STATE OF KANSAS Department of Administration Division of Accounts and Reports



COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

July 1, 2006 to June 30, 2007

Duane A. Goossen, Secretary Kent E. Olson, Director



STATE OF KANSAS

Department of Administration

Duane A. Goossen

Kent E. Olson

Secretary of Administration Director of Accounts and Reports

State of Kansas Fiscal Year 2007 Financial Report June 30, 2007

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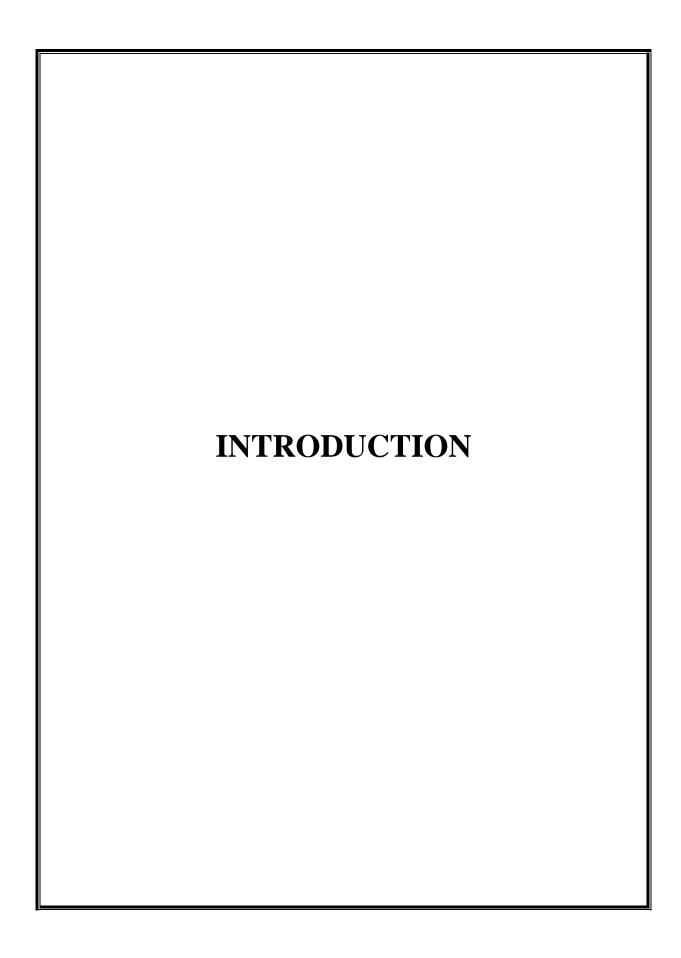
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December 31, 2007

The Honorable Kathleen Sebelius, Governor of the State of Kansas Members of the Legislature and Citizens of the State of Kansas:

It is my pleasure to submit to you the 54th Annual Financial Report of the State of Kansas for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2007, as provided by Kansas Statutes Annotated (K.S.A.) 75-3735. This Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) has been prepared in conformance with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). The objective of this is to provide a clear picture of the government as a single, unified entity as well as providing traditional fund based financial statements.

This report is presented in three sections. The Introductory Section includes this transmittal letter, the organizational chart and a listing of selected officials. The Financial Section includes the independent auditors' report, Management's Discussion and Analysis, the basic financial statements and notes, the Required Supplementary Information and Other Supplementary Information. The Statistical Section includes unaudited tables and financial trend information.

This report is prepared by the Department of Administration, Division of Accounts and Reports. Responsibility for both the accuracy of the data and the completeness and fairness of the presentation, including all disclosures, rests with the State government and this office. The enclosed information is accurate in all material respects and is reported to present fairly the financial position and activities of the State of Kansas. All necessary disclosures to enable the reader to understand the State's financial activities have been included.

