AUDIT REPORT
For the year ended December 31, 2021

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended December 31, 2021

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FINANCIAL SECTION



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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Seward County Commissioners Liberal, Kansas 67901

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the businesstype activities, the aggregate discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Seward County, Kansas, as of and for the year ended December 31, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise Seward County's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. We did not audit the financial statements of Southwest Medical Center (a discretely presented component unit), which represents 100% of the assets and revenues of the component unit columns. Those financial statements were audited by other auditors whose report thereon has been furnished to us, and our opinion, insofar as it relates to the amounts included for Southwest Medical Center (a discretely presented component unit), is based on the report of the other auditors.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, and the Kansas Municipal Audit and Accounting Guide. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's To the Seward County Commissioners Liberal, Kansas 67901

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preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, based on our audit and the report of the other auditors, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Seward County, Kansas, as of December 31, 2021, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and budgetary comparison information on pages 69 through 72 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise Seward County's basic financial statements. The introductory section,

To the Seward County Commissioners Liberal, Kansas 67901

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combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements, and statistical section are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards*, and is also not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The introductory and statistical sections have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated September 20, 2022, on our consideration of Seward County's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of Seward County's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering Seward County's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Hay•Rice & Associates, Chartered

Hay•Rice & Associates, Chartered

September 20, 2022



LIBERAL J.H. HAY, CPA STEPHEN G. RICE, CPA CRAIG HAY, CPA DUSTIN ORMISTON, CPA RODNEY K. HAY, CPA CHARTERED

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Seward County Commissioners Liberal, Kansas 67901

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, the *Kansas Municipal Audit and Accounting Guide*, and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Seward County, Kansas, as of and for the year ended December 31, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise Seward County's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated September 20, 2022.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered Seward County's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Seward County's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Seward County's internal control.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the preceding paragraph and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that have not been identified. However, as described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs, we did identify certain deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses and significant deficiencies.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. We consider the deficiencies described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as items 2021-001 and 2021-002 to be material weaknesses.

To the Seward County Commissioners Liberal, Kansas 67901

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A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance. We consider the deficiencies described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as items 2021-001 and 2021-002 to be significant deficiencies.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Seward County's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards* and which are described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as items 2021-001 and 2021-002.

Seward County's Response to Findings

Seward County's response to the findings identified in our audit is described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. Seward County's response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Hay•Rice & Associates, Chartered

Hay•Rice & Associates, Chartered

September 20, 2022

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

As management of Seward County, we offer readers of Seward County's financial statements this overview and analysis of the financial activities of Seward County for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2021. Please read this report in conjunction with the County's financial statements, which begin on page 1.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

• The assets of Seward County exceeded its liabilities at the close of 2021 by \$24,072,989 (net position). Of this amount, \$10,879,584 (unrestricted net position) may be used to meet the government's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This discussion and analysis are intended to serve as an introduction to Seward County's basic financial statements. These financial statements are comprised of three components: government-wide financial statements, fund financial statements, and notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of Seward County's finances, in a manner similar to private-sector business, and can be found on pages 1-5 of this report.

The statement of net position presents information on all of Seward County's assets (what the citizens own) and liabilities (what the citizens owe), with the difference between the two reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of Seward County is improving or deteriorating. Other nonfinancial factors should also be considered, such as changes in the County's property tax base, and the condition of the County's capital assets (highways, roads, bridges and buildings) to assess the overall health of the County.

The statement of activities presents information showing how Seward County's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenditures are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods.

Both of the government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of Seward County that are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges. The governmental activities of Seward County include general government, public safety, natural resources, educational, health and sanitation, social services, culture and recreation, transportation and debt service. The business-type activity of Seward County is the landfill.

The government-wide financial statements include not only Seward County itself but also a legally separate hospital, combined under one column heading of "Component Units." This entity has a Board appointed by the Seward County Commission. The Commission must also approve bond issuances by the entity. Financial information for this component unit is reported separately from the financial information presented for the primary government itself. Complete financial statements may be obtained at the Administrative Office for the Southwest Medical Center at 315 W. 15th in Liberal, Kansas.

Fund Financial Statements

A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. Seward County, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of Seward County can be divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds. Our analysis of the County's major funds begins on page 6. Kansas State law requires certain funds at a minimum. The Seward County Commission has established other funds to help it control and manage money for particular purposes (Ex. Planning & Zoning Fund) or to show that it is meeting legal responsibilities for using certain taxes, grants, and other money (Ex. County Sales Tax Funds). The County's two kinds of funds, governmental and proprietary, use different accounting approaches.

Governmental Funds

Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

These funds are reported using an accounting method called modified accrual accounting, which measures cash and all other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view of the County's general government operations and the basic services it provides. Governmental fund information helps to determine the amount of financial resources that are currently available in the near future to finance the County's programs.

Because the focus of the governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. This presentation should allow the readers to better understand the long-term impact of the government's current financial decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate the comparison between the governmental funds and the governmental activities reporting.

Seward County maintains 16 individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances for the general fund, which is considered its major fund. Data from the other 15 governmental funds are combined into a single, aggregate presentation.

Individual fund data for each of these nonmajor governmental funds is provided in the form of combining statements elsewhere in this report on pages 74 - 77.

The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages 6 - 12 of this report.

Proprietary Funds

Proprietary funds provide the same type of information as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements, only in more detail. Seward County uses an enterprise fund to account for charging customers for the full cost of the services it provides at the landfill, which is considered to be a major fund.

The basic proprietary fund financial statements can be found on pages 13 - 15 of this report.

Fiduciary Funds

Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside of the government. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statements because those funds resources are not available to support Seward County's programs. The accounting for the fiduciary funds is similar to that used for the proprietary funds.

The basic fiduciary fund financial statements can be found on page 16 - 20 of this report.

Notes to the Financial Statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and governmental fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found on pages 21 - 67 of this report.

Other Information

In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain required supplementary information concerning Seward County's compliance with its annually appropriated budget for the general fund. This required supplementary information can be found on pages 68 - 72 of this report.

The combining statements referred to earlier in connection with nonmajor governmental funds are presented immediately following the required supplementary information. The combined and the individual fund statements and schedules can be found on pages 73 - 89 of this report.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

As previously referenced in this analysis, the net position may serve as an indicator of the government's financial position. In Seward County, assets exceeded liabilities by \$24,072,989 at the close of 2021.

The largest portion of Seward County's net position, or 39%, reflects its investment in capital assets such as land, highways, roads, bridges, buildings, machinery, and equipment, less any debt used to acquire these assets that is still outstanding. Seward County uses these capital assets to provide

services to citizens. It is important to note that these assets are not available for future spending. Although Seward County's investment in capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets alone cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

	Seward County's Net Position								
	Governmenta	al Activities	Business-Typ	oe Activities	Tota	al			
	<u>2020</u>	<u>2021</u>	<u>2020</u>	<u>2021</u>	<u>2020</u>	<u>2021</u>			
Current and other assets	\$28,293,852	\$30,365,377	\$ 7,876,799	\$ 8,965,483	\$36,170,651	\$39,330,860			
Capital assets	14,838,678	14,553,236	3,941,788	3,192,314	<u>18,780,466</u>	<u>17,745,550</u>			
Total Assets	\$ <u>43,132,530</u>	\$ <u>44,918,613</u>	\$ <u>11,818,587</u>	\$ <u>12,157,797</u>	\$ <u>54,951,117</u>	\$ <u>57,076,410</u>			
Deferred Outflows of	¢ 2 200 744	¢ 2 100 200			¢ 2 200 744	¢ 2 100 200			
Resources	\$ <u>3,300,744</u>	\$ <u>3,100,306</u>			\$ <u>3,300,744</u>	\$ <u>3,100,306</u>			
Long-term liabilities Other liabilities	\$15,063,468 2,363,709	\$11,659,776 1,207,184	\$ 5,282,182 1,017,959	\$ 5,340,385 807,658	\$20,345,650 3,381,668	\$17,000,161 2,014,842			
Total Liabilities	\$\frac{2,303,709}{17,427,177}	\$ <u>12,866,960</u>	\$ <u>6,300,141</u>	\$ <u>6,148,043</u>	\$ <u>23,727,318</u>	\$\frac{19,015,003}{19,015,003}			
Deferred Inflows of	Ф1 4 425 177	Ф1 7 000 72 4			Ф1 4 425 177	Ф1 7 000 72 4			
Resources	\$ <u>14,435,177</u>	\$ <u>17,088,724</u>			\$ <u>14,435,177</u>	\$ <u>17,088,724</u>			
Net Position: Net investment in									
capital assets	\$11,561,037	\$11,614,657	\$ (1,651,057)	\$ (2,276,512)	\$ 9,909,980	\$ 9,338,145			
Restricted	182,657	313,069	3,239,799	3,542,191	3,422,456	3,855,260			
Unrestricted	2,827,226	6,135,509	3,929,704	4,744,075	6,756,930	10,879,584			
Total Net Position	\$ <u>14,570,920</u>	\$ <u>18,063,235</u>	\$ 5,518,446	\$ <u>6,009,754</u>	\$ <u>20,089,366</u>	\$ <u>24,072,989</u>			

Governmental activities increased Seward County's net position by \$3,492,315 and business-type activities decreased Seward County's net position by \$491,308 as a result of the key elements, as follows:

	Seward County's Changes in Net Position								
	Government	al Activities	Business-Ty	pe Activities	Tota	al			
	2020	2021	2020	2021	2020	2021			
Revenues									
Program Revenues:									
Charges for services	\$ 1,539,809	\$ 1,656,286	\$ 7,151,110	\$ 8,062,621	\$ 8,690,919	\$ 9,718,907			
Operating grants and									
contributions	7,237,122	2,742,651	=	-	7,237,122	2,742,651			
General Revenues:									
Property taxes	13,668,412	12,522,713	=	-	13,668,412	12,522,713			
Other taxes	4,423,605	5,147,215	=	-	4,423,605	5,147,215			
Other	<u>574,906</u>	336,181	15,165	(81,149)	590,071	255,032			
Total Revenues	\$ <u>27,443,854</u>	\$ <u>22,405,046</u>	\$ <u>7,166,275</u>	\$ <u>7,981,472</u>	\$ <u>34,610,129</u>	\$ <u>30,386,518</u>			
Expenses									
General Government	\$11,104,086	\$ 7,940,416	\$ -	\$ -	\$11,104,086	\$ 7,940,416			
Public Safety	4,736,356	4,711,109	-	-	4,736,356	4,711,109			
Transportation	2,901,293	1,546,916	-	-	2,901,293	1,546,916			
Natural Resources	172,421	217,524	-	-	172,421	217,524			
Health and Sanitation	6,586,991	3,057,549	-	-	6,586,991	3,057,549			
Social Services	307,852	322,852	-	-	307,852	322,852			
Culture and Recreation	1,014,734	1,023,732	-	-	1,014,734	1,023,732			

Landfill	-	-	7,610,237	7,445,000	7,610,237	7,445,000
Interest expense	109,872	92,633	63,144	45,164	173,016	137,797
Total Expenses	\$ <u>26,933,605</u>	\$ <u>18,912,731</u>	\$ <u>7,673,381</u>	\$ <u>7,490,164</u>	\$ <u>34,606,986</u>	\$ <u>26,402,895</u>
Increase (Decrease)						
in Net Position	\$ 510,249	\$ 3,492,315	\$ (507,106)	\$ 491,308	\$ 3,143	\$ 3,983,623
Net Position, January 1	14,060,671	14,570,920	6,025,552	5,518,446	20,086,223	20,089,366
Net Position, December 31	\$ <u>14,570,920</u>	\$ <u>18,063,235</u>	\$ <u>5,518,446</u>	\$ <u>6,009,754</u>	\$ <u>20,089,366</u>	\$ <u>24,072,989</u>

The Statement of Activities format is significantly different than a typical Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Balance, as expenses are listed in the first column with revenues from that particular program reported to the right. The result is a Net (Expense)/Revenue. This format highlights the relative financial burden of each of the functions on the County's taxpayers. It also identifies how much each function draws from the general revenues or if it is self-financing through fees and grants.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE GOVERNMENT'S FUNDS

As noted earlier, Seward County uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental Funds

The focus of Seward County's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing Seward County's financing requirements. In particular, unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

As of the end of the current fiscal year, Seward County's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$15,277,000, or increase of \$3,134,413 from the preceding year.

Approximately \$14,947,889 is available for spending at the government's discretion.

Proprietary Funds

Seward County's proprietary funds provide the same type of information found in the government-wide financial statements, but in more detail. Unrestricted net position of the proprietary fund is \$4,744,075.

GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

During 2021, the County Commission did not amend the general fund budget. The general fund revenue was over the total budgeted amount by \$528,033 and the general fund expenditures were under the budgeted amount by \$3,832,915, which gives an overall favorable amount of \$4,360,948.

CAPITAL ASSET AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets

At the end of the fiscal year ended December 31, 2021, the County had \$105,520,200 invested in capital assets including equipment, buildings, roads and landfill. (See Table below.)

		Seward County's Capital Assets										
		Governmental Activities				Business-Type Activities				Total		
		<u>2020</u>		<u>2021</u>		<u>2020</u>		<u>2021</u>		<u>2020</u>		<u>2021</u>
Land	\$	591,693	\$	591,693	\$	428,551	\$	428,551	\$	1,020,244	\$	1,020,244
Buildings		19,026,457		19,026,457		623,785		623,785		19,650,242		19,650,242
Improvements		-		-		4,887,617		4,887,617		4,887,617		4,887,617
Equipment		19,378,100		19,638,213		12,165,234		11,081,190		31,543,334		30,719,403
Highways and roads		49,242,694		49,242,694		-		-		49,242,694		49,242,694
Construction in progress	_		_		_		_		_		_	
Subtotal - Undepreciated	d											
cost	\$	88,238,944	\$	88,499,057	\$	18,105,187	\$	17,021,143	\$1	06,344,131	\$	105,520,200
Accumulated depreciation	ì											
and amortization	_	(73,400,266)	_	(73,945,821)	_	(14,163,399)	_	(13,828,829)		(87,563,66 <u>5</u>)	_	(87,774,650)
Total	\$_	14,838,678	\$	14,553,236	\$	3,941,788	\$	3,192,314	\$_	18,780,466	\$	17,745,550

Additional information on Seward County's capital assets can be found in Note 2C on pages 43 - 47 of this report.

Long-Term Debt

At the end of 2021, Seward County had contracts and capital lease payable of \$8,407,405. Additional long-term debt information can be found in Note 2C on pages 48 - 55 of this report.

		Seward County's Long-Term Debt									
	Governmen	tal Activities	Business-Typ	e Activities	To	Total					
	<u>2020</u>	<u>2021</u>	<u>2020</u>	<u>2021</u>	<u>2020</u>	<u>2021</u>					
Contracts	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 4,334,371	\$ 4,715,266	\$ 4,334,371	\$ 4,715,266					
Capital leases &											
temporary notes	3,304,641	2,938,579	1,258,474	753,560	4,563,115	3,692,139					
Net pension obligation	11,259,113	8,251,409			11,259,113	8,251,409					
Total	\$ <u>14,563,754</u>	\$ <u>11,189,988</u>	\$ <u>5,592,845</u>	\$ <u>5,468,826</u>	\$ <u>20,156,599</u>	\$ <u>16,658,814</u>					

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGET AND RATES

Seward County raised its 2022 budgeted mill levy for 2021 property taxes by 1.337 mills and increased property taxes by \$119,572.

CONTACTING THE COUNTY'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, customers and creditors with a general overview of the County's finances and to show the County's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional information, contact the County Administrator's office, Seward County, 515 North Washington, Liberal, Kansas 67901.

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS December 31, 2021

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION December 31, 2021

	Pri	ent		
	Governmental	Business-Type	_	Component
	Activities	Activities	Total	Units
ASSETS				
Current Assets				
Cash, including time deposits	\$ 15,879,125	\$ 4,612,401	\$ 20,491,526	\$ 17,104,321
Taxes receivable	14,173,183	- ·	14,173,183	- ·
Accounts receivable (net)	267,347	810,891	1,078,238	18,234,606
Inventory	13,029	<u>-</u>	13,029	1,945,784
Assets limited as to use	-	-	-	403,035
Estimated third-party settlements	_	_	-	22,962
Other receivables	_	_	-	49,065
Prepaid expenses	_	_	-	2,644,557
Total current assets	\$ 30,332,684	\$ 5,423,292	\$ 35,755,976	\$ 40,404,330
Noncurrent Assets	+ <u> , , </u>	T	+	+
Restricted Assets:				
Cash, including time deposits	\$ 32,693	\$ 3,542,191	\$ 3,574,884	\$ -
Internally designated	-	-	-	30,859,445
Under indenture agreements-held				, ,
by trustee	_	_	_	1,392,185
By contributors and grantors for				1,002,100
capital acquisitions	_	_	_	1,904,538
<u>Less</u> – Amounts required to meet				1,501,000
current obligations	_	_	_	(403,035)
Total restricted assets	\$ 32,693	\$ 3,542,191	\$ 3,574,884	\$ 33,753,133
Capital Assets:	ψ <u>υ2,09υ</u>	Ψ <u>υ,υ :=,1>1</u>	Ф <u></u>	\$\frac{100,100}{20,100}
Land	\$ 591,693	\$ 428,551	\$ 1,020,244	\$ 104,046
Buildings	19,026,457	623,785	19,650,242	27,816,783
Improvements other than buildings		4,887,617	4,887,617	2,270,127
Machinery, equipment, furniture		.,007,017	.,007,017	=,= / 0,1= /
and fixtures	19,638,213	11,081,190	30,719,403	21,907,935
Highways	49,242,694	-	49,242,694	-
Construction in progress	-	_	-	799,235
<u>Less</u> – Accumulated depreciation	(73,945,821)	(10,583,716)	(84,529,537)	(28,778,258)
Accumulated amortization	(73,513,021)	(3,245,113)		-
Total noncurrent assets	\$ 14,553,236		\$\frac{17,745,550}{17,745,550}	\$ 24,119,868
Total Assets	\$ 44,918,613	\$ 12,157,797	\$ 57,076,410	\$ 98,277,331
1041116606	φ	Ψ <u>12,107,777</u>	φ <u>υν,ονο, πο</u>	φ <u>σο,277,551</u>
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES				
Pension	\$ 3,100,306	_	\$ 3,100,306	\$ 8,657,718
Advance refunding	-	_	-	745,903
Total deferred outflows of resources	\$ 3,100,306		\$ 3,100,306	\$ 9,403,621
Total Assets and Deferred Outflows	+		+	+ <u> </u>
of Resources	\$ <u>48,018,919</u>	\$ <u>12,157,797</u>	\$ <u>60,176,716</u>	\$ <u>107,680,952</u>

