City of South Haven, Kansas

Annual Financial Report

December 31, 2024

Council Members

Jessica Brown, Mayor

Thomas Bacon

Garret VanZant

Garratt Locke

Sadie Dugan

Kalli Nicholson

City Administration

Jill Richards/Jan Grace, City Clerk

Amy Brown, Deputy City Clerk

Independent Auditors

Cooper & Co. CPAs, P.A.
Certified Public Accountants
Wellington, Kansas

City of South Haven, Kansas

Year Ended December 31, 2024

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CPAs, P.A.

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Honorable Mayor and City Council
City of South Haven
South Haven, Kansas

Adverse and Unmodified Opinions
We have audited the accompanying fund summary statement of regulatory basis receipts, expenditures and unencumbered cash balances of the City of South Haven, Kansas, (a municipal reporting entity) as of and for the year ended December 31, 2024 and the related notes to the financial statement.

Adverse Opinion on U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles
In our opinion, because of the significance of the matter discussed in the Basis for Adverse and Unmodified Opinions section of our report, the accompanying financial statement referred to above does not present fairly, in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, the financial position of the City of South Haven, Kansas as of December 31, 2024, or changes in financial position and cash flows thereof for the year then ended.

Unmodified Opinion on Regulatory Basis of Accounting
In our opinion, the financial statement referred to above presents fairly, in all material respects, the aggregate cash and unencumbered cash balance of the City of South Haven, Kansas as of December 31, 2024, and the aggregate receipts and expenditures for the year ended in accordance with the financial reporting provisions of the *Kansas Municipal Audit and Accounting Guide* described in Note 1.

Basis for Adverse and Unmodified Opinions
We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and the *Kansas Municipal Audit and Accounting Guide.* Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statement section of our report. We are required to be independent of the City of South Haven, Kansas, and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our adverse and unmodified audit opinions.

Matter Giving Rise to Adverse Opinion on U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principle
As discussed in Note 1 of the financial statement, the financial statement is prepared by the City of South Haven, Kansas on the basis of the financial reporting provisions of the *Kansas Municipal Audit and Accounting Guide,* which is a basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. The effects on the financial statement of the variances between the regulatory basis of accounting described in Note 1 and accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, although not reasonably determinable, are presumed to be material.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements
Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of this financial statement in accordance with the *Kansas Municipal Audit and Accounting Guide* as described in Note 1; this includes determining that the regulatory basis of accounting is an acceptable basis for the preparation of the financial statement in

the circumstances. Management is also responsible for the design, implementation and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statement that is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statement, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the City of South Haven, Kansas' ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibility for the Audit of the Financial Statement

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statement as a whole is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statement.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS, we:

- exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statement, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statement.
- obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City of South Haven, Kansas' internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statement.
- conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the City of South Haven, Kansas' ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the 2024 fund summary statement of regulatory basis receipts, expenditures, and unencumbered cash balances (basic financial statement) as a whole. The summary of regulatory basis expenditures-actual and budget and the individual fund schedules of regulatory basis receipts and expenditures-actual and budget (Schedules 1 and 2 as listed in the table of contents) are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the 2024 basic financial statement, however are required to be presented under the provisions of the *Kansas Municipal Audit Accounting Guide*. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the 2024 basic financial statement. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the 2024 basic financial statement and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the 2024 basic financial statement or to the 2024 basic financial statement itself, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the accompanying

supplemental information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the 2024 basic financial statement as a whole, on the basis of accounting described in Note 1.

We also previously audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, the basic financial statement of the City of South Haven, Kansas as of and for the year ended December 31, 2023, and have issued our report thereon dated October 1, 2024, which contained an unmodified opinion on the basic financial statement. The 2023 basic financial statement and our accompanying report are not presented herein, but are available in electronic form from the web sited of the Kansas Department of Administration at the following link https://admin.ks.gov/office/accounts-report/local-government/municipal-services. The 2023 Actual column presented in the individual fund schedules of regulatory basis receipts and expenditures-actual and budget for the year ended December 31, 2023, (Schedules 2 as listed in the table of contents) are also presented for comparative analysis and are not a required part of the 2023 basic financial statement. Such 2023 comparative information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the 2023 basic financial statement. The 2023 comparative information was subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the 2023 basic financial statement and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the 2023 basic financial statement or to the 2023 basic financial statement itself, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the 2023 comparative information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statement taken as a whole for the year ended December 31, 2023, on the basis of accounting described in Note 1.