The State's financial statements have been audited by Allen, Gibbs & Houlik, L.C. and Berberich Trahan & Co., P. A., two firms of licensed Certified Public Accountants. The goal of the independent audit was to provide reasonable assurance that the financial statements of the State of Kansas for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2007, are free of material misstatement. This independent audit was part of the federally mandated "Single Audit" designed to meet the special needs of federal grantor agencies. The standards here also require the auditor to report on the State of Kansas' internal controls and compliance with legal requirements. A copy of the separately issued Single Audit Report can be obtained from the Legislative Division of Post Audit.

PROFILE OF THE GOVERNMENT

The State government is comprised of three branches: the Executive Branch, with the Governor as chief executive; the Legislative Branch, consisting of a Senate of 40 members and a House of Representatives of 125 members; and the Judicial Branch, which includes the Supreme Court, the Appeals Court and the District Trial Courts. The State provides a full range of services including education, safety, social services, recreation and transportation. The annual budget serves as the

foundation of the State's financial planning and control. On or before October 1, agencies are required to submit annually or biennially budget estimates for the next fiscal year to the Division of Budget. These estimates are used in preparing the Governor's budget report. On or before the eighth calendar day of each regular legislative session, the Governor is required to submit the budget report to the Legislature. However, in the case of the regular legislative session immediately following the election of a governor, who was elected to the Office of Governor for the first time, that governor must submit the budget report to the Legislature on or before the 21st calendar day of that regular session.

FINANCIAL INFORMATION

Kansas has a centrally maintained computerized double-entry accounting system. Management is responsible for establishing and maintaining an internal control structure to ensure that government assets are protected from loss, theft or misuse, and that adequate data are compiled to prepare meaningful financial statements. Internal accounting controls have been implemented for reasonable, but not absolute, assurance for safeguarding assets and accurately recording financial transactions. "Reasonable assurance" is based upon the premise that: (1) the cost of a control should not exceed the benefits likely to be derived, and (2) the valuation of cost and benefits requires estimates and judgments by management. As a recipient of federal financial assistance, the State is also responsible for implementing internal controls for compliance with applicable laws and regulations related to those programs. This internal control structure is subject to periodic evaluation by management and the internal audit staff of the government.

The State also maintains budgetary restrictions and controls, which are imposed through annual appropriations and limitations, approved by the Legislature. Annual appropriated budgets are adopted for the State General Fund and certain Special Revenue, Capital Project, Enterprise, Internal Service and Trust and Agency funds. The level of budgetary control in the central accounting system is usually established by agency, fund and budget unit. Budgetary control is maintained by mechanisms in the accounting system, which prevents expenditures and firm encumbrances in excess of appropriations or limitations and/or available cash. Encumbrances are reported as expenditures for budgetary purposes and reserved and designated fund balances in the financial statements included in this report.

CASH MANAGEMENT

On a daily basis, the State monitors receipts to, and expenditures out of, the State Treasury. It also employs cash flow tools and techniques that maximize revenues without incurring undue risk. The State invests idle funds to match anticipated cash flow needs by using government securities, collateralized bank deposits, and high grade commercial paper to provide safety, liquidity, and yield, in that order. As a cash flow management policy, the State seeks to avoid borrowing from its own idle funds to meet expenditure obligations of the State General Fund.

The State maintains investments in addition to idle moneys. Authorized agencies may make investments independently of the State Treasury pooled cash. Generally the Pooled Money Investment Board (PMIB) acts as agent for these investments. Certain funds, such as Kansas Public Employees Retirement System and the Unemployment Insurance Fund, are statutorily exempted from PMIB oversight. Deposits in the Municipal Investment Pool, an investment option established by the 1992 legislature for local governments, are also invested by the PMIB.