Statement 1

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION December 31, 2021

	Pri			
	Governmental	Business-Type		Component
	Activities	Activities	<u>Total</u>	Units
LIABILITIES				
Current Liabilities				
Accounts payable	\$ 625,341	\$ 426,268	\$ 1,051,609	\$ 2,129,155
Accrued interest payable	-	-	-	166,436
Other accrued liabilities	-	-	-	84,151
Customer prepayments	-	43,029	43,029	-
Accrued wages and benefits	289,853	-	289,853	2,437,715
Accrued compensated absences	-	-	-	995,776
Estimated third-party payor				
settlements	-	-	-	254,062
Unearned CARES Act revenue	-	-	-	297,838
Capital lease obligations – Current	291,990	338,361	630,351	<u>-</u>
Current maturities of long-term debt	<u>-</u>	-	-	565,000
Total current liabilities	\$ 1,207,184	\$ 807,658	\$ 2,014,842	\$ 6,930,133
Noncurrent Liabilities	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			· <u>- · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·</u>
Contracts payable	\$ -	\$ 4,715,266	\$ 4,715,266	\$ -
Accrued compensated absences	761,778	209,920	971,698	<u>-</u>
Long-term debt	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	-	13,139,712
Net pension liability	8,251,409	_	8,251,409	18,062,893
Lease payable	2,646,589	415,199	3,061,788	-
Total noncurrent liabilities	\$ <u>11,659,776</u>	\$ 5,340,385	\$ <u>17,000,161</u>	\$31,202,605
	+ <u></u>	+ <u>,</u>	*	+
Total Liabilities	\$ <u>12,866,960</u>	\$ <u>6,148,043</u>	\$ <u>19,015,003</u>	\$38,132,738
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF				
RESOURCES				
Deferred revenue	\$14,173,183	-	\$14,173,183	\$ -
Advance refunding	-	-	-	100,371
Pension related	2,915,541		2,915,541	6,577,636
T . 1 D . 0 . 1 X . 0	44 5 6 6 6 7 6		447 000 704	.
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	\$ <u>17,088,724</u>		\$ <u>17,088,724</u>	\$ <u>6,678,007</u>
NET POSITION				
	¢11 (14 (57	¢ (2.276.512)	¢ 0.220 145	¢11 060 600
Net investment in capital assets	\$11,614,657	\$ (2,276,512)	\$ 9,338,145	\$11,060,688
Restricted for:				1 202 105
Debt service	-	-	-	1,392,185
Expendable for Capital acquisitions	212.060	- 2 542 101	2 055 260	1,904,538
Other purposes	313,069	3,542,191	3,855,260	40 510 706
Unrestricted	6,135,509	4,744,075	10,879,584	48,512,796
Total Net Position	\$ <u>18,063,235</u>	\$ <u>6,009,754</u>	\$ <u>24,072,989</u>	\$ <u>62,870,207</u>

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES For the year ended December 31, 2021

		Program Revenues		Net (E				
		Charges for	Operating	Capital	Cha	nges in Net Posit	ion	
		Services &	Grants and	Grants and	Governmental	Business-Type		Component
Functions/Programs	<u>Expenses</u>	<u>Other</u>	Contributions	Contributions	<u>Activities</u>	<u>Activities</u>	<u>Total</u>	<u> Units</u>
Primary Government:								
Governmental Activities:								
General Government:								
County Administration	\$ 149,202	\$ -	\$ -	-	\$ (149,202)	-	\$ (149,202)	-
County Commissioners	100,592	-	-	-	(100,592)	-	(100,592)	-
County Counselor	173,540	-	-	-	(173,540)	-	(173,540)	-
County Clerk	185,748	1,848	-	-	(183,900)	-	(183,900)	-
County Treasurer	224,670	264,869	-	-	40,199	-	40,199	-
County Attorney	619,629	6,482	-	-	(613,147)	-	(613,147)	-
Planning Board	108,241	6,725	-	-	(101,516)	-	(101,516)	-
Register of Deeds	115,537	3,293	-	-	(112,244)	-	(112,244)	-
Clerk of District Court	267,130	-	-	-	(267,130)	-	(267,130)	-
Courthouse General	2,093,940	179,402	2,081,069	-	166,531	-	166,531	-
Election	23,063	300	-	-	(22,763)	-	(22,763)	-
Employees' Benefits	3,556,233	-	-	-	(3,556,233)	-	(3,556,233)	-
County Appraiser	391,044	1,575	_	_	(389,469)	-	(389,469)	-
Human Resources	72,212	-	-	-	(72,212)	-	(72,212)	-
Information Technology	159,593	-	-	-	(159,593)	-	(159,593)	-
GIS	91,527	-	-	-	(91,527)	-	(91,527)	-
360 Improvements	202,265	-	-	-	(202,265)	-	(202,265)	
Reserve for claims	(536,603)				536,603		536,603	
Total general government	\$ 7,997,563	\$ 464,494	\$ 2,081,069		\$ (5,452,000)		\$ (5,452,000)	
Public Safety:								
Sheriff	\$ 1,322,431	\$ 98,943	\$ -	-	\$ (1,223,488)	-	\$ (1,223,488)	-
Civil Defense	41,962	-	73,779	-	31,817	-	31,817	-
Emergency Preparedness	256,488	-	-	-	(256,488)	-	(256,488)	-
Jail	1,682,069	58,995	-	-	(1,623,074)	-	(1,623,074)	-
Communications	460,028	125,651	-	-	(334,377)	-	(334,377)	-
Rural Fire	846,977	-	-	-	(846,977)	-	(846,977)	-
Juvenile Detention	126,075				(126,075)		(126,075)	
Total public safety	\$ 4,736,030	\$ 283,589	\$ 73,779		\$ (4,378,662)	_	\$ (4,378,662)	
Natural Resources:				·	 /		 /	
Soil Conservation	\$ 38,000	\$ -	-	-	\$ (38,000)	-	\$ (38,000)	-
Noxious Weed	179,524	70,077			(109,447)		(109,447)	
Total natural resources	\$ 217,524	\$ 70,077			\$ (147,447)		\$ (147,447)	

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES For the year ended December 31, 2021

		Program Revenues			Net (E			
		Charges for	Operating	Capital	Cha	nges in Net Posi	tion	
		Services &	Grants and	Grants and	Governmental	Business-Type		Component
Functions/Programs	Expenses	Other	Contributions	Contributions	Activities	Activities	Total	Units
Primary Government (Continued):								
Governmental Activities (Continued):								
Health and Sanitation:								
Coroner	\$ 39,643	\$ -	\$ -	-	\$ (39,643)	-	\$ (39,643)	-
Emergency Medical Service	862,255	370,162	-	_	(492,093)	-	(492,093)	-
Health	1,959,015	365,330	587,803	-	(1,005,882)	-	(1,005,882)	-
Mental Health	91,121			-	(91,121)	-	(91,121)	-
Developmental Disabled	120,000	-	-	-	(120,000)	-	(120,000)	-
Cemetery	(14,485)	25,325	_	_	39,810	_	39,810	_
Total health and sanitation	\$ 3,057,549	\$ 760,817	\$ 587,803		\$ (1,708,929)		\$ (1,708,929)	-
Social Services:	·			· <u> </u>	,			
Adolescent support	\$ 255,852	-	-	-	\$ (255,852)	-	\$ (255,852)	-
City on a Hill	50,000	-	-	_	(50,000)	-	(50,000)	-
Veterans/Other	17,000	-	-	-	(17,000)	-	(17,000)	-
Total social services	\$ 322,852				\$ (322,852)		\$ (322,852)	
Culture and Recreation:								
Historical Museum	\$ 75,000	\$ -	-	-	\$ (75,000)	-	\$ (75,000)	-
Council on Aging	247,919	-	-	_	(247,919)	-	(247,919)	-
Economic Development	150,274	-	-	_	(150,274)	-	(150,274)	-
Fair	50,000	-	-	_	(50,000)	-	(50,000)	-
Special Parks and Recreation	8,800	-	-	-	(8,800)	-	(8,800)	-
Activity Center	491,739	77,309	-	_	(414,430)	-	(414,430)	-
Total culture and recreation	\$ 1,023,732	\$ 77,309			\$ (946,423)		\$ (946,423)	-
Transportation:				' <u></u>				
Maintenance	\$ 1,546,916	-	-	_	\$ (1,546,916)	-	\$ (1,546,916)	-
Other:		·		·		·		·
Employee Committee	\$ 10,565	-	-	_	\$ (10,565)	-	\$ (10,565)	-
Total governmental activities	\$18,912,731	\$1,656,286	\$ 2,742,651		\$ (14,513,794)	\$ -	\$ (14,513,794)	-
Business-Type Activities:					, , , ,		, , , , ,	
Landfill	7,490,164	8,062,621				572,457	572,457	
Total Primary Government	\$ <u>26,402,895</u>	\$ <u>9,718,907</u>	\$ <u>2,742,651</u>		\$ <u>(14,513,794)</u>	\$ <u>572,457</u>	\$ <u>(13,941,337</u>)	

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES For the year ended December 31, 2021

			Program Revenue			xpense) Revenue		
		Charges for	Operating	<u>Capital</u>		nges in Net Posit	ion	
	-	Services &	Grants and	Grants and	Governmental	Business-Type	m . 1	Component
Functions/Programs	<u>Expenses</u>	<u>Other</u>	<u>Contributions</u>	<u>Contributions</u>	<u>Activities</u>	<u>Activities</u>	<u>Total</u>	<u>Units</u>
Component Units:	A== 0.40.400	A=0.202.2=4	440 40 5 00 5	0.54.5.050				010 (10-
Southwest Medical Center	\$ <u>77,249,122</u>	\$ <u>79,303,274</u>	\$ <u>10,205,087</u>	\$ <u>517,258</u>				\$ <u>12,776,497</u>
General Revenues:								
Ad valorem property tax					\$11,861,278	\$ -	\$11,861,278	-
Delinquent tax					462,861	-	462,861	-
Interest on delinquent taxes					198,574	-	198,574	-
Motor vehicle tax					1,099,244	-	1,099,244	-
Private club liquor tax					28,042	-	28,042	-
Local sales tax					2,477,436	-	2,477,436	-
Gasoline tax					743,448	-	743,448	-
Health initiatives					774,080	-	774,080	-
Severance tax					24,965	-	24,965	-
Diversion fees					39,286	-	39,286	-
Special City/County highway					113,102	-	113,102	-
Royalty and lease income					12,610	-	12,610	-
Miscellaneous					126,477	-	126,477	-
Interest					72,982	3,389	76,371	-
Gain or (loss) on disposal of assets					(28,276)	(84,538)	(112,814)	
Total general revenues and transfers					\$ <u>18,006,109</u>	\$ <u>(81,149</u>)	\$ <u>17,924,960</u>	
Change in Net Position					\$ 3,492,315	\$ 491,308	\$ 3,983,623	\$12,776,497
Net Position, Beginning					14,570,920	<u>5,518,446</u>	20,089,366	50,093,710
Net Position, Ending					\$ <u>18,063,235</u>	\$ <u>6,009,754</u>	\$ <u>24,072,989</u>	\$ <u>62,870,207</u>

Statement 3

BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS December 31, 2021

		<u>Other</u>	<u>Total</u>
	<u>General</u>	<u>Governmental</u>	Governmental
ASSETS	<u>Fund</u>	<u>Funds</u>	<u>Funds</u>
Cash, including time deposits	\$ 6,524,997	\$ 9,354,128	\$15,879,125
Cash, restricted	32,693	-	32,693
Accounts receivable	143,682	123,665	267,347
Taxes receivable	11,281,679	2,891,504	14,173,183
Inventory	13,029		13,029
Total Assets	\$ <u>17,996,080</u>	\$ <u>12,369,297</u>	\$30,365,377
LIABILITIES			
Accounts payable	\$ 435,106	\$ 190,235	\$ 625,341
Accrued wages and benefits	215,442	74,411	289,853
Total liabilities	\$650,548	\$ <u>264,646</u>	\$ <u>915,194</u>
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Deferred revenue	\$ <u>11,281,679</u>	\$ <u>2,891,504</u>	\$ <u>14,173,183</u>
FUND BALANCES			
Nonspendable:			
Inventory	\$ 13,029	\$ -	\$ 13,029
Accounts receivable	143,682	123,665	267,347
Restricted for restricted assets	32,693	-	32,693
Assigned	16,042	9,089,482	9,105,524
Unassigned	5,858,407		5,858,407
Total fund balances	\$ <u>6,063,853</u>	\$ <u>9,213,147</u>	\$ <u>15,277,000</u>
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources			
and Fund Balances	\$ <u>17,996,080</u>	\$ <u>12,369,297</u>	\$ <u>30,365,377</u>

Statement 3 (Continued)

RECONCILIATION OF TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUND BALANCE TO NET POSITION OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES December 31, 2021

Total Governmental Fund Balances	\$15,277,000
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:	
Capital assets and deferred outflows of resources used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds: Capital assets net of accumulated depreciation of \$73,945,821 Deferred outflows of resources	14,553,236 3,100,306
Long-term liabilities and deferred inflows of resources are not due and payable in the current period	
and therefore are not reported in the funds: Accrued compensated absences Capital leases payable Net pension liability Deferred inflows of resources	(761,778) (2,938,579) (8,251,409) (2,915,541)
Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$ <u>18,063,235</u>

Statement 4

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES – GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

For the year ended December 31, 2021

	C 1	<u>Other</u>	<u>Total</u>
	General Errord	Governmental	Governmental Even do
Davianuas	<u>Fund</u>	<u>Funds</u>	<u>Funds</u>
Revenues Taxes	¢10 005 002	¢ 2.507.215	¢14 402 100
	\$10,805,983	\$ 3,597,215	\$14,403,198
Intergovernmental	2,797,716	3,364,053	6,161,769
Licenses, permits, and fees	524,100	- 451 242	524,100
Charges for services Interest income	540,896	451,342	992,238
	72,982	12 (00	72,982
Royalty and lease income	77,319	12,600	89,919
Miscellaneous	32,677	102,940	135,617
Total Revenues	\$ <u>14,851,673</u>	\$ <u>7,528,150</u>	\$22,379,823
Expenditures			
Current Operations:			
General Government:			
County Administration	\$ 147,969	\$ -	\$ 147,969
County Commissioners	100,592	Ψ _	100,592
County Counselor	173,540	_	173,540
County Clerk	170,684	_	170,684
County Clerk County Treasurer	224,384	_	224,384
County Attorney	607,508	12,121	619,629
Planning Board	107,660	12,121	107,660
Register of Deeds	113,825	_	113,825
Clerk of District Court	257,265	_	257,265
Employees' Benefits	3,860,515	_	3,860,515
Courthouse General	1,124,312	1,117,963	2,242,275
Information Technology	159,593	1,117,703	159,593
GIS	91,527	_	91,527
Election	23,063	_	23,063
County Appraiser	390,142	_	390,142
Human Resources	72,212	_	72,212
360 Improvements	202,265	_	202,265
Reserve for claims	(536,603)	_	(536,603)
Total general government	\$\frac{7,290,453}{1,290,453}	\$ <u>1,130,084</u>	\$\frac{350,005}{8,420,537}
Public Safety:	ψ <u>1,470,433</u>	ψ <u>1,130,001</u>	Ψ <u>υ,π∠υ,<i>ΣΣΤ</i></u>
Sheriff	\$ 1,294,864	\$ -	\$ 1,294,864
Civil Defense	39,571	ψ -	39,571
CIVII DEIGIISC	39,3/1	-	39,3/1

Statement 4 (Continued)

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES – GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

For the year ended December 31, 2021

	General	Other Governmental	<u>Total</u> Governmental
Expenditures (Continued)	Fund	Funds	Funds
Current Operations (Continued):	<u>r unu</u>	<u>r unus</u>	<u>r unus</u>
Public Safety (Continued):			
Emergency Preparedness	88,601	167,887	256,488
Jail	1,497,431	-	1,497,431
Communications	363,640	_	363,640
Juvenile Detention	126,075	_	126,075
Rural Fire	-	832,520	832,520
Total public safety	\$ 3,410,182	\$ 1,000,407	\$ 4,410,589
Natural Resources:	\$\frac{0,110,102}{}	φ_1,000,107	Ψ <u>.,,.10,009</u>
Soil Conservation	\$ 38,000	_	\$ 38,000
Noxious Weed	171,309	_	171,309
Total natural resources	\$ 209,309		\$ 209,309
Health and Sanitation:	+ <u></u>		+ <u></u>
Coroner	\$ 39,643	\$ -	\$ 39,643
Mental Health	84,500	- -	84,500
Developmental Disabled	120,000	-	120,000
Cemetery	53,692	-	53,692
Emergency Medical Service	802,866	-	802,866
Health		1,938,968	1,938,968
Total health and sanitation	\$ <u>1,100,701</u>	\$ <u>1,938,968</u>	\$ <u>3,039,669</u>
Social Services:			
Adolescent support	\$ 255,852	-	\$ 255,852
City on a Hill	50,000	-	50,000
Veterans/Other	17,000		17,000
Total social services	\$ 322,852		\$ <u>322,852</u>
Culture and Recreation:			
Historical Museum	\$ 75,000	\$ -	\$ 75,000
Activity Center	341,875	-	341,875
Fair	50,000	-	50,000
Economic Development	150,274	-	150,274
Council on Aging	247,919	-	247,919
Special Parks and Recreation		8,800	8,800
Total culture and recreation	\$ 865,068	\$8,800	\$ <u>873,868</u>

Statement 4 (Continued)

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES – GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS For the year ended December 31, 2021

	<u>General</u>	Other Governmental	<u>Total</u> <u>Governmental</u>
	<u>Fund</u>	<u>Funds</u>	<u>Funds</u>
Expenditures (Continued)			
Current Operations (Continued):			
Transportation:			
Maintenance		\$ <u>2,016,101</u>	\$ <u>2,016,101</u>
Other:			
Employee Committee	\$ <u>10,565</u>		\$ <u>10,565</u>
Total Expenditures	\$ <u>13,209,130</u>	\$ <u>6,094,360</u>	\$ <u>19,303,490</u>
Transfers:			
Equipment	\$ <u>954,115</u>	\$ <u>(954,115</u>)	
Net Change in Fund Balances	\$ 688,428	\$ 2,387,905	\$ 3,076,333
	5.255.042	6.506.544	10 140 505
Fund Balances, January 1	5,355,843	6,786,744	12,142,587
Other Changes			
Other Changes:	10.592	20 400	50 000
Increase or (decrease) in reserves	19,582	38,498	58,080
Fund Balances, December 31	\$ 6,063,853	\$_9,213,147	\$15,277,000
i and Dalances, December 31	Ψ <u>0,005,055</u>	$\Psi \underline{\hspace{1cm} \mathcal{J}_{2} \mathcal{I} \mathcal{J}_{1} \mathcal{J}_{1} \mathcal{J}_{1} \mathcal{J}_{1}}$	Ψ <u>13,277,000</u>

Statement 4 (Continued)

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

For the year ended December 31, 2021

Net Change in Fund Balances – Total Governmental Funds

\$ 3,076,333

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:

Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense:

Capital asset purchases capitalized	953,856
Capital asset disposals, net of accumulated depreciation	(37,416)
Depreciation expense	(1,201,882)

Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the fund:

Current taxes receivable	14,173,183
Prior taxes receivable	(14,123,669)
Current accounts receivable	267,347
Prior accounts receivable	(211,190)
Current restricted assets	32,693
Prior restricted assets	(26,211)
Current deferred revenue	(14,173,183)
Prior deferred revenue	14,123,669
Current deferred outflows of resources	3,100,306
Prior deferred outlaws of resources	(3,300,744)

Issuance of debt is revenue in the governmental funds, but the receipt increases long-term liabilities in the statement of net position:

Capital lease proceeds

Repayment of debt principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net position: Capital lease principal payments

339,062

Statement 4 (Continued)

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

For the year ended December 31, 2021

Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources, and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds:

Current compensated absences	(761,778)
Prior compensated absences	862,827
Current net pension liability	(8,251,409)
Prior net pension liability	11,259,113
Current deferred inflows of resources	(2,915,541)
Prior deferred inflows of resources	311,508

Some assets, such as prepaid insurance and inventory, are reported as reserves to fund balances in the governmental funds statement so these amounts are included in the expense accounts on the governmental funds:

Current inventory	13,029
Prior inventory	(17,588)
Current prepaid assets	-
Prior prepaid assets	

Change in Net Position on Governmental Activities \$\(\) \(

Statement 5

STATEMENTS OF NET POSITION – PROPRIETARY FUNDS December 31, 2021 and 2020

	Business-Type Activities		
	Landfill		
ASSETS	<u>Current</u>	<u>Prior</u>	
<u>Current Assets</u>			
Cash, including time deposits	\$ 4,612,401	\$ 3,969,041	
Accounts receivable (net)	<u>810,891</u>	667,959	
Total current assets	\$ <u>5,423,292</u>	\$ <u>4,637,000</u>	
Noncurrent Assets			
Restricted Assets:			
Cash, including time deposits	\$ 3,542,191	\$ 3,239,799	
Capital Assets:			
Land	428,551	428,551	
Buildings	623,785	623,785	
Landfill pit	4,887,617	4,887,617	
Machinery, equipment, furniture and fixtures	11,081,190	12,165,234	
<u>Less</u> – Accumulated depreciation	(10,583,716)	(10,963,362)	
Accumulated amortization	(3,245,113)	(3,200,037)	
Total noncurrent assets	\$ <u>6,734,505</u>	\$ <u>7,181,587</u>	
Total Assets	\$ <u>12,157,797</u>	\$ <u>11,818,587</u>	
LIABILITIES			
Current Liabilities			
Payable from Current Assets:			
Accounts payable	\$ 426,268	\$ 484,303	
Customer prepayments	43,029	27,189	
Current portion of long-term debt	338,361	506,467	
Total current liabilities	\$ 807,658	\$ 1,017,959	
Noncurrent Liabilities	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	·	
Lease payable	\$ 753,560	\$ 1,258,474	
Accrued compensated absences	209,920	195,804	
Landfill closure payable	4,715,266	4,334,371	
<u>Less</u> – Current portion	(338,361)	(506,467)	
Total noncurrent liabilities	\$ 5,340,385	\$ 5,282,182	
Total Liabilities	\$ <u>6,148,043</u>	\$ <u>6,300,141</u>	
NET POSITION			
Net investment in capital assets	\$ (2,276,512)	\$ (1,651,057)	
Restricted for:	(=,=,=,=,===)	+ (1,001,007)	
Other purposes	3,542,191	3,239,799	
Unrestricted	4,744,075	3,929,704	
Total Net Position	\$ <u>6,009,754</u>	\$ <u>5,518,446</u>	

Statement 6

$\frac{\text{STATEMENTS OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES}}{\text{IN FUND NET POSITION} - \text{PROPRIETARY FUNDS}}$

For the years ended December 31, 2021 and 2020

	Business-Type Activities Landfill	
	Current	<u>Prior</u>
Operating Revenues		
Charges for services	\$8,062,621	\$ <u>7,151,110</u>
Operating Expenses		
Cost of Services:		
Salaries and wages	\$1,888,481	\$1,851,122
Fringe benefits	973,995	937,556
Professional fees	153,622	75,664
Maintenance	160,950	202,310
Fuel	816,611	580,004
Rents	118,149	20,868
Tonnage fees	119,601	95,044
Repairs	1,474,854	1,322,608
Contract labor	14,452	-
Waste tire removal	20,474	21,682
Total cost of services	\$5,741,189	\$5,106,858
Other:	·	
Administrative expense	\$ 442,014	\$ 545,453
Insurance	91,635	60,292
Depreciation and amortization	789,266	1,008,306
Total other	\$1,322,915	\$ <u>1,614,051</u>
Total operating expenses	\$7,064,104	\$6,720,909
Net Operating Income	\$ <u>998,517</u>	\$ <u>430,201</u>
Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses)		
Landfill closure and postclosure	\$ (380,896)	\$ (889,328)
Interest income	3,389	15,165
Interest and fiscal charges	(45,164)	(63,144)
Gain (loss) on sale of assets	(84,538)	-
Total non-operating revenues (expenses)	\$ <u>(507,209)</u>	\$ <u>(937,307)</u>
Change in Net Position	\$ 491,308	\$ (507,106)
Net Position, Beginning of Year	5,518,446	6,025,552
Net Position, End of Year	$$\frac{6,009,754}{}$	\$ <u>5,518,446</u>

Statement 7

$\underline{STATEMENTS\ OF\ CASH\ FLOWS-PROPRIETARY\ FUNDS}$

For the years ended December 31, 2021 and 2020

	Business-Type Activities Landfill			
	Current	Prior		
Cash Flows from Operating Activities				
Receipts from customers	\$ 7,919,689	\$ 7,037,271		
Disbursements to suppliers	(4,414,437)	(4,160,839)		
Disbursements to employees	(1,888,481)	(1,851,122)		
Interest income	3,389	15,165		
Interest expense	<u>(45,164</u>)	<u>(63,144</u>)		
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$ <u>1,574,996</u>	\$ <u>977,331</u>		
Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities				
Capitalized landfill pit costs	\$ -	\$ (965,859)		
Purchase of property and equipment	(124,331)	(647,340)		
Financing of equipment	-	235,000		
Principal payments on capital lease obligations	<u>(504,913</u>)	<u>(579,215</u>)		
Net cash used in financing activities	\$ <u>(629,244</u>)	\$ <u>(1,957,414)</u>		
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 945,752	\$ (980,083)		
Cash and Cash Equivalents at Beginning of Year	7,208,840	8,188,923		
Cash and Cash Equivalents at End of Year	\$ <u>8,154,592</u>	\$ <u>7,208,840</u>		
Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash				
Provided (Used) by Operating Activities				
Operating income (loss)	\$ <u>491,308</u>	\$ <u>(507,106</u>)		
Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income to Net Cash				
Provided (Used) by Operating Activities:				
Depreciation expense	\$ 744,191	\$ 979,163		
Amortization expense	45,075	29,143		
(Gain) loss on sale of assets	84,538	-		
Changes in Assets and Liabilities:				
Decrease (increase) in accounts receivable	(142,932)	(113,839)		
(Decrease) increase in accounts payable	(58,035)	246,169		
(Decrease) increase in customer prepayments	15,840	(7,992)		
(Decrease) increase in accrued compensated absences	14,116	10,649		
(Decrease) increase in closure and postclosure	380,895	341,144		
Total adjustments	\$ <u>1,083,688</u>	\$ <u>1,484,437</u>		
Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities	\$ <u>1,574,996</u>	\$ <u>977,331</u>		

Statement 8

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION – FIDUCIARY FUNDS December 31, 2021

		<u>Assets</u>			
	<u>C</u>	<u>Net</u>			
	<u>Time</u>	Time Deposits		abilities	Position
Private-Purpose Trust Funds					
Register of Deeds – Tech Fund	\$	99,394	\$	-	\$ 99,394
Technology Surplus		110,225		-	110,225
City of Liberal Intake		13,713		-	13,713
Baughman Foundation		28,500		6,485	22,015
Clerk Tech Fund		7,692		-	7,692
Treasurer Tech Fund		31,076		-	31,076
LLEBG2002-51 Grant		8,675		-	8,675
Juvenile Justice Grant		218,548		10,628	207,920
Court Service Incentives		250		-	250
Treasurer's Special Auto		22,456		4,308	18,148
DOJ Seized/Forfeiture		74,417		-	74,417
Emergency Medical Service:					
Training		19,273		-	19,273
Bequests		2,904		-	2,904
Prosecutor Training		24,880		-	24,880
Law Library		43,731			43,731
Sub-total	\$	705,734	\$	21,421	\$ <u>684,313</u>

Statement 8 (Continued)

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION – FIDUCIARY FUNDS December 31, 2021

	<u>Assets</u>		
	Cash and	<u>Net</u>	
	<u>Time Deposits</u>	<u>Liabilities</u>	<u>Position</u>
Agency Funds			
Sheriff	\$ 69,285	\$ 69,285	-
Register of Deeds	132	132	-
Clerk of District Court	193,207	193,207	-
County Attorney	23,540	23,540	-
Cimarron Basin	94,677	94,677	-
Escape Holding	219	219	-
Patriot Escrow	30,494	30,494	-
Long and Short	577	577	-
Special Stray	4,262	4,262	-
Special County Mineral Tax	19,539	19,539	-
Pilot	3,000	3,000	_
Recreational Vehicles	4,376	4,376	-
Sales and Compensating Tax	67,337	67,337	-
Added Tax	22,787	22,787	_
Current Tax	25,029,777	25,029,777	_
Vehicle Property Tax	634,663	634,663	-
Delinquent Personal	7,145	7,145	-
Delinquent Real Estate	135,286	135,286	-
Commercial Vehicle Fees	12,652	12,652	-
Rent Vehicles	10,122	10,122	-
Bankruptcy	659	659	-
USD 507 Capital Outlay	4	4	_
Seward Township Cemetery	(30)	(30)	
Sub-total	\$26,363,710	\$26,363,710	
Total Fiduciary Funds	\$ <u>27,069,444</u>	\$ <u>26,385,131</u>	\$ <u>684,313</u>

Statement 9

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN NET POSITION – FIDUCIARY FUNDS

PRIVATE-PURPOSE TRUST FUNDS

For the year ended December 31, 2021

	Register	T 1 1	City of	D 1	<u>Clerk</u>	<u>Treasurer</u>
	of Deeds	<u>Technology</u>	<u>Liberal</u>	Baughman	<u>Tech</u>	Tech
	Tech Fund	<u>Surplus</u>	<u>Intake</u>	<u>Foundation</u>	<u>Fund</u>	<u>Fund</u>
ADDITIONS						
Federal and state grants	\$ -	-	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Private grants	-	-	-	65,250	-	-
Intergovernmental	-	-	-	-	-	-
Charges for services	_24,390	-	_	_	6,097	6,097
Total additions	\$ 24,390	_		\$ <u>65,250</u>	\$ 6,097	\$ <u>6,097</u>
DEDUCTIONS						
Personal services	\$ -	\$ -	-	\$ -	-	\$ -
Contractual services	-	-	_	_	-	_
Commodities	4,626	3,987	_	43,235	-	27
Transfers out	-	-	_	-	_	_
Total deductions	\$ 4,626	\$ 3,987		\$ 43,235		\$ 27
Change in Net Position	\$ 19,764	\$ (3,987)	\$ -	\$ 22,015	\$ 6,097	\$ 6,070
Net Position – Beginning of Year	79,630	114,212	13,713		1,595	25,006
Net Position – End of Year	\$ <u>99,394</u>	\$ <u>110,225</u>	\$ <u>13,713</u>	\$ <u>22,015</u>	\$ <u>7,692</u>	\$ <u>31,076</u>

Statement 9 (Continued)

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN NET POSITION – FIDUCIARY FUNDS PRIVATE–PURPOSE TRUST FUNDS

For the year ended December 31, 2021

					<u>Emergency</u>	<u>Emergency</u>
	<u>LLEGB</u>	<u>Juvenile</u>	<u>DOJ</u>		Medical	Medical
	<u>2002-51</u>	<u>Justice</u>	Seized/	Treasurer's	<u>Service</u>	<u>Service</u>
	<u>Grant</u>	<u>Grant</u>	<u>Forfeiture</u>	Special Auto	<u>Training</u>	Bequests
ADDITIONS				_	_	_
Federal and state grants	-	\$285,873	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	-
Private grants	-	-	-	-	-	-
Intergovernmental	-	-	333	-	2,440	-
Charges for services		<u>124,922</u>	<u> </u>	<u>161,560</u>		
Total additions		\$ <u>410,795</u>	\$ <u>333</u>	\$ <u>161,560</u>	\$ <u>2,440</u>	
DEDUCTIONS						
Personal services	\$ -	\$202,349	-	\$133,648	_	_
Contractual services	-	122,601	-	9,764	-	_
Commodities	102	27,476	-	9,222	-	-
Transfers out		<u> </u>		<u> </u>		
Total deductions	\$ <u>102</u>	\$ <u>352,426</u>		\$ <u>152,634</u>	<u> </u>	
Change in Net Position	\$ (102)	\$ 58,369	\$ 333	\$ 8,926	\$ 2,440	\$ -
Net Position – Beginning of Year	8,777	149,551	74,084	9,222	16,833	2,904
Net Position – End of Year	\$ <u>8,675</u>	\$ <u>207,920</u>	\$ <u>74,417</u>	\$ <u>18,148</u>	\$ <u>19,273</u>	\$ <u>2,904</u>

Statement 9 (Continued)

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN NET POSITION – FIDUCIARY FUNDS PRIVATE–PURPOSE TRUST FUNDS

For the year ended December 31, 2021

		<u>Court</u>	Rein-		
	<u>Prosecutor</u>	<u>Services</u>	vestment	<u>Law</u>	
	<u>Training</u>	<u>Incentives</u>	<u>Grant</u>	<u>Library</u>	<u>Total</u>
ADDITIONS					
Federal and state grants	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 81,922	\$ -	\$367,795
Private grants	-	-	-	-	65,250
Intergovernmental	-	-	-	-	2,773
Charges for services	1,038	500	<u> </u>	27,118	351,722
Total additions	\$ <u>1,038</u>	\$ <u>500</u>	\$ <u>81,922</u>	\$ <u>27,118</u>	\$ <u>787,540</u>
DEDUCTIONS					
Personal services	-	\$ -	\$ 12,866	\$ -	\$348,863
Contractual services	-	500	9,463	33,153	175,481
Commodities	-	-	722	-	89,397
Transfers out			147,036	<u> </u>	147,036
Total deductions		\$ <u>500</u>	\$ <u>170,087</u>	\$ <u>33,153</u>	\$ <u>760,777</u>
Change in Net Position	\$ 1,038	\$ -	\$ (88,165)	\$ (6,035)	\$ 26,763
Net Position – Beginning of Year	23,842	250	88,165	49,766	657,550
Net Position – End of Year	\$ <u>24,880</u>	\$ <u>250</u>		\$ <u>43,731</u>	\$ <u>684,313</u>

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS December 31, 2021

Note 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

A. Reporting Entity

Seward County, Kansas is a municipal corporation governed by an elected five-member commission. As required by generally accepted accounting principles, these financial statements present the primary government and its component unit, an entity for which the government is considered to be financially accountable. Blended component units, although legally separate entities, are, in substance, part of the government's operations and so data from these units are combined with data of the primary government. There were no blended component units for this reporting entity. A discretely presented component unit, on the other hand, is reported in a separate column in the combined financial statements to emphasize it is legally separate from the primary government. This presented component unit has a December 31 year end. Records of County boards are not subject to examination by certified public accountants in accordance with the provisions of state statute and such boards elected not to have an annual audit of their records for audit year 2021.

Discretely Presented Component Unit

The component unit section of the financial statements includes the financial data of a discretely presented component unit. This component unit is reported separately to emphasize that it is legally separate from the County. The governing body of this component unit is appointed by the County Commission.

Southwest Medical Center – Southwest Medical Center (the Medical Center) is owned by Seward County, Kansas (the County), and governed by a seven-member Board of Trustees appointed by the Board of County Commissioners. The Medical Center is a 101-bed, not-for-profit general hospital located in Liberal, Kansas. The Medical Center can sue and be sued, and can buy, sell, or lease real property. Bond issuances must be approved by the County. The Medical Center is a component unit of the County.

Complete financial statements for the component unit may be obtained at the entity's administrative office:

Southwest Medical Center 315 W. 15th Liberal, Kansas 67901

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

December 31, 2021 (Continued)

Note 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

B. Financial Statements

The accounting and reporting policies of the County relating to the funds included in the accompanying basic financial statements conform to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America applicable to state and local governments. Generally accepted accounting principles for local governments include those principles prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB), the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants in the publication entitled Audits of State and Local Governmental Units and by the Financial Accounting Standards Board (when applicable). As allowed in Section P80 of GASB's Codification of Governmental Accounting and Financial Reporting Standards, the County has elected not to apply Financial Accounting Standards Board Statements and Interpretations, Accounting Principles Board Opinions, and Accounting Research Bulletins of the Committee of Accounting Procedure issued after November 30, 1989. The more significant accounting policies of the County are described below.

The County's basic financial statements include the accounts of all County operations. The criteria for including organizations as component units within the County's reporting entity, as set forth in Section 2100 of GASB's <u>Codification of Governmental Accounting and Financial Reporting Standards</u>, include whether:

- the organization is legally separate (can sue and be sued in their own name)
- the County holds the corporate powers of the organization
- the County appoints a voting majority of the organization's board
- the County is able to impose its will on the organization
- the organization has the potential to impose a financial benefit/burden on the County
- there is fiscal dependency by the organization on the County

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

December 31, 2021 (Continued)

Note 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

C. Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The statement of net position and statement of activities display information about the reporting government as a whole. They include all funds of the reporting entity except for fiduciary funds. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. The statements distinguish between governmental and business-type activities. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues and other nonexchange revenues. Business-type activities are financed in whole or in part by fees charged to external parties for goods or services.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use or directly benefit from goods, services or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Reconciliation of Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

A. Explanation of certain differences between the governmental fund balance sheet and the government-wide statement of net position.

Statement 3 provides a reconciliation between the total governmental fund balance and the net position of governmental activities as reported in the government-wide statement of net position.

The reconciling element is due to the governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures in the year of purchase. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets are allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. Also, long-term liabilities such as accrued compensated absences, capital leases payable, and net pension liability are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

December 31, 2021 (Continued)

Note 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

C. Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements (Continued)

Reconciliation of Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements (Continued)

B. Explanation of certain differences between the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances.

Statement 4 includes a reconciliation between net changes in fund balances – total governmental funds and changes in net position of governmental activities. One element in the reconciliation is the reporting on the purchase of capital assets. The governmental funds report purchases of the capital assets as a current period expenditure. The statement of activities recognizes the cost of those capital assets allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. These reconciling items are shown in the current year of \$415,982 and total depreciation expense of \$953,856.

