Financial Statements With Independent Auditors' Report

For the Years Ended June 30, 2020 and 2019

Financial Statements With Independent Auditors' Report For the Years Ended June 30, 2020 and 2019

# TABLE OF CONTENTS

Independent Auditors' Report	1
Management's Discussion and Analysis	4
Basic Financial Statements Statements of Net Position	5
Statements of Revenues, Expenses and Change in Net Position	7
Statements of Cash Flows	8
Notes to Financial Statements	D
Required Supplementary Information	9
Supplementary Information Combining Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, Encumbrances and Changes in Fund Balance – Actual and Budget – Current Funds – Unrestricted (Regulatory Basis)	4
Notes to Supplementary Information	5
Single Audit Information	
Independent Auditors' Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance With <i>Government Auditing Standards</i>	6
Independent Auditors' Report on Compliance for Each Major Program and on Internal Control Over Compliance Required by the Uniform Guidance	8
Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs	)
Summary Schedule of Prior Audit Findings62	2
Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards65	5
Notes to Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards	3



Phone (785) 462-7501 = Fax (785) 462-3172 = www.abbb.com 505 North Franklin Ave. = Suite D = P.O. Box 10 Colby, Kansas 67701-2342

Certified Public Accountants

# **INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT**

To the Board of Trustees **Colby Community College** Colby, Kansas

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the business-type activities and discretely presented component unit of **Colby Community College**, as of and for the years ended June 30, 2020 and 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the College's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

# Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

# Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audits. We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, the *Kansas Municipal Audit and Accounting Guide*, and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement. The financial statements of the Colby Community College Foundation were not audited in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* or the *Kansas Municipal Audit and Accounting Guide*.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

#### Colby Community College Page 2

# Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the business-type activities and the discretely presented component unit of **Colby Community College** as of June 30, 2020 and 2019, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the years then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

# **Other Matters**

# Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and required supplementary information listed in the table of contents be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

# Other Information

Our audits were conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise **Colby Community College's** basic financial statements. The combining schedule of revenues, expenditures, encumbrances, and changes in fund balance are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* (CFR) Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards*, and is also not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining schedule of revenues, expenditures, encumbrances, and changes in fund balance and schedule of expenditures of federal awards are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining schedule of revenues, expenditures, encumbrances, and changes in fund balance and schedule of expenditures of federal awards are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

# Other Reporting Required by *Government Auditing Standards*

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 21, 2020, on our consideration of **Colby Community College's** internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal

# Colby Community College Page 3

control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of **Colby Community College's** internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering **Colby Community College's** internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Adams, Brown, Beran & Ball, Chartered

ADAMS, BROWN, BERAN & BALL, CHTD. Certified Public Accountants

December 21, 2020

# **COLBY COMMUNITY COLLEGE** Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Years Ended June 30, 2020 and 2019

The discussion and analysis of Colby Community College's (the "College") financial statements provides an overview of the College's financial activities for the years ended June 30, 2020, 2019 and 2018. Management has prepared the financial statements along with the discussion and analysis. Responsibility for the completeness and fairness of this information rests with the College's management.

#### Using this Report

The College's financial report includes three financial statements: the statement of net position, the statement of revenue, expenses and change in net position, and statement of cash flows. These financial statements are prepared in accordance with Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 35, Basic Financial Statements – and Management's Discussion and Analysis – for Public Colleges and Universities. The College's foundation has also been discretely presented within these financial statements in accordance with Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 39; *Determining Whether Certain Organizations are Component Units*, as amended by GASB Statement No. 61, *The Financial Reporting Entity: Omnibus*.

The annual financial report includes the independent auditor's report, management's discussion and analysis, basic financial statements, notes to the financial statements, and supplemental information.

Activities of the College are reported as either operating or non-operating in accordance with Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 35. Charges for services are recorded as operating revenues. Essentially all other types of revenue, including state appropriations, property tax levies, and Pell federal grant revenue, are non-operating. The College's reliance on state funding, local property taxes, and the Federal Pell Grant assistance to students results in reporting an operating deficit.

Increases or decreases in net position provide one indication of the financial health of an organization. To assess the overall health of the College, many other non-financial factors need to also be considered, such as trends in enrollment, condition of facilities, success of graduates, and the strength of the faculty and staff.

# **Financial Highlights**

The statement of net position and the statement of revenues, expenses, and change in net position report information on the College as a whole. These statements report the College's financial position as of June 30, 2020 and 2019 and the change in net position for the years then ended. The College's financial position remained strong at June 30, 2020, with assets and deferred outflows of \$32,096,041 and liabilities and deferred inflows of \$11,707,482. Net position, which represents the residual interest in the College's total assets and deferred outflows of resources after total liabilities and deferred inflows of resources are deducted, increased by \$5,293,035, or 35.0%.

The College's financial statements include all assets and liabilities using the accrual basis of accounting, which is similar to the accounting used by most private sector institutions. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are recorded as incurred regardless of when cash is received or paid. Revenue and expenses are separated into the categories of operating and non-operating.

#### Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Years Ended June 30, 2020 and 2019

Assets Current Assets Noncurrent Assets Total Assets	\$	2020 16,153,399 15,416,929 31,570,328	2019 14,226,086 12,662,759 26,888,845	2018 11,445,657 12,448,802 23,894,459
Deferred Outflows of Resources		525,713	565,011	358,863
Total Assets and Deferred Outflows of Resources	\$	32,096,041	27,453,856	24,253,322
Liabilities Current Liabilities Noncurrent Liabilities Total Liabilities	\$	1,548,599 9,267,541 10,816,140	1,868,302 10,006,948 11,875,250	1,395,013 10,459,572 11,854,585
Deferred Inflows of Resources		891,342	483,082	238,143
Total Liabilities and Deferred Inflows of Resources	\$	11,707,482	12,358,332	12,092,728
Net Position Unrestricted Restricted - Expendable Invested in Capital Assets, Net of Related Debt Total Net Position	\$ \$	12,091,312 1,539,213 6,758,034 20,388,559	8,303,452 2,200,753 4,591,319 15,095,524	7,671,850 378,359 4,110,385 12,160,594

The preliminary changes in assets, liabilities, and net position of the College for fiscal year 2020 were the result of the following:

- Current assets increased by \$1.93 million or 13.5%. This was due to a continued increase in cash and cash equivalents including a slight increase in tuition, continued efforts in accounts receivable collections, and tightening up the College's policy regarding due dates for tuition and future enrollment. Additionally, Federal Grants Receivable increased by \$413,798 or 498% from FY19.
- Noncurrent assets increased by approximately \$2.75 million or 22%. This was due to the addition of the Library Planter/Seating Area in the amount of \$70,816, the Steve Lampe Athletic Center – a \$1.63 million-dollar facility, the remodeling of Thomas Hall, Ferguson Hall, Strutt Hall for a total of \$878,743, Phase I for 24 strand fiber in the amount of \$84,038, and replacing the roof on the Cultural Arts Center for \$81,786.
- Current liabilities decreased by \$319,703 or 17%. This was primarily due to a decrease in unearned revenue.
- Noncurrent liabilities decreased by a total of \$739,407 or 7%. This was primarily due to a reduction of \$315,000 in non-current obligations - Certificate of Participation Bonds, OPEB Liability reduction of \$390,627 and Net Pension Liability of \$22,911.
- Total net position increased by \$5,293,035 or 35%. This was due to a combination of reducing total operating expenses and increasing non-operating revenues.

# **Operating Revenue**

Operating revenue includes charges for all exchange transactions such as tuition and fees, room and board, and the sale of books and supplies. In addition, certain federal, state, and private grants are considered operating if they are not for capital purposes and are considered a contract from services. Beginning in 2019, the Kansas Board of Regents requested that Federal Direct Loans be excluded.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Years Ended June 30, 2020 and 2019

Operating Revenue	-	2020	2019	2018
Net Tuition and Fees	\$	4,067,740	3,936,782	4,067,040
Federal Grants and Contracts		917,159	512,167	576,410
State Grants and Contracts		107,383	69,524	101,510
Other Grants and Contracts		602,740	58,358	164,226
Auxiliary Income		1,431,911	2,035,784	1,823,714
Other Income		411,403	517,685	513,152
Total Operating Revenue	\$	7,538,336	7,130,300	7,246,052

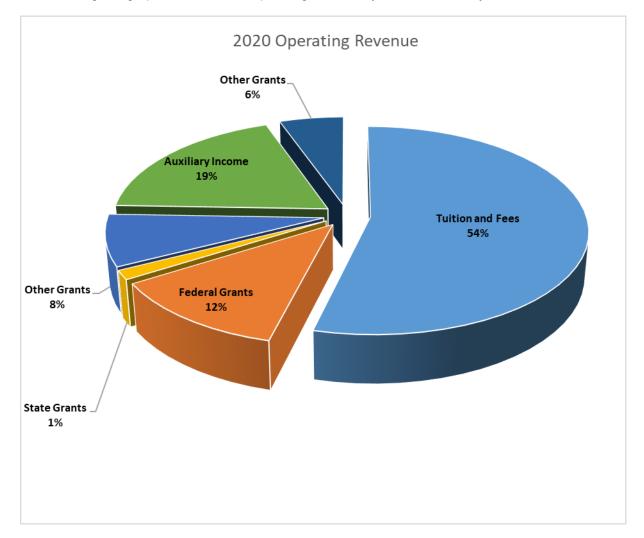
Operating revenue changes for fiscal year 2020 were the result of the following:

- Net tuition and fees increased by \$130,958 due to an increase in enrollment.
- Federal Grants and Contracts increased by \$404,992 primarily due to Cares Act monies.
- State grants and Contracts increased by \$37,859. This was due to an increase in instruction nursing monies received.
- Other Grants and Contracts increased by \$544,382 primarily due to the Hansen Grant in the amount of \$500,000 that was applied to the Steve Lampe Athletic Facility.
- Auxiliary revenue decreased by \$603,873. This was due to outsourcing books from the Campus Bookstore to an offsite vendor.
- Other income decreased by \$106,282 primarily due to accounting for EduKan payment received in 2019 due to CCC opting to no longer participate in the online consortium.

Operating revenue changes for fiscal year 2019 were the result of the following:

- Net tuition and fees decreased by \$130,258 due to a reduction in enrollment.
- Auxiliary revenue increased by \$212,070. This was due to room and board revenue, and the sale of books and supplies.
- Other income remained relatively unchanged.
- Federal, state grants and other grants and loans decreased by \$96,229. This was due to a reduction in enrollment.

# **COLBY COMMUNITY COLLEGE** Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Years Ended June 30, 2020 and 2019



The following is a graphic illustration of operating revenue by source for fiscal year 2020.

# **Operating Expenses**

Operating expenses are all the costs necessary to provide services and conduct the programs of the College.

Operating Expenses for the Years Ended June 30							
Operating Expenses		2020	2019	2018			
Educational Services	-						
Academics, Instructional and Support	\$	5,513,180	4,875,212	5,114,900			
Student Support Services		887,900	1,045,643	1,007,430			
Federal Work Study		-	208	4,211			
Pell Grant & SEOG		1,619,497	1,598,431	1,646,932			
Academic Support		415,858	408,559	294,179			
Athletics		1,369,797	1,424,540	1,282,112			
Auxiliary Enterprises		640,675	1,090,812	1,059,977			
Support Services							
Community Service & Development		172,563	162,853	137,947			
Facilities		1,027,582	1,091,261	1,168,766			
General and Administrative		979,922	735,180	1,943,773			
Institutional Support		1,745,313	2,166,349	2,017,373			
Depreciation and Amortization		582,012	572,505	546,361			
Total Operating Expenses	\$	14,954,299	15,171,553	16,223,961			

Operating expense changes for fiscal year 2020 were the result of the following:

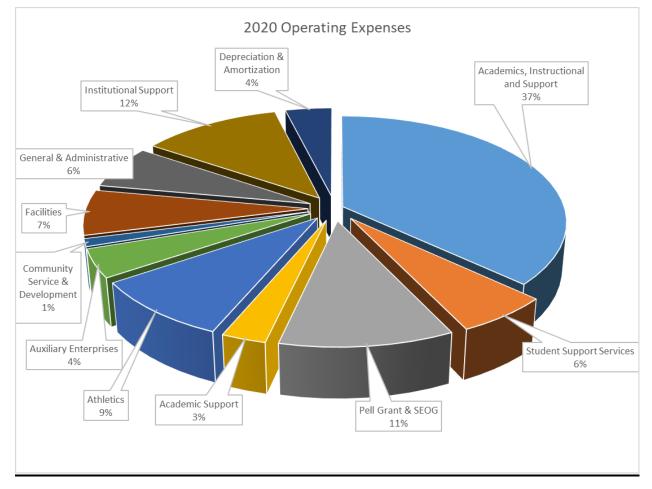
- Academics, Instructional and Support expenses increased by \$637,968. This was due to an increase in salaries and fringes in the amount of \$241,744. Additionally, CCC received \$234,724 that was distributed to students on behalf of the Federal Government under the Cares Act. The difference of \$161,500 was due to additional services and supplies needed for instructional support.
- Student Support Services expenses decreased by \$157,743 primarily due to a reduction of \$109,645 in salaries and \$48,100 in services and supplies.
- Federal Work Study, Pell Grant, SEOG, Academic Support, Community Service and Depreciation & Amortization remained relatively unchanged.
- Athletic expenses decreased by \$54,743, due to the cancellation of spring sports and reduction of travel including recruitment.
- Auxiliary Enterprises decreased by \$450,137 primarily due to outsourcing the campus bookstore and refunding students for room and board charges due to the campus closing in March 2020 due to COVID 19.
- General and Administrative increased by \$244,742. This was primarily due to COVID 19 expenses and fixed asset's clearing account.
- Institutional Support decreased by \$421,036. This was primarily due to a reduction in technology spending including computer center contracts.

Operating expense changes for fiscal year 2019 were the result of the following:

- Pell grant, and SEOG expenses decreased by \$48,501 due to a decrease in enrollment.
- Academics, Instructional and Support expenses decreased by \$239,688 as the College continues to be conservative in its hiring practices, and cancels classes if enrollment does not meet or exceed a mandatory number.
- Athletics increased by \$142,428 due to the cost of travel, uniforms and additional supplies necessary for each respective team.

- Student Support Services, Academic Support, and Auxiliary Enterprises increased by \$38,213, \$114,380, and \$30,835 as the College continues to focus on enhancing the student experience while attending CCC.
- Community Service & Development expenses increased slightly by \$24,906.
- Facilities, General & Administrative, and Institutional Support decreased \$1,137,122 as the institution did not have to purchase \$414,460 additional vehicles including two additional buses for a total of \$300,280, five additional vehicles for \$104,580 and a John Deere Utility vehicle for \$20,600 as it did in 2018. In addition to the cost savings of not having to purchase additional vehicles, the College also did not have to replace sidewalks, roofs and other remodeling projects for a savings over \$297,202 from the previous year.

The following is a graphic illustration of operating expenses by source for fiscal year 2020.



