Rural Water District No. 2,
Ottawa County, Kansas

Financial Statements
As of December 31, 2025 and 2024
and For the Years Then Ended

With Report by Independent Auditors

KIENTZ & PENICK
CPAs, LLC

Table of Contents

	Page
Independent Auditor's Report	1 – 2
Management's Discussion and Analysis	3 – 6
Financial Statements	
Statements of Net Position	7
Statements of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position	8
Statements of Cash Flows	9
Notes to the Financial Statements	10 – 16

KIENTZ & PENICK
CPAs, LLC

To the Board of Directors of
Rural Water District No. 2 Ottawa County, Kansas
601 Reynolds St.
Salina, KS 67401

July 8, 2026

Independent Auditor's Report

Opinion
We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the business-type activities of Rural Water District No. 2, Ottawa County (the District), as of and for the years ended December 31, 2025 and 2024, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the business-type activities of the District as of December 31, 2025 and 2024, and the changes in its financial position and its cash flows for the years then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinion
We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the *Kansas Municipal Audit and Accounting Guide*. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described below in the *Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements* section of our report.

We are required to be independent of the District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements
Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern within one year after the date that the financial statements are available to be issued.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements
Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or

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the override of internal control. Misstatements, including omissions, are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements.

We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Kientz & Penick CPAs, LLC

Certified Public Accountants
Manhattan, Kansas

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

This section of Rural Water District No. 2, Ottawa County Kansas (the District)'s annual financial report presents analysis of the District's financial performance during the fiscal year ended on December 31, 2025. The **Management's Discussion and Analysis** is designed to assist the reader in focusing on the significant financial issues and activities of the District and to identify any significant changes in financial position. This information should be read and considered with the financial statements taken as a whole.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This annual report includes this **Management Discussion and Analysis**, the **Financial Statements**, the **Notes to the Financial Statements** and **Supplementary Information**.

Required Financial Statements

The financial statements of the District report information by using accrual accounting practices. These statements offer current and long-term financial information about the activities of the District. The financial statements conform to accounting principles that are generally accepted in the United States of America. The financial statements include the current and previous year's statements for comparison purposes year-to-year.

The **Statements of Net Position** include all the District's assets and liabilities and provide information about the nature and amounts of assets and obligations to the District's creditors (liabilities). This statement also provides the basis for evaluating the capital structure of the District and assessing the liquidity and financial flexibility of the District.

The **Statements of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position** show all the revenues and expenses for the District for the years shown. This statement measures the success of the District's operations over the past year and can be used to determine whether the District has successfully managed the costs through user fees and other charges, profitability, and credit worthiness.

The **Statements of Cash Flows** indicate cash receipts, cash payments, and net changes in cash. These changes result from operations, investing, and financing activities. This is simply stated as money in, money out, and money in the bank.

Notes to the Financial Statements

The **Notes to the Financial Statements** provide additional information that is essential to fully understand the data provided.

District Overview

District Overview in 2025, the district added 7 (units), making a total of 1,017 units. In 2025, the gallons pumped was 105,247,000 gallons of water; the gallons sold was 95,087,000 which showed an annual loss of 3.40%.

During 2024, the District applied for and was approved for a fourth loan from the KDHE Public Water Supply Loan Fund. A loan amount of $785,214 was approved to finance the construction of two public water supply wells and disinfection facility rehabilitation. As of December 31, 2025, the project has yet to begin and there were no loan draws.

Financial Highlights and Analysis

Statements of Net Position

The **Statements of Net Position** show the balanced financial position of assets and liabilities for the District. The change in net position is an indicator of whether the overall financial condition has improved or worsened during the year.

	As of December 31, 2025	As of December 31, 2024	Increase (Decrease)
Assets			
Current assets	$ 1,526,568	$ 1,878,788	$ (352,220)
Noncurrent assets	6,589,224	6,271,441	317,783
Total Assets	$ 8,115,792	$ 8,150,229	$ (34,437)
Liabilities and Net Position			
Liabilities			
Current liabilities	$ 294,821	$ 292,829	$ 1,992
Noncurrent liabilities	2,081,585	2,296,123	(214,538)
Total Liabilities	2,376,406	2,588,952	(212,546)
Net Position			
Net investment in capital assets	3,626,212	3,117,829	508,383
Restricted	665,495	648,431	17,064
Unrestricted	1,447,679	1,795,017	(347,338)
Total Net Position	5,739,386	5,561,277	178,109
Total Liabilities and Net Position	$ 8,115,792	$ 8,150,229	$ (34,437)

Total Assets decreased $34,437 (-0.4%) year over year, which is not a significant change.