RISK MANAGEMENT

The State maintains a combination of commercial insurance and self-insurance to cover the risk of losses to which it may be exposed. This is accomplished through risk management and various outside entity commercial insurance providers. It is the policy of the State to cover the risk of certain losses to which it may be exposed through risk management activities. In general, the State is self-insured for certain health care claims (prescription drug and dental plus three of eight medical health plan options), State employee workers' compensation, long-term disability, tort liability, personal property, and real estate property losses up to \$500,000 (except where separate coverage is required by bond covenant). The State has commercial vehicle liability coverage on all vehicles, and a statewide commercial policy on real property valued at \$500,000 or more (except where separate coverage is required by bond covenant). Insurance settlements have not exceeded insurance coverage for the past three fiscal years.

Risk is managed by positively addressing various benefits and liabilities through review, legislation and administration to assure that claims are promptly and correctly adjudicated and that appropriate and fair benefits and liabilities are reflected in the statutes and regulations. Where cost effective and appropriate, such as limiting the impact of a catastrophic occurrence to the State buildings, the State has limited its exposure through high deductible catastrophic loss insurance.

PENSION TRUST FUND OPERATIONS

The Kansas Public Employees Retirement System is an umbrella organization administering three statewide retirement systems under one plan. These systems are Kansas Public Employee Retirement System, Kansas Police and Firemen's Retirement System and Kansas Retirement System for Judges. Further information on State participation in the retirement system can be found in the Notes to the Financial Statements located in the Financial Section.

ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

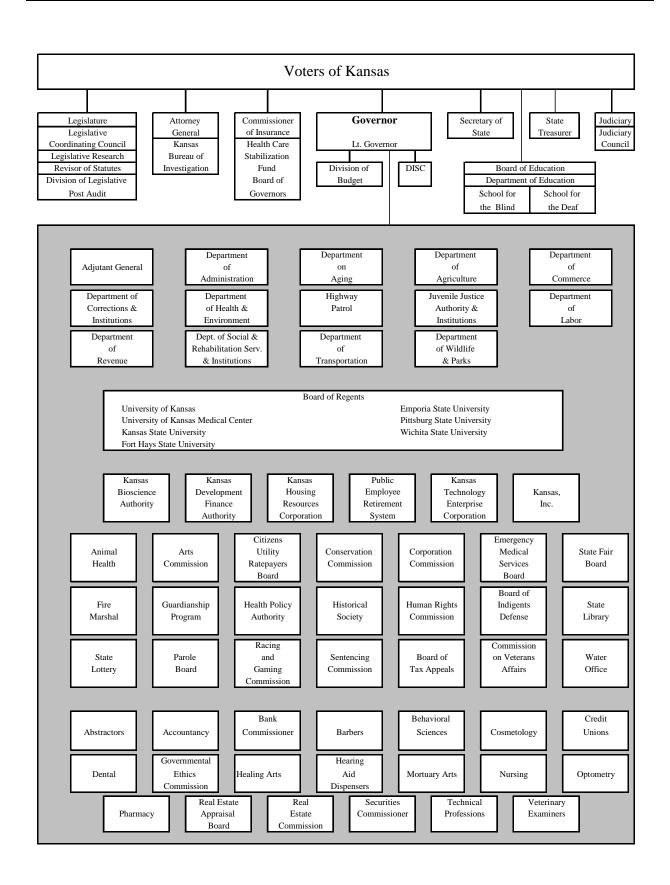
I wish to express my deepest appreciation and thanks to those on my staff responsible for the preparation of this report. It is through their dedicated effort that this report was made possible. I also wish to thank the many other individuals in the State agencies whose contributions made this report possible.

