CHENEY RECREATION COMMISSION
CHENEY, KANSAS

FINANCIAL STATEMENT
JUNE 30, 2021

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CHENEY RECREATION COMMISSION
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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

Cheney Recreation Commission
Cheney, Kansas

We have audited the accompanying fund summary statement of regulatory basis receipts, expenditures and unencumbered cash balances of the **Cheney Recreation Commission, Cheney, Kansas**, as of and for the year ended **June 30, 2021,** and the related notes to the financial statement.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statement
Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of this financial statement in accordance with the *Kansas Municipal Audit and Accounting Guide* as described in Note 1 to meet the financial reporting requirements of the State of Kansas. Management is also responsible for the design, implementation and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statement that is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibility
Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the financial statement based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the *Kansas Municipal Audit and Accounting Guide*. Those standards require we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statement is free of material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statement. The procedures selected depend on auditors' judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statement, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditors consider internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statement in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statement.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

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Cheney Recreation Commission

Basis for Adverse Opinion on Accounting Principles Generally Accepted in the United States of America
As described in Note 1 of the financial statement, the financial statement is prepared by the **Cheney Recreation Commission, Cheney, Kansas**, to meet the requirements of the State of Kansas on the basis of the financial reporting provisions of the *Kansas Municipal Audit and Accounting Guide*, which is a basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

The effects on the financial statement of the variances between the regulatory basis of accounting described in Note 1 and accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, although not reasonably determinable, are presumed to be material.

Adverse Opinion on Accounting Principles Generally Accepted in the United States of America
In our opinion, because of the significance of the matter discussed in the "Basis for Adverse Opinion on U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles" paragraph, the financial statement referred to above does not present fairly, in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, the financial position of the **Cheney Recreation Commission, Cheney, Kansas,** as of **June 30, 2021**, or changes in financial position and cash flows thereof for the year then ended.

Opinion on Regulatory Basis of Accounting
In our opinion, the financial statement referred to above presents fairly, in all material respects, the aggregate cash and unencumbered cash balance of the **Cheney Recreation Commission, Cheney, Kansas**, as of **June 30, 2021**, and the aggregate receipts and expenditures for the year then ended in accordance with the financial reporting provisions of the *Kansas Municipal Audit and Accounting Guide* described in Note 1.

Report on Supplementary Information
Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the fund summary statement of regulatory basis receipts, expenditures, and unencumbered cash balances (basic financial statement) as a whole. The summary of regulatory basis expenditures-actual and budget and individual fund schedules of regulatory basis receipts and expenditures-actual and budget (Regulatory-Required Supplementary Information as listed in the table of contents) are presented for analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statement, however are required to be presented under the provisions of the *Kansas Municipal Audit and Accounting Guide*. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statement.

The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statement and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statement or to the basic financial statement itself, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the financial statement as a whole, on the basis of accounting described in Note 1.

Cheney Recreation Commission

The 2020 Actual column presented in the individual fund schedules of regulatory basis receipts and expenditures-actual and budget (as listed in the table of contents) is also presented for comparative analysis and is not a required part of the 2020 basic financial statement upon which we rendered an unmodified opinion dated October 28, 2020. The 2020 basic financial statement and our accompanying report are not presented herein but are available in electronic form from the web site of the Kansas Department of Administration at the following link http://da.ks.gov/ar/muniserv/. Such 2020 comparative information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the 2020 basic financial statement. The 2020 comparative information was subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the 2020 basic financial statement and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the 2020 basic financial statement or to the 2020 basic financial statement itself, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the 2020 comparative information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the 2020 basic financial statement as a whole, on the basis of accounting described in Note 1.

BFR CPA, LLC

BFR CPA, LLC
October 1, 2021

CHENEY RECREATION COMMISSION
SUMMARY OF CASH RECEIPTS, EXPENDITURES,
AND UNENCUMBERED CASH
REGULATORY BASIS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

Fund	Beginning Unencumbered Cash Balance	Prior Year Canceled Encumbrances	Cash Receipts	Expenditures	Ending Unencumbered Cash Balance	Add Encumbrances and Accounts Payable	Ending Cash Balance
General Fund	$ 165,794	$ 0	$ 232,283	$ 218,184	$ 179,893	$ 0	$ 179,893
Special Purpose Funds							
Employee Benefit Fund	2,121	0	34,000	36,005	116	457	573
	$ 167,915	$ 0	$ 266,283	$ 254,189	$ 180,009	$ 457	$ 180,466

Composition of Cash:		
	Checking Accounts	$ 120,366
	Certificate of Deposit	60,000
	Petty Cash	100
		$ 180,466

The notes to the financial statement are an integral part of this statement.