Total Liabilities decreased $212,546 (-8.2%) year over year. This was due to principal payments on existing debt.

Total Net Position of the District increased $178,109 (3.2%)**.**

At the end of the 2025 fiscal year the District had positive balances in all categories of **Total Net Position**.

Statements of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position

The **Statements of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position** provide insight to the nature and source of the changes from the **Statements of Net Position**.

	2025	2024	Change
Net Operating Income			
Operating revenues	$ 941,192	$ 935,445	$ 5,747
Operating expense	(843,475)	(849,912)	6,437
Net Operating Income	97,717	85,533	12,184
Nonoperating Revenue (Expense)			
Nonoperating revenues	97,394	122,003	(24,609)
Nonoperating expense	(40,042)	(41,328)	1,286
Total Nonoperating Income (Expense)	57,352	80,675	(23,323)
Capital Contributions	23,040	44,000	(20,960)
Increase (Decrease) in Net Position	178,109	210,208	(32,099)
Net Position – Beginning	5,561,277	5,351,069	210,208
Net Position – End	$ 5,739,386	$ 5,561,277	$ 178,109

Total operating revenues for the year increased $5,747 (0.6%) year over year.

Total Operating Expenses for the year decreased by $6,437 (.8%) year over year.

Overall, the change in **Net Position** for the District is an increase of $178,109 for 2025. The District's financial position is similar to its position at the end of 2024.

Statements of Cash Flows

The **Statements of Cash Flows** describe the sources of the District's cash and how that cash was spent over the year. Noncash items such as depreciation are not included in this statement. This makes the statement useful for determining the short-term viability of the District, particularly the District's ability to pay bills. As such, the **Statements of Cash Flows** show how the District has performed in managing inflows and outflows of cash.

	2025	2024	Increase (Decrease)
Cash Provided by (Used in)			
Operating activities	$ 256,746	$ 363,167	$ (106,421)
Investing activities	154,885	37,754	117,131
Capital and related financing activities	(737,417)	(509,340)	(228,077)
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Equivalents	(325,786)	(108,419)	(217,367)
Cash and Equivalents – Beginning	407,992	516,411	(108,419)
Cash and Equivalents – End	$ 82,206	$ 407,992	$ (325,786)

The **Net Cash Provided By Operating Activities** decreased from 2024 to 2025 (-$106,421 or -29.3%). **Cash received from customers** decreased 0.1%, **Cash paid to suppliers** increased 17.1% and **Cash paid to employees** increased 21.8%. Importantly, **Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities** remained positive year over year. **Net Cash Provided by Investing Activities** increased by 310.25%. **Net Cash Used in Capital and Related Financing Activities** decreased by 44.78%.

The end of year net change of **Cash and Cash Equivalents – Ending** decreased ($325,786 or 79.9%) in 2025 as compared to 2024.

There is a section (**Reconciliation of Operating Net Income (Loss) to Net Cash)** at the bottom of the **Statements of Cash Flows** that provides a breakdown of accounts and their effects on the District's cash position.

Debt Ratio

The State of Kansas requires the District to maintain its debt service coverage ratio coverage at 1.25 (minimum). The District's ratio for 2025 was 1.61. Although the debt service coverage ratio is not a part of the financial statements, the District uses this as another indicator of the District's ability to pay for its debt obligations. The higher the debt service ratio, the better the District's ability to cover debts.