# Non-operating Revenue (Expenses)

Non-operating revenue represents all revenue sources that are primarily non-exchange in nature. They consist primarily of state appropriations, property tax revenue, investment income (including realized and unrealized gains and losses), and gifts and grants, including Pell federal grants to students.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Years Ended June 30, 2020 and 2019

Non-operating revenue (expenses) were comprised of the following:

Non Operating Expenses for the Years Ended June 30							
Non-Operating Expenses		2020	2019	2018			
State Appropriations	\$	2,856,230	2,638,126	2,502,597			
County Property Taxes		6,971,596	6,698,824	6,514,295			
Pell Grants & SEOG Grants		1,619,497	1,613,301	1,650,977			
Investment Income & Gain (Loss) from Sale of Assets		188,755	142,074	33,772			
Contributions		1,317,122	136,685	243,614			
Interest on Capital Asset Debt		(244,202)	(252,827)	(261,386)			
Total Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses)	\$	12,708,998	10,976,183	10,683,869			

Non-operating revenue (expense) changes for fiscal year 2020 were the result of the following factors:

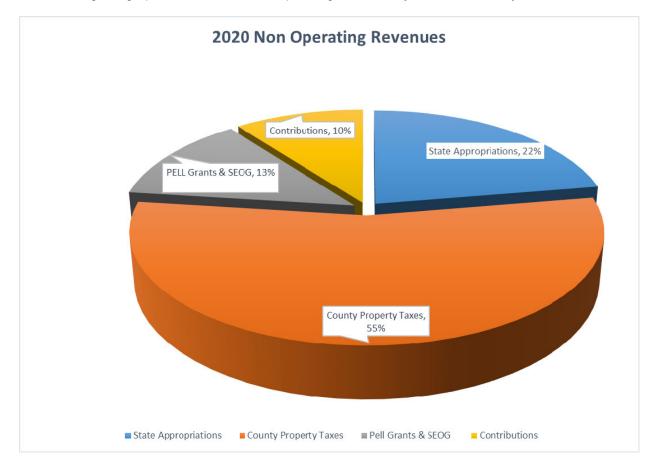
- State appropriations increased by \$218,104 due to an increase in funding from the state.
- County property taxes increased by \$272,772 due to an increase in collecting delinquent taxes.
- Pell Grants, SEOG and interest on capital asset debt remained relatively unchanged.
- Investment income and gain (loss from sale of assets) increased by \$46,681. This was due to a \$10 million reserve account balance.
- Contributions increased by \$1,180,437. This was due to fund raised dollars to help pay for the Steve Lampe Athletic Center.

Non-operating revenue (expense) changes for fiscal year 2019 were the result of the following factors:

- State appropriations increased by \$135,529 due to an increase in funding from the state.
- Investment income and gain (loss) from sale of assets increased \$108,302 due to increase in investment income from improved market conditions.
- Contributions decreased \$108,929 due to a decline in Endowment activity.

# **COLBY COMMUNITY COLLEGE** Management's Discussion and Analysis

For the Years Ended June 30, 2020 and 2019



The following is a graphic illustration of non-operating revenues by source for fiscal year 2020.

# **Statement of Cash Flows**

The primary purpose of this statement is to provide relevant information about the cash receipts and cash payments of an entity during a period. The statement of cash flows also may help users assess the following:

- An entity's ability to generate future net cash flows
- Its ability to meet its obligations as they come due
- Its need for external financing.

Cash flows for the year consist of the following:

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Years Ended June 30, 2020 and 2019

		2020	2019	2018
Cash (Used in) Provided by				
Operating Activities	\$	(8,407,492)	(7,233,292)	(7,541,253)
Investing Activities		188,150	181,196	71,413
Noncapital Financing Activities		12,766,445	11,045,936	10,915,483
Capital and Related Financing Activities		(2,993,823)	(1,346,813)	(1,083,342)
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents	5	1,553,280	2,647,027	2,362,301
Cash and Cash Equivalents - Beginning of Year		13,466,453	10,819,426	8,457,125
Cash - End of Year	\$	15,019,733	13,466,453	10,819,426

Net cash used for operating activities in 2020 totaled \$8.4 million. This was financed by \$12.7 million of net cash flows from noncapital financing activities such as property taxes and state appropriations. Net cash used for capital and related financing activities totaled \$3.0 million. The net result of all cash flows is an increase of \$1.6 million for 2020.

Net cash used for operating activities in 2019 totaled \$7.2 million. This was financed by \$11.0 million of net cash flows from noncapital financing activities such as property taxes and state appropriations. Net cash used for capital and related financing activities totaled \$1.3 million. The net result of all cash flows is an increase of \$2.6 million for 2019.

# **Capital Asset and Debt Administration**

# Capital Assets

At June 30, 2020, the College had approximately \$14.5 million invested in capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation of \$9.8 million. Depreciation and amortization charges totaled \$582,012.

Additional information about the College's capital assets can be found in Note 8.

# <u>Debt</u>

In 2017, the College refinanced series 2007 - Revenue bonds and series 2011 – Certificate of Participation (COP) bonds into one series 2016 – COP bonds with a lower interest rate saving the College approximately \$2 million over the life of the bonds. In 2020, the College made annual debt service payments on this debt. Additional information about the College's debt administration can be found in Note 10.

# Economic Factors That Will Affect the Future

Colby Community College receives funding from three major sources – property taxes, tuition and fees, and state appropriations.

Property taxes provide the largest proportion of revenues for operations.

Fiscal Year	Pro	operty Taxes	% Change by Year
2020	\$	6,971,596	4.07%
2019	\$	6,698,824	2.83%
2018	\$	6,514,295	8.22%
2017	\$	6,019,255	4.91%
2016	\$	5,737,364	7.42%

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Years Ended June 30, 2020 and 2019

Property taxes have increased over the past five years as taxable values on properties have increased. The College is projecting a decline in future projections of property taxes due to corn commodities and the future impact on the community. However, anticipated land valuations are projected to remain strong, and should help offset the loss of revenue in corn commodities.

Although the state of Kansas economic condition has improved, recent revenue estimates are not as optimistic as previously stated. Starting in FY 2016, revenues from the State for KPERS contributions were included in the state appropriations figure. Thus appearing that the state provided additional funding for operations.

State Appropriations								
Fiscal Year	(	Operations	% Change by Year					
2020	\$	2,856,230	8.27%					
2019	\$	2,638,126	5.42%					
2018	\$	2,502,597	0.35%					
2017	\$	2,493,932	-2.11%					
2016	\$	2,547,786	15.94%					

With limited growth in revenue, tuition and fees have been increased to maintain programs and services.

<b>Tuition and Fees</b>									
Fiscal Year	Inst	tate Tuition	% Change by Year						
2020	\$	75.50	2.03%						
2019	\$	74.00	2.78%						
2018	\$	72.00	2.86%						
2017	\$	70.00	0.00%						
2016	\$	70.00	7.69%						

Since 2016, instate tuition rates have increased \$5.50 per credit hour, or 7.8%. Tuition increases implemented since 2016 have remained consistent with inflation. Tuition charged to Colby Community College students remains below the national average.

Institutional efforts to reduce operating costs through attrition and cost cutting initiatives have been made and are an ongoing priority. Through these efforts, it has been possible to maintain affordable tuition for our community while providing outstanding educational programs and services in an inviting learning environment with qualified instructional and support faculty and staff.

The coronavirus pandemic has upended business as usual for Colby Community College. Not only have we shifted to remote learning almost overnight in the spring of 2020, but are also grappling with grave financial challenges as the US and world economies may face a recession. CCC's most immediate challenge involves cash flow. As we lose fees for dining services and other auxiliary revenues, we also face potentially unexpected expenses such as switching modalities, sending the students home, and potentially ongoing enrollment declines. While Colby Community College does maintain a healthy reserve, short-term unanticipated expenses and longer-term enrollment declines may likely threaten that strong position.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Years Ended June 30, 2020 and 2019

Colby Community College maintains strong communication efforts and is prepared for whatever may come. The characteristics that comprise CCC's unique student experience will not be compromised, no matter what happens with the crises. Finally, CCC remains the best option for current and prospective students in Northwest Kansas.

Additional information concerning the financial statements or the financial status of the College can be obtained by contacting the College business office at 1255 S. Range, Colby, Kansas, 67701.

Ms. Carolyn Kasdorf Vice President of Business Affairs and Chief Financial Officer Colby Community College

**Basic Financial Statements** 

Statements of Net Position

June 30, 2020 and 2019

	College		Found	ation
	2020	2019	2020	2019
ASSETS AND DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES				
Current Assets				
Cash - Unrestricted \$	15,019,733	13,466,453	1,277,581	1,823,903
Bookstore Receivables	634	-	-	-
Taxes Receivable, Net of Allowance	111,000	113,000	-	-
Accounts Receivable, Students, Net of Allowance for				
Doubtful Accounts of \$195,757 and \$226,240, Respectively	315,645	349,627	-	-
Federal and State Grants Receivable	496,962	83,164	-	-
Other Receivables	3,618	15,510	-	-
Unconditional Promises to Give	-	-	1,554	1,554
Accrued Interest Income	-	-	11,078	14,465
Inventory	142,546	128,408	-	-
Prepaid Insurance and Other Expenses	63,261	69,924	259	319
Total Current Assets	16,153,399	14,226,086	1,290,472	1,840,241
Noncurrent Assets				
Cash - Restricted	902,512	21,130	-	-
Contributions Receivable			-	_
Unconditional Promises to Give	-	-	21,446	22.330
Investments	_	_	5,256,742	5,634,370
TCCF Magnet Money Investment - Designated Until Funds are Matched	_	_	20.080	19,175
Land Held for Investment			225,870	225,870
Mineral Interest	-	_	22,404	58,207
Loans to Students		10,516	22,404	50,207
Capital Assets, Not Depreciated	318,044	318,044	_	_
Capital Assets, Not Depreciated	510,044	510,044	-	-
Depreciation of \$9,835,740 and \$9,293,674, Respectively	14,196,373	11,885,062	_	_
Construction in Process	14,130,373	428,007	-	-
	-	420,007	<u> </u>	
Total Noncurrent Assets	15,416,929	12,662,759	5,546,542	5,959,952
Total Assets	31,570,328	26,888,845	6,837,014	7,800,193
Deferred Outflows of Resources				
Deferred Outflows - Pension	27,822	34,500	-	-
Deferred Outflows - OPEB	232,134	249,990	-	-
Deferred Refunding, Net of Accumulated	,			
Amortization of \$59,057 and \$44,292, Respectively	265,757	280,521		
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	525,713	565,011	-	
Total Assets and Deferred Outflows of Resources	32.096.041	27.453.856	6.837.014	7.800.193
φ	,,-			.,

Statements of Net Position

June 30, 2020 and 2019

		College		Foundation		
	_	2020	2019	2020	2019	
LIABILITIES AND DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
Current Liabilities	\$	245 000	300,000	5,662		
Current Obligations - Certificate of Participation Bonds	Ф	315,000	,		-	
Accounts Payable		186,140	227,382	6,909	13,189	
Accrued Payroll and Benefits		493,507	402,402	-	-	
Compensated Absences		267,493	265,280	-	-	
Unearned Revenue		135,746	583,452	-	-	
Dorm Deposits		20,870	9,000	-	-	
Early Retirement Liability, Current Portion		12,694	23,910	-	-	
Accrued Interest Payable		36,380	37,880	-	-	
Deposits and Other Payables	_	80,769	18,996	<u> </u>		
Total Current Liabilities	_	1,548,599	1,868,302	12,571	13,189	
Neveringent Liekilities						
Noncurrent Liabilities		7 740 000	0.055.000	c 220		
Noncurrent Obligations - Certificate of Participation Bonds Bond Discount. Net of Accumulated Amortization		7,740,000	8,055,000	6,338	-	
		(22.950)	(24 695)	-	-	
of \$7,302 and \$5,476, Respectively		(32,859)	(34,685)			
Total OPEB Liability		1,381,748	1,772,375	-	-	
Net Pension Liability		164,617	187,528	-	-	
Early Retirement Liability, Noncurrent Portion		14,035	26,730	<u> </u>		
Total Noncurrent Liabilities	_	9,267,541	10,006,948	6,338		
Total Liabilities	_	10,816,140	11,875,250	18,909	13,189	
Deferred Inflows of Resources						
Deferred Inflows - Pension		50,590	48,012	_	-	
Deferred Inflows - OPEB		840,752	435,070	_	_	
Deletted Innows - Of ED	-	040,7 52	433,070	<u> </u>		
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	_	891,342	483,082	6,338		
Total Liabilities and Deferred Inflows of Resources	_	11,707,482	12,358,332	18,909	13,189	
NET POSITION						
Invested in Capital Assets, Net of Related Debt		6,758,034	4,591,319	-	_	
Restricted - Expendable		0,700,004	4,001,010			
Perkins Loan and Grant Funds		1,539,213	2,200,753	-	-	
Other		-	-	805,286	1,628,900	
Restricted - Nonexpendable		-	-	5,614,296	5,502,757	
Unrestricted		12,091,312	8,303,452	398,523	655,347	
	-		, -	.,	- , -	
Total Net Position	_	20,388,559	15,095,524	6,818,105	7,787,004	
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Net Position	\$_	32,096,041	27,453,856	6,837,014	7,800,193	

# Statements of Revenues, Expenses and Change in Net Position For the Years Ended June 30, 2020 and 2019

		Coll	eae	Foundation		
		2020	2019	2020	2019	
Operating Revenues						
Tuition and Fees	\$	5,258,202	5,144,537	-	-	
Less: Student Aid/Discount		(1,090,904)	(1,055,162)	-	-	
Less: Bad Debt Expense	_	(99,558)	(152,593)			
Net Tuition and Fees		4,067,740	3,936,782	-	-	
Federal Grants and Contracts		917,159	512,167	-	-	
State Grants and Contracts		107,383	69,524	-	-	
Other Grants and Contracts		602,740	58,358	-	2,974	
Auxiliary Income		1,431,911	2,035,784	-	-	
Other Income		411,403	517,685	11	18	
Contributions and Other Fundraisers		-		786,513	1,110,628	
Total Operating Revenues		7,538,336	7,130,300	786,524	1,113,620	
Operating Expenses						
Educational Services						
Academics, Instructional and Support		5,513,180	4,875,212	-	-	
Community Service		70,419	68,093	-	-	
Student Support Services		887,900	1,045,643	1,640,257	390,629	
Federal Work Study		-	208	-	-	
Pell Grant Expense		1,556,474	1,572,390	-	-	
SEOG Expense		63,023	26,041	-	-	
Support Services						
Academic Support		415,858	408,559	-	-	
Athletics		1,369,797	1,424,540	-	-	
Auxiliary Enterprises		640,675	1,090,812	-	-	
Development		102,144	94,760	-	-	
Facilities		1,027,582	1,091,261	-	-	
General and Administrative		979,922	735,180	163,672	249,870	
Institutional Support		1,745,313	2,166,349	-	-	
Depreciation and Amortization	_	582,012	572,505	-		
Total Operating Expenses		14,954,299	15,171,553	1,803,929	640,499	
Net Operating Income (Loss)		(7,415,963)	(8,041,253)	(1,017,405)	473,121	
Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)						
State Appropriations		2,856,230	2,638,126	-	-	
County Property Taxes		6,971,596	6,698,824	-	-	
Pell Grants		1,556,474	1,572,390	-	-	
SEOG Grants		63,023	40,911	-	-	
Investment Income		188,150	181,196	287,099	265,449	
Unrealized Appreciation(Depreciation)		,	,			
on Investments		-	(20, 402)	(248,520)	177,365	
Gain (Loss) From Sale of Assets		605	(39,122)	-	-	
Contributions		1,317,122	136,685	-	-	
Interest on Capital Asset Debt		(244,202)	(252,827)	-	-	
Other Income	_	-		9,927	9,759	
Net Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)	_	12,708,998	10,976,183	48,506	452,573	
Change in Net Position		5,293,035	2,934,930	(968,899)	925,694	
Net Position - Beginning of Year	_	15,095,524	12,160,594	7,787,004	6,861,310	
Net Position - End of Year	\$_	20,388,559	15,095,524	6,818,105	7,787,004	