Fund Financial Statements

Fund financial statements of the reporting entity are organized into funds each on which are considered to be separate accounting entities. Each fund is accounted for by providing a separate set of self-balancing accounts that constitute its assets, liabilities, fund equity, revenues and expenditures/expenses. Funds are organized into three major categories: governmental, proprietary and fiduciary. An emphasis is placed on major funds within the governmental and proprietary categories. A fund is considered major if it is the primary operating fund of the County or meets the following criteria:

- 1. Total assets, liabilities, revenues or expenditures/expenses of that individual governmental or enterprise fund are at least 10 percent of the corresponding total for all funds of that category or type, and
- 2. Total assets, liabilities, revenues or expenditures/expenses of that individual governmental fund or enterprise fund are at least 5 percent of the corresponding total for all governmental and enterprise funds combined.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

December 31, 2021 (Continued)

Note 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

C. Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements (Continued)

The funds of the financial reporting entity are described below:

Governmental Funds:

General Fund

The General Fund is the primary operating fund of the County and always classified as a major fund. It is used to account for all activities except those legally or administratively required to be accounted for in other funds.

Special Revenue Funds

Special Revenue Funds are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources (other than special assessments or major capital projects) that are legally or administratively restricted to expenditures for certain purposes.

Capital Projects Fund

The Capital Projects Fund is used to account for resources restricted for the acquisition or construction of specific capital projects or items (other than those financed by enterprise funds). All Capital Projects Funds were completed in previous years.

Debt Service Fund

The Debt Service Fund accounts for the accumulation of financial resources for the payment of interest and principal on the general long-term debt and the financing of special assessments that are general obligations of the County (other than debt service payments made by enterprise funds).

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

December 31, 2021 (Continued)

Note 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

C. Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements (Continued)

Proprietary Fund:

Enterprise Fund

Enterprise Funds are used to account for business-like activities provided to the general public. These activities are financed primarily by user charges and the measurement of financial activity focuses on net income measurement similar to the private sector.

<u>Fiduciary Funds</u> (Not included in government-wide statements):

Trust Funds

Funds that are held subject to trust agreements.

Agency Funds

Agency funds account for assets held by the County in a purely custodial capacity. Since agency funds are custodial in nature (i.e. assets equal liabilities), they do not involve the measurement of results of operations.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

December 31, 2021 (Continued)

Note 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

D. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the proprietary fund and fiduciary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures are recorded only when payment is due.

The government reports the following major governmental funds:

The General Fund is the government's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

The government reports the Landfill Fund as a major proprietary fund.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenue of the County's proprietary fund is charges to customers for sales and services. Operating expenses for enterprise funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

December 31, 2021 (Continued)

Note 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

E. Assets, Liabilities and Net Position or Equity

Cash and Cash Equivalents

For the purpose of the Statement of Net Position, "cash, including time deposits" includes all demand and savings accounts and certificates of deposits of the County. For the purposes of the proprietary fund Statement of Cash Flows, "cash and cash equivalents" includes all demand and savings accounts and certificates of deposits or short-term investments with an original maturity of three months or less.

Kansas statutes authorize the public entities, with certain restrictions, to deposit or invest in open accounts, time deposits, certificates of deposit, repurchase agreements, U. S. Treasury Bills and Notes, and the State Treasurer's investment pool. Kansas statutes also require that collateral be pledged for bank deposits with a fair market value equal to 100 percent of the uninsured amounts and must be assigned for the benefit of the public entity.

All cash accounts are recorded at cost, plus accrued interest, if applicable. All funds for the primary government were fully collateralized at year end by federal depository insurance and/or collateral held by the entity or its agent in the entity's name.

Restricted Assets

Certain resources are set aside for their repayment and are classified as restricted assets on balance sheet because they are maintained in separate accounts and their use is limited to:

AFLAC accounts
Diversions – County Attorney
Landfill

When an expense is incurred that can be paid using either restricted or unrestricted resources (net position), the County's policy is to first apply the expense toward restricted resources and then toward unrestricted resources. In governmental funds, the County's policy is to first apply the expenditure toward restricted fund balance and then to other, less restrictive classifications – committed and then assigned fund balances before using unassigned fund balances.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

December 31, 2021 (Continued)

Note 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

E. Assets, Liabilities and Net Position or Equity (Continued)

Property Taxes

Taxes are assessed on a calendar year basis, are levied and become a lien on the property on November 1st of each year. The County Treasurer is the tax collection agent for all taxing entities within the County. Property owners have the option of paying one-half or the full amount of the taxes levied on or before December 20th during the year levied with the balance to be paid on or before May 10th of the ensuing year. Collection of current year property taxes by the County Treasurer is not completed, apportioned nor distributed to the various subdivisions until the succeeding year. This procedure is in conformity with governing state statutes. Consequently, current year property taxes receivable are not available as a resource that can be used to finance the current year operations of the County and therefore are not susceptible to accrual. Accruals of uncollected current year property taxes are offset by deferred revenue and are identical to the adopted budget for 2021.

Only amounts of delinquent tax collected by the County Treasurer are included in receivables and offset by deferred revenue. Records of delinquent tax are such that it is impracticable to ascertain the amounts that represent receivables. Revenue would not be affected since budgetary procedures require reporting on a cash basis.

Activity Between Funds

Activity between funds that are outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as "due to/from other funds". Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as "internal balances", if applicable. At year end there were no outstanding balances.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

December 31, 2021 (Continued)

Note 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

E. Assets, Liabilities and Net Position or Equity (Continued)

Other Receivables – Governmental Funds

Receivables of the general and special revenue funds are not available as resources that can be used to finance the current year operations of the County and, consequently, are offset by reserves in the fund statements for control purposes.

With the exception of delinquent taxes, accounts receivable, which were considered doubtful as to collectability, have been charged off. Therefore, a provision for uncollectible accounts has not been recognized for statement presentation.

Landfill Receivable

The County records landfill revenue billed to its customers on a monthly basis. It is not practicable to estimate unbilled service receivables at year end and further, the amounts thereof are not material in relationship to the financial statements taken as a whole.

<u>Inventories and Prepaid Items</u>

General Fund inventories of noxious weed chemicals are held for the purpose of resale and are carried at cost using the first-in, first-out method. Inventories are expensed when purchased for fund financials and expensed when used for government-wide financials.

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in the government-wide financial statements.

Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, buildings and improvements, equipment and infrastructure assets, such as roads, bridges and similar items, are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities column in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the government as assets with an estimated useful life in excess of two years. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

December 31, 2021 (Continued)

Note 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

E. Assets, Liabilities and Net Position or Equity (Continued)

Capital Assets (Continued)

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets lives are not capitalized.

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed. Interest incurred during the construction phase of capital assets of business-type activities is included as part of the capitalized value of the assets constructed.

Property, plant and equipment of the primary government is depreciated using the straight line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Buildings and improvements	10 to 40 years
Infrastructure assets	39 to 50 years
Machinery and equipment	2 to 10 years

Compensated Absences – County Employees

Policy as adopted:

Paid time off (PTO) has been provided to add flexibility to Seward County employees in taking time off away from their employment, but at the same time maintaining effective staffing at all levels of Seward County Government. The Seward County Board of Commissioners find that it is in the best interest of the Seward County employees to be responsible for determining how their time away from work will best suit their individual needs and preferences and that employees should be given flexibility in their paid time away from work. PTO shall be used concurrently to an employee utilizing leave of absence status. This policy shall apply to all full-time employees.

The following accrual chart is based on per pay period:

Length of Service	<u>Accrual</u>
1 year or less	.31 days
2-5 years	.88 days
6-9 years	1.00 days
10-14 years	1.27 days
15 years and over	1.46 days

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

December 31, 2021 (Continued)

Note 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

E. Assets, Liabilities and Net Position or Equity (Continued)

<u>Compensated Absences – County Employees</u> (Continued)

The maximum accumulation of PTO by an employee shall be 512 hours or 64 days. Employees who have accrued in excess of 512 hours or 64 days of PTO may exchange PTO in excess of 512 hours for wage based compensation at a rate of 2 hours of PTO for 1 hour of wage based compensation or may place hours in excess of 512 in extended sick leave up to 1,040 hours. Exempt employees may exchange PTO at a ratio of 2 weeks of PTO for 1 week of base compensation or place days in excess of 64 in extended sick leave. Time placed in extended sick leave shall be lost upon termination or retirement. Extended sick leave may only be used for events qualifying for Family and Medical leave and/or following a bona fide illness absence in excess of three consecutive days.

Under this policy, employees who retire from Seward County under the plans offered by Seward County are eligible for a PTO buy out up to 512 hours. This benefit will be available to all full-time employees who are eligible for KPERS or other applicable County sponsored retirement program and have at least five years of full-time service to the County. Amounts have been calculated and have been accrued in the appropriate funds. Amounts that have been accrued for the year ended December 31, 2021 are:

<u>Fund</u>	<u>Amount</u>
General	\$575,755
Road and Bridge	78,837
Health	71,004
Landfill	209,920
Rural Fire	36,182

Deferred Revenue

Receivables from taxes and grants from federal and state agencies are reported as deferred revenue for all governmental fund types.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

December 31, 2021 (Continued)

Note 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

E. Assets, Liabilities and Net Position or Equity (Continued)

Long-Term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, and proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities or proprietary fund type statement of net position. Bond premiums and discounts, as well as issuance costs, are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the effective interest method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount. Bond issuance costs are reported as deferred charges and amortized over the term of the related debt.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

Government-Wide and Proprietary Fund Net Position

Government-wide and proprietary fund net position is divided into three components:

<u>Net Investment in Capital Assets</u> – Consist of the historical cost of capital assets less accumulated depreciation and less any debt that remains outstanding that was used to finance those assets.

<u>Restricted Net Position</u> – Consists of net position that is restricted by the County's creditors (for example, through debt covenants), by the state enabling legislation (through restrictions on shared revenues), by grantors (both federal and state), and by other contributors.

<u>Unrestricted</u> – All other net position is reported in this category.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

December 31, 2021 (Continued)

Note 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

E. Assets, Liabilities and Net Position or Equity (Continued)

Governmental Fund Balances

In the governmental fund financial statements, fund balances are classified as follows:

Nonspendable – Amounts that cannot be spent either because they are in a nonspendable form or because they are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

<u>Restricted</u> – Amounts that can be spent only for specific purposes because of the County Code, state or federal laws, or externally imposed conditions by grantors or creditors.

<u>Committed</u> – Amounts that can be used only for specific purposes determined by a formal action by County Commission ordinance or resolution.

Assigned – Amounts that are designated by County officials for a particular purpose.

Unassigned – All amounts not included in other spendable classifications.

Revenues and Expenditures

Revenues

Substantially all governmental fund revenues are accrued. Subsidies and grants to proprietary funds, which finance either capital or current operations, are reported as nonoperating revenue based on GASB 33. In applying GASB Statement No. 33 to grant revenues, the provider recognizes liabilities and expenses and the recipient recognizes receivables and revenue when the applicable eligibility requirements, including time requirements, are met. Resources transmitted before the eligibility requirements are met, are reported as advances by the provider and deferred revenue by the recipient.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

December 31, 2021 (Continued)

Note 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

E. Assets, Liabilities and Net Position or Equity (Continued)

Revenues and Expenditures (Continued)

Revenues (Continued)

Collection of current year property taxes by the County Treasurer is not completed, apportioned, nor distributed to the various subdivisions until the succeeding year, such procedure being in conformity with the governing state statutes. Consequently, current year property taxes receivable are not available as a resource that can be used to finance the current year operations of the County and, therefore, are not susceptible to accrual.

Expenditures

Expenditures are recognized when the related fund liability is incurred. Inventory costs are reported in the period when inventory items are used, rather than in the period purchased. Principal and interest on general long-term debt, which has not matured, are recognized when paid. Allocations of costs, such as depreciation and amortization, are not recognized in the governmental funds.

Encumbrances

Encumbrances represent commitments related to unperformed contracts for goods or services. Encumbrance accounting, under which purchase orders, contracts and other commitments for the expenditure of resources are recorded to reserve that portion of the applicable appropriation, is used in the governmental funds. For budgetary purposes, appropriations lapse at fiscal year end, except for the portion related to encumbered amounts. Encumbrances outstanding at year end are reported as reservations of fund balances and do not constitute expenditures or liabilities because the commitment will be honored during the subsequent year.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

December 31, 2021 (Continued)

Note 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

E. Assets, Liabilities and Net Position or Equity (Continued)

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Note 2: STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY

A. Budget Requirements, Accounting and Reporting

Requirements for all funds:

- A. Annual budgets are adopted for most County funds. Such budgets are based on expected expenditures by program within a fund and estimated resources by source for all funds. Kansas statutes require that an annual operating budget be legally adopted for the general fund, special revenue funds (unless specifically exempted by statute), debt service funds, and enterprise funds. Although directory rather than mandatory, the statutes provide for the following sequence and timetable in the adoption of the legal annual operating budget:
 - 1. Preparation of the budget for the succeeding calendar year on or before August 1st.
 - 2. Publication in local newspaper on or before August 5th of the proposed budget and notice of public hearing on the budget.
 - 3. Public hearing on or before August 15th, but at least ten days after publication of notice of hearing.
 - 4. Adoption of the final budget on or before August 25th.

If Seward County is holding a revenue neutral rate hearing, the budget timeline for adoption of the final budget has been adjusted to on or before September 20th. Seward County did hold a revenue neutral rate hearing for this year.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

December 31, 2021 (Continued)

Note 2: STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY (Continued)

A. Budget Requirements, Accounting and Reporting (Continued)

The statutes allow for the governing body to increase the originally adopted budget for previously unbudgeted increases in revenue other than ad valorem property taxes. To do this, a notice of public hearing to amend the budget must be published in the local newspaper. At least ten days after publication, the hearing may be held and the governing body may amend the budget at that time.

The statutes permit transferring budgeted amounts between line items within an individual fund. However, such statutes prohibit expenditures in excess of the total amount of the adopted budget of expenditures of individual funds. Budget comparison schedules are presented for each fund showing actual receipts and expenditures compared to legally budgeted receipts and expenditures.

All legal annual operating budgets are prepared using the modified accrual basis of accounting, modified further by the encumbrance method of accounting. Encumbrance accounting is employed by governmental funds. Encumbrances outstanding at year end are reported as reservation of fund balances and do not constitute GAAP expenditures or liabilities. Accordingly, all budget statements reflect the amount of encumbrances included as non-GAAP expenditures. Revenues are recognized when cash is received and expenditures include disbursements, accounts payable and encumbrances, with disbursements being adjusted for prior year's accounts payable and encumbrances. Encumbrances are commitments by the municipality for future payments and are supported by a document evidencing the commitment, such as a purchase order or contract. Any unused budgeted expenditure authority lapses at year end.

A legal operating budget is not required for Capital Projects Funds, Trust Funds and the following Special Revenue Funds:

EMS Equipment Fund Rural Fire Equipment Fund Special Highway Improvement Fund Road Machinery Fund Noxious Weed Equipment Fund

Spending in funds which are not subject to the legal annual operating budget requirement is controlled by federal regulations, other statutes, or by using internal spending limits established by the governing body.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

December 31, 2021 (Continued)

Note 2: <u>STEWARDSHIP</u>, <u>COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY</u> (Continued)

A. <u>Budget Requirements</u>, Accounting and Reporting (Continued)

The reconciliation after Statement 4 also reconciles the budgetary information to the GAAP information.

B. Deficit Fund Equity at Year End

There was no deficit fund equity at year end.

C. <u>Detail Notes on All Funds</u>

Cash and Cash Equivalents

	Cash & Time Accounts
County Treasurer:	
Equity Bank	\$50,069,382
Cash on hand	169,220
Other Accounts:	
AFLAC account:	
Equity Bank	27,530
Emergency Medical Service:	
Cash on hand	250
Clerk of District Court:	
Equity Bank	190,207
Cash on hand	3,000
Law Library:	
Equity Bank	43,731
Landfill:	
Equity Bank	531,004
Cash on hand	500
Health Department:	
Equity Bank	4,888
Cash on hand	225
County Attorney:	
Sunflower Bank	23,540
County Clerk:	
Cash on hand	100

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

December 31, 2021 (Continued)

Note 2: <u>STEWARDSHIP</u>, <u>COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY</u> (Continued)

C. <u>Detail Notes on All Funds</u> (Continued)

Cash and Cash Equivalents (Continued)

	Cash & Time Accounts
County Appraiser:	
Cash on hand	60
Register of Deeds:	122
Equity Bank	132
Road and Bridge: Cash on hand	200
Sheriff:	200
Cash on hand	100
Community Bank	69,285
Witness Fee Fund:	07,203
Equity Bank	2,500
Total	\$ <u>51,135,854</u>
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Analysis of Total Cash and Time Deposits of	
Primary Government:	
Unrestricted cash for operations	\$47,560,970
Restricted Cash:	
Landfill closure and postclosure care	3,542,191
AFLAC account	27,530
Diversion – County Attorney	5,163
Total	\$ <u>51,135,854</u>
Reconciliation:	
Cash Balances – Statement 1:	
Current Assets	\$20,491,526
Restricted Assets	3,574,884
Cash Balances – Statement 8	27,069,444
Total	\$51,135,854
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NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

December 31, 2021 (Continued)

Note 2: STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY (Continued)

C. Detail Notes on All Funds (Continued)

Deposits and Investments

K.S.A. 9-1401 establishes the depositories which may be used by Seward County. The statute requires banks eligible to hold Seward County's funds have a main or branch bank in the county in which Seward County is located, or in an adjoining county if such institution has been designated as an official depository, and the banks provide an acceptable rate of return on funds. In addition, K.S.A. 9-1402 requires the banks to pledge securities for deposits in excess of FDIC coverage. Seward County has no other policies that would further limit interest rate risk.

K.S.A. 12-1675 limits Seward County's investment of idle funds to time deposits, open accounts, and certificates of deposit with allowable financial institutions; U.S. government securities; temporary notes; no-fund warrants; repurchase agreements; and the Kansas Municipal Investment Pool. Seward County has no investment policy that would further limit its investment choices.

Custodial Credit Risk – Deposits – Custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, Seward County's deposits may not be returned or Seward County will not be able to recover collateral securities in the possession of an outside party. Seward County's policy requires deposits to be 100 percent secured by collateral valued at market or par, whichever is lower, less the amount covered by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC). Deposited funds may be invested in certificates of deposit in institutions with an established record of fiscal health and service, as determined by a rating of C minus or above by independent rating agencies. Collateral agreements must be approved prior to deposit of funds as provided by law. The Seward County Commission approves and designates a list of authorized depository institutions based on evaluation of solicited responses and certifications provided by financial institutions and recommendations of an evaluation committee and/or the County Treasurer. Custodial credit risk for deposits is not formally addressed by bond indentures or pension trust policy. Indentures require that restricted deposits be maintained by the trustee bank specified in the indenture. Pension trust investment policy restricts uninvested cash to minimal balances generally covered by the FDIC.