Cooper & Co CPA, P.A.

Certified Public Accountants
Wellington, Kansas
November 26, 2025

City of South Haven, Kansas

Summary Statement of Receipts, Expenditures and Unencumbered Cash

Regulatory Basis

For the Year Ended December 31, 2024

Funds	Beginning Unencumbered Cash Balance	Prior Year Cancelled Encumbrances	Cash Receipts	Expenditures	Ending Unencumbered Cash Balance	Add Outstanding Encumbrances/ Accounts Pay.	Ending Cash Balance
General	$ 53,538	$ -	$ 180,806	$ 201,128	$ 33,216	$ 19,224	$ 52,440
Special Purpose Funds:							
Special Highway	-	-	8,874	8,874	-	1,061	1,061
Firefighter's Donation	11,822	-	20,509	12,274	20,057	-	20,057
Business Funds:							
Sewer	2,105	-	15,452	16,917	640	1,258	1,898
Water	78,684	-	98,678	79,178	98,184	6,418	104,602
Total reporting entity	$ 146,149	$ -	$ 324,319	$ 318,371	$ 152,097	$ 27,961	$ 180,058

Composition of Cash Balance:

Checking Accounts:	Bank of Commerce & Trust Co - Operating account	$ 160,001
	Bank of Commerce & Trust Co - Fire Dept. Donations account	20,057
		$ 180,058

The notes to the financial statement are an integral part of this statement.

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

A. Municipal Financial Reporting entity

The City of South Haven, Kansas ("City") is a municipal corporation operating under a Mayor-Council form of government. It provides the following services: Fire Protection, Streets, Public Improvements, Utilities-Water, Sewer, and Refuse, and General Administrative Services. This regulatory financial statement presents only the municipality with no related municipal entities.

B. Regulatory Basis Fund Types

General Fund--the chief operating fund of the City. Used to account for all resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

Special Purpose Fund—used to account for the proceeds of specific tax levies and other specific revenue sources (other than Capital Project and tax levies for long-term debt) that are intended for specified purposes.

Bond and Interest Fund—used to account for the accumulation of resources, including tax levies, transfers from other funds and payment of general long-term debt.

Business Fund—funds financed in whole or in part by fees charged to users of the goods or services (i.e. utility services and internal service funds).

C. Basis of Accounting

Regulatory Basis of Accounting and Departure from Accounting Principles Generally Accepted in the United States of America. The *Kansas Municipal Audit and Accounting* Guide (KMAAG) regulatory basis of accounting involves the recognition of cash, cash equivalents, marketable investments, and certain accounts payable and encumbrance obligations to arrive at a net unencumbered cash and investments balance on a regulatory basis for each fund, and the reporting of changes in unencumbered cash and investments of a fund resulting from the difference in regulatory basis revenues and regulatory basis expenditures for the fiscal year. All recognized assets and liabilities are measured and reported at cost, unless they have been permanently impaired and have no future cash value or represent no future obligation against cash. The KMAAG regulatory basis does not recognize capital assets, long-term debt, accrued receivables and payables, or any other assets, liabilities or deferred inflows or outflows, other than those mentioned above.

The municipality has approved a resolution that is in compliance with K.S.A. 75-1120a(c), waiving the requirement for application of generally accepted accounting principles and allowing the municipality to use the regulatory basis of accounting.

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

D. Property taxes

In accordance with governing State statutes, property taxes levied during the current year are revenue sources to be used to finance the budget of the ensuing year. Taxes are assessed on a calendar year basis and are levied and become a lien on the property on November 1 of each year. The County Treasurer is the tax collection agent for all taxing entities within the County. Property owners have the option of paying one-half or the full amount of the taxes levied on or before December 20 during the year levied with the balance to be paid on or before May 10 of the ensuing year. Consequently, for revenue recognition purposes, the taxes levied during the current year are not due and receivable until the ensuing year.