Sincerely,

Kent E. Olson, Director

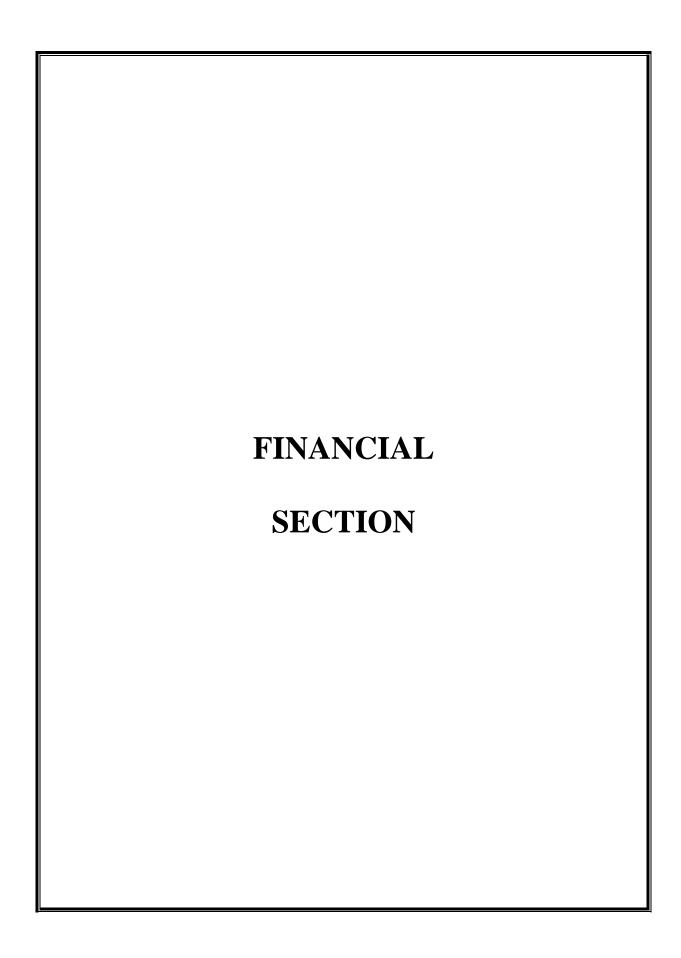
Kent E. Olson

Division of Accounts and Reports



State of Kansas **List of Selected Officials** June 30, 2007

Executive Branch	Judicial Branch	
Governor	Speaker of the House of	Supreme Court of Kansas
Kathleen Sebelius	Representatives	Chief Justice
	Melvin Neufeld	Kay McFarland
Lieutenant Governor		
Mark Parkinson	Speaker Pro Tempore of	Justices
	the House of	Lee A. Johnson
Secretary of State	Representatives	Carol A. Beier
Ron Thornburgh	Donald Dahl	Robert E. Davis Eric S. Rosen
State Treasurer	President of the Senate	Marla J. Luckert
Lynn Jenkins	Stephen R. Morris	Lawton R. Nuss
Attorney General	Vice President of the	
Paul J. Morrison	Senate	Court of Appeals
	John Vratil	Chief Judge
Commissioner of		Gary W. Rulon
Education	Chief Clerk of the House of	
Alexa Posny	Representatives	Judicial Council
	Janet E. Jones	Executive Director
Commissioner of		Randy M. Hearrell
Insurance	Secretary of Senate	
Sandy Praeger	Pat Saville	<i>Judicial Administrator</i> Howard P. Schwartz
	Legislative Coordinating	
	Council	
	Stephen R. Morris	
	Legislative Research	
	Alan Conroy	





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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Legislative Post Audit Committee Kansas State legislature State of Kansas

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the State of Kansas (State), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2007, which collectively comprise the State's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the State's management. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We did not audit the financial statements of the various component units of the six state universities which represent 53 percent and 49 percent, respectively, of the assets and revenues of the aggregate discretely presented component units. Those financial statements were audited by other auditors whose reports thereon have been furnished to us, and our opinion, insofar as it relates to the amounts included for the component units of the six state universities in the aggregate discretely presented component units, is based on the reports of the other auditors.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. The financial statements of the various component units of the six state universities were not audited in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinions.

In our opinion, based on our audit and the reports of other auditors, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the State, as of June 30, 2007, and the respective changes in financial position and cash flows, where applicable, thereof for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 31, 2007 on our consideration of the State's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance.