Contact Information

Any questions or requests for additional information should be directed to:

Rural Water District No. 2, Ottawa County, Kansas
District Board of Directors
601 Reynolds St.
Salina, KS 67401
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FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

	2025	2024
Assets		
Current Assets		
Cash and cash equivalents	$ 82,206	$ 407,992
Certificates of deposit	1,363,897	1,432,325
Accounts receivable	55,465	34,549
Inventory	25,000	3,922
Total Current Assets	1,526,568	1,878,788
Noncurrent Assets		
Capital assets, net	5,923,729	5,623,010
Certificates of deposit – bond reserve	454,235	437,171
Funds held on deposit with KDHE – loan reserve	211,260	211,260
Total Noncurrent Assets	6,589,224	6,271,441
Total Assets	$ 8,115,792	$ 8,150,229
Liabilities and Net Position		
Current Liabilities		
Accounts payable	$ 2,310	$ 6,526
Accrued interest payable	8,030	8,711
Payroll liabilities	6,676	6,661
Unearned revenue – customer credits	61,873	61,873
Bonds payable	120,000	115,000
Loans payable	95,932	94,058
Total Current Liabilities	294,821	292,829
Noncurrent Liabilities		
Bonds payable, net of discount	619,183	737,789
Loans payable	1,462,402	1,558,334
Total Noncurrent Liabilities	2,081,585	2,296,123
Total Liabilities	2,376,406	2,588,952
Net Position		
Net investment in capital assets	3,626,212	3,117,829
Restricted for bond reserve	454,235	437,171
Restricted for loan reserve	211,260	211,260
Unrestricted	1,447,679	1,795,017
Total Net Position	5,739,386	5,561,277
Total Liabilities and Net Position	$ 8,115,792	$ 8,150,229

	2025	2024
Operating Revenues		
Water sales	$ 941,192	$ 935,445
Operating Expenses		
Professional fees	21,528	36,028
Repairs and maintenance	119,372	75,206
Salaries	216,641	179,696
Payroll taxes	16,018	12,529
Utilities	46,873	50,983
Insurance	39,785	45,423
Miscellaneous	13,813	13,652
Water fees	6,417	4,883
Supplies	12,318	19,795
Contract labor	15,115	44,121
Depreciation	205,905	246,528
Mileage	95,923	92,867
Office expense	16,477	11,074
Employee benefits	17,290	17,127
Total Operating Expenses	843,475	849,912
Net Operating Income	97,717	85,533
Nonoperating Revenue (Expense)		
Interest income	86,457	75,371
Other income	10,937	46,632
Service fee on loan	(6,448)	(4,968)
Interest expense	(33,594)	(36,360)
Total Nonoperating Revenue	57,352	80,675
Net Income Before Capital Contributions	155,069	166,208
Capital Contributions		
Benefit unit sales	23,040	44,000
Change in Net Position	178,109	210,208
Net Position – Beginning	5,561,277	5,351,069
Net Position – Ending	$ 5,739,386	$ 5,561,277

	2025	2024
Cash Flows from Operating Activities		
Cash received from customers	$ 920,276	$ 921,534
Cash paid to suppliers for goods and services	(413,596)	(353,204)
Cash paid to employees for services	(249,934)	(205,163)
Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities	256,746	363,167
Cash Flows from Investing Activities		
Interest income	86,457	75,371
Net change in certificates of deposit	68,428	(37,617)
Net Cash Provided by Investing Activities	154,885	37,754
Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities		
Acquisition and construction of capital assets	(506,624)	(386,108)
Capital contributions	23,040	44,000
Payments on long-term debt	(209,059)	(180,572)
Proceeds from long-term debt	-	26,166
Change in reserves	(17,064)	(19,525)
Other capital activities	10,937	46,632
Interest and service fees paid on long-term debt	(38,647)	(39,933)
Net Cash Used in Capital and Related Financing Activities	(737,417)	(509,340)
Net Change in Cash and Cash Equivalents	(325,786)	(108,419)
Cash and Cash Equivalents – Beginning	407,992	516,411
Cash and Cash Equivalents – Ending	$ 82,206	$ 407,992
Reconciliation of Net Operating Income to Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities		
Net operating income	$ 97,717	$ 85,533
Adjustments to Reconcile Net Operating Income to Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities		
Depreciation	205,905	246,528
Decrease (increase) in accounts receivable	(20,916)	(7,644)
Decrease (increase) in inventory	(21,078)	34,419
Increase in accounts payable	(4,216)	6,526
Decrease in accrued interest payable	(681)	(117)
Increase (decrease) in payroll liabilities	15	4,189
Increase (decrease) in unearned revenue – customer credits	-	(6,267)
Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities	$ 256,746	$ 363,167

Note 1: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Organization

The Rural Water District No. 2, Ottawa County, Kansas (the District), was declared incorporated by the Board of Commissioners of Ottawa County, Kansas, on June 11, 1979 as a quasi-municipal corporation under Kansas Statute K.S.A. 82a-612 et seq., for the purpose of providing a water supply system for the landowners within the area of the District. The District is governed by a nine-member board of directors. The following is a summary of the District's significant accounting policies.