# Statements of Cash Flows

For the Years Ended June 30, 2020 and 2019

Cash Flows From Operating Activities Student Tuition and Fees, Net of Discount Grants and Contracts Auxiliary Enterprise Revenue Payments to Employees and for Employee Benefits Payments to Suppliers Auxiliary Enterprise Expense Other Receipts	\$	2020 3,664,532 1,199,346 1,443,147 (7,874,067) (5,741,688) (640,675) 423,295	2019 4,340,212 656,658 2,011,814 (7,820,971) (5,836,556) (1,090,812) 527,493
Net Cash Used by Operating Activities	_	(7,526,110)	(7,212,162)
Cash Flows From Investing Activities Interest on Investments		188,150	181,196
Cash Flows From Noncapital Financing Activities State Appropriations County Property Taxes Pell and SEOG Grants Contributions	_	2,856,230 6,973,596 1,619,497 1,317,122	2,638,126 6,657,824 1,613,301 136,685
Net Cash Provided by Noncapital Financing Activities	_	12,766,445	11,045,936
Cash Flows From Capital and Related Financing Activities Purchase of Capital Assets Principal Paid on Long-Term Debt Interest Paid on Long-Term Debt Proceeds From Sale of Assets	_	(2,465,316) (300,000) (229,112) 605	(848,450) (285,000) (237,663) 24,300
Net Cash Used by Capital and Related Financing Activities	_	(2,993,823)	(1,346,813)
Net Increase in Cash		2,434,662	2,668,157
Cash - Beginning of Year	_	13,487,583	10,819,426
Cash - End of Year	\$_	15,922,245	13,487,583
Cash - Restricted	\$ 	15,019,733 902,512 15,922,245	13,466,453 21,130 13,487,583

Statements of Cash Flows For the Years Ended June 30, 2020 and 2019

Reconciliation of Net Operating Loss to Net Cash Used by Operating Activities			
	-	2020	2019
Net Operating Loss	\$	(7,415,963)	(8,041,253)
Adjustments to Reconcile Net Operating Loss to Net Cash			
Used by Operating Activities			
Depreciation and Amortization		582,012	572,505
Changes in Operating Assets and Liabilities			
(Increase) Decrease in			
Accounts Receivable		33,982	(103,055)
Federal Grants Receivable		(413,798)	(46,303)
Other Receivables		11,258	9,913
Inventory		(14,138)	62,912
Prepaid Insurance and Other Expenses		6,663	(15,869)
Loans to Students		10,516	-
Increase (Decrease) in			
Accounts Payable		(41,242)	22,991
Accrued Payroll and Benefits		88,663	(133,782)
Other Liabilities		73,643	(46,706)
Unearned Revenue		(447,706)	506,485
	•	<u>_</u>	
Net Cash Used by Operating Activities	\$	(7,526,110)	(7,212,162)

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2020 and 2019

# **NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES**

#### Organization

**Colby Community College** is located in northwest Kansas in Thomas County. The College was organized and established in 1964 under the provisions of then Section 72-6901 *et. seq.* of Kansas Statutes Annotated (now K.S.A. 71-201 *et seq.*). The College is a public two-year community college offering a comprehensive curriculum with liberal arts and sciences, as well as vocational and technical programs for credit and noncredit students from Thomas County and surrounding communities.

The financial statements of the College have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America as applied to government units. The College's reports are based on applicable Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) pronouncements and its accounting policies conform to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America as applicable to colleges and universities.

#### Financial Reporting Entity

The College is governed by an elected six-member board. As required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, these financial statements present **Colby Community College** (the primary government) and its component unit. The component unit is included in the College's reporting entity because of the significance of its operational or financial relationship with the College.

Colby Community College Endowment Foundation is a discretely presented component unit of the College and is included in the component unit column in the College's basic financial statements. It is reported in a separate column to emphasize that it is a not-for-profit entity legally separate from the College. Foundation board members are appointed by the existing Foundation board members. The discretely presented component unit has a June 30 year end.

Colby Community College Endowment Foundation is a not-for-profit corporation organized under the laws of the State of Kansas to raise funds to support the educational undertakings of **Colby Community College**, and to receive and hold in trust any property, real or personal, given, devised, bequeathed, given in trust or in any other way made to the corporation for the use or benefit of any student or employee as designated by the donor, grantor, or testator, or in the case of an unrestricted gift, then to such uses as may be agreed on by the Board of Trustees.

Colby Community College Endowment Foundation is a not-for-profit corporation under Internal Revenue Code Section 501(c)(3) and is not considered a private foundation. The Foundation reports its financial results under Financial Accounting Standard Board (FASB) Statements. As such, certain revenue recognition criteria and presentation features are different from GASB revenue recognition criteria and presentation shave been made to the Foundation's financial information in the College's financial reporting entity for these differences. The component unit's financial data has, however, been aggregated into like categories for presentation purposes.

Separately issued audited financial statements for the Foundation may be obtained from the College's administrative office.

#### **Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting**

For financial statement reporting purposes, the College is considered a special-purpose government engaged only in business-type activities. Accordingly, the College's financial statements are prepared using the flow of economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized in the accounting period in which they are earned and expenses are recorded when an obligation has been incurred. All significant intra-agency transactions have been eliminated.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2020 and 2019

Non-exchange transactions, in which the College receives value without directly giving equal value in return, include property taxes; federal, state and local grants; state appropriations and other contributions. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the period for which the levy is intended to finance. Revenue from grants, state appropriations, and other contributions are recognized in the year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. Eligibility requirements include timing requirements, which specify the year when the resources are required to be used in the fiscal year when use is first permitted; matching requirements, in which the College must provide local resources to be used for a specified purpose; and expenditure requirements, in which the resources are provided to the College on a reimbursement basis.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the College's policy to use restricted resources first and then unrestricted resources as needed.

# Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

#### Cash

For purposes of the statements of cash flows, the College considers all unrestricted, highly liquid deposits with original maturities of three months or less as cash. The Foundation's cash balances consist of cash held in checking accounts, money markets accounts, and certificates of deposit at various financial institutions. Cash contributions that are restricted by the donor for long-term purposes are not included in the definition of cash even though the funds are invested in short-term liquid investments. The Foundation routinely invests its surplus operating funds in money market mutual funds. These funds generally invest in highly liquid U.S. government and agency obligations.

# **Property Taxes**

Property taxes are levied each calendar year on all taxable real property located in the taxing district. Property taxes are recorded on an accrual basis of accounting. The College's property taxes are assessed on a calendar year basis, are levied, and become a lien on the property on November 1<sup>st</sup> of each year. The determination of assessed valuation and the collection of property taxes for all political subdivisions in the State of Kansas is the responsibility of the various counties. The County Appraiser's Office annually determines assessed valuation and the County Clerk spreads the annual assessment to the taxing units. One-half of the property taxes are due December 20<sup>th</sup> and the second half is due May 10<sup>th</sup>. The College draws available funds from the County Treasurer's office at designated times throughout the year.

Collection of current year property tax by the County Treasurer is not completed, apportioned nor distributed to the various subdivisions until the succeeding year, such procedure being in conformity with governing state statutes. Consequently, for revenue recognition purposes, taxes levied during the current year are not due and receivable until the ensuing year. A percent of property taxes levied in November 2019 are normally distributed after June 30, 2020 and are presented as accounts receivable. As of June 30, 2020 and 2019, the County Treasurer had distributed to the College approximately 96% of ad valorem taxes levied in the prior year. The receivable for taxes in process was \$111,000 and \$113,000 at June 30, 2020 and 2019, respectively.

It is not practicable to apportion delinquent taxes held by the County Treasurer at the end of the audit period and, further, the amounts thereof are not material in relationship to the financial statements taken as a whole. Delinquent tax payments are recognized as revenue in the year received.

#### COLBY COMMUNITY COLLEGE Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2020 and 2019

# Accounts Receivable

Accounts receivable consists of tuition and fee charges to students and auxiliary enterprise services provided to students, faculty and staff. Accounts receivable also include amounts due from the federal government, state and local governments (including property taxes) or private sources, in connection with reimbursement of allowable expenditures made pursuant to the College's grants and contracts. Accounts receivable are recorded net of estimated allowances for uncollectible amounts.

Management determines the adequacy of the allowance for doubtful accounts based upon a level that in management's judgment is adequate to absorb the losses inherent to student services. Amounts determined uncollectible are charged to the allowance account and removed from accounts receivable.

#### **Unconditional Promises to Give**

Unconditional promises to give are recorded when commitments are received. Unconditional promises to give that are expected to be collected within one year are recorded at net realizable value. Generally accepted accounting principles require that unconditional promises to give that are due beyond the next year be discounted using risk free interest rates. Unconditional promises to give are not included as support until the conditions are substantially met.

#### Inventory and Prepaid Items

Inventory consists of items held for resale by the bookstore and is stated at the lower of cost or net realizable value. The College also holds farm inventory items which are held for resale by the farm program and are valued at net realizable value. The value is recorded as expense as the inventories are depleted. The College records certain payments to vendors that reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods as prepaid items in its financial statements.

#### Investments

The Foundation has a policy of pooling assets for investment purposes unless the governing instruments prohibit such pooling. Investments are reported at fair value as of June 30, 2020. A portion of the investment return is allocated to the funds in accordance with the Foundation's accounting policy. Investment income and gains and losses restricted by a donor are reported as increases or decrease in restricted net position if the restrictions are met either by passage of time or by use in the reporting period in which the income and gains are recognized.

Contributions are generally available for unrestricted use in the year of the gift unless specifically restricted by the donor. Pledges are recorded as receivables in the year made. Amounts received or pledged that are designated for use or payment in future periods or restricted by the donor for specific purposes are reported as increases in restricted net position.

# **Donor Restricted Gifts**

Unconditional promises to give cash and other assets to the Foundation are reported at fair value at the date the promise is received. Conditional promises to give and indications of intentions to give are reported at fair value at the date the gift is received. The gifts are reported as restricted net position if they are received with donor stipulations that limit the use of the donated assets.

Contributions of noncash assets are recorded at their fair values in the period received. Contributions of donated services that create or enhance nonfinancial assets or that require specialized skills, are provided by individuals possessing those skills, and would typically need to be purchased if not provided by donation, are recorded at their fair values in the period received.

During the year ended June 30, 2020 and 2019, the value of contributed services and assets meeting the requirements for recognition in the financial statements was \$39,865 and \$141,516, respectively. In addition, many individuals volunteer their time and perform a variety of tasks that assist the Foundation.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2020 and 2019

In-kind revenues are included in Contributions and Other Fundraisers on the Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Change in Net Position.

#### **Capital Assets**

Capital assets include property, plant, equipment and infrastructure, such as streets, sidewalks, parking lots, water system and sewer system. Capital assets are defined by the College as assets with an initial unit cost of \$5,000 or more. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated acquisition value at the date of donation. Additions, improvements and other capital outlays that significantly extend the useful life of an asset are capitalized as projects are constructed. The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the assets or materially extend the assets' lives are not capitalized.

Construction in progress is stated at cost, which includes the cost of construction and other direct costs attributable to the construction. No provision for depreciation is made on construction in progress until such time as the relevant assets are completed and put into use. Construction in progress at June 30, 2019 represents the construction of a softball clubhouse and athletic facility and the remodeling of the student dorms and Ferguson hall. These projects were placed in service for the year ended June 30, 2020.

Property, plant, and equipment of the College are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Assets	Years
Buildings	50
Land Improvements	20
Machinery and Equipment	7-15
Vehicles	8
Computer Hardware/Software	5

The Foundation follows the practice of capitalizing all expenditures for property and equipment over \$500. The fair value of donated fixed assets is similarly capitalized. Depreciation expense is determined using the straight-line method over the estimated useful life of each asset.

# Deferred Inflows of Resources/Deferred Outflows of Resources

In addition to assets and liabilities, the statement of net position may report a separate section for deferred outflows and deferred inflows of resources. Deferred outflows of resources represent a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. Deferred inflows of resources represent an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The College has deferred outflows and deferred inflows for pensions and OPEB that qualify for reporting in this category. The College reports deferred charges on early retirement on debt refunding. The deferred charge on refunding results from the difference in the carrying value of refunded debt and its reacquisition price. The amount is deferred and amortized over the shorter of the life of the refunded or refunding debt and recorded as a deferred outflow. See Note 19 and 21, respectively, for more information on the deferred outflows and deferred inflows for pensions and OPEB.

# **On-Behalf Payments for Employee Benefits**

The College recognizes revenues and expenses for the contributions made by the State of Kansas to the Kansas Public Employees Retirement System (KPERS and KPERS Death and Disability OPEB Plan) on behalf of the College's employees.

#### Net Position

The College's net position is classified as follows:

- a. *Invested in capital assets, net of related debt*: This represents the College's total investment in capital assets, net of outstanding debt obligations related to those capital assets.
- b. *Restricted net position expendable*: Restricted expendable net position includes resources in which the College is legally or contractually obligated to spend resources in accordance with restrictions imposed by external third parties.
- c. Restricted net position nonexpendable: Nonexpendable restricted net position consists of endowment and similar type funds in which donors or other outside sources have stipulated, as a condition of the gift instrument, that the principal is to be maintained inviolate and in perpetuity, and invested for the purpose of producing present and future income, which may either be expended or added to principal, in accordance with donor restrictions.
- d. Unrestricted net position: Unrestricted net position represents resources derived from student tuition and fees, state appropriations, sales and services of auxiliary enterprises. These resources are used for transactions relating to the educational and general operations of the College and may be used at the discretion of the governing board to meet current expenses for any lawful purpose. These resources also include auxiliary enterprises, which are substantially self-supporting activities that provide services for students, faculty and staff.

#### **Revenue Classification**

The College has classified its revenues as either operating or nonoperating according to the following criteria:

*Operating Revenues* – Operating revenues include activities that have the characteristics of exchange transactions, such as (1) student tuition and fees net of scholarship allowances, (2) sales and services of auxiliary enterprises, (3) most federal, state and local grants and contracts, and (4) interest on institutional student loans.

Nonoperating Revenues – Nonoperating revenues include activities that have the characteristics of nonexchange transactions, such as gifts and contributions and other revenue sources that are defined as nonoperating revenues by GASB Statement No. 9, *Reporting Cash Flows of Proprietary and Nonexpendable Trust Funds and Governmental Entities That Use Proprietary Fund Accounting*, and GASB Statement No. 34, such as state aid, property taxes and investment income.