CHENEY RECREATION COMMISSION
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENT
JUNE 30, 2021

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies:

Financial Reporting Entity

Cheney Recreation Commission is a recreation commission established under State of Kansas statutes designed to provide recreational services in and around Cheney, Kansas. The Commission is governed by an elected five-member Board of Education. The Commission's financial statement includes all funds over which the commission exercises financial responsibility. Financial responsibility includes appointment of governing body members, designation of management, the ability to significantly influence operations and accountability for fiscal matters.

KMAAG Regulatory Basis of Presentation Fund Definitions:

General Fund-The chief operating fund. Used to account for all resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

Special Purpose Funds-To account for the proceeds of specific tax levies and other specific regulatory receipt sources (other than capital project and tax levies for long-term debt) that are intended for specified purposes.

Regulatory Basis of Accounting and Departure from Accounting Principles Generally accepted in the United States of America

The KMAAG regulatory basis of accounting involves the recognition of cash, cash equivalents, marketable investments, and certain accounts payable and encumbrance obligations to arrive at a net unencumbered cash and investments balance on a regulatory basis for each fund, and the reporting of changes in unencumbered cash and investments of a fund resulting from the difference in regulatory basis receipts and regulatory basis expenditures for the fiscal year. All recognized assets and liabilities are measured and reported at cost, unless they have been permanently impaired and have no future cash value or represent no future obligation against cash. The KMAAG regulatory basis does not recognize capital assets, long-term debt, accrued receivables and payables, or any other assets, liabilities or deferred inflows or outflows, other than those mentioned above.

The Commission has approved a resolution that is in compliance with K.S.A. 75-1120a(c), waiving the requirement for application of accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America and allowing the municipality to use the regulatory basis of accounting.

Budget and Tax Cycle

Kansas statutes require that an annual operating budget be legally adopted for the general fund and special purpose funds (unless specifically exempted by statute). Although directory rather than mandatory, the statutes provide for the following sequence and timetable in the adoption of the legal annual operating budget:

1. Publication in local newspaper of the proposed budget and notice of public hearing on the budget at least ten days before the hearing.
2. Public hearing at least ten days after publication of notice of hearing and at least ten days before certification of the budget to the Commission.
3. Certification of the final budget to the Commission on or before August 1st.

The statutes allow for the governing body to increase the originally adopted budget for previously unbudgeted increases in regulatory receipts other than ad valorem property taxes. To do this, a notice of public hearing to amend the budget must be published in the local newspaper. At least ten days after publication the hearing may be held and the governing body may amend the budget at that time. There were no amendments for the year ended June 30, 2021.

The statutes permit transferring budgeted amounts between line items within an individual fund. However, such statutes prohibit expenditures in excess of the total amount of the adopted budget of expenditures of individual funds. Budget comparison schedules are presented for each fund showing actual receipts and expenditures compared to legally budgeted receipts and expenditures.

All legal annual operating budgets are prepared using the regulatory basis of accounting, in which regulatory receipts are recognized when cash is received and expenditures include disbursements, accounts payable, and encumbrances, with disbursements being adjusted for the prior year's accounts payable and encumbrances. Encumbrances are commitments by the City for future payments and are supported by a document evidencing the commitment, such as a purchase order or contract. Any unused budgeted expenditure authority lapses at year end.

Note 2 - Deposits:

K.S.A. 9-1401 establishes the depositories which may be used by the Commission. The statute requires banks eligible to hold the Commission's funds have a main or branch bank in the county in which the Commission is located or in an adjoining county if such institution has been designated as an official depository, and the banks provide an acceptable rate of return on funds. In addition, K.S.A. 9-1402 requires the banks to pledge securities for deposits in excess of FDIC coverage. The Commission has no other policies that would further limit interest rate risk.