Recognized state shared taxes represent payments received during the current fiscal period. State statutes specify distribution dates for such shared taxes. For revenue recognition purposes, amounts collected and held by the State on behalf of the City at year-end are not due and receivable until the ensuing year.

Federal and State grant aid and unrestricted aid is reported as revenue in the fiscal year the entitlement is received.

E. Reimbursements

The City records reimbursable expenditures in the fund that makes the disbursement and records reimbursements as revenue to the fund.

F. Budgetary Information

Kansas statutes require that an annual operating budget be legally adopted for the general fund, special purpose funds (unless specifically exempted by statute), bond and interest funds and business funds. Although directory rather than mandatory, the statutes provide for the following sequence and timetable in the adoption of the legal annual operating budget:

1. Preparation of the budget for the succeeding calendar year on or before August 1st.
2. Publication in local newspaper of the proposed budget and notice of public hearing on the budget on or before August 5th.
3. Public hearing on or before August 15th, but at least ten days after publication of notice of hearing.
4. Adoption of the final budget on or before August 25th.

If the municipality is holding a revenue neutral rate hearing, the budget timeline for the public hearing is adjusted to no sooner than August 20th and no later than September 20th, but at least ten days after all statutory notification and publication requirements have been met. Municipal budgets requiring a hearing to exceed the revenue neutral rate should be adopted on or before October 1st but may not be adopted prior to the revenue neutral rate hearing. The municipality did hold a revenue neutral rate hearing for this year.

The statutes allow for the governing body to increase the originally adopted budget for previously unbudgeted increases in revenue other than ad valorem property taxes. To do this, a notice of public hearing to amend the budget must be published in the local newspaper. At least ten days after publication the hearing may be held and the governing body may amend the budget at that time. There were no such budget amendments for this year.

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

F. Budgetary Information (continued)

The statutes permit transferring budgeted amounts between line items within an individual fund. However, such statutes prohibit expenditures in excess of the total amount of the adopted budget of expenditures of individual funds. Budget comparison schedules are presented for each fund showing actual receipts and expenditures compared to legally budgeted receipts and expenditures.

All legal annual operating budgets are prepared using the regulatory basis of accounting, in which revenues are recognized when cash is received and expenditures include disbursements, accounts payable, and encumbrances, with disbursements being adjusted for prior year's accounts payable and encumbrances. Encumbrances are commitments by the municipality for future payments and are supported by a document evidencing the commitment, such as a purchase order or contract. Any unused budgeted expenditure authority lapses at year end.

A legal operating budget is not required for capital projects funds, trust funds, or the following special purpose fund – Firefighters Donation Fund. Spending in funds which are not subject to the legal annual operating budget requirement is controlled by federal regulations, other statutes, or by the use of internal spending limits established by the governing body. Funds received by donation into the Firefighter's Donation Fund are not required to be budgeted.

2. Stewardship, Compliance and Accountability

Compliance With Finance-Related Legal and Contractual Provisions

- Encumbrance Records and Record of Unencumbered Budget Balance: K.S.A. 10-1117 requires the clerk to maintain a record of indebtedness or liabilities against each fund. This record can be used to prevent liabilities from exceeding the cash balances in each fund or expenditures from exceeding budget. A record of encumbrances or liabilities against each fund was not maintained. In addition, the record required by K.S.A. 79-2934 showing the unencumbered budget balance of each fund was not maintained.
- Treasurer's Fund Record: K.S.A. 10-1118 requires that the treasurer of every municipality keep records to show the amount of money in each fund. The Clerk at the City of South Haven maintains such records since there is no City Treasurer.
- Interest on Utility deposits: K.S.A. 12-822 requires interest to be paid or credited to utility deposits at the rate set by the Kansas Corporation Commission, determined annually. The City has not been paying or crediting such interest.

3. Deposits and Investments

K.S.A. 9-1401 establishes the depositories which may be used by the City. The statute requires banks eligible to hold the City's funds have a main or branch bank in the county in which the City is located, or in an adjoining county if such institution has been designated as an official depository, and the banks provide an acceptable rate of return on funds. In addition, K.S.A 9-1402 requires the banks to pledge securities for deposits in excess of FDIC coverage. The City has no investment policy that would further limit interest rate risk.