Pell grant receipts are classified as nonoperating revenues and any amounts applied to student receivable accounts are recorded as scholarship discounts or allowances per guidance provided in GASB Statement No. 24, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Certain Grants and Other Financial Assistance*.

# Federal Financial Assistance Programs

The College participates in federally funded PELL Grants, SEOG Grants, Federal Work-Study, Federal Direct Loans, and Perkins Loan programs. Federal programs are audited in accordance with Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* (CFR) Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards*.

#### Scholarship Allowances

Student tuition and fee revenues and certain other revenues from students are reported net of scholarship allowances in the statements of revenues, expenses, and change in net position. Scholarship allowances are the difference between the stated charge for goods and services provided by the College and the amount that is paid by students and/or third parties making payments on the student's behalf. Certain

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2020 and 2019

governmental grants, such as PELL, Supplemental Educational Opportunity Grants (SEOG), and other federal, state or nongovernmental programs are recorded as either operating or nonoperating revenues in the College's financial statements. To the extent that revenues from such programs are used to satisfy tuition and fees and other student charges, the College has recorded a scholarship allowance.

#### Income Taxes

The College, as a political subdivision of the State of Kansas, is excluded from federal income taxes under Section 115(1) of the Internal Revenue Code, as amended.

The Foundation is exempt from federal income taxes on related income under Section 501(a) of the Internal Revenue Code (IRC), as an organization described in IRC Section 501(c)(3). Further, the Foundation has been classified as an organization that is not a private foundation under IRC Section 509(a) and, as such, contributions to the Foundation qualify for deduction as charitable contributions. However, income generated from activities unrelated to the Foundation's exempt purpose is subject to tax under IRC Section 511. The Foundation did not have any material unrelated business income tax liability for the years ended June 30, 2020 and 2019.

Generally accepted accounting principles prescribe the accounting for uncertainty in income taxes and a recognition threshold and measurement attribute for the financial statement recognition and measurement of a tax position taken or expected to be taken in a tax return. There was no effect on the financial statements as a result of adopting this interpretation as the Foundation believes it does not have any material uncertain tax positions reflected in its financial statements. Tax years that remain subject to examination in the Foundation's major jurisdictions are for the years ended June 30, 2020, 2019 and 2018.

# **Budgetary Information**

Kansas statutes require that an annual operating budget be legally adopted for the general fund, special purpose funds (unless specifically exempted by statute), bond and interest funds, and business funds. Although directory rather than mandatory, the statutes provide for the following sequence and timetable in the adoption of the legal annual operating budget:

- a. Preparation of the budget for the succeeding calendar year on or before August 1st.
- b. Publication in local newspaper on or before August 5th of the proposed budget and notice of public hearing on the budget.
- c. Public hearing on or before August 15th, but at least 10 days after publication of notice of hearing.
- d. Adoption of the final budget on or before August 25th.

The statutes allow for the governing body to increase the originally adopted budget for previously unbudgeted increases in revenue other than ad valorem property taxes. To do this, a notice of public hearing to amend the budget must be published in the local newspaper. At least 10 days after publication, the hearing may be held and the governing body may amend the budget at that time. There were no such budget amendments for the year ended June 30, 2020.

The statutes permit transferring budgeted amounts between line items within an individual fund. However, such statutes prohibit expenditures in excess of the total amount of the adopted budget of expenditures of individual funds. Budget comparison schedules are presented for each fund showing actual receipts and expenditures compared to legally budgeted receipts and expenditures.

All legal annual operating budgets are prepared using the regulatory basis of accounting, in which revenues are recognized when cash is received and expenditures include disbursements, accounts

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2020 and 2019

payable, and encumbrances, with disbursements being adjusted for prior year's accounts payable and encumbrances. Encumbrances are commitments by the College for future payments and are supported by a document evidencing the commitment, such as a purchase order or contract. Any unused budgeted expenditure authority lapses at year end.

Spending in funds which are not subject to the legal annual operating budget requirement is controlled by federal regulations, other statutes, or by the use of internal spending limits established by the Board.

# **Budgetary Compliance – Regulatory Basis**

By statute, the College prepares its annual budget on the regulatory basis of accounting. A reconciliation of these regulatory basis statements to the GAAP statements is presented in the notes to supplementary information.

# NOTE 2 – CASH

**Colby Community College** follows the practice of pooling cash and investments of all funds. Each fund's portion of total cash and investments is summarized in the individual fund financial statements.

K.S.A. 9-1401 establishes the depositories which may be used by the College. The statute requires banks eligible to hold the College's funds have a main or branch bank in the county in which the College is located, or in an adjoining county if such institution has been designated as an official depository, and the banks provide an acceptable rate of return on funds. In addition, K.S.A. 9-1402 requires the banks to pledge securities for deposits in excess of FDIC coverage. The College has no other policies that would further limit interest rate risk.

K.S.A. 12-1675 limits the College's investment of idle funds to time deposits, open accounts, and certificates of deposit with allowable financial institutions; U.S. government securities; temporary notes; no-fund warrants; repurchase agreements; and the Kansas Municipal Investment Pool. The College has no investment policy that would further limit its investment choices.

# Concentration of Credit Risk

State statutes place no limit on the amount the College may invest in any one issuer as long as the investments are adequately secured under K.S.A. 9-1402 and K.S.A. 9-1405.

# Custodial Credit Risk – Deposits

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the College's deposits may not be returned to it. State statutes require the College's deposits in financial institutions to be entirely covered by federal depository insurance or by collateral held under a joint custody receipt issued by a bank within the State of Kansas, the Federal Reserve Bank of Kansas City, or the Federal Home Loan Bank of Topeka, except during designated "peak periods" when required coverage is 50%. The College does not use "peak periods".

The College's carrying amount of deposits was \$15,922,245 and \$13,487,583 and the bank balance was \$16,075,052 and \$13,648,622 at June 30, 2020 and 2019, respectively. The bank balance was held by six banks resulting in a concentration of credit risk. Of the bank balance, \$6,520,839 and \$3,354,098 was covered by federal depository insurance, \$6,409,213 and \$10,044,524 was collateralized with securities held by pledging financial institutions' agents in the College's name, and \$3,145,000 and \$- was covered by a line of credit at June 30, 2020 and 2019, respectively. The remaining \$250,000 was not legally secured at June 30, 2019.

The total carrying amount of the Foundation's deposits was \$1,277,581 and \$1,823,903 at June 30, 2020 and 2019, respectively. The bank balance at year end consisted of checking accounts, certificates of deposit, money market accounts, and money market accounts in mutual funds in the amount of

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2020 and 2019

\$1,381,320 and \$1,826,131 at June 30, 2020 and 2019, respectively. Of the Foundation's cash balance at June 30, 2020 and 2019, \$998,931 and \$915,904 was covered by federal depository insurance and \$382,389 and \$282,892 was covered by Securities Investor Protection Corporation. The remaining balance of \$627,335 was unsecured at June 30, 2019. The Foundation believes its exposure to such credit risk is sufficiently infrequent to consider additional protection.

# Custodial Credit Risk – Investments

For an investment, this is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the issuer or counterparty, the College will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. State statutes require investments to be adequately secured. The College had no investments at June 30, 2020 and 2019.

# NOTE 3 – RESTRICTED CASH

Cash is restricted for the following purposes:

Flexible Spending Funds Blue Cross/Blue Shield Self-Insured Funds	\$	2020 26,743 875,769	2019 21,130 -
Total Restricted Cash	\$ _	902,512	21,130

# NOTE 4 – INVESTMENTS AND INVESTMENT RETURN

The Foundation's investment policy is established to direct the investment of funds in a manner that maximizes potential return based on current market conditions without assuming undue risk. The policy calls for a diversification of fixed income investments to provide predictable and dependable returns and equity investments to provide the opportunity for growth and appreciation of principal.

The Foundation presents its investments at their fair value as of June 30, 2020 and 2019 with the unrealized gains and losses included in the change in net assets. Fair value is determined using quoted prices in active markets for identical assets.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2020 and 2019

The Foundation has not evaluated its investments for impairment. The following is a detailed listing of the Foundation's investments at June 30, 2020:

Description of Asset		Cost Basis	Fair Market Value	Unrealized Gain (Loss)
Stocks				, <u> </u>
Edward Jones	\$	58,708	180,160	121,452
First National Bank & Trust		653,221	1,004,634	351,413
Investment Professionals, Inc.		28,871	27,865	(1,006)
Southern Company	_	17,787	38,599	20,812
Total Stocks	_	758,587	1,251,258	492,671
Mutual Funds				
Edward Jones		976,184	893,493	(82,691)
First National Bank & Trust		91,015	115,361	24,346
Investment Professionals, Inc.		35,869	41,780	5,911
Sunflower Bank		783,536	895,759	112,223
Raymond James	_	100,188	97,794	(2,394)
Total Mutual Funds		1,986,792	2,044,187	57,395
Bonds				
Edward Jones		153,819	188,032	34,213
First National Bank & Trust		838,566	855,477	16,911
Ameriprise		46,834	54,449	7,615
Sunflower - Agency		876,662	863,339	(13,323)
Total Bonds	_	1,915,881	1,961,297	45,416
Total Investments	\$	4,661,260	5,256,742	595,482

Investment return has been allocated between restricted and unrestricted net position based on donors' explicit stipulation, and where appropriate, board directive.

	Without	With	
	Donor	Donor	
	Restrictions	Restrictions	Total
Interest and Dividends	\$ 4,828	49,442	54,270
Royalty Income	-	4,340	4,340
Capital Gain Distributions	5,700	58,361	64,061
Realized Gain	16,532	169,280	185,812
Administrative Fees	(1,903)	(19,481)	(21,384)
Unrealized Loss	(20,366)	(228,154)	(248,520)
Net Investment Return	\$ 4,791	33,788	38,579

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2020 and 2019

Description of Asset		Cost Basis	Fair Market Value	Unrealized Gain (Loss)
Stocks			·	
Edward Jones	\$	55,156	208,175	153,019
First National Bank & Trust		639,323	1,049,338	410,015
Investment Professionals, Inc.		35,030	33,582	(1,448)
Southern Company	_	17,787	41,153	23,366
Total Stocks		747,296	1,332,248	584,952
Mutual Funds				
Edward Jones		852,014	876,151	24,137
First National Bank & Trust		53,628	69,289	15,661
Investment Professionals, Inc.		34,027	43,812	9,785
Sunflower Bank	_	1,092,728	1,211,529	118,801
Total Mutual Funds		2,032,397	2,200,781	168,384
Total Stocks and Mutual Funds		2,779,693	3,533,029	753,336
Bonds				
Edward Jones		124,267	174,646	50,379
Farm Bureau NQ Annuity		53,333	53,333	-
First National Bank & Trust		804,744	820,275	15,531
Ameriprise		46,194	52,920	6,726
Sunflower - Agency	_	985,458	1,000,167	14,709
Total Bonds		2,013,996	2,101,341	87,345
Total Investments	\$	4,793,689	5,634,370	840,681

Following is a detailed listing of the Foundation's investments at June 30, 2019:

Investment return has been allocated between restricted and unrestricted net position based on donors' explicit stipulation, and where appropriate, board directive.

	Unrestricted	Restricted	Total
Interest and Dividends	\$ 843	63,684	64,527
Royalty Income	-	11,859	11,859
Capital Gain Distributions	1,073	80,978	82,051
Realized Gain	1,682	126,923	128,605
Administrative Fees	(282)	(21,311)	(21,593)
Unrealized Gain	48,156	129,209	177,365
Net Investment Return	\$ 51,472	391,342	442,814

#### Fair Value Measurements

Accounting guidance establishes the framework for measuring fair value. That framework provides a fair value hierarchy that prioritizes the inputs to valuation techniques used to measure fair value. The hierarchy gives the highest priority to unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2020 and 2019

liabilities (level 1 measurements) and the lowest priority to unobservable inputs (level 3 measurements). The three levels of fair value hierarchy are described below.

- Level 1 Quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.
- Level 2 Observable inputs other than Level 1 prices, such as quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities; quoted prices in markets that are not active; or other inputs that are observable or can be corroborated by observable market data for substantially the full-term of the assets or liabilities.
- Level 3 Unobservable inputs that are supported by little or no market activity and that are significant to the fair value of the assets or liabilities.

The asset's or liability's fair value measurement level within the fair value hierarchy is based on the lowest level of any input that is significant to the fair value measurement. Valuation techniques used need to maximize the use of observable inputs and minimize the use of unobservable inputs.

Following is a description of the inputs and valuation methodologies used for assets and liabilities measured at fair value on a recurring basis:

Mutual funds, stocks, bonds and fixed income securities are valued at the closing price reported on the active market on which the individual securities are traded. The value of TCCF Magnet Money is based on the percentage determined by dividing the current principal of the Foundation's fund by the value of the total assets of the Community Foundation.

The current fair value of the land held for investment was determined by the investment company's internal appraisal that is completed on an annual basis. Every three years, the investment company receives an appraisal on the land by an independent outside third party. The fair value of the land at June 30, 2020 and 2019 was determined by the investment company.

The fair value of the mineral rights owned by the Foundation is estimated by calculating five times the average annual cash flow. The convention is to simply multiply the average of the 12-month cash flow generated by the property or collection of properties by 5. In order for the Foundation to determine the estimated fair value of these assets, the Foundation would incur excessive costs which could affect the Foundation's programs and activities.

The preceding methods described may produce a fair value calculation that may not be indicative of net realizable value or reflective of future fair values. Furthermore, although the Foundation believes its valuation methods are appropriate and consistent with other market participants, the use of different methodologies or assumptions to determine the fair value of certain financial instruments could result in a different fair value measurement at the reporting date.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2020 and 2019

The following table presents assets measured at fair value by classification within the fair value hierarchy as of June 30, 2020.

			Fair Value Measurements at June 30, 2020		
	-	Fair Value	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3
Investments					
Stocks	\$	1,251,258	1,251,258	-	-
Mutual Funds		2,044,187	2,044,187	-	-
Bonds and Fixed Income Sec.	-	1,961,297	1,961,297		
Total Investments	\$_	5,256,742	5,256,742		
Other Investments					
TCCF Magnet Money	\$	20,080	-	-	20,080
Land Held for Investment		225,870	-	-	225,870
Mineral Interest	-	22,404			22,404
Total Other Investments	\$_	268,354	<u> </u>		268,354

The following summarizes the Foundation's activities related to those items measured at fair value using level three inputs for the year ended June 30, 2020.

	Other Investments
Fair Value – July 1, 2019 Change in Value of Other Investments	\$ 303,252 (34,898)
Fair Value – June 30, 2020	\$ 268,354

The following table presents assets measured at fair value by classification within the fair value hierarchy as of June 30, 2019.

			Fair Value Measurements at June 30, 2019			
	_	Fair Value	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	
Investments	_					
Stocks	\$	1,332,248	1,332,248	-	-	
Mutual Funds		2,200,781	2,200,781	-	-	
Bonds and Fixed Income Sec.	\$_	2,101,341	2,101,341			
Total Investments	\$_	5,634,370	5,634,370			
Other Investments						
TCCF Magnet Money	\$	19,175	-	-	19,175	
Land Held for Investment		225,870	-	-	225,870	
Mineral Interest	_	58,207			58,207	
Total Other Investments	\$_	303,252	<u> </u>		303,252	

The following summarizes the Foundation's activities related to those items measured at fair value using level three inputs for the year ended June 30, 2019.

