BRUNO TOWNSHIP

BUTLER COUNTY, KANSAS

Financial Statement

For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

Bruno Township

For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

CONTENTS

		Page
Independent Auditor's Report		1-3
Financial Section		
Summary Statement of Receipts, Expenditures and Unencumbered Cash – Regulatory Basis	Statement 1	4
Notes to Financial Statement		5-8
Regulatory – Required Supplementary Information		
Summary of Expenditures – Actual and Budget – Regulatory Basis	Schedule 1	9
Schedule of Receipts and Expenditures – Actual and Budget – Regulatory Basis	Schedule 2	
General Fund		10-11

Knudsen Monroe & Company LLC

512 N. Main St, Newton, Kansas 67114-2229 316 283-5366 • 316 283-8379 Fax

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Board of Trustees
Bruno Township
Butler County, Kansas

Adverse and Unmodified Opinions

We have audited the accompanying fund summary statement of regulatory basis receipts, expenditures, and unencumbered cash balances of Bruno Township, Butler County, Kansas (Township), as of and for the year ended December 31, 2021, and the related disclosures to the financial statement.

Adverse Opinion on U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles

In our opinion, because of the significance of the matter discussed in the Basis for Adverse and Unmodified Opinions section of our report, the accompanying financial statement referred to above does not present fairly, in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, the financial position of the Township as of December 31, 2021, or changes in financial position and cash flows thereof for the year then ended.

Unmodified Opinion on Regulatory Basis of Accounting

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statement referred to above presents fairly, in all material respects, the aggregate cash and unencumbered cash balance of the Township as of December 31, 2021, and the aggregate receipts and expenditures for the year then ended in accordance with the financial reporting provisions of the *Kansas Municipal Audit and Accounting Guide* described in Note 1.

Basis for Adverse Opinion and Unmodified Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and the *Kansas Municipal Audit and Accounting Guide*. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statement section of our report. We are required to be independent of the Township, and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our adverse and unmodified audit opinions.

Matter Giving Rise to Adverse Opinion on U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles

As discussed in Note 1 of the financial statement, the financial statement is prepared by the Township on the basis of the financial reporting provisions of the *Kansas Municipal Audit and Accounting Guide*, which is a basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. The effects on the financial statement of the variances between the regulatory basis of accounting described in Note 1 and accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, although not reasonably determinable, are presumed to be material.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statement

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of this financial statement in accordance with the *Kansas Municipal Audit and Accounting Guide* as described in Note 1; this includes determining that the regulatory basis of accounting is an acceptable basis for the preparation of the financial statement in the

circumstances. Management is also responsible for the design, implementation and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statement that is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statement, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Township's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statement

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statement as a whole is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgement made by a reasonable user based on the financial statement.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS, we:

- exercise professional judgement and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statement, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statement.
- obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Township's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statement.
- conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Township's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the 2021 fund summary statement of regulatory basis receipts, expenditures, and unencumbered cash balances (basic financial statement) as a whole. The summary of regulatory basis expenditures-actual and budget and individual fund schedules of regulatory basis receipts and expenditures-actual and budget (Schedules 1 and 2 as listed in the table of contents) are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the 2021 basic financial statement, but are required to be presented under the provisions of the *Kansas Municipal Audit and Accounting Guide*. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the 2021 basic financial statement. The 2021 information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the 2021 basic financial statement and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the 2021 basic financial statement or to the 2021 basic financial statement itself, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards

generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the accompanying supplementary information is fairly stated in all material respects, in relation to the 2021 basic financial statement as a whole, on the basis of accounting described in Note 1.

Knudsen, Monroe & Company, LLC

Certified Public Accountants
Newton, Kansas
May 26, 2022

Bruno Township

SUMMARY STATEMENT OF RECEIPTS, EXPENDITURES AND UNENCUMBERED CASH

Regulatory Basis

For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

Funds	Beginning Unencumbered Cash Balance	Receipts	Expenditures	Ending Unencumbered Cash Balance	Add Encumbrances and Accounts Payable	Ending Cash Balance
General Fund	$ (17,393)	534,887	475,253	42,241	12,648	54,889

Composition of Cash

Intrust Bank	
Checking	$ 54,527
Savings	362
Total Reporting Entity	$ 54,889

The notes to the financial statement are an integral part of this statement.

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Municipal Financial Reporting Entity

Bruno Township (Township) is a municipal corporation governed by an elected three-member board. This regulatory financial statement presents the Bruno Township, a municipality.

