion and Unmodified Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and the *Kansas Municipal Audit and Accounting Guide*. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statement section of our report. We are required to be independent of the Township, and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our adverse and unmodified audit opinions.

#### Matter Giving Rise to Adverse Opinion on U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles

As discussed in Note 1 of the financial statement, the financial statement is prepared by the Township on the basis of the financial reporting provisions of the *Kansas Municipal Audit and Accounting Guide*, which is a basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. The effects on the financial statement of the variances between the regulatory basis of accounting described in Note 1 and accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, although not reasonably determinable, are presumed to be material.

#### **Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statement**

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of this financial statement in accordance with the *Kansas Municipal Audit and Accounting Guide* as described in Note 1; this includes determining that the regulatory basis of accounting is an acceptable basis for the preparation of the financial statement in the circumstances. Management is also responsible for the design, implementation and maintenance of internal

control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statement that is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statement, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Township's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

### Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statement

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statement as a whole is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgement made by a reasonable user based on the financial statement.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS, we:

- exercise professional judgement and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statement, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statement.
- obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Township's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statement.
- conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Township's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

#### Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the 2022 fund summary statement of regulatory basis receipts, expenditures, and unencumbered cash balances (basic financial statement) as a whole. The summary of regulatory basis expenditures-actual and budget, and the individual fund schedules of regulatory basis receipts and expenditures-actual and budget (Schedules 1 and 2 as listed in the table of contents) are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the 2022 basic financial statement, but are required to be presented under the provisions of the *Kansas Municipal Audit and Accounting Guide*. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the 2022 basic financial statement and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the 2022 basic financial statement or to the 2022 basic financial statement itself, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the accompanying supplementary information is fairly stated in all material respects, in relation to the 2022 basic financial statement as a whole, on the basis of accounting described in Note 1.

We also previously audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, the basic financial statement of the Township as of and for the year ended December 31, 2021 (not presented herein), and have issued our report thereon dated May 4, 2022, which contained an unmodified opinion on the basic financial statement. The 2021 basic financial statement and our accompanying report are not presented herein, but are available in electronic form from the web site of the Kansas Department of Administration at the following link https://admin.ks.gov/offices/accounts-reports/local-government/municipalservices. The 2021 actual column (2021 comparative information) presented in the individual fund schedules of regulatory basis receipts and expenditures-actual and budget for the year ended December 31, 2022 (Schedule 2 as listed in the table of contents) is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the 2022 basic financial statement. Such 2021 comparative information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the 2021 basic financial statement. The 2021 comparative information was subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the 2021 basic financial statement and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the 2021 basic financial statement or to the 2021 basic financial statement itself, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the 2021 comparative information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statement as a whole for the year ended December 31, 2021, on the basis of accounting described in Note 1.

Knudsen, Monroe & Company, LLC.

Certified Public Accountants Newton, Kansas March 13, 2023

# SUMMARY STATEMENT OF RECEIPTS, EXPENDITURES AND UNENCUMBERED CASH

# **Regulatory Basis**

# For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

Funds	Un	Beginning encumbered ish Balance	Receipts	Expenditures	Ending Unencumbered Cash Balance	Add Encumbrances and Accounts Payable	Ending Cash Balance
General Fund	\$	12,475	39,199	46,176	5,498	2,571	8,069
Special Purpose Funds							
Road		254,707	156,397	47,709	363,395	269	363,664
Cemetery		864,450	267,998	155,736	976,712	7,729	984,441
Special Machinery		386,063	11,271	7,274	390,060		390,060
Total Reporting Entity	\$	1,517,695	474,865	256,895	1,735,665	10,569	1,746,234

Composition of Cash	
Checking	\$ 1,230,319
Certificates of Deposit	515,915
Total Reporting Entity	\$ 1,746,234

The notes to the financial statement are an integral part of this statement.

### 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

#### Municipal Financial Reporting Entity

Kechi Township (Township) is a municipal corporation governed by an elected three-member board. This regulatory financial statement presents Kechi Township, a municipality.

#### Regulatory Basis Fund Types

<u>General Fund</u> – used to account for all resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

<u>Special Purpose Fund</u> – used to account for the proceeds of specific tax levies and other specific regulatory receipt sources (other than Capital Project and tax levies for long-term debt) that are intended for specified purposes.