Deposits of Seward County's reporting entity are insured or collateralized with securities held by Seward County, its agent, or by the pledging financial institutions' trust department or agent in the name of Seward County or applicable public trust.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

December 31, 2021 (Continued)

Note 2: STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY (Continued)

C. <u>Detail Notes on All Funds</u> (Continued)

Deposits and Investments (Continued)

At December 31, 2021, Seward County's carrying amount of deposits, including certificates of deposit, was \$51,037,817. The bank balance was \$51,361,220. Of the bank balance, \$653,473 was covered by FDIC insurance and the remaining \$50,707,747 was collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution's agent in Seward County's name.

<u>Custodial Credit Risk – Investments</u> – For an investment, this is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the issuer or counterparty, Seward County will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. State statutes require investments to be adequately secured.

Receivables as of Year End for Government's Individual Major Funds and Nonmajor Funds

	Primary Government						
	Governmental Business-Type						
Receivables	<u>Activities</u>	Activities Activities Total					
Taxes:							
Ad valorem tax	\$12,762,263	-	\$12,762,263				
Motor vehicle tax	1,023,123	-	1,023,123				
Delinquent tax	212,000	-	212,000				
Special County mineral taxes	9,770	-	9,770				
Sales tax	166,027		166,027				
Total taxes	\$14,173,183	\$ -	\$14,173,183				
Accounts	267,347	810,891	1,078,238				
Net receivables	\$ <u>14,440,530</u>	\$ <u>810,891</u>	\$ <u>15,251,421</u>				

Provision for Uncollectibles

Business-type receivables are primarily from other governments and are considered fully collectible.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

December 31, 2021 (Continued)

Note 2: STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY (Continued)

C. <u>Detail Notes on All Funds</u> (Continued)

<u>Provision for Uncollectibles</u> (Continued)

With the exception of delinquent taxes, other receivables which were considered doubtful as to collectibility have been charged off annually. Therefore, a provision for uncollectible accounts has not been recognized for statement presentation.

Governmental funds report deferred revenue in connection with receivables for revenues that are not considered to be available to liquidate liabilities of the current period. Governmental funds also defer revenue recognition in connection with resources that have been received, but not yet earned. At the end of the current fiscal year, the various components of deferred revenue reported in the governmental funds were as follows:

<u>Funds</u>	<u>Amounts</u>
General	\$11,281,679
County Building	307,886
Rural Fire	1,030,220
Road and Bridge	1,553,398
Total	\$ <u>14,173,183</u>

Interfund Transfers

The detail of interfund transfers made for the year 2021 are as follows:

		<u>Regulatory</u>	
From	To	<u>Authority</u>	<u>Amount</u>
General Fund	Equipment Reserve –		
	County Technology		
	Fund	KSA 19-119	\$554,415
General Fund	County Equipment		
	Reserve Fund	KSA 19-119	400,000
Road and Bridge Fund	Special Highway		
	Improvement Fund	KSA 68-141g	250,000
Road and Bridge Fund	Road Machinery Fund	KSA 68-141g	500,000

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

December 31, 2021 (Continued)

Note 2: STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY (Continued)

C. Detail Notes on All Funds (Continued)

<u>Inventories</u>:

Governmental Funds – Disbursements for inventory type items are considered as expenditures at the time of purchase. Balance sheet presentation of stated inventory is offset in the equity section of the balance sheet as reserve for inventory. The only stated inventory is included in the General Fund in the amount of \$13,029 for noxious weed treatment.

Prepaid Expense

Certain payments to vendors reflect cost applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items. There were no prepaid expenses reported as of year end.

Capital Assets:

Enterprise Activities – Landfill

Capital assets and related depreciation have been recorded for the Landfill Fund. Recorded property, plant and equipment owned by the Landfill Fund are stated at cost or estimated historical cost if original cost is not available. Gifts or contributions are stated at fair market value at the date received. Depreciation has been provided over the estimated useful lives using the straight-line method.

Gain or loss is recognized when assets are retired from service or are otherwise disposed.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

December 31, 2021 (Continued)

Note 2: <u>STEWARDSHIP</u>, <u>COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY</u> (Continued)

C. <u>Detail Notes on All Funds</u> (Continued)

<u>Capital Assets</u> (Continued):

Enterprise Activities – Landfill (Continued)

A summary of property, plant and equipment is as follows:

	Beginning Balance	Increases	Decreases	Ending Balance
	Balance	<u> </u>	<u>Decreases</u>	Balance
Land	\$ 428,551	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 428,551
Landfill pit	4,887,617	-	-	4,887,617
Buildings and				
improvements	623,785	-	-	623,785
Machinery and equipment	12,165,234	124,331	1,208,375	11,081,190
Total	\$ <u>18,105,187</u>	\$ <u>124,331</u>	\$ <u>1,208,375</u>	\$ <u>17,021,143</u>
<u>Less</u> – Accumulated depreciation for:				
Buildings and				
improvements	\$ 423,685	\$ 12,394	\$ -	\$ 436,079
Landfill pit	3,200,037	45,076	-	3,245,113
Machinery and equipment	10,539,677	731,796	1,123,836	10,147,637
Total	\$ <u>14,163,399</u>	\$ <u>789,266</u>	\$ <u>1,123,836</u>	\$ <u>13,828,829</u>
Net Capital Assets	\$ <u>3,941,788</u>	\$ <u>(664,935</u>)	\$ <u>84,539</u>	\$ <u>3,192,314</u>

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

December 31, 2021 (Continued)

Note 2: STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY (Continued)

C. <u>Detail Notes on All Funds</u> (Continued)

<u>Capital Assets</u> (Continued):

Governmental Activities

Capital assets and related depreciation have been recorded for all governmental activities. Public domain (infrastructure) capital assets consisting of roads and bridges are also capitalized and depreciated.

A summary of property, plant and equipment is as follows:

	Beginning				Ending
	Balance	<u>Increases</u>	<u>Decreases</u>	<u>Transfers</u>	Balance
General Government Control:					
County Commissioners	\$ 26,561	\$ -	\$ -	-	\$ 26,561
County Administrator	49,496	-	-	-	49,496
County Counselor	2,986	-	-	-	2,986
Staff Agencies:					
County Clerk	414,439	-	13,414	-	401,025
County Appraiser	175,349	-	-	-	175,349
County Treasurer	45,342	-	-	-	45,342
County Attorney	87,714	-	-	-	87,714
District Court	344,749	-	4,260	-	340,489
Register of Deeds	89,797	-	-	-	89,797
Courthouse General	<u>11,681,065</u>	48,940			11,730,005
Total Government	\$ <u>12,917,498</u>	\$ <u>48,940</u>	\$ <u>17,674</u>		\$ <u>12,948,764</u>
Public Safety:					
Sheriff	\$ 1,808,052	\$ 30,950	\$133,979	\$ (24,316)	\$ 1,680,707
Civil Defense	223,711	5,550	29,927	-	199,334
Fire Protection	3,179,735	108,400	255,972	(28,880)	3,003,283
Emergency Medical					
Service	1,745,931	1,319	-	-	1,747,250
911	1,304,453	-	10,073	-	1,294,380
Jail Facility	7,049,996	4,128		_53,196	7,107,320
Total Public Safety	\$ <u>15,311,878</u>	\$ <u>150,347</u>	\$ <u>429,951</u>		\$ <u>15,032,274</u>

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

December 31, 2021 (Continued)

Note 2: STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY (Continued)

C. <u>Detail Notes on All Funds</u> (Continued)

<u>Capital Assets</u> (Continued):

Governmental Activities (Continued)

	Beginning Balance	Ingranges	Decreases	Transfers	Ending Balance
Other:	Dalance	<u>Increases</u>	Decreases	11alistets	Dalance
Health – Mental Health	\$ 585,955	\$ -	\$ -	_	\$ 585,955
Highways	55,331,044	680,746	242,283	_	55,769,507
Natural Resources –	33,331,044	000,740	242,203		33,107,301
Noxious Weed	111,335	_	_	_	111,335
Exhibit Hall	1,966,950	_	_	_	1,966,950
Health	513,957	_	3,835	_	510,122
Planning and Zoning	8,682	_	-	_	8,682
Restlawn Cemetery	7,232	73,823	_	_	81,055
Activity Center	1,053,741	-	_	_	1,053,741
Fair Grounds	430,672	_	_	_	430,672
Total Other	\$60,009,568	\$ 754,569	\$246,118		\$60,518,019
Total Other	Ψ <u>ου,υυν,σου</u>	Ψ <u>731,309</u>	$\phi_{2,10,110}$		φ <u>σσ,51σ,σ15</u>
Total	\$88,238,944	\$ <u>953,856</u>	\$ <u>693,743</u>		\$88,499,057
<u>Less</u> – Accumulated					
depreciation for:					
General Government Control:					
County Commissioners	\$ 26,561	\$ -	\$ -	-	\$ 26,561
County Administrator	46,414	1,233	-	-	47,647
County Counselor	2,986	-	-	-	2,986
Staff Agencies:					
County Clerk	374,433	15,064	12,406	-	377,091
County Appraiser	173,233	902	-	-	174,135
County Treasurer	44,628	286	-	-	44,914
County Attorney	87,714	-	-	-	87,714
District Court	324,197	9,865	4,260	-	329,802
Register of Deeds	81,695	1,712	-	-	83,407
Courthouse General	4,255,834	239,667			4,495,501
Total Government	\$ <u>5,417,695</u>	\$ <u>268,729</u>	\$ <u>16,666</u>		\$ <u>5,669,758</u>

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

December 31, 2021 (Continued)

Note 2: <u>STEWARDSHIP</u>, <u>COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY</u> (Continued)

C. <u>Detail Notes on All Funds</u> (Continued)

<u>Capital Assets</u> (Continued):

Governmental Activities (Continued)

	Beginning Balance	Ingrances	Daaraagag	Transfors	Ending Balance
Less – Accumulated	Balance	<u>Increases</u>	<u>Decreases</u>	<u>Transfers</u>	Balance
depreciation for (Cont.):					
Public Safety:					
Sheriff	\$ 1,607,423	\$ 58,517	\$133,979	¢ (22 010)	¢ 1 500 051
Civil Defense				\$ (22,910)	\$ 1,509,051
	203,092	7,941	28,614	(20,000)	182,419
Fire Protection	2,487,957	122,857	253,901	(28,880)	2,328,033
Emergency Medical	1 472 107	60.700			1 522 015
Service	1,473,107	60,708	10.073	-	1,533,815
911	744,242	96,388	10,073	-	830,557
Jail Facility	3,774,975	188,766		51,790	4,015,531
Total Public Safety	\$ <u>10,290,796</u>	\$ <u>535,177</u>	\$ <u>426,567</u>		\$ <u>10,399,406</u>
Other:					
Health – Mental Health	\$ 579,334	\$ 6,621	\$ -	-	\$ 585,955
Highways	53,997,621	211,561	209,259	-	53,999,923
Natural Resources –					
Noxious Weed	88,483	3,656	-	-	92,139
Exhibit Hall	1,412,174	50,435	-	-	1,462,609
Health	342,649	20,047	3,835	-	358,861
Planning and Zoning	6,215	581	-	-	6,796
Restlawn Cemetery	4,068	5,646	-	-	9,714
Activity Center	830,560	99,429	-	-	929,989
Fair Grounds	430,671	-	_	-	430,671
Total Other	\$57,691,775	\$ 397,976	\$213,094		\$57,876,657
				·	
Total	\$ <u>73,400,266</u>	\$ <u>1,201,882</u>	\$ <u>656,327</u>		\$ <u>73,945,821</u>
Construction in progress	\$ 27,800	\$ <u>42,338</u>	\$ <u>70,138</u>		
Net Capital Assets	\$ <u>14,838,678</u>	\$ <u>(248,026)</u>	\$ <u>37,416</u>		\$ <u>14,553,236</u>

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

December 31, 2021 (Continued)

Note 2: <u>STEWARDSHIP</u>, <u>COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY</u> (Continued)

C. <u>Detail Notes on All Funds</u> (Continued)

Discretely Presented Component Unit

Activity of Southwest Medical Center is presented in Statements 1 and 2.

Operating and Capital Leases

There are no minimum future rent payments.

Short-Term Debt

The following is a summary of short-term debt:

Beginning balance	-	
Increases	-	
Decreases		
Ending balance		_

Long-Term Debt

Long-term debt of the discretely presented component unit consists of the following:

2021

2020

2.0% to 5.0% General Obligation Hospital Refunding and Improvement Bonds, Series 2010-A; issued on May 27, 2010, in the original amount of \$17,670,000	\$ -	\$ 5,250,000
2.0% to 4.0% General Obligation Hospital Refunding Bonds, Series 2016; issued on March 30, 2016, in the original amount of \$9,480,000, due serially through August 1, 2038	9,045,000	9,125,000
2.0% to 3.0% General Obligation Hospital Refunding Bonds, Series 2021; issued on March 30, 2021, in the original amount of \$4,650,000, due serially through August 1, 2039	4,210,000	-

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

December 31, 2021 (Continued)

Note 2: STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY (Continued)

C. <u>Detail Notes on All Funds</u> (Continued)

Long-Term Debt (Continued)

	<u>2021</u>	<u>2020</u>
Net unamortized premium (discount)	449,712	421,603
	\$13,704,712	\$14,796,603
<u>Less</u> – Current portion	565,000	515,000
	\$ <u>13,139,712</u>	\$ <u>14,281,603</u>

On May 27, 2010, the County issued \$17,670,000 in General Obligation Hospital Refunding and Improvement Bonds, Series 2010-A (the 2010-A bonds) on behalf of the Medical Center pursuant to a bond trust indenture dated May 1, 2010. The proceeds of the bonds were used, together with other available funds of the Medical Center, for the purpose of providing funds to (1) expand and renovate the Medical Center's existing facilities, (2) pay for the costs of certain items of equipment, (3) fund a debt service reserve fund, (4) pay certain costs related to issuance of the bonds, and (5) make the payment as scheduled on August 1, 2010, for principal and interest due then on the 2001-A bonds.

On March 30, 2016, the County issued \$9,480,000 in General Obligation Hospital Refunding Bonds, Series 2016 (the 2016 bonds) on behalf of the Medical Center. The proceeds of the 2016 bonds were used to (1) pay the costs related to issuance of the 2016 bonds and (2) advance refund \$8,335,000 of the 2010-A bonds maturing during the years from 2026 through 2038 by making an irrevocable deposit with a trustee. The trustee used that deposit to purchase direct obligations of the United States of America that will mature and pay interest in amounts and at times that will provide for payment of interest on the refunded 2010-A bonds through August 1, 2020 and to redeem and pay the \$8,335,000 of refunded 2010-A bonds on that date at a redemption price of 100 percent.

As a result of the refunding transaction, a deferred refunding loss of \$1,171,337 was recognized for the difference between the book value of the refunded debt and the amount required to extinguish the debt. This deferred loss is reported as a deferred outflow of resources on the statement of net position and is being amortized to interest expense over the life of the 2016 bonds.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

December 31, 2021 (Continued)

Note 2: STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY (Continued)

C. <u>Detail Notes on All Funds</u> (Continued)

Long-Term Debt (Continued)

On March 31, 2021, the County issued \$4,650,000 in General Obligation Hospital Refunding Bonds, Series 2021, (the 2021 bonds) on behalf of the Medical Center. The proceeds of the 2021 bonds along with existing debt reserve funds were used to (1) pay the costs related to issuance of the 2021 bonds, and (2) refund \$5,250,000 of the 2010-A bonds maturing during the years from 2021 through 2040. The refunding transaction decreased the total amount of future debt service requirements by \$1,940,076. This resulted in an economic gain of \$1,480,020. As a result of the refunding transaction, a deferred refunding gain of \$109,005 was recognized for the difference between the book value of the refunded debt and the amount required to extinguish the debt. This deferred gain is reported as a deferred inflow of resources on the statement of net position and is being amortized to interest expense over the life of the 2021 bonds.

The indenture agreements for the bonds require the Medical Center to transfer to a trustee, on a monthly basis, specified amounts which, when combined with interest earned on the respective funds held by the trustee, will provide sufficient funds to pay the bond principal and interest on the appropriate due dates. Such amounts were maintained and are included with assets limited as to use in the financial statements. The indenture agreements also include certain restrictive covenants relating to the acquisition and disposition of property, incurrence of additional indebtedness, and level of fees and rates charged.

Scheduled annual debt service requirements on long-term debt are as follows:

	<u>Principal</u>	<u>Interest</u>	<u>Total</u>
2022	\$ 565,000	\$ 402,950	\$ 967,950
2023	580,000	386,000	966,000
2024	600,000	368,600	968,600
2025	615,000	350,600	965,600
2026	635,000	332,150	967,150
2027-2031	3,475,000	1,370,550	4,845,550
2032-2036	4,020,000	820,175	4,840,175
2037-2039	2,765,000	142,100	2,907,100
	\$ <u>13,255,000</u>	\$ <u>4,173,125</u>	\$ <u>17,428,125</u>

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

December 31, 2021 (Continued)

Note 2: STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY (Continued)

C. <u>Detail Notes on All Funds</u> (Continued)

Long-Term Debt (Continued)

The SBA PPP loan payable as of December 31, 2021 is summarized as follows:

Small Business Administration (SBA) Paycheck
Protection Program Loan dated April 29, 2020
in the original amount of \$4,729,400, 24-month
term, current rate 1.00%, subject to SBA loan
forgiveness application, uncollateralized

Less – Current portion of SBA PPP loan payable

SBA PPP loan payable, excluding current portion

-

On April 29, 2020, the Hospital was granted a \$4,729,400 loan under the Paycheck Protection Program (PPP) administered by a Small Business Administration (SBA) approved partner. The loan was uncollateralized and fully guaranteed by the Federal government. The Medical Center received loan forgiveness of the entire loan amount plus accrued loan interest of \$50,578 on May 21, 2021, and has recognized this forgiveness as nonoperating revenues.

The following is a summary of changes in long-term debt:

	<u>SBA</u>	<u> PPP</u>			<u>T</u>	<u>otal</u>
	Lo	<u>an</u>			Lon	g-Term
	<u>Pay</u>	<u>able</u>	Bone	<u>ds</u>	<u>Obli</u>	gations
Outstanding at January 1, 2020	\$	-	\$14,870	0,000	\$14,8	870,000
Principal payments		-	(495	5,000)	(4	495,000)
Obligations incurred	4,72	<u> 29,400</u>			_4,	729,400
Outstanding at January 1, 2021	\$ 4,72	29,400	\$14,375	5,000	\$19,	104,400
Obligations incurred		-	4,650	0,000	4,0	650,000
Loan forgiveness	(4,7)	(29,400)	-		(4, ')	729,400)
Principal payments		-	(5,770	<u>(000,</u>	(5,	770,000)
Outstanding at December 31, 2021	===		\$ <u>13,255</u>	5,000	\$ <u>13,2</u>	<u>255,000</u>

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

December 31, 2021 (Continued)

Note 2: STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY (Continued)

C. <u>Detail Notes on All Funds</u> (Continued)

<u>Long-Term Debt</u> (Continued)

Total interest costs are summarized as follows:

	<u>2021</u>	<u>2020</u>
Total interest incurred	\$439,706	\$532,380
Amortization of bond premium	(44,556)	(37,484)
Amortization of deferred outflows on		
advance refunding	64,532	73,166
Payment of bond issuance costs	84,965	
Interest expense	\$ <u>544,647</u>	\$ <u>568,062</u>

Governmental Activities

On May 22, 2017, a lease purchase in the amount of \$2,500,000, with an interest rate of 2.51% was acquired.