	Other Investments
Fair Value – July 1, 2018	\$ 292,636
Change in Value of Other Investments	10,616
Fair Value – June 30, 2019	\$ 303,252

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2020 and 2019

There were no transfers between levels one and two and there were no transfers in or out of level three during the year.

# NOTE 5 – UNCONDITIONAL PROMISES TO GIVE

Unconditional promises to give that are due beyond the next year are discounted using a risk-free interest rate of 3.0%. Unconditional promises to give consisted of the following at June 30:

	2020 Restricted		2019 Restricted	
Unconditional Promises to Give	\$	25,936	27,489	
Less Present Value		(2,936)	(3,605)	
	\$	23,000	23,884	
Amount expected				
Within one year	\$	1,554	1,554	
One to five years		21,446	5,775	
Over five years		-	16,555	
Total	\$	23,000	23,884	

# NOTE 6 - TCCF MAGNET MONEY INVESTMENT

On June 14, 2010, the Foundation entered into an agreement with Thomas County Community Foundation, Inc. to establish an agency fund with a magnet money option in the amount of \$10,000. The magnet money option allows the Foundation to place its endowment funds with the Community Foundation for management and investment. As the original investment is matched by outside donations, the Foundation may withdraw the original investment as long as that particular agency endowed fund keeps a minimum balance of \$10,000 in principal. The Community Foundation does maintain variance power; however, the Colby Community College Endowment Foundation's Trustees retain the power to withdraw this money. The Community Foundation has the power to retain, invest and reinvest the funds for investment purposes.

# NOTE 7 – LAND HELD FOR INVESTMENT

On December 29, 2009, a parcel of land was donated to the Foundation with an estimated fair value of \$107,200 at the date of donation. The land was received as a contribution with donor restrictions. The current fair value was determined by the investment company's internal appraisal that is completed annually. Every three years, the investment company receives an appraisal on the land by an independent outside third party. The land is classified as land held for investment at June 30, 2020 and 2019 and had a fair value of \$225,870.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2020 and 2019

# **NOTE 8 – CAPITAL ASSETS**

The following is a summary of changes in the various capital asset categories for the year ended June 30, 2020.

		Beginning Balance	Increases	Decreases	Ending Balance
Land	\$	30,044	-	-	30,044
Land Improvements		288,000	-	-	288,000
Buildings		17,896,520	2,694,949	-	20,591,469
Equipment		1,455,903	47,758	-	1,503,661
Vehicles		724,715	47,748	(39,950)	732,513
Computer Hardware/Software	-	1,101,598	102,872		1,204,470
Total		21,496,780	2,893,327	(39,950)	24,350,157
Accumulated Depreciation		(9,293,674)	(582,012)	39,946	(9,835,740)
Construction in Progress	-	428,007	2,266,941	(2,694,948)	
Capital Assets, Net	\$	12,631,113	4,578,256	(2,694,952)	14,514,417

The following is a summary of changes in the various capital asset categories for the year ended June 30, 2019.

		Beginning			Ending
	_	Balance	Increases	Decreases	Balance
Land	\$	40,000	-	(9,956)	30,044
Land Improvements		288,000	-	-	288,000
Buildings		17,754,230	142,290	-	17,896,520
Equipment		1,263,918	197,785	(5,800)	1,455,903
Vehicles		711,658	85,316	(72,259)	724,715
Computer Hardware/Software	-	1,101,598	<u> </u>		1,101,598
Total		21,159,404	425,391	(88,015)	21,496,780
Accumulated Depreciation		(8,745,762)	(572,505)	24,593	(9,293,674)
Construction in Progress	-	4,948	428,007	(4,948)	428,007
Capital Assets, Net	\$_	12,418,590	280,893	(68,370)	12,631,113

# NOTE 9 – UNEARNED REVENUE

Unearned revenue consisted of the following at June 30:

5		2020	2019
Prepaid Scholarships	\$	87,778	52,616
Greenbush Revenue		47,968	30,836
Dane G. Hansen Grant		-	500,000
Total Unearned Revenue	\$ _	135,746	583,452

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2020 and 2019

#### NOTE 10 – LONG-TERM DEBT

#### **Refunding Certificate of Participation Bonds – Series 2016**

The College issued certificate of participation bonds to refinance the Revenue Bonds – Series 2007 and the Certificate of Participation Bonds – Series 2011 for energy conservation improvements in certain buildings on campus and construction of a new dormitory.

Purpose	Interest Rates	 Amount
Business-type activities	2.00-3.00%	\$ 9,215,000

Long-term debt activity for the year ended June 30, 2020 was as follows:

	Outstanding July 1, 2019	Additions	Reductions	Outstanding June 30, 2020	Current Portion	Interest Paid
Certificate of Participation Series 2016	\$ 8,355,000	-	300,000	8,055,000	315,000	229,112

Long-term debt activity for the year ended June 30, 2019 was as follows:

	Outstanding July 1, 2018	Additions	Reductions	Outstanding June 30, 2019	Current Portion	Interest Paid
Certificate of Participation Series 2016	\$ 8,640,000	-	285,000	8,355,000	300,000	237,663

The annual requirements to retire the certificates of participation as of June 30, 2020 are as follows:

Fiscal Year Ending	Principal	_	Interest	_	Total
2021	\$ 315,000		220,113	-	535,113
2022	330,000		210,663		540,663
2023	345,000		200,763		545,763
2024	365,000		190,413		555,413
2025	380,000		183,113		563,113
2026-2030	2,165,000		781,756		2,946,756
2031-2035	2,685,000		467,644		3,152,644
2036-2038	1,470,000		76,200		1,546,200
Totals	\$ 8,055,000	\$	2,330,665	\$	10,385,665

#### **NOTE 11 – TERMINATION BENEFITS**

The College provides an early retirement program for certain eligible employees if the employee:

- a. is currently an employee of the College;
- b. is not less than age 59 and meets the KPERS provision for early retirement;
- c. has 15 years of employment at the College immediately prior to the request for early retirement; and
- d. a majority of the 15 years of service shall have been full-time service.

The College also provides annual payments in amounts based upon the final year of contracted salary for eligible individuals retiring from employment. Per GASB Statement No. 47, the College recognizes a liability and expense for voluntary termination benefits when the offer is accepted and the amount can be estimated.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2020 and 2019

Those eligible under this program may receive benefits for up to five years. Payments to retired employees under this plan were \$23,910 and \$18,255 for the years ended June 30, 2020 and 2019, respectively. Future payments are estimated based on the expected future benefit payment as of June 30, 2020. Future scheduled payments are as follows:

Year	_	Amount
2021	\$	12,694
2022		8,572
2023		3,035
2024		2,428

#### **NOTE 12 – COMPENSATED ABSENCES**

The College provides paid vacation to all non-faculty full-time employees based on years of employment. The published Policy Manual revised 4/22/14 states employees may accrue up to a cumulative maximum of 40 days at the conclusion of a fiscal year. A new employee may not be eligible to utilize annual leave until he/she has completed 90 days of service with the College. Upon resignation or retirement, one week of annual leave (exclusive of a minimum two week notice) may be requested immediately prior to an employee's date of separation. If an employee does not provide a two week notice (10 business days in which the employee is present), annual leave will not be granted. Rather, earned leave will be paid upon separation. Faculty may receive up to 6 days of annual leave per academic year, though it is not paid upon termination, so no liability is recorded for faculty at year end. The estimated liability for accrued vacation at June 30, 2020 and 2019 was \$218,519 and \$218,714, respectively, and is reflected in the financial statements.

The College's policy regarding sick leave states each full-time administrator, administrative support and non-certified employee shall accrue one sick day per month of employment, up to a cumulative maximum of 90 days. New employees will not be eligible to utilize sick leave until he/she has completed 90 days of service with the College. Upon retirement or accepted resignation of employment at the College, administrators, administrative support and non-certified employees will not be paid for sick leave upon resignation, termination or retirement, and therefore, no amount is recorded as a liability at year end. Sick leave may not be used during an employee's final week of employment with the College, with the exception of long-term or catastrophic illness. For faculty, sick leave may accrue up to a cumulative maximum of 90 days. Faculty with 10 years of service will be paid 15% of accumulated sick days upon retirement or fulfillment of the terms of the contract year. The estimated liability for sick leave at June 30, 2020 and 2019 was \$48,974 and \$46,566, respectively, and is reflected in the financial statements.

#### NOTE 13 – ENDOWMENT

The Endowment includes donor-restricted endowment funds. Contributions to the endowment funds are classified and reported based on the existence or absence of donor-imposed restrictions. The income from donor restricted funds is utilized for scholarships and other supporting programs of the college.

The Foundation's governing body has interpreted the State of Kansas Uniform Prudent Management of Institutional Funds Act (UPMIFA) as requiring preservation of the fair value of the original gift as of the gift date of the donor-restricted endowment funds absent explicit donor stipulations to the contrary. As a result of this interpretation, the Foundation classifies as net assets with donor restrictions (a) the original value of gifts donated to the permanent endowment, (b) the original value of subsequent gifts to the permanent endowment, and (c) accumulations to the permanent endowment made in accordance with the direction of the applicable donor gift instrument at the time the accumulation is added to the fund. The remaining portion of donor-restricted endowment funds is classified as net assets with donor restrictions

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2020 and 2019

until those amounts are appropriated for expenditure by the Foundation in a manner consistent with the standard of prudence prescribed by UPMIFA. In accordance with UPMIFA, the Foundation considers the following factors in making a determination to appropriate or accumulate donor-restricted endowment funds:

- a. Duration and preservation of the fund
- b. Purposes of the Foundation and the fund
- c. General economic conditions
- d. Possible effect of inflation and deflation
- e. Expected total return from investment income and appreciation or depreciation of investments
- f. Other resources of the Foundation
- g. Investment policies of the Foundation

Endowment net assets consist of the following:

		With Donor Restrictions
Original Donor Restricted Gift Amount and Amounts Required to be		
Maintained in Perpetuity by Donor	\$	4,677,259
Accumulated Investment Gains		937,037
	¢	5 64 4 000
Total	\$	5,614,296

The Foundation has adopted investment and spending policies for endowment assets that attempt to provide a predictable stream of funding to programs and other items supported by its endowment while seeking to maintain the purchasing power of the endowment. Under the Foundation's overall investment policies, endowment assets are invested in a manner that is intended to produce the best possible return on its investments and that such return is the sum of the yield (defined as interest, dividends, etc.) and gain (defined as appreciation) commensurate with the degree of risk the Foundation is willing to assume in obtaining such return. The Foundation targets a diversified asset allocation that places a greater emphasis on equity-based investments to achieve its long-term return objectives within prudent risk constraints.

The Foundation has an informal policy (the spending policy) of appropriating for expenditure each year only the portion of its endowment fund's value in excess of the donor restricted amount that is approved by the Trustees as necessary for operations. If the Trustees do not deem the funds to be necessary for operations they accumulate as a donor restricted portion of the investment account until approved for expenditure. The endowment funds are included in Investments on the Statement of Net Position.

The composition of endowment net assets and the changes in endowment net assets were as follows:

Restricted
Nonexpendable
\$ 5,317,970
326,009
17,567
(169,840)
11,051
\$ 5,502,757
·

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2020 and 2019

Investment Return	
Investment Income	\$ 32,095
Contributions and Other Fundraisers	328,868
Appropriation of Endowment Assets	
for Expenditure	(287,295)
Transfers	 37,871
Endowment Net Assets, June 30, 2019	\$ 5,614,296

#### **NOTE 14 – RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS**

The Foundation has money invested with one financial institution that employs a member of the Foundation's board. The book value of funds invested with the bank was \$150,000 at June 30, 2020 and 2019.

#### NOTE 15 – LITIGATION

The College is party to various legal proceedings which normally occur in governmental operations. These legal proceedings are not likely to have a material financial impact on the affected funds of the College.

#### NOTE 16 – SELF-INSURANCE PLANS

During the year ended June 30, 2020, employees of **Colby Community College** were covered by the College's medical self-insurance plan. The total premium contributed is approximately \$1,741, \$1,132, \$1,196 and \$587 per month per employee with family, employees with dependents or spouses, and single coverage, respectively. The College contributes \$968, \$917, \$819 and \$524 per month per employee with family, employees with dependents or spouses, and single coverage, respectively, with the employee paying the difference through authorized payroll withholdings. Claims were paid by a third party administrator acting on behalf of the College. The administration contract between the College and the third party administration is renewable annually and administration fees are included in the contractual provisions. Stop loss coverage was in effect for individual claims exceeding \$30,000, which is based on a factor determined monthly by Blue Cross/Blue Shield of Kansas.

Self-Insurance Liability	2	019-2020
Beginning of Fiscal Year Liability	\$	-
Claims and Changes in Estimates		499,699
Claim Payments		(445,951)
End of Fiscal Year Liability	\$	53,748
	_	

Assets Available To Pay Claims At June 30 \$ 875,769

#### NOTE 17 – RISK MANAGEMENT

**Colby Community College** is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The College has been unable to obtain workmen's compensation insurance at a cost it considered to be economically justifiable. For this reason, the College joined together with other colleges in the State to participate in KASB, a public entity risk pool currently operating as a common risk management and insurance program for 111 participating members.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2020 and 2019

The College pays an annual premium to Kansas Association of School Boards Risk Management Services for its workers' compensation insurance coverage. The agreement to participate provides that the Kansas Association of School Boards Risk Management Services will be self-sustaining through member premiums and will reinsure through commercial companies for claims in excess of \$600,000, up to \$1,000,000, for each insured event. Additional premiums may be due if total claims for the pool are different than what has been anticipated by Kansas Association of School Boards Risk Management Services' management.

The College carries commercial insurance for all other risks of loss, including property, general liability, inland marine, automobile, crime, umbrella, athletic, cyber, and employee dishonesty. Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

#### NOTE 18 – CONTINGENCIES

**Colby Community College** participates in numerous state and federal grant programs, which are governed by various rules and regulations for the grantor agencies. Costs charged to the respective grant programs are subject to audit and adjustment by the grantor agencies; therefore, to the extent that the College has not complied with the rules and regulations governing the grants, refunds of any money received may be required. In the opinion of the College, any liability for reimbursement, which may arise as the result of the audit, is not believed to be material.

The College receives a significant portion of its revenues from grants for student financial aid, all of which are subject to audit by federal and state governments. The ultimate determination of amounts awarded under these programs generally is based upon eligibility of students based upon their financial need. Until such audits have been completed, there exists a contingency to refund any amount awarded to a student that was not eligible for student financial assistance. Management is of the opinion that no material liability will result from such audits.

#### NOTE 19 – DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN

#### Plan Description

**Colby Community College** participates in a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan (Pension Plan), as defined in Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 67, Financial Reporting for Pension Plans. The Pension Plan is administered by the Kansas Public Employees Retirement System (KPERS), a body corporate and an instrumentality of the State of Kansas. KPERS provides benefit provisions to the following statewide pension groups under one plan, as provided by K.S.A. 74, article 49:

- Public Employees, which includes
  - State/School employees
  - Local employees
- Police and Firemen
- Judges

Substantially all public employees in Kansas are covered by the Pension Plan. Participation by local political subdivisions is optional, but irrevocable once elected.