The City does allow utility customers to pay their bills thru a Paypal account. This entity is not a qualified financial institution and does not maintain the security required by the statutes.

3. Deposits and Investments (continued)

K.S.A. 12-1675 limits the City's investments of idle funds to time deposits, open accounts, and certificates of deposit with allowable financial institutions; US government securities; temporary notes; no-fund warrants; repurchase agreements; and the Kansas Municipal Investment Pool. The City has no investment policy that would further limit its investment choices.

Custodial credit risk – deposits. Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the City's deposits may not be returned to it. State statutes require the City's deposits in financial institutions to be entirely covered by federal depository insurance or by collateral held under a joint custody receipt issued by a bank within the State of Kansas, the Federal Reserve Bank of Kansas City, or the Federal Home Loan Bank of Topeka, except during designated "peak periods" when required coverage is 50%. The City did not designate any peak periods in 2024. All deposits were legally secured at December 31, 2024.

At December 31, 2024, the City's carrying amount of deposits was $180,058 and the bank balance was $182,913. The bank balance was held by one bank resulting in a concentration of credit risk. The entire bank balance was under the $250,000 coverage provided by the FDIC. The City owned no investments at December 31, 2024.

4. Long-term debt

Changes in long-term liabilities for the year ended December 31, 2024 were as follows:

Issue	Issue Date	Interest Rate	Maturity	Original Amount	Balance 1/1/2024	Additions	Reductions/ Payments	Balance 12/31/2024	Interest Paid
General Obligation Bonds									
Series 2020 Water	8/19/2020	1-2%	9/1/2048	675,000	615,000	-	20,000	595,000	11,100
					615,000	-	20,000	595,000	11,100
Financing Leases									
Brush Truck - Kan Okla	8/12/2022	0.0%	3/12/2028	36,000	30,000	-	6,000	24,000	-
BOC Sewer Pumps	2/23/2023	4.6%	3/1/2028	67,362	56,857	-	12,778	44,079	2,325
					86,857	-	18,778	68,079	2,325
Total					701,857	-	38,778	663,079	13,425

4. Long-term debt (continued)

Current maturities of long-term debt and interest for the next five years and in five-year increments through maturity are as follows:

	2025	2026	2027	2028	2029	2030-2034	2035-2039	2040-2044	2045-2048	Total
Principal										
General Obligation Bonds:										
Series 2020 GO Bond	20,000	20,000	20,000	20,000	20,000	115,000	125,000	135,000	120,000	595,000
Financing Leases:	19,306	19,925	20,572	8,277	-	-	-	-	-	68,079
	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	39,306	39,925	40,572	28,277	20,000	115,000	125,000	135,000	120,000	663,079
Interest										
General Obligation Bonds:										
Series 2020 GO Bond	10,900	10,700	10,500	10,300	10,100	45,200	33,000	20,400	6,000	157,100
Financing Leases:	1,797	1,179	531	29	-	-	-	-	-	3,536
	12,697	11,879	11,031	10,329	10,100	45,200	33,000	20,400	6,000	160,636
Total Principal & Interest	52,003	51,804	51,603	38,606	30,100	160,200	158,000	155,400	126,000	823,715

5. Capital project funds

The City had no capital project funds during 2024.

6. Claims and Judgements

The City participates in various federal or state grant programs from year to year on an intermittent basis. The programs are often subject to additional audits by agents of the granting agency, the purpose of which is to ensure compliance with the specific conditions of the grant. Any liability for reimbursement which may arise as a result of these audits cannot be reasonably determined at this time, although it is believed the amount, if any, would not be material.

The City is exposed to various risks of loss related to property loss; torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; employee injuries and natural disasters. The City has purchased commercial insurance for these potential risks. There have been no significant reductions in insurance coverage from 2023 to 2024 and there were no settlements that exceeded insurance coverage in the past three years.

During the ordinary course of its operations, the City may be a party to various claims, legal actions and complaints. It is the opinion of the City's management that there are no such matters anticipated to have a material financial impact on the City.

7. Interfund transfers and other interfund activity

There were no interfund transfers during 2024.

8. Other Long-Term Obligations from Operations

A. Post-Employment Pension and Other Benefits

The City does not offer a pension plan or group health insurance plan for its employees, nor does it have any other post-employment benefits.