On November 6, 2017, a lease purchase in the amount of \$512,251, with an interest rate of 3.90% was acquired.

On July 19, 2018, a lease purchase in the amount of \$385,000, with an interest rate of 3.90% was acquired.

On August 27, 2018, a lease purchase in the amount of \$550,000, with an interest rate of 3.30% was acquired.

Balance of principal remaining at December 31, 2021:

		<u>Interest</u>
<u>Fund</u>	<u>Amount</u>	Rate
General – Building Improvements	\$1,921,154	2.53%
Rural Fire – Fire Protection	329,127	3.90%
County Building – Building	284,054	3.90%
Health – Building	404,244	3.30%
	\$ <u>2,938,579</u>	

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

December 31, 2021 (Continued)

Note 2: <u>STEWARDSHIP</u>, <u>COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY</u> (Continued)

C. <u>Detail Notes on All Funds</u> (Continued)

Governmental Activities (Continued)

Detail of scheduled payments by year including interest of \$448,871:

<u>Year</u>	<u>Principal</u>	<u>Interest</u>	<u>Total</u>
2022	\$ 291,990	\$ 85,224	\$ 377,214
2023	301,014	76,200	377,214
2024	310,279	66,935	377,214
2025	319,942	57,272	377,214
2026	329,867	47,347	377,214
2027-2031	1,188,213	110,902	1,299,115
2032	197,274	<u>4,991</u>	202,265
Total	\$ <u>2,938,579</u>	\$ <u>448,871</u>	\$ <u>3,387,450</u>

The following is a summary of changes in long-term debt of governmental activities:

	Balance at			Balance	<u>Due</u>
	Beginning			at End	Within
	of Year	<u>Increase</u>	<u>Decrease</u>	of Year	One Year
Capital leases	\$3,277,641	\$ -	\$ 339,062	\$2,938,579	\$291,990
Compensated					
absences	862,827	<u>761,778</u>	862,827	761,778	
	\$ <u>4,140,468</u>	\$ <u>761,778</u>	\$ <u>1,201,889</u>	\$ <u>3,700,357</u>	\$ <u>291,990</u>

Business-Type Activities

Landfill Debt

On January 19, 2017, a lease purchase in the amount of \$128,388, with an interest rate of 3.25% was acquired.

On March 10, 2017, a lease purchase in the amount of \$146,700, with an interest rate of 3.37% was acquired.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

December 31, 2021 (Continued)

Note 2: STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY (Continued)

C. <u>Detail Notes on All Funds</u> (Continued)

On March 10, 2017, a lease purchase in the amount of \$293,979, with an interest rate of 3.25% was acquired.

On July 3, 2017, a lease purchase in the amount of \$310,943, with an interest rate of 3.25% was acquired.

On September 18, 2018, a lease purchase in the amount of \$253,765, with an interest rate of 3.85% was acquired.

On April 1, 2019, a lease purchase in the amount of \$501,852, with an interest rate of 4.70% was acquired.

On July 1, 2019, a lease purchase in the amount of \$407,444, with an interest rate of 4.97% was acquired.

On April 1, 2020, a lease purchase in the amount of \$235,000, with an interest rate of 4.47% was acquired.

Balance of principal remaining at December 31, 2021:

		<u>Interest</u>
<u>Fund</u>	<u>Amount</u>	Rate
Landfill – Equipment	\$ 1,605	3.25%
Landfill – Equipment	7,474	3.37%
Landfill – Equipment	9,416	3.25%
Landfill – Equipment	32,364	3.25%
Landfill – Equipment	93,004	3.85%
Landfill – Equipment	235,143	4.70%
Landfill – Equipment	219,350	4.97%
Landfill – Equipment	<u>155,204</u>	4.47%
Total	\$ <u>753,560</u>	

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

December 31, 2021 (Continued)

Note 2: <u>STEWARDSHIP</u>, <u>COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY</u> (Continued)

C. <u>Detail Notes on All Funds</u> (Continued)

Business-Type Activities (Continued)

Landfill Debt (Continued)

Detail of scheduled payments by year including interest of \$42,579:

<u>Year</u>	<u>Principal</u>	<u>Interest</u>	<u>Total</u>
2022	\$338,361	\$ 26,930	\$365,291
2023	285,205	13,085	298,290
2024	121,141	2,513	123,654
2025	8,853	51	8,904
Total	\$753,560	\$ <u>42,579</u>	\$796,139

The following is a summary of changes in long-term debt:

	Balance at			Balance	<u>Due</u>
	Beginning			at End	Within
	of Year	<u>Increase</u>	Decrease	of Year	One Year
Capital leases	\$1,258,474	\$ -	\$ 504,914	\$ 753,560	\$338,361
Compensated					
absences	195,804	209,920	195,804	209,920	-
Landfill closure					
and postclosur	re				
care costs	4,334,371	4,715,266	4,334,371	<u>4,715,266</u>	
	\$ <u>5,788,649</u>	\$ <u>4,925,186</u>	\$ <u>5,035,089</u>	\$ <u>5,678,746</u>	\$338,361

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

December 31, 2021 (Continued)

Note 2: STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY (Continued)

C. <u>Detail Notes on All Funds</u> (Continued)

Business-Type Activities (Continued)

Landfill Debt (Continued)

Closure and Postclosure Care Cost

Primary government is included in this classification of an original closure and postclosure cost of \$5,918,197. State and federal laws and regulations require the County to place a final cover on its landfill site when it stops accepting waste and to perform certain maintenance and monitoring functions at the site for thirty years after closure. Although closure and postclosure costs will be paid only near or after the date that the landfill stops accepting waste, the County reports a portion of these closure and postclosure care costs as an operating expense in each period based on landfill capacity used as of each balance sheet date. The \$4,715,266 reported as landfill closure and postclosure care liability at December 31, 2021 represents the cumulative amount reported to date. The County will recognize the remaining postclosure costs of \$1,202,931 over the next 8 years. These amounts are based on what it would cost to perform all closure and postclosure care in 2021. Actual cost may be higher due to inflation, changes in technology or changes in regulations. The percentage of landfill capacity used to date is 80 percent. The estimated remaining landfill life is 8 years.

As of December 31, 2021, there was \$3,542,191 set aside to finance closure and postclosure costs. A tipping fee set aside was approved.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

December 31, 2021 (Continued)

Note 3: OTHER INFORMATION

A. Defined Benefit Pension Plan

General Information about the Pension Plan

Plan Description

Seward County participates in the Kansas Public Employees Retirement System (KPERS), a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan as provided by K.S.A. 74-4901, et seq. Kansas law establishes and amends benefit provisions. KPERS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. KPERS' financial statements are included in its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report which can be found on the KPERS website at www.kpers.org or by writing to KPERS (611 South Kansas, Suite 100, Topeka, KS 66603) or by calling 1-888-275-5737.

Contributions

K.S.A. 74-4919 and K.S.A. 74-49,210 establish the KPERS member-employee contribution rates. KPERS has multiple benefit structures and contribution rates depending on whether the employee is a KPERS 1, KPERS 2 or KPERS 3 member. KPERS 1 members are active and contributing members hired before July 1, 2009. KPERS 2 members were first employed in a covered position on or after July 1, 2009, and KPERS 3 members were first employed in a covered position on or after January 1, 2015. Effective January 1, 2015, Kansas law established the KPERS member-employee contribution rate at 6% of covered salary for KPERS 1, KPERS 2 and KPERS 3 members. K.S.A. 74-4975 establishes KP&F member-employee contribution rate at 7.15% of covered salary. Member contributions are withheld by their employer and paid to KPERS according to the provisions of Section 414(h) of the Internal Revenue Code.

State law provides that the employer contribution rates for KPERS 1, KPERS 2, KPERS 3 and KP&F be determined based on the results of each annual actuarial valuation. Kansas law sets a limitation on annual increases in the employer contribution rates. The actuarially determined employer contribution rate (not including the 1% contribution rate for the Death and Disability Program) and the statutory contribution rate was 8.87% for KPERS and 22.80% for KP&F for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2021. Contributions to the pension plan from Seward County were \$701,129 for KPERS and \$434,200 for KP&F for the year ended December 31, 2021.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

December 31, 2021 (Continued)

Note 3: OTHER INFORMATION (Continued)

A. <u>Defined Benefit Pension Plan</u> (Continued)

Net Pension Liability

At December 31, 2021, Seward County's proportionate share of the collective net pension liability reported by KPERS was \$5,072,611 and \$3,178,798 for KP&F. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2021, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2020, which was rolled forward to June 30, 2021. Seward County's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the ratio of Seward County's contributions to KPERS, relative to the total employer and non-employer contributions of the Local subgroup within KPERS.

The complete actuarial valuation report including all actuarial assumptions and methods, and the report on the allocation of the KPERS collective net pension liability to all participating employers are publicly available on the website at www.kpers.org or can be obtained as described above.

Benefits

Benefits are established by statute and may only be changed by the Kansas Legislature. Members (except Police and Firemen) with ten or more years of credited service may retire as early as age 55 (Police and Firemen may be age 50 with 20 years of credited service), with an actuarially reduced monthly benefit. Normal retirement is at age 65, age 62 with ten years of credited service, or whenever a member's combined age and years of credited service equal 85 "points". (Police and Firemen's normal retirement ages are age 60 with 15 years of credited service, age 55 with 20 years, age 50 with 25 years, or any age with 36 years of service).

Monthly retirement benefits are based on a statutory formula that includes final average salary and years of service. When ending employment, members may withdraw their contributions from their individual accounts, including interest. Members who withdraw their accumulated contributions lose all rights and privileges of membership. For all pension coverage groups, the accumulated contributions and interest are deposited into and disbursed from the membership accumulated reserve fund as established by K.S.A. 74-4922.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

December 31, 2021 (Continued)

Note 3: OTHER INFORMATION (Continued)

A. <u>Defined Benefit Pension Plan</u> (Continued)

Benefits (Continued)

Members choose one of seven payment options for their monthly retirement benefits. At retirement a member may receive a lump-sum payment of up to 50 percent of the actuarial present value of the member's lifetime benefit. His or her monthly retirement benefit is then permanently reduced based on the amount of the lump sum. Benefit increases, including ad hoc post-retirement benefit increases, must be passed into law by the Kansas Legislature. Benefit increases are under the authority of the Legislature and the Governor of the State of Kansas. For all pension coverage groups, the retirement benefits are disbursed from the retirement benefit payment reserve fund as established by K.S.A. 74-4922.

Employer and Nonemployer Allocations

Although KPERS administers one cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan, separate (sub) actuarial valuations are prepared to determine the actuarial determined contribution rate by group. Following this method, the measurement of the collective net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources, deferred inflows of resources, and pension expense are determined separately for each of the following groups of the plan:

- State/School
- Local
- Police and Firemen
- Judges

To facilitate the separate (sub) actuarial valuations, the System maintains separate accounts to identify additions, deductions, and fiduciary net position applicable to each group. The County is included in the Local and Police and Firemen groups. The allocation percentages presented for each group in the schedule of employer and nonemployer allocations are applied to amounts presented in the schedules of pension amounts by employer and nonemployer.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

December 31, 2021 (Continued)

Note 3: OTHER INFORMATION (Continued)

A. <u>Defined Benefit Pension Plan</u> (Continued)

Employer and Nonemployer Allocations (Continued)

The allocation percentages for the County's share of the collective pension amounts as of December 31, 2021 are based on the ratio of each employer's contributions to total employer and nonemployer contributions of the group for the year ended June 30, 2021. The contributions used exclude contributions made for prior service, excess benefits, and irregular payments. As of December 31, 2021, the County's proportion for the Local employees group was 0.423 percent which was a decrease of .011 from its share at December 31, 2020. As of December 31, 2021, the County's proportion for the Police and Firemen group was 0.333 which was an increase of .030 from its share at December 31, 2020.

Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability was determined by actuarial valuations as of December 31, 2020, which were then rolled forward to June 30, 2021, using the following actuarial assumptions:

Actuarial Assumptions	<u>2020</u>
Price inflation	2.75%
Salary increases, including price inflation	3.50%-12.00%
Investment rate of return, net of investment	
expense and including price inflation	7.25%

Mortality rates were based on the RP-2014 Combined Mortality Tables, with age setbacks and age set forwards as well as other adjustments based on different membership groups. Future mortality improvements are anticipated using Scale MP-2016.

The actuarial assumptions used in the December 31, 2020 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study conducted for the three-year period ending December 31, 2018.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

December 31, 2021 (Continued)

Note 3: OTHER INFORMATION (Continued)

A. <u>Defined Benefit Pension Plan</u> (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions (Continued)

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage. Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class as of the most recent experience study, dated January 7, 2020, as provided by KPERS' investment consultant, are summarized in the following table:

	Long-term
Long-term	Expected
<u>Target</u>	Real Rate
<u>Allocation</u>	of Return
23.50%	5.20%
23.50	6.40
11.00	1.55
8.00	4.70
11.00	3.25
11.00	4.45
8.00	9.50
4.00	0.25
<u>100.00</u> %	
	Target Allocation 23.50% 23.50 11.00 8.00 11.00 11.00 8.00

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.25 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members will be made at the contractually required rate. The State, School, and Local employers do not necessarily contribute the full actuarial determined rate.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

December 31, 2021 (Continued)

Note 3: OTHER INFORMATION (Continued)

A. <u>Defined Benefit Pension Plan</u> (Continued)

Discount Rate (Continued)

Based on legislation passed in 1993, the employer contribution rates certified by the System's Board of Trustees for these groups may not increase by more than the statutory cap. The statutory cap for the year ended June 30, 2021 was 1.2 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rates assumed that contributions from plan members will be made within the same range as have been made during the past few years.

Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following table presents the net pension liability of the pension plan as of June 30, 2021, calculated using the discount rate of 7.25 percent, as well as what the pension plan's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.25 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (7.25 percent) than the current rate:

		<u>Current</u>	
		<u>Discount</u>	
	1% Decrease	Rate	1% Increase
	(6.25%)	(7.25%)	(8.25%)
County's Share of Net Pension Liability:			
Local Group	\$ 8,343,952	\$5,072,611	\$2,329,176
Police and Firemen Group	4,771,072	3,178,798	<u>1,846,861</u>
_	\$ <u>13,115,024</u>	\$ <u>8,251,409</u>	\$ <u>4,176,037</u>

Pension Expense

For the year ended December 31, 2021, the County recognized pension expense of \$ (203,233) includes the changes in the collective net pension liability, projected earnings on pension plan investments, and the amortization of deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources for the period.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

December 31, 2021 (Continued)

Note 3: OTHER INFORMATION (Continued)

A. <u>Defined Benefit Pension Plan</u> (Continued)

Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources

A summary of the collective deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources at December 31, 2021 are included in the table below. Experience gains/losses and the impact of changes in actuarial assumptions or other inputs, if any, are recognized over the average expected remaining service life of the active and inactive plan members at the beginning of the measurement period. Investment gains and losses are recognized over a fixed five-year period.

		Police &	
	<u>Local</u>	<u>Firemen</u>	<u>Total</u>
Deferred Outflows of Resources:			
Differences between expected and actual			
experience	\$ 200,228	\$ 250,831	\$ 451,059
Changes in proportion	297,876	380,809	678,685
Changes of assumptions	998,550	404,348	1,402,898
Employer contributions subsequent to			
the measurement date	350,564	217,100	567,664
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	\$ <u>1,847,218</u>	\$ <u>1,253,088</u>	\$3,100,306
Deferred Inflows of Resources:			
Differences between expected and			
actual experience	\$ 45,930	\$ -	\$ 45,930
Changes in proportion	180,409	53,970	234,379
Net difference between projected and			
actual earnings on pension plan			
investments	1,801,270	833,962	2,635,232
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	\$ <u>2,027,609</u>	\$ <u>887,932</u>	\$ <u>2,915,541</u>

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

December 31, 2021 (Continued)

Note 3: OTHER INFORMATION (Continued)

A. <u>Defined Benefit Pension Plan</u> (Continued)

Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources

The following table provides the deferred outflows (inflows) of resources as of December 31, 2021 that will be recognized in pension expense in future years:

Year Ended		Police &	
December 31	<u>Local</u>	<u>Firemen</u>	<u>Total</u>
2022	\$ 299,683	\$ 321,571	\$ 621,254
2023	(9,118)	81,543	72,425
2024	(58,510)	59,218	708
2025	(442,350)	(125,354)	(567,704)
2026	29,904	28,178	58,082
	\$ <u>(180,391)</u>	\$ <u>365,156</u>	\$ <u>184,765</u>

On Schedule 5, data was unavailable before 2013.

B. Salary Reduction Plan

Seward County has adopted a 457 elective salary reduction plan with Empower Retirement for employees' retirement. The plan transactions for the year ended December 31, 2021 are as follows:

Beginning balance	\$ 972,205
Contributions	79,259
Withdrawals	(216,775)
Change in value	187,402
Ending balance	\$1,022,091

C. Risk Management

The government is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; and natural disasters for which the government carries commercial insurance.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

December 31, 2021 (Continued)

Note 3: OTHER INFORMATION (Continued)

D. Federal Assistance

Seward County participates in a number of federally assisted grant programs. These programs are subject to program compliance audits by the grantors or their representatives for audits of these programs for or including the year ending December 31, 2021.

It is possible that the County's compliance with applicable grant agreements may be established at some future date. The amount of expenditures which may be disallowed by the grantor agencies cannot be determined at this date, although the County expects such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

E. Environmental Issues

Environmental issues pertaining to Seward County are subject to state and federal requirements. The amount of expenditures required, if any, is not presently ascertainable.

F. Contingencies – Self-Insured Health Insurance

Seward County has entered into an agreement with Blue Cross/Blue Shield of Kansas in which the County self insures claims to an individual stop loss of \$75,000. There is no aggregate stop loss on the contract.

G. Contingent Liability

Arkalon Ethanol, LLC has appealed its 2018, 2019 and 2020 property tax valuations on an ethanol plant located in Seward County to the Board of Tax Appeals (BOTA). Negotiations on a settlement are ongoing. Losses to the County are possibly between \$1,000,000 and \$1,200,000 combined for tax years 2018, 2019 and 2020. Due to ongoing negotiations and other substantial uncertainties, these amounts will not affect the 2021 financial statements.

Other appeals of property tax valuation are small enough amounts that any loss would not be material.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

December 31, 2021 (Continued)

Note 3: OTHER INFORMATION (Continued)

H. <u>Interfund Eliminations</u>

There were no interfund eliminations made.