Regulatory Basis Fund Types

General Fund – used to account for all resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

Regulatory Basis of Accounting and Departure from Accounting Principles Generally Accepted in the United States of America

The *Kansas Municipal Audit and Accounting Guide* (KMAAG) regulatory basis of accounting involves the recognition of cash, cash equivalents, marketable investments, and certain accounts payable and encumbrance obligations to arrive at a net unencumbered cash and investments balance on a regulatory basis for each fund, and the reporting of changes in unencumbered cash and investments of a fund resulting from the difference in regulatory basis receipts and regulatory basis expenditures for the fiscal year. All recognized assets and liabilities are measured and reported at cost, unless they have been permanently impaired and have no future cash value or represent no future obligation against cash. The KMAAG regulatory basis does not recognize capital assets, long-term debt, accrued receivables and payables, or any other assets, liabilities or deferred inflows or outflows, other than those mentioned above.

The Township has approved a resolution that is in compliance with K.S.A. 75-1120a(c) waiving the requirement for application of generally accepted accounting principles and allowing the Township to use the regulatory basis of accounting.

Budgetary Information

Kansas statutes require that an annual operating budget be legally adopted for the General Fund. Although directory rather than mandatory, the statutes provide for the following sequence and timetable in the adoption of the legal annual operating budget:

1. Preparation of the budget for the succeeding calendar year on or before August 1st.
2. Publication in local newspaper on or before August 5th of the proposed budget and notice of public hearing on the budget.
3. Public hearing on or before August 15th, but at least ten days after publication of notice of hearing.
4. Adoption of the final budget on or before August 25th.

The statutes allow for the governing body to increase the originally adopted budget for previously unbudgeted increases in regulatory receipts other than ad valorem property taxes. To do this, a notice of public hearing to amend the budget must be published in the local newspaper. At least ten days after publication, the hearing may be held and the governing body may amend the budget at that time. There were no such budget amendments for this year.

The statutes permit transferring budgeted amounts between line items within an individual fund. However, such statutes prohibit expenditures in excess of the total amount of the adopted budget of expenditures of individual funds. Budget comparison schedules are presented showing actual receipts and expenditures compared to legally budgeted receipts and expenditures.

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

All legal annual operating budgets are prepared using the regulatory basis of accounting, in which regulatory receipts are recognized when cash is received and expenditures include disbursements, accounts payable, and encumbrances, with disbursements being adjusted for the prior year's accounts payable and encumbrances. Encumbrances are commitments by the Township for future payments and are supported by a document evidencing the commitment, such as a purchase order or contract. Any unused budgeted expenditure authority lapses at year end.

Spending in funds which are not subject to the legal annual operating budget requirement is controlled by federal regulations, other statutes, or by the use of internal spending limits established by the governing body.

Reimbursements

The Township records reimbursable expenditures in the fund that makes the disbursement and records reimbursements as a receipt to the fund that receives the reimbursement. For purposes of budgetary comparisons, the expenditures are properly offset by the reimbursements under the KMAAG regulatory basis of accounting.

2. STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY

Compliance with Kansas Statutes

Management is not aware of any statutory violation incurred in the year ended December 31, 2021.

3. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

K.S.A. 9-1401 establishes the depositories which may be used by the Township. The statute requires banks eligible to hold the Township's funds have a main or branch bank in the county in which the Township is located, or in an adjoining county if such institution has been designated as an official depository, and the banks provide an acceptable rate of return on funds. In addition, K.S.A. 9-1402 requires the banks to pledge securities for deposits in excess of FDIC coverage. The Township has no other policies that would further limit interest rate risk.

K.S.A. 12-1675 limits the Township's investment of idle funds to time deposits, open accounts, and certificates of deposit with allowable financial institutions; U.S. government securities; temporary notes; no-fund warrants; repurchase agreements; and the Kansas Municipal Investment Pool. The Township has no investment policy that would further limit its investment choices.

Concentration of Credit Risk

State statutes place no limit on the amount the Township may invest in any one issuer as long as the investments are adequately secured under K.S.A. 9-1402 and 9-1405.

Custodial Credit Risk - Deposits

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the Township's deposits may not be returned to it. State statutes require the Township's deposits in financial institutions to be entirely covered by federal depository insurance or by collateral held under a joint custody receipt issued by a bank within the

3. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

State of Kansas, the Federal Reserve Bank of Kansas City, or the Federal Home Loan Bank of Topeka. All deposits were legally secured at December 31, 2021.

At December 31, 2021, the Township's carrying amount of deposits was $54,889 and the bank balance was $62,586. The bank balance was held by one bank resulting in a concentration of credit risk. All of the bank balance was covered by federal depository insurance at December 31, 2021.

4. OTHER LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS FROM OPERATIONS

Compensated Absences

Full-time employees earn one week of vacation after the completion of one year of service and two weeks of vacation after two years of service. Vacation time does not carry over from year to year.

Full-time employees earn paid time off (PTO) each pay period for hours worked in excess of a standard, forty-two hour work week. Unused PTO as of year-end is paid to the employee the first of February, each year. Unused PTO has been accrued as a liability in the accompanying financial statement.

5. RETIREMENT PLAN

Plan Description

The Township sponsors a Roth retirement plan for full time employees. The Township contributes 5% of an eligible employee's wages. Each employee may contribute up to $19,500 in 2021. The Township contributed $3,254 for two employees during the year ended December 31, 2021.