B. Compensated absences

Vacation leave is earned beginning with the completion of the training period for full-time employees. The one full time employee receives two weeks of vacation per year. Vacation may be accumulated year to year. No employee may choose to receive pay instead of vacation. Any employee who resigns or is discharged for unsatisfactory performance or is laid off will receive pay for the unused vacation earned. Any retiring employee is to be paid all earned and unused vacation.

9. Subsequent Events

No subsequent events have been observed that require disclosure. Management has evaluated the effects on the financial statement of subsequent events occurring through November 26, 2025, which is the date at which the financial statement was available to be issued.

REGULATORY – REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION

City of South Haven, Kansas

Summary of Expenditures-Actual and Budget

Regulatory Basis

(Budgeted Funds Only)

For the Year Ended December 31, 2024

Fund	Certified Budget	Adjustment for Qualifying Budget Credits	Total Budget for Comparison	Expenditures Chargeable to Current Year	Variance-Over (Under)
General	$ 213,807	-	$ 213,807	$ 201,128	$ (12,679)
Special Purpose Funds:					
Special Highway	10,078	-	10,078	8,874	(1,204)
Business Funds:					
Sewer	20,926	-	20,926	16,917	(4,009)
Water	134,599	-	134,599	79,178	(55,421)
Total primary Government	$ 379,410	$ -	$ 379,410	$ 306,097	$ (73,313)

City of South Haven, Kansas

General Fund

Schedule of Receipts and Expenditures - Actual and Budget

Regulatory Basis

For the Year Ended December 31, 2024

(With Comparative Actual Totals for the Prior Year Ended December 31, 2023)

		2024		
	2023 Actual	Actual	Budget	Variance-Over (Under)
Receipts:				
Taxes and Intergovernmental:				
Ad valorem tax	$ 67,313	$ 70,124	$ 76,928	$ (6,804)
Less: NRP Rebate	(874)	(813)	-	(813)
Delinquent tax	4,927	8,644	-	8,644
Motor vehicle tax	16,177	16,300	15,192	1,108
Recreational vehicle tax	458	227	310	(83)
16/20M vehicle tax	266	225	228	(3)
Commercial vehicle tax	3,845	3,766	1,187	2,579
Watercraft tax	-	-	64	(64)
Franchise taxes	7,334	6,949	7,000	(51)
	-	-	-	-
Total taxes	$ 99,446	$ 105,422	$ 100,909	$ 4,513
Other:				
Rural fire fees/other fire fees	$ 13,745	$ 18,881	$ 7,250	$ 11,631
Insurance adjustment	3,115	1,549	2,500	(951)
Trash collections	41,084	41,168	38,500	2,668
Fines and fees	25	25	-	25
Interest income	388	346	150	196
CMB stamps	150	150	150	-
Dog tags	180	198	200	(2)
Grants	10,500	10,500	10,500	-
Miscellaneous	4,397	5	-	5
Reimbursements	4,010	2,562	500	2,062
Total other revenue	$ 77,594	$ 75,384	$ 59,750	$ 15,634
Total Receipts	$ 177,040	$ 180,806	$ 160,659	$ 20,147

City of South Haven, Kansas

General Fund

Schedule of Receipts and Expenditures - Actual and Budget

Regulatory Basis

For the Year Ended December 31, 2024

(With Comparative Actual Totals for the Prior Year Ended December 31, 2023)

		2024		
	2023 Actual	Actual	Budget	Variance-Over (Under)
Expenditures				
General government-operations	$ 55,104	$ 60,437	$ 66,307	$ (5,870)
General government-personal services	42,158	41,552	50,000	(8,448)
Insurance	18,183	21,517	20,000	1,517
Street lights	8,878	8,575	15,000	(6,425)
Fire-operations	25,658	20,257	20,000	257
Fire-personal services	2,162	1,662	-	1,662
Police-operations	-	-	-	-
Brush Truck lease purchase	-	6,000	-	6,000
Trash contract/operations	32,224	32,628	36,500	(3,872)
Audit expense	8,250	8,500	6,000	2,500
Total expenditures	$ 192,617	$ 201,128	$ 213,807	$ (12,679)
Receipts over (under) expenditures	$ (15,577)	$ (20,322)		
Unencumbered cash, beginning	69,115	53,538		
Unencumbered cash, ending	$ 53,538	$ 33,216		