Those employees participating in the Pension Plan for the College are included in the State/School employees group.

KPERS issues a stand-alone comprehensive annual financial report, which is available on the KPERS website at www.kpers.org.

#### Benefits

Benefits are established by statute and may only be changed by the Legislature. Members with ten or more years of credited service, may retire as early as age 55, with an actuarially reduced monthly benefit. Normal retirement is at age 65, age 62 with ten years of credited service, or whenever a member's combined age and years of service equal 85 "points".

Monthly retirement benefits are based on a statutory formula that includes final average salary and years of service. When ending employment, members may withdraw their contributions from their individual accounts, including interest. Members who withdraw their accumulated contributions lose all rights and privileges of membership. For all pension coverage groups, the accumulated contributions and interest are deposited into and disbursed from the membership accumulated reserve fund as established by K.S.A. 74-4922.

Members choose one of seven payment options for their monthly retirement benefits. At retirement a member may receive a lump sum payment of up to 50% of the actuarial present value of the member's lifetime benefit. The monthly retirement benefit is then permanently reduced based on the amount of the lump sum. Benefit increases, including ad hoc post-retirement benefit increases, must be passed into law by the Kansas Legislature. Benefit increases are under the authority of the Legislature and the Governor of the State of Kansas.

The 2012 Legislature made changes affecting new hires, current members and employers. A new cash balance retirement pan (KPERS 3) was created for new hires starting after January 1, 2015. Normal retirement age for KPERS 3 is 65 with 5 years of service or 60 with 30 years of service. Early retirement is available at age 55 with 10 years of service with a reduced benefit. Monthly benefit options are an annuity benefit based on the account balance at retirement.

For all pension coverage groups, the retirement benefits are disbursed from the retirement benefit payment reserve fund as established by K.S.A. 74-4922.

#### **Special Funding Situation**

The employer contributions for community colleges, as defined in K.S.A.74-4931(2) and (3), are funded by the State of Kansas on behalf of the employer. Therefore, the College is considered to be in a special funding situation as defined by GASB Statement No. 68. The State is treated as a nonemployer contributing entity in the System. Since the College does not contribute directly to the System for active employees, there is no net pension liability or deferred inflows or outflows to report in the financial statements for active employees.

The notes to their financial statements must disclose the portion of the nonemployer contributing entities' total proportionate share of the collective net pension liability that is associated with the community college. In addition, each community college employer must recognize the pension expense associated with their employer as well as revenue in an amount equal to the nonemployer contributing entities' total proportionate share of the collective pension expense associated with their employer.

The College also makes contributions directly to KPERS for KPERS retirees filling KPERS covered positions per K.S.A. 74-4937, "working after retirement" employees. The resulting proportional share of these agencies "working after retirement" contributions and resulting net position liability are attributable to the College. These amounts are reflected separately and recorded in the financial statements.

#### COLBY COMMUNITY COLLEGE Notes to Financial Statements

#### June 30, 2020 and 2019

#### Contributions

Member contributions are established by state law, and are paid by the employee according to the provisions of Section 414(h) of the Internal Revenue Code. State law provides that the employer contribution rates are determined based on the results of an annual actuarial valuation. The contributions and assets of all groups are deposited in the Kansas Public Employees Retirement Fund established by K.S.A. 74-4921. All of the retirement systems are funded on an actuarial reserve basis.

For fiscal years beginning in 1995, Kansas legislation established statutory limits on increases in contribution rates for KPERS employers. Annual increases in the employer contribution rates related to subsequent benefit enhancements are not subject to these limitations. The statutory cap increase over the prior year contribution rate is 1.2% of total payroll.

The statutory contribution rate was 14.41% and 13.21% for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2020 and 2019, respectively.

Contributions to the pension plan for the College were \$15,539 and \$16,386 for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2020 and 2019, respectively.

#### **Employer Allocations**

Although KPERS administers one cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan, separate (sub) actuarial valuations are prepared to determine the actuarial determined contribution rate by group. Following this method, the measurement of the collective net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources, deferred inflows of resources, and pension expense are determined separately for each of the following groups of the plan:

- State/School
- Local
- Police and Fireman
- Judges

To facilitate the separate (sub) actuarial valuations, KPERS maintains separate accounts to identity additions, deductions, and fiduciary net position applicable to each group. The allocation percentages presented for each group in the schedule of employer and nonemployer allocations are applied to amounts presented in the schedules of pension amounts by employer and nonemployer.

The allocation percentages for the College's share of the collective pension amounts as of June 30, 2019 and 2018 were based on the ratio of each employer's contributions to the total of the employer and nonemployer contributions of the group for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2019 and 2018, respectively.

The contributions used exclude contributions made for prior service, excess benefits and irregular payments. The contributions used for determining allocation percentages for the state/school group exclude the \$82 million transfer made in July 2018 and the \$115 million transfer made in March 2019, both from the state general fund to KPERS for the school group. In addition, of the \$194 million receivable set up per Senate Sub for HB 2002 for Fiscal Year 2019 school contributions, \$16,543,202 has been classified as an on-behalf contribution.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2020 and 2019

#### **Net Pension Liability**

Net pension liability activity for the following years ended is as follows:

	_	2020	 2019
State Share of Net Pension Liability	\$	7,058,980	\$ 6,785,868
College Share of Net Pension Liability		164,617	187,528
Measurement Date		June 30, 2019	June 30, 2018
Valuation Date		December 31, 2018	December 31, 2017
College's Proportion		0.00255%	0.00288%
Change in Proportion		-0.00033%	-0.00057%

- - - -

#### **Actuarial Assumptions**

The actuarial valuation used the following actuarial assumptions applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Actuarial Cost Method	Entry age normal
Price inflation	2.75%
Salary increase	3.50 to 12.00%, including inflation
Investment rate of return net of investment	-
expense, including price inflation	7.75%

Mortality rates were based on the RP 2014 Mortality Tables, with age setbacks and age set forwards as well as other adjustments based on different membership groups. Future mortality improvements are anticipated using Scale MP-2016. Different adjustments apply to pre-retirement versus post-retirement mortality tables.

The actuarial assumptions used in the December 31, 2018 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study conducted for the period January 1, 2013 through December 31, 2015. The experience study is dated November 18, 2016.

The long-term expected rate of return of pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class of the most recent experience study, dated November 18, 2016, as provided by KPERS' investment consultant, are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return
Global Equity	47.00%	6.85%
Fixed Income	13.00	1.25
Yield Driven	8.00	6.55
Real Return	11.00	1.71
Real Estate	11.00	5.05
Alternatives	8.00	9.85
Short-term	2.00	(0.25)
Total	100.00%	

#### COLBY COMMUNITY COLLEGE Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2020 and 2019

#### Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.75%. The State/School groups do not necessarily contribute the full actuarial determined rate. Based on legislation passed in 1993 and subsequent legislation, the employer contribution rates certified by the Board may not increase by more than the statutory cap. The statutory cap was 1.2%.

In recent years, the Legislature has made several changes to statutory rates that deviate from the scheduled contribution increases set under the caps established in 2012 for the State/School group. Under 2015 SB 4, the previously certified State/School statutory rate for Fiscal Year 2015 of 11.27 percent was reduced to 8.65 percent for the last half of the fiscal year as part of the Governor's allotment. That same session, SB 228 recertified statutory rates for the State/School group to 10.91 percent for Fiscal Year 2016 and 10.81 percent for Fiscal Year 2017 in anticipation of the issuance of \$1 billion in pension obligation bonds. Legislation in the 2016 session (SB 161) provided for the delay of up to \$100 million in State and School contributions to the Pension Plan. Legislation passed by the 2017 Legislature removed the repayment provisions included in SB 161.

In addition, 2017 Senate Sub for Sub HB 2052 delayed \$64.1 million in Fiscal Year 2017 State/School contributions, to be repaid over 20 years in level dollar installments. The first year payment of \$6.4 million was paid in full at the beginning of Fiscal Year 2019, and appropriations for Fiscal Year 2019 were made at the statutory contribution rate of 12.01 percent for the State/School group. Additional legislation in the 2017 Session (Senate Sub for HB 2002) provided for a reduction of \$194 million from the previously certified contribution rate of 13.21 percent in the State/School contributions for Fiscal Year 2019. Like the Fiscal Year 2017 reduction, it is to be paid back over a 20-year period, beginning in Fiscal Year 2020. Therefore, both reductions will be accounted for as long-term receivables by the Pension Plan. The 2019 Legislature passed House Sub for Sen Bill 109, which directed on-behalf payments of \$56 million and \$82 million be made to the System. The \$56 million payment was received by the System on June 30, 2018 and recorded as Fiscal Year 2019 contributions. The 2019 Legislative session passed Senate Bill 9 which authorized a transfer of \$115 million to KPERS, received in March 2019.

## Sensitivity of the Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the College's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.75%, as well as what the College's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower (6.75%) or 1 percentage point higher (8.75%) than the current rate:

Fiscal Year	<u>1% Decrease (6.75%)</u>	Discount Rate (7.75%)	<u>1% Increase (8.75%)</u>
June 30, 2020	\$225,301	\$164,617	\$113,667
June 30, 2019	\$252,580	\$187,528	\$132,545

#### Pension Expense

For the years ended June 30, 2020 and 2019, the College recognized pension expense and revenue of \$702,652 and \$595,716, respectively, for support provided by the State in the form of non-employer contributions to KPERS on the College's behalf. The College recognized pension expense of \$1,884 and \$5,629 for June 30, 2020 and 2019, respectively, which includes the changes in the collective net pension liability, projected earnings on pension plan investments, and the amortization of deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources for the current period for employer contributions to KPERS for working after retirement employees.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2020 and 2019

#### Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources

At June 30, the College reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

		2020		20	2019		
	_	Deferred Dutflows	Deferred Inflows	Deferred Outflows	Deferred Inflows		
	R	of esources	of Resources	of Resources	of Resources		
Differences between actual and expected experience Net differences between	\$	1,430	4,258	7,056	8,141		
projected and actual earnings on investments Changes in assumptions Changes in proportionate share		2,736 4,421 3,696	- 61 46,271	3,217 - 7,841	- 162 39,709		
Contributions subsequent to measurement date		15,539		16,386			
Total	\$ <u></u>	27,822	50,590	34,500	48,012		

The \$15,539 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from College contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability for the year ending June 30, 2020. Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ending June 30	
2021	\$ (7,903
2022	(14,317)
2023	(11,158)
2024	(4,547)
2025	(382)
Thereafter	-

#### Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued KPERS financial report.

#### NOTE 20 - OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS - KPERS DEATH AND DISABILITY

#### **Plan Description**

The College contributes to the KPERS Long-Term Disability plan, a single-employer defined benefit other post-employment benefit (OPEB) plan which is administered by a board of trustees appointed by KPERS. The Plan provides long-term disability benefits and life insurance benefit for disabled members to KPERS members, as provided by K.S.A. 74-4925. The plan is administered through a trust held by KPERS that is funded to pay annual benefit payments. However, because the trust's assets are used to pay employee benefits other than OPEB, no assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of GASB Statement 75. There is no stand-alone financial report for the plan.

#### **Special Funding Situation**

The employer contributions for the College, as defined in K.S.A. 74-4931 (2) and (3), are made by the State of Kansas on behalf of the College. Therefore, the College is considered to be in a special funding

#### COLBY COMMUNITY COLLEGE Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2020 and 2019

situation. Accordingly, the State is required to recognize the total OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources, deferred inflows of resources and expense for the OPEB plan attributable to the College. The College records revenue and OPEB expense in an amount equal to the expense recognized by the State on behalf of the College.

#### **Benefits Provided**

Benefits are established by statute and may be amended by the KPERS Board of Trustees. The Plan provides long-term disability and life insurance benefits to eligible disabled members. Benefits provided are self-funded, and the full cost of the benefits is covered by the OPEB Plan. The monthly benefit is 60% of the member's monthly rate of compensation, with a minimum of \$100 and a maximum of \$5,000. The monthly benefit is subject to reduction by deductible sources of income, which include Social Security primary disability or retirement benefits, worker's compensation benefits, other disability benefits from any other source by reason of employment, and earnings from any form of employment. If the disability begins before age 60, benefits are payable while disability continues until the member's 65th birthday or retirement date, whichever first occurs. If the disability occurs at or after age 60, benefits are payable while disability continues, for a period of five years or until the date of the member's retirement, whichever first occurs. Upon the death of a member who is receiving monthly disability benefits, the plan will pay a lump sum benefit to eligible beneficiaries. The benefit amount will be 150% of the greater of (a) the member's annual rate of compensation at the time of disability, or (b) the member's previous 12 months of compensation at the time of the last date on payroll. If the member had been disabled for five or more years, the annual compensation or salary rate at the time of death will be indexed before the life insurance benefit is computed. The indexing is based on the consumer price index, less one percentage point. If a member is diagnosed as terminally ill with a life expectancy of 12 months or less, he or she may be eligible to receive up to 100% of the death benefit rather than having the benefit paid to the beneficiary.

#### Members Covered by Benefit Terms

At June 30, (the measurement date), the following members were covered by the benefit terms:

	2019	2018
Active Members	114	114
Disabled Members	0	0
Total	114	114

#### **Total OPEB Liability**

At June 30, 2019 and 2018, the total OPEB liability recognized by the State of Kansas that was attributable to the College was \$54,155 and \$44,930, respectively. The OPEB liability was measured as of June 30, 2019 and 2018, for the years ended June 30, 2020 and 2019, respectively, and was determined by actuarial valuations as of December 31, 2018 and 2017, rolled forward to June 30, 2019 and 2018, respectively.

For the year ended June 30, 2020 and 2019, the College recognized OPEB expense and revenue of \$10,618 and \$10,521, respectively, for support provided by the State in the form of non-employer contributions on the College's behalf.

#### Actuarial Assumptions and Other Inputs

The total OPEB liability in the December 31, 2018 and 2017 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions and other inputs, applied to all period included in the measurement, unless otherwise noted:

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2020 and 2019

	2019	2018
Price Inflation	2.75%	2.75%
Payroll Growth	3.0%	3.0%
Salary Increases, Including Inflation	3.5% to 11.5%	3.5% to 11.5%
Discount Rate	3.50%	3.87%

The discount rate was based on the Bond Buyer General Obligation 20-Bond Municipal Index. The discount rate decreased from 3.87% on June 30, 2018 to 3.50% on June 30, 2019.

Mortality rates were based on the RP-2014 Mortality tables, as appropriate, with adjustment for mortality improvements based on Scale MP-2019 and on Scale MP-2018 for the December 31, 2018 and 2017 actuarial valuation, respectively.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2019 and 2018 valuations were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period January 1, 2013 – December 31, 2015.

#### NOTE 21 – OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS – HEALTH INSURANCE

#### **General Information About the Plan**

#### Plan Description

The health insurance benefit plan is a single-employer defined benefit healthcare plan administrated by **Colby Community College**. K.S.A. 12-5040 established the authority that post-employment healthcare benefits be extended to retired employees who have met the age and/or eligibility requirement and can amend benefit provisions by state legislature. The retiree receives the current non-certified employee health insurance benefits until he or she qualifies for Medicare benefits whichever first occurs. The retiree may purchase additional coverage for family members who qualify for such benefits under the provisions of the current non-certified employee health insurance benefits. No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of GASB Statement 75. The plan does not issue a stand-alone financial report.