The Financial Reporting Entity

The financial reporting entity of the District is comprised of the primary government, the District. The accompanying financial statements present the activities and water system operating fund of the District. The District has considered all potential component units for which the District is financially accountable and other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationships with the District are such that exclusion would cause the District's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board has set forth criteria to be considered in determining financial accountability. These criteria includes appointing a voting majority of an organization's governing body and (1) the ability of the District to impose its will on that organization or (2) the potential for the organization to provide specific financial benefits to, or impose specific financial burdens on the District. Based on these criteria, there are no component units to be included within the District as a reporting entity.

Basis of Presentation

Government-wide statements. The *statements of net position* and the *statements of revenues, expenses, and changes in net position* display information about the primary government, the District. These statements show that the financial activities of the overall government business-type activities are financed mostly by fees charged to external parties. Business-type activities are reported in one fund.

Proprietary fund operating revenues, such as charges for services, result from exchange transactions associated with the principal activity of the fund. Exchange transactions are those in which each party receives and gives up essentially equal values. Nonoperating revenues, such as subsidies and investment earnings, result from nonexchange transactions or ancillary activities.

The District reports the following proprietary (business-type enterprise) fund:

Water System Fund. This business-type enterprise fund accounts for the operation and maintenance of the water system of the District. All activities and balances of the entity are accounted for in this fund.

Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

Proprietary Fund Financial Statements. The proprietary fund financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus. The proprietary fund financial statements are reported using the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred, regardless of when the related cash flows take place. Nonexchange transactions, in which the District gives (or receives) value without directly receiving (or giving) equal value in exchange, include special assessments, grants, entitlements, and donations.

Enterprise funds are used to account for operations operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises, where the intent of the governing body is that the costs (expenses, including depreciation) of providing goods or services to the general public on a continuing basis be financed or recovered primarily through user charges.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the District's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources, as they are needed.

Note 1: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Cash and Cash Equivalents

The District considers all bank deposit accounts, money market accounts, and certificates of deposit with original maturities of three months or less to be cash and cash equivalents for financial statement presentation and statement of cash flows purposes.

Certificates of Deposit

Certificates of deposit with original maturities greater than three months are reported at cost, which approximates fair value. The certificates may be redeemed prior to maturity subject to penalties for early withdrawal.

Accounts Receivable

Accounts receivable include amounts due from customers for water use. All receivables are current and, therefore, due within one year.

Allowance for Doubtful Accounts

The District bills customers monthly. Invoices not paid by the 16th day of the month incur a late fee. A notice to disconnect is sent if the invoice remains unpaid. As most customers pay before they are disconnected and there have been no amounts written off in the past three years. Based on historical collection experience and current conditions, management has determined that an allowance is not necessary as of December 31, 2025 and 2024.

Inventory

Inventory is valued at the lower of cost or market and consists of pipe, valves, meters and other items needed to repair or add water lines. Inventory is recorded using the consumption method and valued using the FIFO method.

Capital Assets, Net

Capital assets purchased or built are capitalized at cost or estimated historical cost if actual cost is unavailable. The District's policy is to capitalize all assets with a cost of $1,000 or more and a useful life exceeding one year. Depreciation is recorded based on the estimated useful life of each asset using the straight-line method. The estimated useful lives of assets are as follows: engineering costs – 40 years, water distribution system, wells and easements – 10 to 40 years, and office equipment – 3 to 7 years.

Net Position

Net position is comprised of the various net earnings from operating income, nonoperating revenues and expenses, and capital contributions. Net position is classified in the following three components:

Net Investment in Capital Assets – This component of net position consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by the outstanding balances of any bonds, mortgages, notes or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets. If there are significant unspent related debt proceeds at year-end, the portion of the debt attributable to the unspent proceeds is not included in the calculation of net investment in capital assets. Rather, that portion of the debt is included in the same net position component as the unspent proceeds.

