FINANCIAL STATEMENT with INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

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### **INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT**

Holcomb Recreation Commission Holcomb, Kansas

We have audited the accompanying fund summary statement of regulatory basis receipts, expenditures, and unencumbered cash of the Holcomb Recreation Commission, a related municipal entity of Unified School District No. 363, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statement.

### Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statement

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of this financial statement in accordance with the *Kansas Municipal Audit and Accounting Guide* as described in Note A; this includes determining that the regulatory basis of accounting is an acceptable basis for the preparation of the financial statement in the circumstances. Management is also responsible for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statement that is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

### Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the financial statement based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the *Kansas Municipal Audit and Accounting Guide*. Those standards require we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statement is free of material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statement. The procedures selected depend on auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statement, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statement in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statement.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

# Basis for Adverse Opinion on U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles

As described in Note A, the financial statement is prepared by the Holcomb Recreation Commission on the basis of the financial reporting provisions of the *Kansas Municipal Audit and Accounting Guide*, which is a basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

The effects on the financial statement of the variances between the regulatory basis of accounting described in Note A and accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, although not reasonably determinable, are presumed to be material.

# Adverse Opinion on U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles

In our opinion, because of the significance of the matter discussed in the "Basis for Adverse Opinion on U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles" paragraph, the financial statement referred to above does not present fairly, in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, the financial position of the Holcomb Recreation Commission as of June 30, 2021, or changes in financial position and cash flows thereof for the year then ended.

### **Unmodified Opinion on Regulatory Basis of Accounting**

In our opinion, the financial statement referred to above presents fairly, in all material respects, the aggregate cash and unencumbered cash balances of the Holcomb Recreation Commission as of June 30, 2021, and the aggregate receipts and expenditures for the year then ended in accordance with the financial reporting provisions of the *Kansas Municipal Audit and Accounting Guide* described in Note A.

### Other Matters

### **Supplementary Information**

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the fund summary statement of regulatory basis receipts, expenditures, and unencumbered cash (basic financial statement) as a whole. The summary of regulatory basis expenditures - actual and budget and individual fund schedules of regulatory basis receipts and expenditures actual and budget (Schedules 1 and 2 as listed in the table of contents) are presented for analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statement, however, are required to be presented under the provisions of the Kansas Municipal Audit and Accounting Guide. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statement. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statement and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statement or to the basic financial statement itself, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statement as a whole, on the basis of accounting described in Note A.

We also previously audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, the basic financial statement of the Holcomb Recreation Commission as of and for the year ended June 30, 2020 (not presented herein), and have issued our report thereon dated February 3, 2021, which contained an unmodified opinion on the basic financial statement. The 2020 basic financial statement and our accompanying report are not presented herein, but are available in electronic form from the website of the Kansas Department of Administration at the following link: https://www.admin.ks.gov/offices/oar/municipal-services/municipal-audits. The 2020 actual column (2020 comparative information) presented in the individual fund schedules of regulatory basis receipts and expenditures – actual and budget for the year ended June 30, 2021 (Schedule 2 as listed in the table of contents) is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statement. Such 2020 comparative information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the 2020 basic financial statement. The 2020 comparative information was subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the 2020 basic financial statement and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the 2020 basic financial statement or to the 2020 basic financial statement itself, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the 2020 comparative information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statement as a whole for the ended June 30, 2020, on the basis of accounting described in Note A.

Kennedy McKee & Company LLP

February 9, 2022

# SUMMARY STATEMENT OF RECEIPTS, EXPENDITURES AND UNENCUMBERED CASH REGULATORY BASIS

For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

	General fund	Special Purpose Employee Benefits fund	Total
Beginning unencumbered cash balance Prior year canceled encumbrances Receipts Expenditures	\$ 739,334 - 620,710 (524,796)	\$31,886 - 111,794 (119,745)	\$ 771,220 - 732,504 (644,541)
Ending unencumbered cash balance Add encumbrances and accounts payable	835,248 1,773	23,935 10,319	859,183 12,092
Ending cash balance	\$ 837,021	\$ 34,254	\$ 871,275
Composition of cash balance: Demand deposits			\$ 871,275

The notes to the financial statement are an integral part of this statement.

### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENT

### June 30, 2021

# A. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

This summary of significant accounting policies applied in the preparation of the accompanying financial statement is presented to assist in understanding the Commission's financial statement. The financial statement, schedules, and notes are representations of the Commission's management, which is responsible for their integrity and objectivity.

### 1. <u>Municipal Financial Reporting Entity</u>

The Holcomb Recreation Commission is a related municipal entity of Unified School District No. 363. Four of the five members of the governing board are appointed by the Board of Education. The Commission operates as a separate governing body, but the District levies the taxes for the Commission and the Commission has only the powers granted by K.S.A. 12-1928. The Commission cannot purchase real property but can acquire real property by gift.

### 2. Basis of Presentation - Fund Accounting

The accounts of the Commission are organized and operated on the basis of funds. In governmental accounting, a fund is defined as an independent fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts. Fund accounting segregates funds according to their intended purpose and is used to aid management in demonstrating compliance with finance related legal and contractual provisions. The minimum number of funds is maintained consistent with legal and managerial requirements.

The following types of funds comprise the financial activities of the Commission for the year ended June 30, 2021:

### REGULATORY BASIS FUND TYPES

<u>General fund</u> – the chief operating fund. Used to account for all resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

<u>Special Purpose fund</u> – used to account for the proceeds of specific tax levies and other specific regulatory receipt sources (other than Capital Project and tax levies for long-term debt) that are intended for specified purposes.

# A. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

3. <u>Regulatory Basis of Accounting and Departure from Accounting Principles</u> <u>Generally Accepted in the United States of America</u>

The Kansas Municipal Audit and Accounting Guide (KMAAG) regulatory basis of accounting involves the recognition of cash, cash equivalents, marketable investments, and certain accounts payable and encumbrance obligations to arrive at a net unencumbered cash and investments balance on a regulatory basis for each fund, and the reporting of changes in unencumbered cash and investments of a fund resulting from the difference in regulatory basis receipts and regulatory basis expenditures for the fiscal year. All recognized assets and liabilities are measured and reported at cost unless they have been permanently impaired and have no future cash value or represent no future obligation against cash. The KMAAG regulatory basis does not recognize capital assets, long-term debt, accrued receivables and payables, or any other assets, liabilities or deferred inflows or outflows other than those mentioned above.

The Commission has approved a resolution that is in compliance with K.S.A. 75-1120a(c), waiving the requirement for application of generally accepted accounting principles and allowing the Commission to use the regulatory basis of accounting.

### 4. Budgetary Information

Kansas statutes require that an annual operating budget be legally adopted for the general and special purpose funds. Although directory rather than mandatory, the statutes provide for the following sequence and timetable in the adoption of the legal annual operating budget:

- a. Preparation of the budget for the succeeding year on or before July 1st.
- b. Publication in a local newspaper on or before July 10th of the proposed budget and notice of public hearing on the budget.
- c. Public hearing and adopt budget on or before July 20th, but at least ten days after publication of notice of hearing.
- d. Certify (submit) the adopted budget to the Unified School District Clerk and County Clerk.

The statutes allow for the governing body to increase the originally adopted budget for previously unbudgeted increases in regulatory receipts other than ad valorem property taxes. To do this, a notice of public hearing to amend the budget must be published in the local newspaper. At least ten days after publication the hearing may be held, and the governing body may amend the budget at that time. There were no such budget amendments during the current year.

The statutes permit transferring budgeted amounts between line items within an individual fund. However, such statutes prohibit expenditures in excess of the total amount of the adopted budget of expenditures of individual funds. Budget comparison schedules are presented for each fund showing actual receipts and expenditures compared to legally budgeted receipts and expenditures.