#### Benefits Provided

As provided and required by K.S.A. 12-5040, the College allows retirees and their spouses to participate in the group health insurance plan for medical and dental coverage. Kansas statutes, which can be amended by State legislature, established that participating retirees may remain in the College's health insurance plan by paying the full amount of the applicable premium. Conceptually, the College is subsidizing the retirees because each participant is charged a level of premium regardless of age. The total premium for medical is approximately \$1,741, \$1,132, \$1,196 and \$587 per month per employee with family, employees with dependents or spouses, and single coverage, respectively. The total premium for dental is approximately \$102, \$88, \$90 and \$48 per month per employee with family, employees with dependents or spouses, and single coverage, respectively. Qualifying retirees are charged active employee contribution rates for medical and dental coverage to age 65.

#### Employees Covered by Benefit Terms

The following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

	Census as of		
	July 1, 2018	July 1, 2016	
Inactive employees or beneficiaries currently			
receiving benefits	6	6	
Active employees	77	113	

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2020 and 2019

#### Total OPEB Liability

The College's total OPEB liability of \$1,381,748 and \$1,772,375 was measured as of June 30, 2020 and 2019, respectively. The June 30, 2020 and 2019 liability was determined by an actuarial valuation date as of July 1, 2018, which was rolled forward to June 30, 2020 and 2019.

#### Actuarial Assumptions and Other Inputs

The total OPEB liability in the June 30, 2020 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions and other inputs, applied to all periods included in the measurement unless otherwise specified:

	2020	2019
Average Salary Scale	2.0% per year	2.0% per year
Discount Rate	2.6%	3.0%
Healthcare Cost Trend Rates	Actual for 2019-20, 6.25% for 2020-21 decreasing .25% per year to an ultimate rate of 4.5% for 2027-28 and later years	7.0% for 2018-19, decreasing .5% per year to an ultimate rate of 5% for 2022- 23 and later years

The discount rate was based on the S&P Municipal Bond 20 Year High Grade and the Fidelity GO AA – 20 year published yields.

Mortality rates were based on the Society of Actuaries Pub-2010 Public Retirement Plans headcountweighted General Mortality Tables using Scale MP-2010 Fully Generational Improvement for June 30, 2020. Mortality rates were based on the Society of Actuaries RPH-2014 adjusted to 2006 total dataset headcount-weighted mortality with scale MP-2018 full generational improvement for June 30, 2019.

#### Changes in the Total OPEB Liability

The following table shows the changes in the College's total OPEB liability for the year.

	2020	2019
Total OPEB Liability – Beginning of Year	\$ 1,772,375	1,896,087
A. Service Cost	88,252	159,300
B. Interest Cost	54,949	66,937
C. Changes in Benefit Terms	-	(289,486)
D. Differences Between Actual and Expected Experience	(186,882)	267,846
E. Changes in Assumptions *	(288,946)	(274,309)
F. Employer Contributions (Benefit Payments)	(58,000)	(54,000)
Net Changes (A+B+C+D+E-F)	(390,627)	(123,712)
Total OPEB Liability – End of Year	\$ 1,381,748	1,772,375

\*Changes in assumptions reflect a change in the discount rate from 3.4% in 2017, 3.3% in 2018, 3.0% in 2019, and 2.6% in 2020. All part-time staff, full -time staff hired after May 1, 2014 and professional staff hired after July 1, 2017 are no longer eligible for retiree coverage. Additionally, spouses are not entitled to retiree coverage upon retiree death or retiree attainment of age 65. Spouses in these cases are only eligible under COBRA law. The impact of these changes is a reduction in the actuarial accrued liability of \$289,486 for 2019.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2020 and 2019

#### Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following represents the total OPEB liability of the College as of June 30, 2020, as well as what the College's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage lower (1.6%) or one percentage higher (2.6%) than the current discount rate.

	1% Decrease	Discount	1% Increase
	(1.6%)	Rate (2.6%)	(3.6%)
Total OPEB Liability	\$ 1,522,615	\$ 1,381,748	\$ 1,251,475

The following represents the total OPEB liability of the College as of June 30, 2019, as well as what the College's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage lower (2.0%) or one percentage higher (4.0%) than the current discount rate.

	1% Decrease	Discount	1% Increase
	(2.0%)	Rate (3.0%)	(4.0%)
Total OPEB Liability	\$ 1,959,494	\$ 1,772,375	\$ 1,601,209

#### Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Healthcare Cost Trend Rates

The following presents the total OPEB liability of the College, as well as what the College's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using health care cost trend rates that are one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher than the current healthcare cost trend rates:

		Health Cost	
	1% Decrease	Trend Rates	1% Increase
	(6.0%	(7.0%	(8.0%
	decreasing to	decreasing to	decreasing
	5.0%)	6.0%)	to 7.0%)
Total OPEB Liability – June 30, 2020	\$ 1,179,073	\$ 1,381,748	\$ 1,626,631
Total OPEB Liability – June 30, 2019	\$ 1,527,270	\$ 1,772,375	\$ 2,067,707

## OPEB Expense, Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

For the years ended June 30, 2020 and 2019, respectively, the College recognized OPEB expense of \$90,911 and OPEB income of \$78,937, respectively. The College reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources as of June 30:

	202	20	201	2019	
	Deferred	Deferred Deferred		Deferred	
	Outflows of	Inflows of	Outflows of	Inflows of	
	Resources	Resources	Resources	Resources	
Differences between expected and actual experience (1)	\$ 232,134	187,560	249,990	16,319	
Changes in Assumptions (2)		653,192		418,751	
Total	\$ 232,134	840,752	249,990	435,070	

(1) June 30, 2018 – The actual 2018 retiree direct bill and active employee premium rates were factored into the valuation.

(2) Consist of changes in retirement, turnover, mortality and discount rate assumptions.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2020 and 2019

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Fiscal Year	_	Amount
2021	\$	(52,290)
2022		(52,290)
2023		(52,290)
2024		(52,290)
2025		(52,290)
Thereafter		(347,168)

#### NOTE 22 – TAX ABATEMENTS

The College participates in the Neighborhood Revitalization Rebate program through the County by providing tax abatements to promote revitalization and development of participating cities within Thomas County by stimulating new construction and the rehabilitation, conservation or redevelopment of the area in order to protect the public health, safety or welfare of the residents. Abatements are obtained through application by the property owner, including proof that the improvements or construction have been made, and equal 100 percent in the first year of the additional property tax resulting from the increase in assessed value as a result of the improvements or construction. The abatement is on a sliding scale from 100% to 10% over a 10 year process. The amount of the abatement is refunded to the taxpayer after they have paid their taxes timely. For the year ended June 30, the College's property tax revenues were reduced as follows:

	2020	2013
Neighborhood Revitalization Rebate Program	\$ 153,263	139,703

2020

2010

#### NOTE 23 – RISKS AND UNCERTAINTIES

Colby Community College Foundation invests in various investment securities. Investment securities are exposed to various risks such as interest rate, market, and credit risks. Due to the level of risk associated with certain investment securities, it is at least reasonably possible that changes in the values of the investment securities will occur in the near term and that such changes could materially affect the activities of the Foundation.

The Foundation has tried to minimize the risk associated with these investment securities by having a finance committee review the investment activity throughout the year and by having regular meetings with the investment company representatives.

The United States has experienced a nationwide pandemic from the novel coronavirus known as COVID-19. As a result of the spread of COVID-19, economic uncertainties have arisen which are likely to negatively impact the financial operations of the College and Foundation, in particular the collectability of unconditional promises to give and the fair value of investments. Management is unable to reasonably determine the total effects of this virus on the operations of the Foundation as of the date of these financial statements.

#### NOTE 24 – SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

Subsequent events have been evaluated through December 21, 2020, which is the date the financial statements were available to be issued on **Colby Community College**.

The Foundation has evaluated subsequent events through October 16, 2020, which is the date the financial statements were available to be issued.

Required Supplementary Information

Required Supplementary Information

June 30, 2020

#### Schedule of Changes in the College's Total Other Post-Employment Benefits Liability and Related Ratios Last Three Fiscal Years\*

Total OPEB liability					
-		2020	2019	2018	2017
Service Cost	\$	88,252	159,300	158,097	173,767
Interest Cost		54,949	66,937	56,521	45,138
Changes in Benefit Terms		-	(289,486)	340,191	-
Differences Between Actual and Expected Experience		(186,882)	267,846	(18,849)	-
Changes in Assumptions and Other Inputs		(288,946)	(274,309)	(88,165)	(110,620)
Employer Contributions (Benefit Payments)	_	(58,000)	(54,000)	(112,000)	(92,000)
Net Change in Total OPEB Liability	-	(390,627)	(123,712)	335,795	16,285
Total OPEB Liability – Beginning of Year	_	1,772,375	1,896,087	1,560,292	1,544,007
Total OPEB Liability – End of Year	\$	1,381,748	1,772,375	1,896,087	1,560,292
Covered-Employee Payroll Total OPEB Liability as a Percentage of	\$	3,113,370	3,113,370	4,071,555	3,991,721
Covered-Employee Payroll		44.4%	56.9%	46.6%	39.1%

#### **Notes to Schedule**

#### Changes of Assumptions and Other Inputs

Changes in assumptions and other inputs reflect a change in the discount rate from 2.7% in 2016, 3.4% in 2017, 3.3% in 2018, 3.0% in 2019, and 2.6% in 2020.

GASB 75 requires presentation of ten years. Until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the College will present information for those years for which information is available.

The mortality assumption was changed from Society of Actuaries RPH-2014 Adjusted to 2006 Total Dataset Headcount-weighted Mortality with MP-2018 Full Generational Improvement to the Society of Actuaries Pub-2010 Public Retirement Plans Headcount weighted General Mortality Tables using Scale MP-2019 Full Generational Improvement.

The retiree per capita costs, retiree contribution premiums and trend assumption were updated as part of the actuarial evaluation. The College moved from a fully insured to a self-funded (with stop-loss) arrangement effective January 1, 2020.

Required Supplementary Information

June 30, 2020

#### Schedule of Changes in the College's Proportional Share of the Death & Disability Total OPEB Liability and Related Ratios Last Three Fiscal Years\*

Measurement Date	2020 June 30, 2019	2019 June 30, 2018	2018 June 30, 2017
Total OPEB liability Service cost Interest Cost	\$ 9,799 2,118	9,702 1,841	9,935 1,199
Effect of Economic/Demographic Gains or Losses Effect of Assumption Changes or Inputs Benefit payments	(3,685) 993	(7,678) (670)	(1,556)
Net Change in Total OPEB Liability Total OPEB Liability – Beginning of Year Total OPEB Liability – End of Year	\$ 9,225 44,930 54,155	3,195 41,735 44,930	9,578 32,157 41,735
State's Proportionate Share of the Total OPEB Liability	\$ 54,155	44,930	41,735
College's Proportionate Share of the Total OPEB Liability	\$ -	-	-
Covered-Employee Payroll	\$ 5,016,810	4,611,883	4,409,474
Total OPEB Liability as a Percentage of Covered-Employee Payroll	1.08%	0.97%	0.95%

#### Notes to Schedule

#### Changes of Assumptions and Other Inputs

Changes of assumptions and other inputs reflect the effects of changes in the discount rate from 2.85% on June 30, 2016, 3.58% on June 30, 2017, 3.87% on June 30, 2018, and 3.50% on June 30, 2019.

\* GASB 75 requires presentation of ten years. As of June 30, 2020, only three years of information is available.

Required Supplementary Information June 30, 2020

Schedule of the College's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability Kansas Public Employees Retirement System (KPERS)* Last Five Fiscal Years*									
Fiscal year end	<u>_</u>	June 30, 2020	June 30, 2019	June 30, 2018	June 30, 2017	June 30, 2016	June 30, 2015		
Measurement date		June 30, 2019	June 30, 2018	June 30, 2017	June 30, 2016	June 30, 2015	June 30, 2014		
College's proportion of the collective net pension liability		0.00255%	0.00288%	0.00344%	0.00365%	0.00359%	0.00333%		
College's proportionate share of the collective net pension liability	\$	164,617	187,528	231,536	245,323	248,456	212,570		
State's proportionate share of the collective net pension liability associated with the College		7,058,980	6,785,868	7,116,213	7,106,904	7,442,126	7,033,386		
Total	\$	7,223,597	6,973,396	7,347,749	7,352,227	7,690,582	7,245,956		
College's covered-employee payroll	\$	5,205,159	4,529,530	4,720,258	4,558,127	4,710,281	4,854,173		
College's proportionate share of the collective net pension liability as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll		3.16%	4.14%	4.91%	5.38%	5.27%	4.38%		
Plan (KPERS) fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		66.71%	68.88%	67.12%	65.10%	64.95%	66.60%		

\*GASB 68 requires presentation of ten years. As of June 30, 2020 only six years of information is available.

• Covered payroll is measured as of the measurement date, the most recent of which was June 30, 2019.

Note: Information on this schedule is as of the measurement date.

Required Supplementary Information June 30, 2020

The actuarial assumption changes adopted by the Pension Plan for all groups based on the experience study:

- Price inflation assumption lowered from 3.00 percent to 2.75 percent
- Investment return assumption was lowered from 8.00 percent to 7.75 percent
- General wage growth assumption was lowered from 4.00 to 3.5 percent
- Payroll growth assumption was lowered from 4.00 percent to 3.00 percent

# Required Supplementary Information June 30, 2020

Schedule of the College's Contributions Kansas Public Employees Retirement System (KPERS) Last Seven Fiscal Years*														
	Jur	ne 30, 2020	Ju	ne 30, 2019	Jur	ne 30, 2018	Ju	ne 30, 2017	Ju	ne 30, 2016	Ju	ne 30, 2015	Ju	ne 30, 2014
Contractually required contribution	\$	15,539	\$	16,386	\$	16,463	\$	17,060	\$	16,730	\$	15,587	\$	15,001
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution		(15,539)		(16,386)		(16,463)		(17,060)		(16,730)		(15,587)		(15,001)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$		\$		\$		\$		\$		\$		\$	
College's covered-employee payroll	\$	5,371,513	\$	5,205,159	\$	4,529,530	\$	4,720,258	\$	4,558,127	\$	4,710,281	\$	4,854,173
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll		0.29%		0.31%		0.36%		0.36%		0.37%		0.33%		0.31%

\*GASB 68 requires presentation of ten years. As of June 30, 2020, only seven years of information is available.