Restricted – Restricted net position represents amounts restricted by debt covenants requiring funds to be set aside for bond and loan reserve requirements.

Unrestricted – This component of net position consists of net position that does not meet the definition of "restricted" or "net investment in capital assets."

Income Taxes

The District is a quasi-municipality and, as such, it is not subject to income taxes.

Note 1: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Operating Revenues and Expenses

Operating revenues and expenses consist of those revenues that result from the ongoing principal operations of the District. Operating revenues consist primarily of charges for services. Nonoperating revenues and expenses consist of those revenues and expenses that are related to financing and investing type of activities and result from non-exchange transactions or ancillary activities.

Capital Contributions

Assets contributed by new benefit units are recorded as capital contributions when received. When a benefit unit is returned, operating revenue is recognized for the capital contribution that was originally recorded.

Budgetary Information

Kansas statutes provide an exemption for the District to legally adopt a budget for the fund types used by the District. The budget established by the District is for management use only. Expenditures are controlled through internal spending limits monitored by the board of directors.

Subsequent Events

Management has evaluated subsequent events through July 8, 2026 which is the date the financial statements were available to be issued.

Note 2: Deposits and Investments

K.S.A. 9-1401 establishes the depositories which may be used by the District. The statute requires banks eligible to hold the District's funds have a main or branch bank in the county in which the District is located, or in an adjoining county if such institution has been designated as an official depository, and the banks provide an acceptable rate of return on funds. In addition, K.S.A. 9-1402 requires the banks to pledge securities for deposits in excess of FDIC coverage. The District has no other policies that would further limit interest rate risk.

K.S.A. 12-1675 limits the District's investment of idle funds to time deposits, open accounts, and certificates of deposit with allowable financial institutions; U.S. Government securities; temporary notes; no-fund warrants; repurchase agreements; and the Kansas Municipal Investment Pool. The District has no investment policy that would further limit its investment choices.

Custodial Credit Risk – Deposits

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the District's deposits may not be returned to the District. Kansas statutes require the District's deposits in financial institutions to be entirely covered by federal depository insurance or by collateral held under a joint custody receipt issued by a bank within the State of Kansas, the Federal Reserve Bank of Kansas City, or the Federal Home Loan Bank of Topeka, except during designated "peak periods" when required coverage is 50%.

December 31, 2025

On December 31, 2025, the District's carrying amount of deposits, including certificates of deposit, was $1,900,338 and the bank balance was $1,910,647. The bank balance was held by four banks. Of the bank balance, $688,558 was covered by federal depository insurance and $1,222,089 was collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution's agents in the District's name.

Note 2: Deposits and Investments (Continued)

December 31, 2024

On December 31, 2024, the District's carrying amount of deposits, including certificates of deposit, was $2,277,488 and the bank balance was $2,293,761. The bank balance was held by four banks. Of the bank balance, $844,546 was covered by federal depository insurance and $1,449,215 was collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution's agents in the District's name.

Note 3: Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for the year ended December 31, 2025 was as follows:

	Balance on December 31, 2024	Additions	Retirements	Balance on December 31, 2025
Nondepreciable Capital Assets				
Construction in progress	$ 251,631	$ 24,000	$ 251,631	$ 24,000
Depreciable Capital Assets				
Engineering costs	149,699	-	-	149,699
Office equipment	13,371	-	-	13,371
Water wells and easements	291,180	35,877	-	327,057
Distribution system	9,120,120	698,378	-	9,818,498
Building	145,470	-	-	145,470
Total Depreciable Capital Assets	9,719,840	734,255	-	10,454,095
Accumulated depreciation	(4,348,461)	(205,905)	-	(4,554,366)
Total Depreciable Capital Assets, Net	5,371,379	528,350	-	5,899,729
Capital Assets, Net	$ 5,623,010	$ 552,350	$ 251,631	$ 5,923,729

Capital asset activity for the year ended December 31, 2024 was as follows:

	Balance on December 31, 2023	Additions	Retirements	Balance on December 31, 2024
Nondepreciable Capital Assets				
Construction in progress	$ 1,818	$ 251,631	$ 1,818	$ 251,631
Depreciable Capital Assets				
Engineering costs	149,699	-	-	149,699
Office equipment	11,614	1,757	-	13,371
Water wells and easements	291,180	-	-	291,180
Distribution system	8,989,802	130,318	-	9,120,120
Building	141,250	4,220	-	145,470
Total Depreciable Capital Assets	9,583,545	136,295	-	9,719,840
Accumulated depreciation	(4,101,933)	(246,528)	-	(4,348,461)
Total Depreciable Capital Assets, Net	5,481,612	(110,233)	-	5,371,379
Capital Assets, Net	$ 5,483,430	$ 141,398	$ 1,818	$ 5,623,010

Note 4: Long-Term Debt

The following is a schedule of long-term debt activity for the year ended December 31, 2025

	Beginning Balance	Additions	Retirements	Ending Balance
Water Supply Loan - 2855	$ 576,227	$ -	$ 43,592	$ 532,635
Water Supply Loan - 2911	97,952	-	6,425	91,527
Water Supply Loan - 3054	978,213	-	44,041	934,172
Revenue Bonds - 2019	320,000	-	60,000	260,000
Revenue Bonds - 2020	540,000	-	55,000	485,000
Total Long-Term Debt	$ 2,512,392	$ -	$ 209,058	$ 2,303,334

The following is a schedule of long-term debt activity for the year ended December 31, 2024

	Beginning Balance	Additions	Retirements	Ending Balance
Water Supply Loan - 2855	$ 618,708	$ -	$ 42,481	$ 576,227
Water Supply Loan - 2911	104,256	-	6,304	97,952
Water Supply Loan - 3054	973,834	26,166	21,787	978,213
Revenue Bonds - 2019	375,000	-	55,000	320,000
Revenue Bonds - 2020	595,000	-	55,000	540,000
Total Long-Term Debt	$ 2,666,798	$ 26,166	$ 180,572	$ 2,512,392

Long-term debt consists of the following on December 31, 2025 and 2024:

	2025	2024
In 2014, the District executed a loan agreement with the Kansas Department of Health and Environment (KDHE) Public Water Supply Loan Fund (Loan 2855) for the purpose of financing a public water supply project. The loan from KDHE was not expected to exceed $970,929. Interest on the loan was to be 2.6% per annum. In 2015, the District received total loan disbursements of $695,976 which consisted of $614,241 deposited to the District's accounts to cover expenses incurred, $69,598 for the loan reserve which is held at KDHE and $12,137 of loan closing costs. In 2016, the District received total loan disbursements of $34,782 of which $31,345 was deposited into the District's accounts to cover expenses incurred and $3,478 was applied to the loan reserve which is held at KDHE. Semi-annual payments of $31,283 began in August 2016 and are due semi-annually on February 1 and August 1. Final maturity is February 2036.	$ 532,635	$ 576,227
In 2016, the District executed another loan agreement with the KDHE Public Water Supply Loan Fund (Loan 2911) for the purpose of financing the construction of a connecting waterline and appurtenances to facilitate consolidation of a neighboring public water supply system. Through 2018, the District received total loan disbursements of $196,545, of which $176,890 was deposited in the District's accounts to cover expenses incurred and $19,655 was applied to the loan reserve which is held at KDHE. The total loan was $196,545. There was principal forgiveness of $58,964. The interest rate is 1.56% with semi-annual payments of $4,133. Payments began in February 2018 and are due semi-annually on February 1 and August 1. Final maturity is February 2038.	91,527	97,952

Note 4: Long-Term Debt (Continued)