K.S.A. 12-1675 limits the Commission's investment of idle funds to time deposits, open accounts and certificates of deposit with allowable financial institutions; U.S. government securities; temporary notes; no-fund warrants; repurchase agreements; and the Kansas Municipal Investment Pool. The Commission has no investment policy that would further limit its investment choices.

Concentration of credit risk. State statutes place no limit on the amount the Commission may invest in any one issuer as long as the investments are adequately secured under K.S.A. 9-1402 and 9-1405.

Custodial credit risk – deposits. Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the Commission's deposits may be returned to it. State statutes require the Commission's deposits in financial institutions to be entirely covered by federal depository insurance or by collateral held under a joint custody receipt issued by a bank within the State of Kansas, the Federal Reserve Bank of Kansas City, or the Federal Home Loan Bank of Topeka, except during designated "peak periods" when required coverage is 50%. All deposits were legally secured at June 30, 2021.

At June 30, 2021, the Commission's carrying amount of deposits was $180,366 and the bank balance was $198,785. The bank balance is held by one bank resulting in a concentration of credit risk. The entire bank balance was covered by federal depository insurance.

Note 3 - Defined Benefit Pension Plan:

Plan Description
The Commission participates in the Kansas Public Employees Retirement System (KPERS), a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan as provided by K.S.A. 74-4901, et. seq. Kansas law establishes and amends benefit provisions. KPERS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. KPERS' financial statements are included in its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report which can be found on the KPERS website at www.kpers.org or by writing to KPERS (611 S Kansas, Suite 100, Topeka, KS 66603) or by calling 1-888-275-5737.

Contributions
K.S.A. 74-4919 and K.S.A. 74-49,210 establish the KPERS member-employee contribution rates. KPERS has multiple benefit structures and contribution rates depending on whether the employee is a KPERS 1, KPERS 2 or KPERS 3 member. KPERS 1 members are active and contributing members hired before July 1, 2009. KPERS 2 members were first employed in a covered position on or after July 1, 2009 and KPERS 3 members were first employed in a covered position on or after January 1, 2015. Effective January 1, 2015, Kansas law established the KPERS member-employee contribution rate at 6% of covered salary for KPERS 1, KPERS 2 and KPERS 3 members. Member contributions are withheld by their employer and paid to KPERS according to the provisions of Section 414(h) of the Internal Revenue Code.

State law provides that the employer contribution rates for KPERS 1, KPERS 2 and KPERS 3 be determined based on the results of each annual actuarial valuation. Kansas law sets a limitation on annual increases in the employer contribution rates. The actuarially determined employer contribution rate (not including the 1% contribution rate for the Death and Disability Program) and the statutory contribution rate was 8.61% for the period July 1, 2020 through December 31, 2020 and 8.87% for the period January 1, 2021 through the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021. Contributions to the pension plan from the Commission were $9,286 for the year ended June 30, 2021.

Net Pension Liability
At June 30, 2021, the Commission's proportionate share of the collective net pension liability reported by KPERS was $55,026. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2020, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2019, which was rolled forward to June 30, 2020. The Commission's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the ratio of the Commission's contributions to KPERS, relative to the total employer and non-employer contributions of the Local subgroup within KPERS. Since the KMAAG regulatory basis of accounting does not recognize long-term debt, this liability is not reported in this financial statement.

The complete actuarial valuation report including all actuarial assumptions and methods, and the report on the allocation of the KPERS collective net pension liability to all participating employers are publicly available on the website at www.kpers.org or can be obtained as described above.

Note 4 - Reimbursed Expenditures:

The Commission records reimbursable expenditures in the fund that makes the disbursement and records reimbursements as a receipt to the fund that receives the reimbursement. For purposes of budgetary comparisons, the expenditures are properly offset by the reimbursements under the KMAAG regulatory basis of accounting.

Note 5 - Contingencies:

Risk Management
The Commission is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The Commission carries commercial insurance for all risks of loss. Settled claims resulting from these risks have not materially exceeded commercial insurance coverage in any of the past three years.

Note 6 - Retirement Plan

The Commission has an IRC Section 457 deferred compensation plan. Employees who are full time and classified as Directors are eligible to participate. The Commission may contribute up to $5,000. The Commission contributed $5,000 to the plan for one employee during year ended June 30, 2021.