I. Compliance and Propriety Matters – Seward County

- 1. Contrary to the provisions of K.S.A. 10-1117 and 79-2934, the required budget and encumbrance records were not properly maintained by the County Clerk.
- 2. Contrary to the provisions of K.S.A. 19-312, the County Clerk did not maintain an account of charges and credits on the current year tax roll abstract showing the treasurer's accountability.
- 3. Contrary to the provisions of K.S.A. 32-984, the County Clerk did not remit daily to the County Treasurer game license fees.

The above noncompliance matters have been discussed with various County officials.

J. Conduit Debt Obligations

From time to time, the County has issued Industrial Revenue Bonds to provide financial assistance to private-sector entities for the acquisition and construction of industrial and commercial facilities deemed to be in the public interest. The bonds are secured by the property financed and are payable solely from payments received on the underlying mortgage loans. Upon repayment of the bonds, ownership of the acquired facilities transfers to the private-sector entity served by the bond issuance. Neither the County, the State, nor any political subdivision thereof is obligated in any manner for repayment of the bonds. Accordingly, the bonds are not reported as liabilities in the accompanying financial statements.

As of December 31, 2021, there was one series of Industrial Revenue Bonds outstanding, with an aggregate principal amount payable of \$2,500,000.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

December 31, 2021 (Continued)

Note 3: OTHER INFORMATION (Continued)

K. COVID-19

On January 30, 2020, the World Health Organization ("WHO") announced a global health emergency because of a new strain of coronavirus in Wuhan, China (the "COVID-19 outbreak") and the risks to the international community as the virus spreads globally beyond its point of origin. In March 2020, the WHO classified the COVID-19 outbreak as a pandemic, based on the rapid increase in exposure globally. The full impact of the COVID-19 outbreak continues to evolve as of the date of this report. As such, it is uncertain as to the full magnitude that the pandemic will have on Seward County's financial condition, liquidity and future results of operations. Management is actively monitoring the global and local situation on its financial condition, liquidity, operations, suppliers, industry and workforce. Given the daily evolution of the COVID-19 outbreak and the global responses to curb its spread, Seward County, Kansas is not able to estimate the effects of the COVID-19 outbreak on its results of operations, financial condition or liquidity for fiscal year 2021.

As a result of the COVID-19 outbreak, numerous Federal and State grants have been made available to Seward County to assist with the risks and help offset incurred costs of Seward County.

L. Subsequent Events

Seward County's management has evaluated events and transactions through September 20, 2022, the date which the financial statements were available to be issued.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION December 31, 2021

Schedule 1

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES – BUDGET AND ACTUAL – GENERAL FUND

Revenues	Original & Final Budget	Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget Favorable (Unfavorable)
Taxes:			
Ad valorem property tax	\$ 9,894,994	\$ 9,260,273	\$ (634,721)
Delinquent tax	150,000	384,623	234,623
Motor vehicle tax	983,003	937,548	(45,455)
Mineral tax	15,000	24,965	9,965
Interest on delinquent taxes	100,000	198,574	98,574
Total taxes	\$11,142,997	\$10,805,983	\$ (337,014)
Intergovernmental:	Ψ <u>11,112,557</u>	φ <u>10,005,705</u>	Ψ <u>(337,011</u>)
Private club liquor tax	\$ 13,168	\$ 15,214	\$ 2,046
Local sales tax	1,500,000	1,934,643	434,643
Health initiatives	650,000	774,080	124,080
Civil Defense	-	73,779	73,779
Total intergovernmental	\$ 2,163,168	\$ 2,797,716	\$ 634,548
Charges for Sales and Services:	+	+ = 1,12 1,1 = 0	T
Sale of cemetery lots and fees	\$ 15,000	\$ 25,325	\$ 10,325
Chemical sales	45,000	70,077	25,077
Emergency Medical Service	300,000	386,499	86,499
Jail Board	50,000	<u>58,995</u>	<u>8,995</u>
Total charges for sales and services	\$ 410,000	\$ 540,896	\$ 130,896
Licenses, Permits, and Fees:	·	,	, <u> </u>
Fees	\$ 82,225	\$ 108,791	\$ 26,566
Mortgage registration fees	-	3,293	3,293
Officers' fees	165,000	232,614	67,614
Tonnage fees	180,000	179,402	(598)
Total licenses, permits, and fees	\$ 427,225	\$ 524,100	\$ 96,875
Use of Money and Property:			
Interest on time deposits	\$ 100,000	\$ 72,982	\$ (27,018)
Rentals and royalties	60,250	77,319	17,069
Total use of money and property	\$ <u>160,250</u>	\$ <u>150,301</u>	\$ <u>(9,949)</u>

Schedule 1 (Continued)

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES – BUDGET AND ACTUAL – GENERAL FUND

Revenues (Continued)	<u>Original &</u> <u>Final Budget</u>	Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget Favorable (Unfavorable)		
Other:					
Miscellaneous	\$20,000	\$32,677	\$ <u>12,677</u>		
Total Revenues	\$ <u>14,323,640</u>	\$ <u>14,851,673</u>	\$ 528,033		
Expenditures					
General Government:					
County Administration	\$ 147,058	\$ 147,969	\$ (911)		
County Commissioners	106,608	100,592	6,016		
County Counselor	197,615	173,540	24,075		
County Clerk	178,720	170,684	8,036		
County Treasurer	242,500	224,384	18,116		
County Attorney	743,761	607,508	136,253		
Planning Board	141,518	107,660	33,858		
Register of Deeds	120,116	113,825	6,291		
Clerk of District Court	389,600	257,265	132,335		
Courthouse General	1,362,116	1,079,414	282,702		
Information Technology	160,411	159,593	818		
GIS	89,754	91,527	(1,773)		
Election	45,000	23,063	21,937		
County Appraiser	490,025	390,142	99,883		
Human Resources	125,600	72,212	53,388		
360 Improvements	202,265	202,265	<u>-</u>		
Reserve for claim	1,230,000	(536,603)	1,766,603		
Total general government	\$ 5,972,667	\$ 3,385,040	\$ 2,587,627		
Public Safety:	· _	· <u> </u>	·		
Sheriff	\$ 1,400,000	\$ 1,294,864	\$ 105,136		
Emergency Preparedness	125,004	88,601	36,403		
Jail	1,600,000	1,497,431	102,569		
Communications	363,640	363,640	-		
Civil Defense	-	39,571	(39,571)		
Juvenile Detention	126,000	126,075	$\frac{(55,571)}{(75)}$		
Total public safety	\$ 3,614,644	\$ 3,410,182	\$ 204,462		

Schedule 1 (Continued)

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES – BUDGET AND ACTUAL – GENERAL FUND

Expenditures (Continued)	Original & Final Budget	Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget Favorable (Unfavorable)
Natural Resources:			
Noxious Weed	\$ 157,397	\$ 171,309	\$ (13,912)
Soil Conservation	38,000	38,000	\$ (13,912)
Total natural resources	\$ 195,397	\$ 209,309	\$ (13,912)
	\$ <u>193,397</u>	\$ <u>209,309</u>	\$ <u>(13,912)</u>
Employees' Benefits:	¢ 2.720.142	¢ 1.750.260	e 000 774
Health insurance	\$ 2,720,143	\$ 1,759,369	\$ 960,774
Employer costs	2,147,800	2,101,146	46,654
Total employees' benefits	\$ <u>4,867,943</u>	\$ <u>3,860,515</u>	\$ <u>1,007,428</u>
Health and Sanitation:			
Emergency Medical Service	\$ 774,000	\$ 802,866	\$ (28,866)
Coroner	52,464	39,643	12,821
Mental Health	84,500	84,500	-
Developmental Disabled	120,000	120,000	-
Cemetery	55,511	53,692	1,819
Total health and sanitation	\$ <u>1,086,475</u>	\$ <u>1,100,701</u>	\$ <u>(14,226)</u>
Social Services:			
Adolescent support	\$ 255,852	\$ 255,852	-
City on a Hill	50,000	50,000	-
Veterans/Other	17,000	17,000	-
Total social services	\$ 322,852	\$ 322,852	
Culture and Recreation:	+ <u> </u>	+ <u> </u>	
Council on Aging	\$ 247,919	\$ 247,919	\$ -
Historical Museum	75,000	75,000	-
Fair	50,000	50,000	_
Activity Center	403,200	341,875	61,325
Economic Development	150,000	150,274	(274)
Total culture and recreation	\$ 926,119	\$ 865,068	\$ 61,051
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Schedule 1 (Continued)

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES – BUDGET AND ACTUAL – GENERAL FUND

Expenditures (Continued) Other:	<u>Original &</u> <u>Final Budget</u>	Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget Favorable (Unfavorable)
Employee Committee	\$ <u>11,050</u>	\$ <u>10,565</u>	\$ 485
Transfers:	·	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
Capital Equipment	\$ 400,000	\$ 400,000	-
County Technology	554,115	554,115	
Total transfers	\$ <u>954,115</u>	\$ <u>954,115</u>	
Total Expenditures	\$ <u>17,951,262</u>	\$ <u>14,118,347</u>	\$ <u>3,832,915</u>
Net Change in Fund Balances	\$ (3,627,622)	\$ 733,326	\$ 4,360,948
Fund Balances, January 1	3,627,622	5,355,843	1,728,221
Other Changes:			
Increase or (Decrease) in Reserves:			
Other receivables	-	17,659	17,659
Restricted assets	-	6,482	6,482
Inventory	-	(4,559)	(4,559)
Encumbrances		(44,898)	(44,898)
Fund Balances, December 31		\$ <u>6,063,853</u>	\$ <u>6,063,853</u>

OTHER SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION December 31, 2021

Schedule 2

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET – NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS December 31, 2021

	<u>Rural</u> <u>Fire</u>	County Building	Health Special Services	County Attorney Diversion	<u>Capital</u> <u>Equipment</u> <u>Reserve</u>	Road & Bridge	Special Park & Recreation	Special Alcoholic Treatment	911 Telephone System
ASSETS Cash, including time deposits Accounts receivable Taxes receivable	\$ 53,015 - 1,030,220	\$427,930 - <u>307,886</u>	\$703,033 123,665	\$180,532	\$737,035 - -	\$ 408,258 - 1,553,398	\$ 3,281	\$ 3,281	\$362,087
Total Assets	\$ <u>1,083,235</u>	\$ <u>735,816</u>	\$ <u>826,698</u>	\$ <u>180,532</u>	\$ <u>737,035</u>	\$ <u>1,961,656</u>	\$ <u>3,281</u>	\$ <u>3,281</u>	\$ <u>362,087</u>
LIABILITIES Accounts payable Accrued wages and benefits Total liabilities	\$ 7,693 9,762 \$ 17,455	\$ 75,318 - \$ 75,318	\$ 19,895 <u>38,035</u> \$ 57,930	\$ 422 - \$ 422	\$ 1,879 - \$ 1,879	\$ 62,393 26,614 \$ 89,007	- - -	- - -	\$ 487 - \$ 487
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Deferred revenue	\$ <u>1,030,220</u>	\$ <u>307,886</u>				\$ <u>1,553,398</u>			
FUND BALANCES Nonspendable – Receivables Assigned Total fund balances	\$ - 35,560 \$ 35,560	\$ - 352,612 \$352,612	\$123,665 645,103 \$768,768	\$ - \frac{180,110}{180,110}	\$ - 735,156 \$735,156	\$ - 319,251 \$ 319,251	\$ - 3,281 \$3,281	\$ - <u>3,281</u> \$ 3,281	\$ - 361,600 \$361,600
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Fund Balances	\$ <u>1,083,235</u>	\$ <u>735,816</u>	\$ <u>826,698</u>	\$ <u>180,532</u>	\$ <u>737,035</u>	\$ <u>1,961,656</u>	\$ <u>3,281</u>	\$ <u>3,281</u>	\$ <u>362,087</u>

Schedule 2 (Continued)

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET – NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS December 31, 2021

ASSETS	Rural Fire Equipment	Special Highway Improvement	Noxious Weed Equipment	<u>Road</u> <u>Machinery</u>	Equipment Reserve County Technology	EMS Equipment	CARES ACT CRF Funds	American Rescue Plan	Total Nonmajor Special Revenue
Cash, including time deposits Accounts receivable Taxes receivable	\$ 5,221 - -	\$2,873,276 - -	\$ 9,935 - -	\$1,243,035 - -	\$262,658 - -	\$ 550 - -	- - -	\$2,081,001 - -	\$ 9,354,128 123,665 _2,891,504
Total Assets	\$ <u>5,221</u>	\$ <u>2,873,276</u>	\$ <u>9,935</u>	\$ <u>1,243,035</u>	\$ <u>262,658</u>	\$ <u>550</u>		\$ <u>2,081,001</u>	\$ <u>12,369,297</u>
LIABILITIES Accounts payable Accrued wages and benefits Total liabilities	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	\$ 19,904 - \$ 19,904	- - -	- - -	\$ 2,244 \$ 2,244	\$ 190,235
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Deferred revenue									\$ <u>2,891,504</u>
FUND BALANCES Nonspendable – Receivables Assigned Total fund balances	\$ - 5,221 \$ 5,221	\$ - 2,873,276 \$2,873,276	\$ - <u>9,935</u> \$ <u>9,935</u>	\$ - 1,243,035 \$1,243,035	\$ - 242,754 \$242,754	\$ - <u>550</u> \$ 550	- - -	\$ - 2,078,757 \$2,078,757	\$ 123,665 9,089,482 \$ 9,213,147
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Fund Balances	\$ <u>5,221</u>	\$ <u>2,873,276</u>	\$ <u>9,935</u>	\$ <u>1,243,035</u>	\$ <u>262,658</u>	\$ <u>550</u>		\$ <u>2,081,001</u>	\$ <u>12,369,297</u>

Schedule 3

COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES – NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS For the year ended December 31, 2021

P	<u>Rural</u> <u>Fire</u>	<u>County</u> <u>Building</u>	Health Special Services	County Attorney Diversion	<u>Capital</u> <u>Equipment</u> <u>Reserve</u>	Road & Bridge	Special Park & Recreation	Special Alcoholic Treatment	911 Telephone System
Revenues Taxes Intergovernmental Charges for services Other	\$788,998 - - - -	\$ 262,538 - - 12,600	\$ 3 1,130,596 325,691	\$ - 39,286 - -	\$ 2	\$2,532,846 - - 22,329	\$ 6,414 - - - -	\$ 6,414 - - -	\$ - 125,651
Total Revenues	\$ <u>788,998</u>	\$ <u>275,138</u>	\$ <u>1,456,290</u>	\$ <u>39,286</u>	\$ <u>2</u>	\$ <u>2,555,175</u>	\$ <u>6,414</u>	\$ <u>6,414</u>	\$ <u>125,651</u>
Expenditures General government Public safety Health and sanitation Culture and recreation Transportation	\$ - 820,663 - -	\$ 396,844 - - - -	1,234,626	\$ 12,121 - - - - -	\$ 288,988 - - - - -	\$ - - - - 1,670,691	\$ - - - 4,400	\$ - - - 4,400	\$ - 167,887 - - -
Total Expenditures	\$820,663	\$ <u>396,844</u>	\$ <u>1,234,626</u>	\$ <u>12,121</u>	\$ <u>288,988</u>	\$ <u>1,670,691</u>	\$ <u>4,400</u>	\$ <u>4,400</u>	\$ <u>167,887</u>
Revenues over (under) Expenditures Fund Balances, January 1 Operating transfers Other Changes: Increase or (decrease) in reserves	\$ (31,665) 67,225	\$ (121,706) 474,318 -	\$ 221,664 543,916 - 3,188	\$ 27,165 152,945 -	\$ (288,986) 624,142 400,000	\$ 884,484 184,767 (750,000)	\$ 2,014 1,267 -	\$ 2,014 1,267 -	\$ (42,236) 403,836 -
Fund Balances, December 31	\$ <u>35,560</u>	\$ <u>352,612</u>	\$ <u>768,768</u>	\$ <u>180,110</u>	\$ <u>735,156</u>	\$ <u>319,251</u>	\$ <u>3,281</u>	\$ <u>3,281</u>	\$ <u>361,600</u>

Schedule 3 (Continued)

COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES – NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS For the year ended December 31, 2021

ASSETS	Rural Fire Equipment	Special Highway Improvement	Noxious Weed Equipment	<u>Road</u> <u>Machinery</u>	Equipment Reserve County Technology	EMS Equipment	CARES ACT CRF Funds	American Rescue Plan	<u>Total</u> <u>Nonmajor</u> <u>Special Revenue</u>
Revenues									
Taxes	\$ -	\$ -	_	\$ -	_	_	_	\$ -	\$ 3,597,215
Intergovernmental	-	113,102	-	· -	-	_	_	2,081,069	3,364,053
Charges for services	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	451,342
Other	3,500			<u>77,111</u>					115,540
Total Revenues	\$ 3,500	\$ <u>113,102</u>		\$ <u>77,111</u>				\$ <u>2,081,069</u>	\$ <u>7,528,150</u>
Expenditures									
General government	\$ -	-	-	\$ -	\$ 429,819	_	\$ -	\$ 2,312	\$ 1,130,084
Public safety	11,857	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,000,407
Health and sanitation	-	-	-	-	-	-	704,342	-	1,938,968
Culture and recreation	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	8,800
Transportation				345,410					2,016,101
Total Expenditures	\$ <u>11,857</u>			\$ <u>345,410</u>	\$ <u>429,819</u>		\$ <u>704,342</u>	\$ 2,312	\$ <u>6,094,360</u>
Revenues over (under) Expenditures	\$ (8,357)	\$ 113,102	\$ -	\$ (268,299)	\$ (429,819)	\$ -	\$ (704,342)	\$2,078,757	\$ 1,433,790
Fund Balances, January 1	13,578	2,260,174	9,935	1,226,024	118,458	550	704,342	-	6,786,744
Operating transfers	-	500,000	-	250,000	554,115	-	-	-	954,115
Other Changes:									
Increase or (decrease) in reserves				35,310					38,498
Fund Balances, December 31	\$ <u>5,221</u>	\$ <u>2,873,276</u>	\$ <u>9,935</u>	\$ <u>1,243,035</u>	\$ <u>242,754</u>	\$ <u>550</u>		\$ <u>2,078,757</u>	\$ <u>9,213,147</u>

Schedule 4-1

RURAL FIRE FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES – BUDGET AND ACTUAL

	Original & Final Budget	<u>Actual</u>	Variance Favorable (Unfavor.)
Revenues			
Taxes:			
Ad valorem property tax	\$758,726	\$745,660	\$ (13,066)
Delinquent tax	4,000	17,840	13,840
Motor vehicle tax	<u>28,916</u>	<u>25,498</u>	(3,418)
Total Revenues	\$ <u>791,642</u>	\$ <u>788,998</u>	\$ (2,644)
Expenditures			
Public Safety – Fire Protection:			
Personal services	\$270,456	\$282,461	\$ (12,005)
Contractual services	279,031	402,323	(123,292)
Commodities	40,000	57,478	(17,478)
Capital outlay	<u>177,155</u>	<u>78,401</u>	98,754
Total Expenditures	\$ <u>766,642</u>	\$820,663	\$ <u>(54,021)</u>
Revenues over (under) Expenditures	\$ 25,000	\$ (31,665)	\$ (56,665)
Other Financing Sources (Uses):			
Operating transfers (out)	(25,000)	-	25,000
Fund Balances, January 1		67,225	67,225
Fund Balances, December 31		\$ <u>35,560</u>	\$ <u>35,560</u>