# A. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

### 4. <u>Budgetary Information (Continued)</u>

All legal annual operating budgets are prepared using the regulatory basis of accounting, in which receipts are recognized when cash is received and expenditures include disbursements, accounts payable, and encumbrances, with disbursements being adjusted for prior year's accounts payable and encumbrances. Encumbrances are commitments by the municipality for future payments and are supported by a document evidencing the commitment, such as a purchase order or contract. Any unused budgeted expenditure authority lapses at year end.

### B. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

K.S.A. 9-1401 establishes the depositories which may be used by the Commission. The statute requires banks eligible to hold the Commission's funds to have a main or branch bank in the county in which the Commission is located, or in an adjoining county if such institution has been designated as an official depository, and the banks provide an acceptable rate of return on funds. In addition, K.S.A. 9-1402 requires the banks to pledge securities for deposits in excess of FDIC coverage. The Commission has no other policies that would further limit interest rate risk.

K.S.A. 12-1675 limits the Commission's investment of idle funds to time deposits, open accounts, and certificates of deposit with allowable financial institutions; U.S. government securities; temporary notes; no-fund warrants; repurchase agreements; and the Kansas Municipal Investment Pool. The Commission has no investment policy that would further limit its investment choices.

*Custodial credit risk – deposits.* Custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of a bank failure, the Commission's deposits may not be returned to it. State statutes require the Commission's deposits in financial institutions to be entirely covered by federal depository insurance or by collateral held under a joint custody receipt issued by a bank within the State of Kansas, the Federal Reserve Bank of Kansas City, or the Federal Home Loan Bank of Topeka. All deposits were legally secured at June 30, 2021.

At June 30, 2021, the Commission's carrying amount of deposits was \$871,275 and the bank balance was \$878,020. Of the bank balance, \$250,000 was covered by federal depository insurance and \$628,020 was collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institutions' agents in the Commission's name.

### C. DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN

#### General Information about the Pension Plan

*Plan description.* The Commission participates in the Kansas Public Employees Retirement System (KPERS), a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan as provided by K.S.A. 74-4901, et. seq. Kansas law establishes and amends benefit provisions. KPERS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. KPERS' financial statements are included in its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report which can be found on the KPERS website at <u>www.kpers.org</u> or by writing to KPERS (611 South Kansas, Suite 100, Topeka, KS 66603) or by calling 1-888-275-5737.

# C. DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN (CONTINUED)

### General Information about the Pension Plan (Continued)

*Contributions.* K.S.A. 74-4919 and K.S.A. 74-49,210 establish the KPERS memberemployee contribution rates. KPERS has multiple benefit structures and contribution rates depending on whether the employee is a KPERS 1, KPERS 2 or KPERS 3 member. KPERS 1 members are active and contributing members hired before July 1, 2009. KPERS 2 members were first employed in a covered position on or after July 1, 2009, and KPERS 3 members were first employed in a covered position on or after January 1, 2015. Effective January 1, 2015, Kansas law established the KPERS member-employee contribution rate of 6% of covered salary for KPERS 1, KPERS 2 and KPERS 3 members. Member contributions are withheld by their employer and paid to KPERS according to the provisions of Section 414(h) of the Internal Revenue Code.

State law provides that the employer contribution rates for KPERS 1, KPERS 2 and KPERS 3 be determined based on the results of each annual actuarial valuation. Kansas law sets a limitation on annual increases in the employer contribution rates. The actuarially determined employer contribution rate (not including the 1% contribution rate for the Death and Disability Program) and the statutory contribution rate was 8.61% for the period of July 1, 2020 to December 31, 2020 and 8.87% for the period of January 1, 2021 to June 30, 2021. Contributions to the pension plan from the Commission were \$22,566 for the year ended June 30, 2021.