#### <u>Regulatory Basis of Accounting and Departure from Accounting Principles Generally Accepted in the</u> <u>United States of America</u>

The *Kansas Municipal Audit and Accounting Guide* (KMAAG) regulatory basis of accounting involves the recognition of cash, cash equivalents, marketable investments, and certain accounts payable and encumbrance obligations to arrive at a net unencumbered cash and investments balance on a regulatory basis for each fund, and the reporting of changes in unencumbered cash and investments of a fund resulting from the difference in regulatory basis receipts and regulatory basis expenditures for the fiscal year. All recognized assets and liabilities are measured and reported at cost, unless they have been permanently impaired and have no future cash value or represent no future obligation against cash. The KMAAG regulatory basis does not recognize capital assets, long-term debt, accrued receivables and payables, or any other assets, liabilities or deferred inflows or outflows, other than those mentioned above.

The Township has approved a resolution that is in compliance with K.S.A. 75-1120a(c) waiving the requirement for application of generally accepted accounting principles and allowing the Township to use the regulatory basis of accounting.

#### **Budgetary Information**

Kansas statutes require that an annual operating budget be legally adopted for the General Fund and Special Purpose Funds (unless specifically exempted by statute). Although directory rather than mandatory, the statutes provide for the following sequence and timetable in the adoption of the legal annual operating budget:

- 1. Preparation of the budget for the succeeding calendar year on or before August 1<sup>st</sup>.
- 2. Publication in local newspaper on or before August 5<sup>th</sup> of the proposed budget and notice of public hearing on the budget.
- 3. Public hearing on or before August 15<sup>th</sup>, but at least ten days after publication of notice of hearing.
- 4. Adoption of the final budget on or before August 25<sup>th</sup>.

If the Township is holding a revenue neutral rate hearing, the budget timeline for adoption of the final budget has been adjusted to on or before September 20<sup>th</sup>. The Township did hold a revenue neutral rate hearing for this year.

The statutes allow for the governing body to increase the originally adopted budget for previously unbudgeted increases in regulatory receipts other than ad valorem property taxes. To do this, a notice of public hearing to amend the budget must be published in the local newspaper. At least ten days after

### 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

publication, the hearing may be held and the governing body may amend the budget at that time. There were no such budget amendments for this year.

The statutes permit transferring budgeted amounts between line items within an individual fund. However, such statutes prohibit expenditures in excess of the total amount of the adopted budget of expenditures of individual funds. Budget comparison schedules are presented for each fund showing actual receipts and expenditures compared to legally budgeted receipts and expenditures.

All legal annual operating budgets are prepared using the regulatory basis of accounting, in which regulatory receipts are recognized when cash is received and expenditures include disbursements, accounts payable, and encumbrances, with disbursements being adjusted for the prior year's accounts payable and encumbrances. Encumbrances are commitments by the Township for future payments and are supported by a document evidencing the commitment, such as a purchase order or contract. Any unused budgeted expenditure authority lapses at year end.

A legal operating budget is not required for the Special Machinery Fund.

Spending in funds which are not subject to the legal annual operating budget requirement is controlled by federal regulations, other statutes, or by the use of internal spending limits established by the governing body.

#### **Reimbursements**

The Township records reimbursable expenditures in the fund that makes the disbursement and records reimbursements as a receipt to the fund that receives the reimbursement. For purposes of budgetary comparisons, the expenditures are properly offset by the reimbursements under the KMAAG regulatory basis of accounting.

#### 2. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

K.S.A. 9-1401 establishes the depositories which may be used by the Township. The statute requires banks eligible to hold the Township's funds have a main or branch bank in the county in which the Township is located, or in an adjoining county if such institution has been designated as an official depository, and the banks provide an acceptable rate of return on funds. In addition, K.S.A. 9-1402 requires the banks to pledge securities for deposits in excess of FDIC coverage. The Township has no other policies that would further limit interest rate risk.

K.S.A. 12-1675 limits the Township's investment of idle funds to time deposits, open accounts, and certificates of deposit with allowable financial institutions; U.S. government securities; temporary notes; no-fund warrants; repurchase agreements; and the Kansas Municipal Investment Pool. The Township has no investment policy that would further limit its investment choices.

#### Concentration of Credit Risk

State statutes place no limit on the amount the Township may invest in any one issuer as long as the investments are adequately secured under K.S.A. 9-1402 and 9-1405.

#### Custodial Credit Risk - Deposits

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the Township's deposits may not be returned to it. State statutes require the Township's deposits in financial institutions to be entirely covered

#### 2. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

by federal depository insurance or by collateral held under a joint custody receipt issued by a bank within the State of Kansas, the Federal Reserve Bank of Kansas City, or the Federal Home Loan Bank of Topeka. All deposits were not legally secured at December 31, 2022.

At December 31, 2022, the Township's carrying amount of deposits was \$1,746,234 and the bank balance was \$1,751,049. The bank balance was held by two banks resulting in a concentration of credit risk. Of the bank balance, \$500,000 was covered by federal depository insurance, \$1,248,698 collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution's agents in the Township's name, and the balance of \$2,351 was unsecured.