Schedule 4-2

COUNTY BUILDING FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES – BUDGET AND ACTUAL

D. C.	Original & Final Budget	<u>Actual</u>	Variance Favorable (Unfavor.)
Revenues Taxes:			
Ad valorem property tax Delinquent tax Motor vehicle tax	\$ 247,919 4,000 23,629	\$ 230,487 9,561 22,490	\$ (17,432) 5,561 (1,139)
Other:	12 600	4.000	
Rent	<u>12,600</u>	12,600	
Total Revenues	\$ 288,148	\$ 275,138	\$ (13,010)
Expenditures General Government:			
Contractual services	<u>782,831</u>	396,844	<u>385,987</u>
Revenues over (under) Expenditures	\$ (494,683)	\$ (121,706)	\$372,977
Fund Balances, January 1	494,683	474,318	(20,365)
Fund Balances, December 31		\$ <u>352,612</u>	\$ <u>352,612</u>

Schedule 4-3

HEALTH – SPECIAL SERVICES FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES – BUDGET AND ACTUAL

	<u>Original</u> <u>& Final</u> <u>Budget</u>	<u>Actual</u>	Variance Favorable (Unfavor.)
Revenues			
Taxes:	•		
Delinquent tax	\$ -	\$ 3	\$ 3
Intergovernmental:	5.42.702	5.40. 500	
Sales tax	542,793	542,793	-
Federal and state grants	509,444	587,803	78,359
Charges for sales and services	<u>244,650</u>	<u>213,720</u>	(30,930)
Total Revenues	\$ <u>1,296,887</u>	\$ <u>1,344,319</u>	\$ <u>47,432</u>
Expenditures			
Health:			
Personal services	\$ 843,150	\$1,042,678	\$ (199,528)
Contractual services	262,961	175,009	87,952
Commodities	155,000	13,636	141,364
Capital outlay	65,926	3,303	62,623
Total Expenditures	\$ <u>1,327,037</u>	\$ <u>1,234,626</u>	\$ <u>92,411</u>
Revenues over (under) Expenditures	\$ (30,150)	\$ 109,693	\$ 139,843
Fund Balances, January 1	683,050	532,222	(150,828)
Other Changes:			
Increase or (decrease) in reserves		3,188	3,188
Fund Balances, December 31	\$ <u>652,900</u>	\$ <u>645,103</u>	\$ <u>(7,797</u>)

Schedule 4-4

COUNTY ATTORNEY DIVERSION FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES – BUDGET AND ACTUAL

	<u>Original</u> <u>& Final</u> <u>Budget</u>	<u>Actual</u>	Variance Favorable (Unfavor.)
Revenues Intergovernmental: Diversion fees	\$ 43,144	\$ 39,286	\$ (3,858)
Expenditures General Government: Capital outlay	175,000	12,121	<u>162,879</u>
Revenues over (under) Expenditures	\$ (131,856)	\$ 27,165	\$159,021
Fund Balances, January 1	131,856	<u>152,945</u>	21,089
Fund Balances, December 31		\$ <u>180,110</u>	\$ <u>180,110</u>

Schedule 4-5

<u>CAPITAL EQUIPMENT RESERVE FUND</u> <u>SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES</u> <u>IN FUND BALANCES – BUDGET AND ACTUAL</u>

	Original & Final Budget	<u>Actual</u>	Variance Favorable (Unfavor.)
Revenues			
Taxes:	Φ.	Φ	Φ
Delinquent tax	\$ -	\$ 2	\$ 2
Other:			
Transfers – General Fund	400,000	<u>400,000</u>	
Total Revenues	\$ 400,000	\$400,002	\$ 2
Expenditures General Government: Capital outlay	<u>887,186</u>	<u>288,988</u>	<u>598,198</u>
Revenues over (under) Expenditures	\$ (487,186)	\$111,014	\$598,200
Fund Balances, January 1	487,186	<u>624,142</u>	136,956
Fund Balances, December 31		\$ <u>735,156</u>	\$ <u>735,156</u>

Schedule 4-6

ROAD AND BRIDGE FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES – BUDGET AND ACTUAL

	<u>Original</u> & Final		<u>Variance</u> Favorable
	Budget	<u>Actual</u>	(Unfavor.)
Revenues			
Taxes:			
Ad valorem property tax	\$1,716,052	\$1,624,858	\$ (91,194)
Delinquent tax	20,000	50,832	30,832
Motor vehicle tax	127,180	113,708	(13,472)
State of Kansas – Gas tax	685,000	743,448	58,448
Miscellaneous	-	22,329	22,329
Total Revenues	\$ <u>2,548,232</u>	\$ <u>2,555,175</u>	\$ 6,943
Expenditures			
Transportation:			
Personal services	\$ 716,554	\$ 662,228	\$ 54,326
Contractual services	65,515	93,335	(27,820)
Commodities	1,029,800	911,482	118,318
Capital outlay	-	3,646	(3,646)
Transfers:			
Special Highway and Equipment Fund	750,000	<u>750,000</u>	
Total Expenditures	\$ <u>2,561,869</u>	\$ <u>2,420,691</u>	\$ <u>141,178</u>
Revenues over (under) Expenditures	\$ (13,637)	\$ 134,484	\$148,121
Fund Balances, January 1	13,637	184,767	<u>171,130</u>
Fund Balances, December 31		\$ <u>319,251</u>	\$ <u>319,251</u>

Schedule 4-7

SPECIAL PARK FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES – BUDGET AND ACTUAL

	Original & Final Budget	<u>Actual</u>	Variance Favorable (Unfavor.)
Revenues State of Kansas	\$ 4,400	\$ 6,414	\$ 2,014
Expenditures Public Safety: Contractual services	4,400	4,400	<u> </u>
Revenues over (under) Expenditures	-	\$ 2,014	\$ 2,014
Fund Balances, January 1		1,267	1,267
Fund Balances, December 31		\$ <u>3,281</u>	\$ <u>3,281</u>

Schedule 4-8

SPECIAL ALCOHOLIC TREATMENT FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES – BUDGET AND ACTUAL

	<u>Original</u> <u>& Final</u> <u>Budget</u>	<u>Actual</u>	Variance Favorable (Unfavor.)
Revenues State of Kansas	\$ 4,400	\$ 6,414	\$ 2,014
Expenditures Public Safety:			
Contractual services	4,400	<u>4,400</u>	
Revenues over (under) Expenditures	-	\$ 2,014	\$ 2,014
Fund Balances, January 1		1,267	1,267
Fund Balances, December 31		\$ <u>3,281</u>	\$ <u>3,281</u>

Schedule 4-9

911 TELEPHONE SYSTEM FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES – BUDGET AND ACTUAL

	Original & Final Budget	<u>Actual</u>	Variance Favorable (Unfavor.)
Revenues Charges for Services: 911 tax	\$ 114,422	\$125,651	\$ 11,229
Expenditures Public Safety: Capital outlay	509,000	<u>167,887</u>	<u>341,113</u>
Revenues over (under) Expenditures	\$ (394,578)	\$ (42,236)	\$352,342
Fund Balances, January 1	394,578	403,836	9,258
Fund Balances, December 31		\$ <u>361,600</u>	\$ <u>361,600</u>

Schedule 4-10

EQUIPMENT RESERVE COUNTY TECHNOLOGY FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES – BUDGET AND ACTUAL

	Original & Final Budget	<u>Actual</u>	Variance Favorable (Unfavor.)
Revenues	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Expenditures General Government: Capital outlay	554,115	429,819	<u>124,296</u>
Revenues over (under) Expenditures	\$ (554,115)	\$ (429,819)	\$124,296
Other Financing Sources (Uses): Operating transfers (out)	554,115	554,115	-
Fund Balances, January 1		118,458	118,458
Fund Balances, December 31		\$ <u>242,754</u>	\$ <u>242,754</u>

Schedule 5

SCHEDULE OF COUNTY'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET DEFINED PENSION PLAN LIABILITY December 31, 2021

	<u>2021</u>	<u>2020</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2015</u>	<u>2014</u>	<u>2013</u>
County's proportion of the net pension liability	0.7559%	0.7369%	0.6802%	0.6850%	0.7011%	0.7210%	0.7210%	0.7080%	0.6922%
County's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$8,251,409	\$11,259,113	\$8,435,036	\$8,301,484	\$8,641,927	\$9,328,965	\$7,686,849	\$7,005,783	\$8,501,031
County's covered-employee payroll	9,886,539	9,475,977	9,011,727	8,536,071	8,602,822	8,801,494	8,590,114	9,182,059	8,973,552
County's proportionate share of the net pension Liability as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll	83.46%	118.82%	93.60%	97.25%	100.45%	105.99%	89.48%	76.30%	94.73%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	79.19%	69.25%	69.88%	73.18%	71.71%	68.84%	72.97%	73.98%	66.33%

Schedule 6

SCHEDULE OF COUNTY'S CONTRIBUTIONS TO DEFINED PENSION PLAN December 31, 2021

	<u>2021</u>	<u>2020</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2015</u>	<u>2014</u>	<u>2013</u>	<u>2012</u>
Contractually required contribution	\$ 1,135,329	\$ 1,044,704	\$ 956,826	\$ 890,601	\$ 881,818	\$ 974,382	\$ 814,343	\$ 811,694	\$ 712,500	\$ 678,212
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	(1,135,329)	(1,044,704)	(956,826)	(890,601)	(881,818)	(974,382)	(814,343)	(811,694)	<u>(712,500</u>)	(678,212)
Contribution deficiency (excess)										
County's covered-employee payroll	\$ <u>9,886,539</u>	\$ <u>9,475,977</u>	\$ <u>9,011,727</u>	\$ <u>8,536,071</u>	\$ <u>8,602,822</u>	\$ <u>8,801,494</u>	\$ <u>8,590,114</u>	\$ <u>9,182,059</u>	\$ <u>8,973,552</u>	\$ <u>9,239,946</u>
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	11.48%	11.02%	10.62%	10.43%	10.25%	11.07%	9.48%	8.84%	7.94%	7.34%



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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

To the Seward County Commissioners Liberal, Kansas 67901

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited Seward County, Kansas' compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of Seward County's major federal programs for the year ended December 31, 2021. Seward County's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with federal statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of its federal awards applicable to its federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of Seward County's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with the *Kansas Municipal Audit and Accounting Guide*; auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements. Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Those standards and the Uniform Guidance require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about Seward County's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of Seward County's compliance.

To the Seward County Commissioners Liberal, Kansas 67901

Page 2

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, Seward County, Kansas complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended December 31, 2021.

Other Matters

The results of our auditing procedures disclosed instances of noncompliance which are required to be reported in accordance with the Uniform Guidance and which are described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as items 2021-001 and 2021-002. Our opinion on each major federal program is not modified with respect to these matters.

Seward County, Kansas' response to the noncompliance findings identified in our audit is described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. Seward County, Kansas' response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of compliance and, accordingly, we express no opinion on the response.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

Management of Seward County, Kansas is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered Seward County's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Seward County's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis.

To the Seward County Commissioners Liberal, Kansas 67901

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A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and, therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that have not been identified. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, we did identify certain deficiencies in internal control over compliance, described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as items 2021-001 and 2021-002, that we consider to be significant deficiencies.

Seward County's response to the internal control over compliance findings identified in our audit is described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. Seward County's response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of compliance and, accordingly, we express no opinion on the response.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Hay•Rice & Associates, Chartered

Hay•Rice & Associates, Chartered

September 20, 2022

Schedule 7

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS

For the year ended December 31, 2021

	<u>Federal</u>			
Federal Grantor/Pass-Through Program Title	<u>CFDA</u> <u>Number</u>	<u>Identifying</u> <u>Number</u>	through to Subrecipients	<u>Federal</u> Expenditures
US Department of Health and Human Services: COVID-19 – Provider Relief Fund	93.498	N/A	\$ -	\$ 16,059
US Department of the Treasury: COVID – Coronavirus State and Local Fiscal Recovery Funds	21.027	N/A	-	2,312
US Department of the Treasury passed through Kansas Governor's Office: COVID-19 – Coronavirus Relief Fund	21.019	2020	-	704,343
US Department of Agriculture passed through Kansas Department of Health and Environment: Special Supplemental Nutrition Program for Women, Infants, and Children	10.557	WIC 2020	_	313.422
mano, and Children	10.557	WIC 2020	_	313,722

See accompanying notes to schedule of expenditures of federal awards.

Schedule 7 (Continued)

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS For the year ended December 31, 2021

	Pass-Through			
	<u>Federal</u>	Entity	<u>Passed</u>	
	<u>CFDA</u>	Identifying	through to	<u>Federal</u>
Federal Grantor/Pass-Through Program Title	Number Number	<u>Number</u>	<u>Subrecipients</u>	Expenditures
LIC Danata and CH and an I Harris Comit and a 1 danat				
US Department of Health and Human Services passed through				
Kansas Department of Health and Environment:				
Public Health Emergency Preparedness	93.069	NU90TP22049	-	20,823
COVID-19 – Kansas Public Health Crisis Response	93.354	NU90TP22130	-	134
COVID-19 – Epidemiology and Laboratory Capacity				
Cooperative Agreement	93.323	20200704027811	-	138,135
Maternal and Child Health Services	93.994	B04MC32543	-	24,588
Child Care Licensing	93.575	N/A	-	6,792
Family Planning Services	93.217	FPHPA006448	-	39,294
Immunization Action Plan	93.268	H23IP000748	-	9,869
US Department of Homeland Security passed through Kansas				
Adjutant General:				
Disaster Grants – Public Assistance (Presidentially Declared Disasters)	97.036	2021	_	44,541
Emergency Management Performance Grant	97.042	2021	_	29,238
	, <u>-</u>			
Total Expenditures of Federal Awards			<u> </u>	\$ <u>1,349,550</u>

See accompanying notes to schedule of expenditures of federal awards.

NOTES TO SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS

For the year ended December 31, 2021

Note A: Basis of Presentation

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards (Schedule 7) includes the federal award activity of Seward County, Kansas under programs of the federal government for the year ended December 31, 2021. The information in this Schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of Seward County, Kansas, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net position, or cash flows of Seward County, Kansas.

Note B: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Expenditures reported on the accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards are reported on the accrual basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in the Uniform Guidance, wherein, certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement.

Note C: Indirect Cost Rate

Seward County, Kansas has elected not to use the 10% de minimis indirect cost rate allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

Note D: <u>Provider Relief Fund</u>

Per the April 2022 Office of Management and Budget *Compliance Supplement*, the Provider Relief Fund amounts reported on the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards are to be reported based on the Provider Relief Fund report that is required to be submitted to the Health Resources and Services Administration reporting portal. Therefore, the amount reported above for the Provider Relief Fund represents Period 1 Provider Relief Funds.

Schedule 8

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

For the year ended December 31, 2021

A. <u>SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS</u>

- 1. The auditor's report expresses an unmodified opinion on the financial statements of Seward County, Kansas as prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP).
- 2. Two significant deficiencies were disclosed during the audit of the financial statements that would be required to be reported in the Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*. No material weaknesses are reported.
- 3. No instances of noncompliance material to the financial statements of Seward County, Kansas, which would be required to be reported in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, were disclosed during the audit.
- 4. No significant deficiencies on internal control over major federal award programs disclosed during the audit is reported in the Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance for Each Major Program and on Internal Control Over Compliance Required by the Uniform Guidance. No material weaknesses are reported.
- 5. The auditor's report on compliance for the major federal award programs for Seward County, Kansas expresses an unmodified opinion on all major federal programs.
- 6. Audit findings that are required to be reported in accordance with 2 CFR Section 200.516(a) are reported in this Schedule.
- 7. The programs tested as major programs were:
 Covid-19 Coronavirus Relief Fund CFDA #21.019
- 8. The threshold for determining type A and B programs was \$750,000.
- 9. Seward County, Kansas did not qualify as a low-risk auditee.

Schedule 8 (Continued)

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

For the year ended December 31, 2021

B. <u>FINDINGS – FINANCIAL ST</u>ATEMENT AUDIT

Significant Deficiencies

2021-001. Encumbrance Records

Condition: Contrary to the provisions of K.S.A. 10-117 and K.S.A. 79-2934, encumbrance and unencumbered cash records were not maintained.

Criteria: Internal controls should be in place to provide reasonable assurance that proper encumbrance and unencumbered cash records are maintained.

Cause: Deficiencies in the County's accounting program prevent the County from maintaining proper encumbrance records.

Effect: Because of the failure to maintain proper encumbrance and unencumbered cash records, funds may have a negative unencumbered cash balance and not be detected.

Recommendation: Procedures should be implemented to maintain proper encumbrance and unencumbered cash records.

Views of Responsible Officials and Planned Corrective Action: Seward County, Kansas agrees with the finding, but will continue to use a manual ledger to track encumbrances.

2021-002. Landfill Internal Controls

Condition: Internal controls at the Seward County Landfill do not meet expected performance because proper authorization is not maintained over account adjustments and write-offs.

Criteria: Internal controls should be in place to provide reasonable assurance that there is sufficient authorization in place.

Cause: Proper procedures are not in place to train personnel as to the importance of proper authorization over account adjustments and write-offs.

Effect: The Seward County Landfill's internal controls may not prevent a misstatement or a noncompliance issue from occurring.

Schedule 8 (Continued)

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

For the year ended December 31, 2021

B. FINDINGS – FINANCIAL STATEMENT AUDIT (Continued)

2021-002. Landfill Internal Controls (Continued)

Recommendation: Procedures should be implemented to strengthen internal controls on authorization over account adjustments and write-offs.

Views of Responsible Officials and Planned Corrective Action: Seward County, Kansas agrees with the finding and proper procedures have been put in place.

C. FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS - MAJOR FEDERAL AWARD PROGRAMS AUDIT

None.

SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS

For the year ended December 31, 2021

Finding 2020-001. Encumbrance Records

Condition: Contrary to the provisions of K.S.A. 10-117 and K.S.A. 79-2934, encumbrance and unencumbered cash records were not maintained.

Recommendation: Procedures should be implemented to maintain proper encumbrance and unencumbered cash records.

Current Status: The County continues to use a manual ledger to track encumbrances.

Finding 2020-002. Landfill Internal Controls

Condition: Internal controls at the Seward County Landfill do not meet expected performance because proper authorization is not maintained over account adjustments and write-offs.

Recommendation: Procedures should be implemented to strengthen internal controls on authorization over account adjustments and write-offs.

Current Status: Improvements to internal controls have been made and full implementation was made in 2022.