City of South Haven, Kansas
Special Purpose Fund
Special Highway
Schedule of Receipts and Expenditures - Actual and Budget
Regulatory Basis
For the Year Ended December 31, 2024
(With Comparative Actual Totals for the Prior Year Ended December 31, 2023)

		2024		
	2023 Actual	Actual	Budget	Variance-Over (Under)
Receipts				
Intergovernmental:				
State of Kansas Gas Tax	$ 8,817	$ 8,874	$ 9,360	$ (486)
Total receipts	$ 8,817	$ 8,874	$ 9,360	$ (486)
Expenditures				
Personal services	$ 1,587	$ -	$ -	$ -
Street repair and maintenance	8,138	8,874	10,078	(1,204)
Total expenditures	$ 9,725	$ 8,874	$ 10,078	$ (1,204)
Receipts over (under) expenditures	$ (908)	$ -		
Unencumbered cash, beginning	908	-		
Unencumbered cash, ending	$ -	$ -		

City of South Haven, Kansas
Special Purpose Fund
Firefighter's Donation
Schedule of Receipts and Expenditures
Regulatory Basis
For the Year Ended December 31, 2024
(With Comparative Actual Totals for the Prior Year Ended December 31, 2023)

	2023 Actual	2024 Actual
Receipts		
Donations	$ 25,787	$ 20,509
Total receipts	$ 25,787	$ 20,509
Expenditures		
Operations	$ 16,928	$ 12,274
Total expenditures	$ 16,928	$ 12,274
Receipts over (under) expenditures	$ 8,859	$ 8,235
Unencumbered cash, beginning	2,963	11,822
Unencumbered cash, ending	$ 11,822	$ 20,057

City of South Haven, Kansas

Business Funds

Sewer Utility

Schedule of Receipts and Expenditures - Actual and Budget

Regulatory Basis

For the Year Ended December 31, 2024

(With Comparative Actual Totals for the Prior Year Ended December 31, 2023)

		2024		
	2023 Actual	Actual	Budget	Variance-Over (Under)
Receipts				
Sales of service	$ 15,457	$ 15,452	$ 15,500	$ (48)
Total receipts	$ 15,457	$ 15,452	$ 15,500	$ (48)
Expenditures				
Personal services	$ 2,888	$ 462	$ 5,206	$ (4,744)
Operations	4,890	1,352	-	1,352
Lease purchase - principal	11,790	12,778	13,228	(450)
Lease purchase - interest	-	2,325	2,492	(167)
Total expenditures	$ 19,568	$ 16,917	$ 20,926	$ (4,009)
Receipts over (under) expenditures	$ (4,111)	$ (1,465)		
Unencumbered cash, beginning	6,216	2,105		
Unencumbered cash, ending	$ 2,105	$ 640		

City of South Haven, Kansas

Business Funds

Water Utility

Schedule of Receipts and Expenditures - Actual and Budget

Regulatory Basis

For the Year Ended December 31, 2024

(With Comparative Actual Totals for the Prior Year Ended December 31, 2023)

		2024		
	2023 Actual	Actual	Budget	Variance-Over (Under)
Receipts				
Sales of service	$ 96,883	$ 98,678	$ 85,000	$ 13,678
Total receipts	$ 96,883	$ 98,678	$ 85,000	$ 13,678
Expenditures				
Personal services	$ 6,479	$ 9,988	$ 12,000	$ (2,012)
Operations	24,719	38,190	91,499	(53,309)
Bond principal	20,000	20,000	20,000	-
Bond interest	11,300	11,000	11,100	(100)
Total expenditures	$ 62,498	$ 79,178	$ 134,599	$ (55,421)
Adjustment for qualifying budget credit	$ -	$ -	$ -	$ -
Total expenditures, adjusted	$ 62,498	$ 79,178	$ 134,599	$ (55,421)
Receipts over (under) expenditures	$ 34,385	$ 19,500		
Unencumbered cash, beginning	44,299	78,684		
Unencumbered cash, ending	$ 78,684	$ 98,184		