### 3. STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY

#### Compliance with Kansas Statutes

Deposits were not adequately secured at all times in 2022 as required in K.S.A. 9-1402. Management is not aware of any other statutory violations incurred in the year ended December 31, 2022.

### 4. OTHER LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS FROM OPERATIONS

#### Death and Disability Other Post-Employment Benefits

As provided by K.S.A. 74-4927, disabled members in the Kansas Public Employees Retirement System (KPERS) receive long-term disability benefits and life insurance benefits. The plan is administered through a trust held by KPERS that is funded to pay annual benefit payments. The employer contribution rate is set at 1% for the year ended December 31, 2022, with a 0% moratorium for the period January 1 through June 30, 2022.

#### Compensated Absences

Full-time employees earn one week of vacation after the completion of one year of service and two weeks of vacation after two years of service. Unused vacation time must be used within 2 months of the following year. Accrued vacation time has not been recorded as a liability in the accompanying financial statement.

Full-time employees earn five days of sick leave at the beginning of the year. Unused sick leave is not paid to employees upon termination. Unused sick leave has not been recorded as a liability in the accompanying financial statement.

### 5. DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN

#### Plan Description

The Township participates in the Kansas Public Employees Retirement System (KPERS), a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan as provided by K.S.A. 74-4901, et. seq. Kansas law establishes and amends benefit provisions. KPERS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. KPERS' financial statements are included in its Annual Comprehensive Financial Report which can be found on the KPERS website at <u>www.kpers.org</u> or by writing to KPERS (611 South Kansas, Suite 100, Topeka, KS 66603) or by calling 1-888-275-5737.

#### 5. DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN (Continued)

#### Contributions

K.S.A. 74-4919 and K.S.A. 74-49,210 establish the KPERS member-employee contribution rates. KPERS has multiple benefit structures and contribution rates depending on whether the employee is a KPERS 1, KPERS 2 or KPERS 3 member. KPERS 1 members are active and contributing members hired before July 1, 2009. KPERS 2 members were first employed in a covered position on or after July 1, 2009, and KPERS 3 members were first employed in a covered position on or after January 1, 2015. Effective January 1, 2015, Kansas law established the KPERS member-employee contribution rate at 6% of covered salary for KPERS 1, KPERS 2 and KPERS 3 members. Member contributions are withheld by their employer and paid to KPERS according to the provisions of Section 414(h) of the Internal Revenue Code.

State law provides that the employer contribution rates for KPERS 1, KPERS 2 and KPERS 3 be determined based on the results of each annual actuarial valuation. Kansas law sets a limitation on annual increases in the employer contribution rates. The actuarially determined employer contribution rate (not including the 1% contribution rate, with a 0% moratorium for the period January 1 through June 30, 2022, for the Death and Disability Program) and the statutory contribution rate was 8.9% for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2022. Contributions to the pension plan from the Township were \$8,294 for the year ended December 31, 2022.

#### Net Pension Liability

At December 31, 2022, the Township's proportionate share of the collective net pension liability reported by KPERS was \$73,538. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2022, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2021, which was rolled forward to June 30, 2022. The Township's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the ratio of the Township's contributions to KPERS, relative to the total employer and non-employer contributions of the Local subgroup within KPERS. Since the KMAAG regulatory basis of accounting does not recognize long-term debt, this liability is not reported in this financial statement.

The complete actuarial valuation report including all actuarial assumptions and methods, and the report on the allocation of the KPERS collective net pension liability to all participating employers are publicly available on the website at <u>www.kpers.org</u> or can be obtained as described above.

#### 6. RISK MANAGEMENT

The Township is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The Township has purchased commercial insurance for these potential risks. Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

During the ordinary course of its operations, the Township is a party to various claims, legal actions and complaints. It is the opinion of the Township's management and legal counsel that any current matters are not anticipated to have a material financial impact on the Township.

#### 7. DATE OF MANAGEMENT'S REVIEW

Management has performed an analysis of the activities and transactions subsequent to December 31, 2022, to determine the need for any adjustments to and/or disclosures within the audited financial statement. Management has performed their analysis through March 13, 2023, which is the date at which the financial statement was available to be issued.