In 2021, the District executed another loan agreement with the KDHE Public Water Supply Loan Fund (Loan 3054) to finance the construction of a new water tower on Aspen Road and the installation of radio-read meters. The total loan approved was $1,000,000. The interest rate is 1.38% with semi-annual payments of $28,694. In 2023, the District received total loan disbursements of $973,834, of which $876,451 was deposited in the District's accounts to cover expenses incurred and $97,383 was applied to the loan reserve which is held at KDHE. In 2024, the District received total loan disbursements of $26,166, of which $23,550 was deposited in the District's accounts to cover expenses incurred and $2,616 was applied to the loan reserve which is held at KDHE. Payments began August 1, 2024 with a final maturity of 2044.	934,172	978,213
On September 4, 2019, the District issued $585,000 in Kansas Rural Water Finance Authority Revenue Bonds, Series 2019 with effective interest rates ranging from 2.75% to 3.00%. The new bond issue refinanced 2009 bonds. Interest payments are due semi-annually on June 1 and December 1. Principal payments were due starting on December 1, 2020 and maturing in 2029.	260,000	320,000
On August 13, 2020, the District issued $750,000 Water Utility System Refunding Revenue Bonds, Series 2020 with effective interest rates ranging from 1.00% to 1.50%. The new bond issue refinanced 2013 bonds. Interest payments are due semi-annually on June 1 and December 1. Principal payments were due starting on December 1, 2021 and maturing in 2033.	485,000	540,000
Total Long-Term Debt	2,303,334	2,512,392
Less: Current portion of long-term debt	(215,932)	(209,058)
Less: Unamortized bond discount	(5,817)	(7,211)
Long-Term Debt, Net of Current Portion and Discount	$ 2,081,585	$ 2,296,123

Future maturities of long-term debt are as follows:

Year Ended December 31,	Principal	Interest	Service Fee	Total
2026	$ 215,932	$ 29,269	$ 11,636	$ 256,900
2027	217,911	25,836	10,994	254,741
2028	219,868	25,084	7,548	252,500
2029	231,868	23,942	4,326	260,136
2030	168,912	19,640	4,326	192,878
2031-2035	730,903	59,403	14,206	804,512
2036-2040	315,488	18,241	6,102	339,831
2040-2044	202,452	4,053	1,378	207,820
Total	$ 2,303,334	$ 205,468	$ 60,516	$ 2,569,318

2019 Bonds Payable Information:

Issuance costs of $24,951 were paid and expensed at the time this revenue bond was issued. The bonds were issued at a discount of $8,775 which is amortized over the life of the bonds using the straight-line method because the effective yield method was determined to not be significantly different. There was $975 of bond amortization expense for each of the years ending December 31, 2025 and 2024.

Note 4: Long-Term Debt (Continued)

2020 Bonds Payable Information:

Issuance costs of $42,728 were paid and expensed at the time this revenue bond was issued. The bonds were issued at a discount of $5,455 which is amortized over the life of the bonds using the straight-line method because the effective yield method was determined to not be significantly different. There was $420 of bond amortization expense for each of the years ending December 31, 2025 and 2024.

During 2024, the District applied for and was approved for a fourth loan from the KDHE Public Water Supply Loan Fund. A loan amount of $785,214 was approved to finance the construction of two public water supply wells and disinfection facility rehabilitation. As of December 31, 2025, the project has yet to begin and there were no disbursements received from this loan.

Note 5: Debt Service Ratio

The debt covenants require the District to maintain a debt service ratio of at least 1.25. The following represents the debt service ratio calculation for the years ending December 31:

	2025	2024
Change in net position	$ 178,109	$ 210,208
Interest expense and loan service fees	40,042	41,328
Depreciation	205,905	246,528
Less: Capital contributions	(23,040)	(44,000)
Total Revenue Available for Debt Service	$ 401,016	$ 454,064
Debt service payments	$ 249,101	$ 221,900
Debt service ratio	1.61	2.05

Note 6: Unearned Revenue – Customer Credits

Multiple District customers have paid in advance for water usage. These amounts have not been earned and would be refundable if water usage discontinues.

Note 7: Retirement Plan

The District provides a Simple IRA for the full-time employees as retirement compensation. The District contributes 3% of the eligible employee wages to these IRAs. During the years ending December 31, 2025 and 2024, the District contributed $6,346 and $5,319, respectively to the retirement plan. These contributions are reported as employee benefits on the statements of revenues, expenses and changes in net position.

Note 8: Risk Management

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. To insure against risk of these types of losses, the District has purchased commercial insurance coverage from EMC Companies through Anderson Peck Agency Inc. in Topeka, Kansas. The District did not experience losses related to these risks during the years ended December 31, 2025 and 2024.