6. RISK MANAGEMENT

The Township is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The Township has purchased commercial insurance for these potential risks. Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years. During 2021, the Township began participating in the Kansas Municipal Insurance Trust (KMIT) for its workers' compensation coverage.

The Township pays an annual premium to KMIT for workers' compensation coverage. The agreement to participate in this public entity risk pool provides that they will be self-sustaining through member premiums, and that KMIT will reinsure through commercial companies for claims in excess of specified amounts for each insured event. Additional premiums may be due if total claims for the pool are different than what has been anticipated. The pool is authorized by K.S.A. 12-216, et. Seq.

During the ordinary course of its operations, the Township is a party to various claims, legal action and complaints. It is the opinion of the Township's management and legal counsel that these matters are not anticipated to have a material financial impact on the Township.

7. CORONAVIRUS PANDEMIC

In January 2020, the World Health Organization (WHO) announced a global health emergency because of a new strain of coronavirus in Wuhan, China (the COVID-19 outbreak) and the risks to the international community as the virus spreads globally beyond its point of origin. In March 2020, the WHO classified the COVID-19 outbreak as a pandemic, based on the rapid increase in exposure globally. The full impact of the COVID-19 outbreak continues to evolve as of the date of this report. As such, it is uncertain as to the full magnitude that the pandemic will have on the Township's financial condition, liquidity and future results of operations. Management continues to monitor the global and local situation on its financial condition, liquidity, operations, suppliers, industry and workforce. Given the evolution of the COVID-19 outbreak and the global responses to curb its spread, the Township is not able to estimate the effects of the COVID-19 outbreak on its results of operations, financial condition or liquidity on future years.

8. DATE OF MANAGEMENT'S REVIEW

Management has performed an analysis of the activities and transactions subsequent to December 31, 2021, to determine the need for any adjustments to and/or disclosures within the audited financial statement. Management has performed their analysis through May 26, 2022, which is the date at which the financial statement was available to be issued.

BRUNO TOWNSHIP

BUTLER COUNTY, KANSAS

REGULATORY – REQUIRED

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

SCHEDULE 1

Bruno Township

SUMMARY OF EXPENDITURES – ACTUAL AND BUDGET

Regulatory Basis

For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

Funds	Certified Budget	Adjustment for Qualifying Budget Credits	Total Budget for Comparison	Expenditures Chargeable to Current Year	Variance Over (Under)
GENERAL FUND	$ 484,335	-	484,335	475,253	(9,082)

SCHEDULE 2

Bruno Township

General Fund

SCHEDULE OF RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURES – ACTUAL AND BUDGET

Regulatory Basis

For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

	Current Year		
	Actual	Budget	Variance Over (Under)
RECEIPTS			
General			
Ad valorem property tax	$ 406,699	418,086	(11,387)
Delinquent tax	21,696	-	21,696
Motor vehicle tax	54,292	54,735	(443)
Recreational vehicle tax	1,290	1,246	44
16/20M vehicle tax	690	739	(49)
Commercial vehicle tax	2,853	2,983	(130)
Oil and gas tax	47	-	47
Interest	207	-	207
	487,774	477,789	9,985
Road			
Special highway tax	7,643	6,546	1,097
Other income	6,297	-	6,297
	13,940	6,546	7,394
Cemetery			
Charges for services	273	-	273
Open and close fees	6,500	-	6,500
Plot sales	26,400	-	26,400
	33,173	-	33,173
Total receipts	534,887	484,335	50,552
EXPENDITURES, page 11	475,253		
Receipts over (under) expenditures	59,634		
UNENCUMBERED CASH, beginning	(17,393)		
UNENCUMBERED CASH, ending	$ 42,241		

Bruno Township

General Fund

SCHEDULE OF RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURES – ACTUAL AND BUDGET

Regulatory Basis

For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

	Current Year		
	Actual	Budget	Variance Over (Under)
EXPENDITURES			
General			
General administration	$ 1,029	1,000	29
Insurance	24,669	21,000	3,669
Officers salaries	15,502	14,400	1,102
Professional fees	7,725	6,350	1,375
Utilities	6,138	6,000	138
	55,063	48,750	6,313
Road			
Wages	115,349	118,800	(3,451)
Employee benefits	11,440	8,525	2,915
Equipment and repairs	17,807	75,962	(58,155)
Fuel	10,408	14,000	(3,592)
Hauling	43,955	-	43,955
Materials	171,409	188,651	(17,242)
Shop expenses	12,708	2,500	10,208
	383,076	408,438	(25,362)
Cemtery			
Wages	12,816	13,200	(384)
Employee benefits	1,272	947	325
Operating	6,095	-	6,095
Maintenance	16,931	13,000	3,931
	37,114	27,147	9,967
Total expenditures	$ 475,253	484,335	(9,082)