KECHI TOWNSHIP

REGULATORY - REQUIRED

# SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

# Kechi Township SUMMARY OF EXPENDITURES – ACTUAL AND BUDGET Regulatory Basis

# For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

Funds	Certified Budget	Adjustments for Qualifying Budget Credits	Total Budget for Comparison	Expenditures Chargeable to Current Year	Variance Over (Under)
GENERAL FUND	\$ 57,500	-	57,500	46,176	(11,324)
SPECIAL PURPOSE FUNDS					
Road	225,300	-	225,300	47,709	(177,591)
Cemetery	321,000	-	321,000	155,736	(165,264)

# **General Fund**

# SCHEDULE OF RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURES – ACTUAL AND BUDGET

# **Regulatory Basis**

	Prior Year Actual		Actual	Actual Budget	
RECEIPTS					
Ad valorem property tax	\$	48,728	34,542	34,753	(211)
Delinquent tax		152	279	-	279
Vehicle tax		4,037	3,875	3,987	(112)
Recreational vehicle tax		82	86	71	15
16/20M vehicle tax		34	51	63	(12)
Commercial vehicle tax		207	339	212	127
Watercraft tax		24	27	30	(3)
Interest Income		9			
Total receipts		53,273	39,199	39,116	83
EXPENDITURES					
Officer pay		4,400	4,600	4,500	100
Salaries & wages		14,280	15,779	16,000	(221)
Employee benefits		3,074	1,559	7,000	(5,441)
Insurance		3,702	5,210	5,000	210
Operating expenses		17,417	19,028	24,000	(4,972)
Materials and supplies		-		1,000	(1,000)
Total expenditures		42,873	46,176	57,500	(11,324)
Receipts over (under) expenditures		10,400	(6,977)		
UNENCUMBERED CASH, beginning		2,075	12,475		
UNENCUMBERED CASH, ending	\$	12,475	5,498		

# **Special Purpose Funds**

# SCHEDULE OF RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURES – ACTUAL AND BUDGET

# **Regulatory Basis**

	Prior Year Actual		Current Year			
			Actual	Actual Budget		
ROAD						
RECEIPTS						
Ad valorem property tax	\$	99,873	90,403	90,756	(353)	
Delinquent tax		258	147	100	47	
Motor vehicle tax		2,887	2,983	3,010	(27)	
Recreational vehicle tax		47	66	61	5	
16/20M vehicle tax		130	155	91	64	
Commercial vehicle tax		367	844	351	493	
Watercraft tax		15	19	16	3	
County gasoline tax		64,159	61,780	58,000	3,780	
Total receipts		167,736	156,397	152,385	4,012	
EXPENDITURES						
Officer pay		-	-	300	(300)	
Salaries & wages		27,672	9,293	15,000	(5,707)	
Employee benefits		4,778	2,131	40,000	(37,869)	
Insurance		11,788	12,208	15,000	(2,792)	
Operating expenses		10,649	15,140	20,000	(4,860)	
Materials and supplies		6,674	1,430	85,000	(83,570)	
Machines and equipment		-	-	50,000	(50,000)	
Repairs and maintenance		2,113	7,507		7,507	
Total expenditures		63,674	47,709	225,300	(177,591)	
Receipts over (under) expenditures		104,062	108,688			
UNENCUMBERED CASH, beginning		150,645	254,707			
UNENCUMBERED CASH, ending	\$	254,707	363,395			

# **Special Purpose Funds**

# SCHEDULE OF RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURES – ACTUAL AND BUDGET

# **Regulatory Basis**

				Current Year			
	Prior Year Actual		Actual	Budget	Variance Over (Under)		
CEMETERY							
RECEIPTS							
Charges for services	\$	109,700	118,650	60,000	58,650		
Lot sales		130,500	133,250	100,000	33,250		
Permits		2,425	3,205	1,500	1,705		
Interest income		3,681	9,977	-	9,977		
Other income		2,766	2,916	4,500	(1,584)		
Total receipts		249,072	267,998	166,000	101,998		
EXPENDITURES							
Salaries & wages		42,750	90,311	80,000	10,311		
Employee benefits		6,330	13,939	20,000	(6,061)		
Insurance		9,578	9,900	8,000	1,900		
Operating expenses		32,191	37,153	47,000	(9,847)		
Materials and supplies		-	4,416	14,000	(9,584)		
Machines and equipment		-	-	15,000	(15,000)		
Capital improvements		-	17	137,000	(136,983)		
Total expenditures		90,849	155,736	321,000	(165,264)		
Receipts over (under) expenditures		158,223	112,262				
UNENCUMBERED CASH, beginning		706,227	864,450				
UNENCUMBERED CASH, ending	\$	864,450	976,712				

# **Special Purpose Funds**

## SCHEDULE OF RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURES – ACTUAL

# Regulatory Basis

	 2021	2022
SPECIAL MACHINERY		
RECEIPTS		
Interest income	\$ 2,518	11,271
EXPENDITURES		
Machinery and equipment	24,151	-
Repairs and maintenance	 	7,274
Total expenditures	 24,151	7,274
Receipts over (under) expenditures	(21,633)	3,997
UNENCUMBERED CASH, beginning	 407,696	386,063
UNENCUMBERED CASH, ending	\$ 386,063	390,060