Supplementary Information

# COLBY COMMUNITY COLLEGE Combining Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, Encumbrances and Changes in Fund Balance - Actual and Budget Current Funds - Unrestricted (Regulatory Basis) For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

		General		Stuc	lent Union - Doi	rmitory
	Actual	Budget	Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)	Actual	Budget	Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)
Revenues						
Student Tuition and Fees	\$ 5,026,153	3,990,000	1,036,153	-	-	-
Less: Student Aid/Discounts	(1,190,716)		(1,190,716)			
Net Student Tuition and Fees	3,835,437	3,990,000	(154,563)	-	-	-
Local Property Taxes	6,973,596	7,429,429	(455,833)	-	-	-
State Appropriations	2,142,960	2,400,000	(257,040)	-	-	-
Federal Appropriations	41,230	-	41,230	167,000	-	167,000
Investment	43,452	100,000	(56,548)	-	-	-
Other	220,482	100,000	120,482	1,435,926	2,242,000	(806,074)
Total Revenues	13,257,157	14,019,429	(762,272)	1,602,926	2,242,000	(639,074)
Expenditures and Encumbrances						
Educational Services						
Academics, Instructional and Support	4,863,382		4,863,382	-		-
Student Support Services	617,379		617,379	22,036		22,036
Support Services						
Academic Support	415,363		415,363			
Athletics	1,264,463		1,264,463	7,248		7,248
Auxiliary Enterprises	41		41	651,931		651,931
Development	102,231		102,231	-		-
Facilities	1,046,585		1,046,585	-		-
General and Administrative	204,253		204,253	-		-
Institutional Support	1,860,082		1,860,082			
Total Expenditures and Encumbrances	10,373,779	14,781,461	4,407,682	681,215	1,062,096	380,881
Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures						
and Encumbrances	2,883,378	(762,032)	3,645,410	921,711	1,179,904	(258,193)
Other Financing Sources						
Transfers In	3,668,100	-	3,668,100	-	-	-
Transfers Out	(4,352,748)	(1,692,893)	(2,659,855)	(947,637)	(450,000)	(497,637)
Revenues and Other Financing Sources (Uses) Over		/= ·= · = · = ·		/ <b></b>		/ <b></b>
(Under) Expenditures and Encumbrances	2,198,730	(2,454,925)	4,653,655	(25,926)	729,904	(755,830)
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year	5,036,750	3,145,800	1,890,950	1,570,918	1,869,422	(298,504)
Fund Balance, End of Year	\$ 7,235,480	690,875	6,544,605	1,544,992	2,599,326	(1,054,334)

**COLBY COMMUNITY COLLEGE** Notes to Supplementary Information For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

Reconciliation of Revenues, Expenditures, and Other Financing Sources (Uses) for budgetary funds on a regulatory basis to GAAP basis.

	_	General	Student Union Dormitory	Total Budgetary Funds	Non-budgetary Funds	Total All Funds
Revenues						
Actual amounts (regulatory basis) revenues from combining schedule Tax in process 6/30/19 Tax in process 6/30/20	\$	13,257,157 (113,000) 111,000	1,602,926 - -	14,860,083 (113,000) 111,000	5,633,453 - -	20,493,536 (113,000) 111,000
Total revenues as reported on the Statement						
of Revenues, Expenses and Change in Net Position	_	13,255,157	1,602,926	14,858,083	5,633,453	20,491,536
Expenditures						
Actual amounts (regulatory basis) expenditures from combining schedule Adjustments:		10,373,779	681,215	11,054,994	2,601,497	13,656,491
Inventory Adjustment Accrued Bond Interest		(14,187)	49	(14,138)	- (1,500)	(14,138) (1,500)
Change in Prepaid Expenses Capital Assets Change in OPEB Obligation		(1,678) (160,617) 32,911	(8,864)	(1,678) (169,481) 32,911	- 169,481 -	(1,678) - 32,911
Change in Net Pension Obligation Change in Early Retirement Obligation Medical Claims Incurred, Not Reported		(13,655) (23,911) 52,000	-	(13,655) (23,911) 52,000	-	(13,655) (23,911) 52,000
Encumbrances for supplies and equipment ordered but not received are reported in the year the order is placed for budgetary purposes, but in the year the items are received for GAAP reporting -		02,000		02,000		02,000
Less 2020 Encumbrances Plus 2019 Encumbrances	_	(95,451) 34,258	(8,980) 6,498	(104,431) 40,756	(134,235) 1,709,891	(238,666) 1,750,647
Total expenditures as reported on the Statement						
of Revenue, Expenses and Change in Net Position	_	10,183,449	669,918	10,853,367	4,345,134	15,198,501
Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures		3,071,708	933,008	4,004,716	1,288,319	5,293,035
Other Financing Sources (Uses)						
Transfers In		3,668,100	-	3,668,100	(3,668,100)	-
Transfers Out	-	(4,352,748)	(947,637)	(5,300,385)	5,300,385	
Net Increase (Decrease) in Net Position, as reported on the Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Change in						
Net Position		2,387,060	(14,629)	2,372,431	2,920,604	5,293,035
Net Position, Beginning of Year	_	3,564,881	1,612,127	5,177,008	9,918,516	15,095,524
Net Position, End of Year	\$	5,951,941	1,597,498	7,549,439	12,839,120	20,388,559

Single Audit Information



Phone (785) 462-7501 = Fax (785) 462-3172 = www.abbb.com 505 North Franklin Ave. = Suite D = P.O. Box 10 Colby, Kansas 67701-2342

Certified Public Accountants

#### INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Board of Trustees **Colby Community College** Colby, Kansas

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, the *Kansas Municipal Audit and Accounting Guide* and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the business–type activities and the discretely presented component unit of **Colby Community College**, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise **Colby Community College's** basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated December 21, 2020. The financial statements of Colby Community College Endowment Foundation were not audited in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, and accordingly, this report does not include reporting on internal control over financial reporting or instances of reportable noncompliance associated with Colby Community College Endowment Foundation.

#### Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered **Colby Community College's** internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of **Colby Community College's** internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of **Colby Community College's** internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Colby Community College Page 2

#### **Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether **Colby Community College's** financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

#### **Purpose of This Report**

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Adams, Brown, Beran & Ball, Chartered

ADAMS, BROWN, BERAN & BALL, CHTD. Certified Public Accountants

December 21, 2020



Phone (785) 462-7501 = Fax (785) 462-3172 = www.abbb.com 505 North Franklin Ave. = Suite D = P.O. Box 10 Colby, Kansas 67701-2342

Certified Public Accountants

#### INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

To the Board of Trustees **Colby Community College** Colby, Kansas

#### Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited **Colby Community College's** compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of **Colby Community College's** major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2020. **Colby Community College's** major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditors' results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

#### Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with federal statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of its federal awards applicable to its federal programs.

#### Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of **Colby Community College's** major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Those standards and the Uniform Guidance require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about **Colby Community College's** compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of **Colby Community College's** compliance.

#### **Opinion on Each Major Federal Program**

In our opinion, **Colby Community College** complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2020.

#### **Report on Internal Control Over Compliance**

Management of **Colby Community College** is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered **Colby Community College's** internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of **Colby Community College's** internal control over compliance.

A *deficiency in internal control over compliance* exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A *material weakness in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance with a type of compliance control over compliance is a deficiency or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Adams, Brown, Beran & Ball, Chartered

ADAMS, BROWN, BERAN & BALL, CHTD. Certified Public Accountants

December 21, 2020

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

#### SECTION I - SUMMARY OF AUDITORS' RESULTS

#### FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Type of auditors' report i Business-Type Activi Discretely Presented	-	nodified						
Internal control over fina	ncial reporting:							
Material weakness id	entified?		Yes	<u> </u>	No			
Significant deficiency	identified?		Yes	X	None reported			
Noncompliance mate	rial to financial statements noted?		Yes	<u> </u>	No			
FEDERAL AWARDS								
Internal control over maj	or programs:							
Material weakness id	entified?		Yes	X	No			
Significant deficiencie	es identified?		Yes	<u> </u>	None reported			
Type of auditors' report i	ssued on compliance for major programs:		Unn	nodified				
Any audit findings disclo section 200.516(a) of the	sed that are required to be reported in accordance with 2 CFR 9 Uniform Guidance?		Yes	<u> </u>	No			
Identification of major pro	ograms:							
CFDA Numbers	Name of Federal Program or Clu	ster						
	Student Financial Assistance Program CI		le IV					
84.007	Federal Supplemental Educational Opportunity Grants (FSEC	DG)						
84.033	Federal Work-Study Program (FWS)							
84.063	Federal Pell Grant Program (PELL)							
84.268	Federal Direct Student Loans (FDL)							
Dollar threshold used to	distinguish between Type A and Type B programs:	9	S	750,000				
Auditee qualified as low-	risk auditee?		Yes	X	No			

#### SECTION II – FINANCIAL STATEMENT FINDINGS

None noted in the current year.

#### SECTION III – FEDERAL AWARD FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

No material findings or questioned costs are required to be disclosed under the Uniform Guidance.



### Challenge. Create. Connect.

Summary Schedule of Prior Audit Findings For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

#### **SECTION II – FINANCIAL STATEMENT FINDINGS**

None were noted as of June 30, 2019.

#### SECTION III - FEDERAL AWARD FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

#### Significant Deficiency in Internal Control and Compliance

#### 2019-001

Information on the Federal Program US Department of Education Student Financial Assistance Program Cluster - Title IV Federal Pell Grant Program – CFDA No. 84.063

#### Criteria or Specific requirement

Internal controls should be in place to ensure that students receiving Pell are reevaluated every time a course has been added or dropped per the institution's policy.

Condition

The College's internal controls over recalculating Pell awards when a student adds or drops a class were not effective and two students received the incorrect award amount based upon their eligibility.

#### Context

During our audit procedures we examined 60 student accounts that received Pell awards. Of the 60 accounts examined, 2 of them were not awarded properly. One student was under awarded \$762 and the one was over awarded \$650.

Effect

Two students did not receive the correct amount of Pell awards that they were eligible for.

#### Recommendation

The College should review its processes in place for awarding Pell Grants and implement additional controls to ensure that they are awarded at the correct amounts.

Status Resolved.

#### 2019-002

Information on the Federal Program US Department of Education Student Financial Assistance Program Cluster - Title IV – Federal Direct Student Loans – CFDA No. 84.268

Criteria or Specific requirement



### Challenge. Create. Connect.

Summary Schedule of Prior Audit Findings For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

Internal controls should be in place to ensure that students who received federal direct loans complete their exit counseling upon completion of their schooling.

#### Condition

The College's internal controls over completion of the loan exit counseling were not effective.

#### Context

During our audit procedures we examined 60 student accounts. Of the 60 accounts examined, 2 of them did not have support for completing loan exit counseling nor did they have evidence of communication taking place with the student requesting that it be completed.

#### Effect

Two students did not receive the proper exit counseling upon completing their education.

#### Recommendation

The College should review its processes in place for monitoring that exit counseling is completed as required.

Status Resolved.

#### 2019-003

Information on the Federal Program

US Department of Education Student Financial Assistance Program Cluster - Title IV – Federal Work Study Program – CFDA No. 84.033

#### Criteria or Specific requirement

Internal controls should be in place to ensure that the College is only drawing down funds to reimburse itself for awards already paid to students or to cover awards to be paid to students in the immediate future.

#### Condition

The College's internal controls over drawdowns for Federal Work Study were not effective.

Context

Reimbursements for the 18-19 award year for the Federal Work Study program took place after the fiscal year end. The College drew down \$31,884 more than what was awarded to students. This error was discovered during the College's year end reconciliation process and the excess funds were immediately returned to the Department of Education. This correction took place 23 days after the initial drawdown occurred.

Effect



### Challenge. Create. Connect.

Summary Schedule of Prior Audit Findings For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

The College held more requested Federal Funds than what was needed for reimbursement or the immediate future.

Recommendation

The College should review its processes in place for calculating the reimbursement amounts for federal awards paid to students to ensure only the amount awarded is requested.

Status Resolved.

Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards

For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

Federal Grantor/ Pass-through Grantor/ Program Title	Federal CFDA Number	Agency or Pass-through Number	Federal Expenditures
U.S. Department of Education			
Student Financial Assistance Program Cluster - Title IV			
Federal Pell Grant Program	84.063	N/A \$	
Federal Supplemental Educational Opportunity Grants	84.007	N/A	63,023
Federal Work-Study Program	84.033	N/A	60,385
Federal Direct Student Loans	84.268	N/A	1,849,673
Total Student Financial Assistance Program Cluster - Title IV			3,529,555
TRIO Student Support Services	84.042	N/A	248,616
COVID-19 Funding			
Education Stabilization Fund	84.425E	N/A	234,724
Education Stabilization Fund	84.425F	N/A	167,000
Total Education Stabilization Fund			401,724
Passed Through Kansas Board of Regents			
Adult Education - Basic Grants to States	84.002	V002A190016	130,377
Career and Technical Education - Basic Grants to States	84.048	V048A190016	108,876
Total Passed Through Kansas Board of Regents			239,253
Total U.S. Department of Education			4,419,148
Corporation for National and Community Service Passed Through Western Kansas Community Services Consortium: Retired and Senior Volunteer Program	94.002	18SRWKS001	49,674
Department of the Treasury			
COVID-19 Funding			
Passed Through Thomas County:			
Coronavirus Relief Fund	21.019	N/A	41,230
Total Expenditures of Federal Awards		\$	4,510,052

Note - There were no awards made to subrecipients for the 2019-2020 Fiscal Year.

#### NOTE 1 – BASIS OF PRESENTATION

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards includes the federal grant activity of **Colby Community College** and is presented on the accrual basis of accounting; therefore, some amounts presented in this schedule may differ from amounts presented or used in the preparation of the basic financial statements. The information in this schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* (CFR) Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance), *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*.

#### NOTE 2 – INDIRECT COST RATE

The College has elected not to use the 10% de minimis cost rate allowed under Section 200.414(f) of the Uniform Guidance.

#### NOTE 3 – FEDERAL LOAN PROGRAMS

The Federal Direct Student Loans is a program where a student or student's parent applies for a federal loan. When the loan is approved, the money is transferred to a bank account in **Colby Community College's** name, but the loan funds are designated for the individual student. Total new loans made to eligible students and/or students' parents pursuant to this program totaled \$1,849,673 for the year ended June 30, 2020.

#### NOTE 4 – ADMINISTRATIVE COST ALLOWANCE

**Colby Community College** can receive an administrative cost allowance from the U.S. Department of Education federal awards for administering the federal awards program based upon Federal Supplemental Educational Opportunity Grants (FSEOG), Federal Work-Study Program costs (FWS), Federal Perkins Loan Program costs, and Federal Pell Grant Program disbursed to students during the year. The College received \$1,990 as an administrative cost allowance, which is less than the administrative cost allowance allowed for the year ended June 30, 2020.

#### NOTE 5 – MATCHING CONTRIBUTIONS

The Federal Supplemental Educational Opportunity Grant (FSEOG) program provides grants to eligible undergraduate students with priority given to Pell grant recipients who have the lowest expected family contributions. **Colby Community College** is required by the U.S. Department of Education to provide matching contributions to the FSEOG program. Federal funds pay up to 75% of the FSEOG grants. The Organization is required to match the remaining 25%. During the 2019-2020 school year, the matching contributions requirement was waived by the CARES Act in response to the COVID-19 pandemic.

The Federal Work-Study Program (FWS) provides part-time employment to eligible undergraduate and graduate students who need the earnings to help meet costs of postsecondary education. **Colby Community College** is required by the U.S. Department of Education to provide matching funds to the FWS program. Federal funds pay up to 75% of the compensation paid to students. The Organization is required to match the remaining 25%. During the 2019-2020 school year, the matching contributions requirement was waived by the CARES Act in response to the COVID-19 pandemic.