### Net Pension Liability

At June 30, 2021, the Commission's proportionate share of the collective net pension liability reported by KPERS was \$284,371. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2020, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2019, which was rolled forward to June 30, 2020. The Commission's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the ratio of the Commission's contributions to KPERS, relative to the total employer and non-employer contributions of the Local subgroup within KPERS. Since the KMAAG regulatory basis of accounting does not recognize long-term debt, this liability is not reported in this financial statement.

The complete actuarial valuation report including all actuarial assumptions and methods, and the report on the allocation of the KPERS collective net pension liability to all participating employers are publicly available on the website at <u>www.kpers.org</u> or can be obtained as described above.

# D. OTHER LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS FROM OPERATIONS

Other post-employment benefits. As provided by K.S.A. 12-5040, the Commission allows retirees to participate in the group health insurance plan. While each retiree pays the full amount of the applicable premium, conceptually, the Commission is subsidizing the retirees because each participant is charged a level of premium regardless of age. However, the cost of this subsidy has not been quantified in this financial statement.

Under the Consolidated Omnibus Budget Reconciliation Act (COBRA), the Commission makes health care benefits available to eligible former employees and eligible dependents. Certain requirements are outlined by the federal government for this coverage. The premium is paid in full by the insured.

### D. OTHER LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS FROM OPERATIONS (CONTINUED)

*Death and disability other post-employment benefits.* As provided by K.S.A. 74-4927, disabled members in the Kansas Public Employees Retirement System (KPERS) receive long-term disability benefits and life insurance benefits. The plan is administered through a trust held by KPERS that is funded to pay annual benefit payments. The employer contribution rate was set at 1% and contributions were \$2,580 for the year ended June 30, 2021.

*Compensated absences.* The Commission's policy grants eligible employees between ten to twenty-five days of vacation per year, depending on years of service, and employees are allowed to carry over no more than forty hours from year to year. Full-time employees will earn twelve days of sick leave on July 1<sup>st</sup> of each year and can accumulate to a maximum of 480 hours. Upon separation, sick leave will be paid out at 50% of the employee's current salary. The Commission's policy is to recognize the cost of compensated absences when actually paid.

The potential liability for compensated absences for the years ended June 30, 2021 and 2020 was \$25,677 and \$24,214, respectively.

### E. INTERFUND TRANSFERS

Operating transfers were as follows:

From	To	Amount	Regulatory authority	
General fund	Employee Benefits fund	<u>\$ 1,691</u>	K.S.A. 12-1928	

### F. RISK MANAGEMENT

The Commission is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The Commission purchases commercial insurance to cover these risks. There have been no significant reductions in coverage from the prior year. Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage in any of the past three years.

### G. CORONAVIRUS (COVID-19)

On January 30, 2020, the World Health Organization ("WHO") announced a global health emergency because of a new strain of coronavirus in Wuhan, China (the "COVID-19 outbreak") and the risks to the international community as the virus spreads globally beyond its point of origin. In March 2020, the WHO classified the COVID-19 outbreak as a pandemic, based on the rapid increase in exposure globally. The full impact of the COVID-19 outbreak continues to evolve as of the date of this report. As such, it is uncertain as to the full magnitude that the pandemic will have on the Commission's financial condition, liquidity, and future result of operations. The Commission is actively monitoring the global and local situation on its financial condition, liquidity, operations, suppliers, industry, and workforce. Given the daily evolution of the COVID-19 outbreak and the global responses to curb its spread, the Commission is not able to estimate the effects of the COVID-19 outbreak on its results of operations, financial condition, or liquidity for fiscal year 2022.

### H. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

The Commission has evaluated events subsequent to year end through February 9, 2022, and does not believe any events have occurred which affect the financial statement as presented except for the ongoing concern regarding the novel strain of coronavirus (COVID-19) as discussed in Note G above.

# REGULATORY-REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

# SUMMARY OF EXPENDITURES - ACTUAL AND BUDGET REGULATORY BASIS

For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

	General fund	Special Purpose Employee Benefits fund	Total
Certified budget	\$ 1,259,781	\$   141,297	\$ 1,401,078
Adjustments for qualifying budget credits			-
Total budget for comparison	1,259,781	141,297	1,401,078
Expenditures chargeable to current year	524,796	119,745	644,541
Variance favorable (unfavorable)	\$ 734,985	\$ 21,552	\$ 756,537

See Independent Auditor's Report.