Note 7 - Postemployment Benefits:

As provided by K.S.A. 12-5040, the Commission allows retirees to participate in the group health insurance plan. While each retiree pays the full amount of the applicable premium, conceptually, the Commission is subsidizing the retirees because each participant is charged a level of premium regardless of age. However, the cost of this subsidy has not been quantified in the financial statement.

Under the Consolidated Omnibus Budget Reconciliation Act (COBRA), the Commission makes health care benefits available to eligible former employees and eligible dependents. Certain requirements are outlined by the federal government for this coverage. The premium is paid in full by the insured.

Note 8 - Subsequent Events

The Commission has evaluated subsequent events through October 1, 2021, the date which the financial statement was available to be issued.

REGULATORY REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

CHENEY RECREATION COMMISSION
SUMMARY OF EXPENDITURES - ACTUAL AND BUDGET
REGULATORY BASIS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

Fund	Certified Budget	Adjustment for Qualifying Budget Credits	Total Budget for Comparison	Expenditures Chargeable to Current Year	Variance - Over (Under)
General Fund	$ 379,325	$ 0	$ 379,325	$ 218,184	$ (161,141)
Special Purpose Funds					
Employee Benefit Fund	36,300	0	36,300	36,005	(295)
	$ 415,625	$ 0	$ 415,625	$ 254,189	$ (161,436)

CHENEY RECREATION COMMISSION
SCHEDULE OF CASH RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURES -
ACTUAL AND BUDGET
REGULATORY BASIS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021
(With Comparative Actual Totals for the Prior Year Ended June 30, 2020)

General Fund	Prior Year Actual	Current Year Actual	Current Year Budget	Variance - Over (Under)
Cash Receipts				
USD Allocation	$ 116,000	$ 155,000	$ 155,000	$ 0
Fees	43,366	67,272	48,000	19,272
Miscellaneous	1,503	59	1,000	(941)
Reimbursements	1,888	2,465	1,000	1,465
Concessions	2,328	7,229	6,000	1,229
Donations	0	0	100	(100)
Interest on Idle Funds	457	258	450	(192)
	165,542	232,283	$ 211,550	$ 20,733
Expenditures				
Contract Labor	4,723	3,766	$ 8,500	$ (4,734)
Other Labor	73,889	121,861	140,000	(18,139)
Insurance	5,549	16,111	7,000	9,111
Donations Used	0	0	2,385	(2,385)
Transportation	1,758	1,616	3,500	(1,884)
Long term capital improvements	7,199	0	92,940	(92,940)
Activity Programs	36,182	42,717	57,000	(14,283)
Other Utilities	7,781	8,234	8,500	(266)
Computer Technology	2,012	1,701	2,500	(799)
Staff Development	2,522	1,960	5,000	(3,040)
Concessions	2,011	4,047	4,500	(453)
Taxes	234	4,677	10,000	(5,323)
KPERS	0	394	0	394
Miscellaneous	11,874	11,100	37,500	(26,400)
	155,734	218,184	$ 379,325	$ (161,141)
Receipts Over (Under) Expenditures	9,808	14,099		
Unencumbered Cash, Beginning	155,986	165,794		
Prior Year Canceled Encumbrances	0	0		
Unencumbered Cash, Ending	$ 165,794	$ 179,893		

CHENEY RECREATION COMMISSION
SCHEDULE OF CASH RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURES -
ACTUAL AND BUDGET
REGULATORY BASIS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021
(With Comparative Actual Totals for the Prior Year Ended June 30, 2020)

Employee Benefit Fund	Prior Year Actual	Current Year Actual	Current Year Budget	Variance - Over (Under)
Cash Receipts				
USD Allocation	$ 28,142	$ 34,000	$ 34,000	$ 0
	28,142	34,000	$ 34,000	$ 0
Expenditures				
Unemployment Taxes	186	113	$ 300	$ (187)
Insurance	13,497	17,000	17,000	0
Social Security and Medicare	5,449	5,000	5,000	0
KPERS	5,850	8,892	9,000	(108)
Retirement	5,000	5,000	5,000	0
	29,982	36,005	$ 36,300	$ (295)
Receipts Over (Under) Expenditures	(1,840)	(2,005)		
Unencumbered Cash, Beginning	3,961	2,121		
Prior Year Canceled Encumbrances	0	0		
Unencumbered Cash, Ending	$ 2,121	$ 116		