#### GENERAL FUND

### SCHEDULE OF RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURES - ACTUAL AND BUDGET REGULATORY BASIS

#### For the Year Ended June 30, 2021 (With Comparative Actual Totals for the Prior Year Ended June 30, 2020)

			2021	
	2020	Actual	Budget	Variance favorable (unfavorable)
		, lotadi	Budgot	(unaverable)
Receipts:				
Appropriation from USD No. 363	\$ 395,214	\$ 386,922	\$ 388,480	\$ (1,558)
Program fees	62,684	42,108	40,000	2,108
Wellness center	71,349	71,722	60,000	11,722
Reimbursements	3,914	4,132	-	4,132
Donations	5,600	200	4,000	(3,800)
Miscellaneous	1,274	166	500	(334)
Pool	23,610	22,698	20,000	2,698
Rent	10,235	12,135	5,000	7,135
Special events	4,981	-	2,500	(2,500)
SPARK	-	80,627	-	80,627
Transfer from employee benefits fund	127			
Total receipts	578,988	620,710	\$ 520,480	\$ 100,230
Expenditures:				
Advertising	643	459	\$ 2,500	\$ 2,041
Capital outlay	43,853	23,243	538,781	515,538
Communications	7,628	7,090	10,000	2,910
Insurance	23,712	21,184	25,000	3,816
Janitorial	2,160	4,597	5,000	403
Maintenance	15,384	19,701	25,000	5,299
Office	27,356	13,045	30,000	16,955
Pool	16,314	14,980	25,000	10,020
Payroll	415,817	329,899	422,000	92,101
Professional dues and permits	1,190	825	2,000	1,175
Professional fees	6,520	6,576	8,000	1,424
	39,156	23,130		41,870
Programs Refunds	7,789		65,000 6,000	
	1,109	1,152		4,848
Testing	- 5 700	-	1,500	1,500
Travel and training	5,726	4,820	20,000	15,180
Utilities	41,303	40,227	48,000	7,773
Vehicle expense	7,419 10,322	6,642	10,000	3,358
Wellness center		4,903	16,000	11,097
Miscellaneous	247	632	-	(632)
Transfer to employee benefits fund		1,691		(1,691)
Total expenditures	672,539	524,796	\$ 1,259,781	\$ 734,985
Receipts over (under) expenditures	(93,551)	95,914		
Unencumbered cash, beginning of year	832,885	739,334	\$ 739,301	\$ 33
Unencumbered cash, end of year	\$ 739,334	\$ 835,248		

See Independent Auditor's Report.

### **EMPLOYEE BENEFITS FUND**

# SCHEDULE OF RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURES - ACTUAL AND BUDGET REGULATORY BASIS

#### For the Year Ended June 30, 2021 (With Comparative Actual Totals for the Prior Year Ended June 30, 2020)

			2021	
	2020	Actual	Budget	Variance favorable (unfavorable)
Receipts:				
Appropriation from USD No. 363 Interest Transfer from general fund	\$ 109,832 2,616 -	\$ 107,473 2,630 1,691	\$ 107,411 2,000 -	\$62 630 1,691
Total receipts	112,448	111,794	\$ 109,411	\$ 2,383
Expenditures:				
Employee benefits Transfer to general fund	136,027 127	119,745 -	\$ 141,297 _	\$    21,552 
Total expenditures	136,154	119,745	\$ 141,297	\$ 21,552
Receipts over (under) expenditures Unencumbered cash, beginning of year	(23,706) 55,592	(7,951) 31,886	\$ 31,886	<u>\$ -</u>
Unencumbered cash, end of year	\$ 31,886	\$ 23,935		

See Independent Auditor's Report.