That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards and should be considered in assessing the results of our audit.

The management's discussion and analysis and budgetary comparison information on pages 5 through 17, and the information needed to support the modified approach for infrastructure reporting on pages 105 through 106 are not a required part of the basic financial statements but are supplementary information required by the accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. We and the other auditors have applied certain limited procedures, which consisted principally of inquiries of management regarding the methods of measurement and presentation of the required supplementary information. However, we did not audit the information and express no opinion on it.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the State's basic financial statements. The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and other schedules, listed in the table of contents as supplementary information, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements

The accompanying introductory and statistical sections, as listed in the table of contents, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. This information has not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on them.

Allen, Gibbs & Houlik, L.C. Berberich Trahan & Co., PA CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

December 31, 2007 Wichita, Kansas

June 30, 2007

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

This narrative overview and analysis of the State of Kansas Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) is provided for readers of the financial statements for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2007. This information is to be used in conjunction with the additional information furnished in the preceding letter of transmittal and with the financial statements that follow. All amounts, unless otherwise indicated, are expressed in thousands of dollars.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

Government-wide highlights:

- The assets of the State exceeded its liabilities at fiscal year ending June 30, 2007 by \$11.1 billion (presented as "net assets"). Of this amount, \$338.7 million was reported as unrestricted net assets, which represents the amount available to be used to meet ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.
- Total net assets increased by \$536.5 million (5.1% increase) in fiscal year 2007. Net assets of governmental activities increased by \$413.4 million (4.3% increase), and net assets of the business-type activities increased \$123.1 million (12.7% increase).

Fund highlights:

• For fiscal year 2007, the governmental funds reported a combined ending fund balance of \$1.4 billion, an increase of \$35.8 million in comparison with the prior year. Of the total amount, \$620.5 million represents the fund balance of the Transportation Fund. There is \$120.3 million in the "unreserved fund balances". The reserved balances of \$1.3 billion include the reserve for advances to other funds of \$102.9 million and the reserve for encumbrances of \$1.1 billion.

Long-term debt:

• The State's total long-term debt obligation showed a net decrease of \$13.7 million (0.3%) during the current year. This decrease was primarily due to a \$37.8 million decrease in revenue bonds, a \$13.9 million decrease in STAR bonds, and a \$38 million increase in other long-term obligations.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the State of Kansas basic financial statements. The basic financial statements include three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains required supplementary information and other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements.

Basic Financial Statements

The basic financial statements include two kinds of financial statements that present different views of the State – the *Government-wide Financial Statements* and the *Fund Financial Statements*. These financial statements also include the *Notes to the Financial Statements* that explain some of the information in the financial statements and provide more detail.

June 30, 2007

Government-wide Financial Statements

The Government-wide Financial Statements provide a broad view of operations in a manner similar to a private-sector business. The statements provide both short-term and long-term information about the financial position to assist in assessing the State's economic condition at the end of the fiscal year. These are prepared using the flow of economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. This method is similar to those used by most businesses and takes into account all revenues and expenses connected with the fiscal year, even if cash involved has not been received or paid. The government-wide financial statements include two statements:

The Statement of Net Assets presents all of the government's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as "net assets". Over time, increases or decreases in the State's net assets may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position is improving or deteriorating.

The Statement of Activities presents information showing how the government's net assets changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net assets are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will not result in cash flows until future fiscal periods (such as uncollected taxes and earned but unused vacation leave). This statement also presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each function of the State.

Both of the above financial statements have separate sections for three different types of State programs or activities. These three types of activities are:

Governmental Activities – The activities in this section are mostly supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (federal grants). Most services normally associated with State government fall into this category, including education, general government, health services, judiciary services, museums, natural resources, public safety, defense, regulatory services, social services, and transportation.

Business-type Activities – These functions normally are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges to external users of goods and services.

Discretely Presented Component Units – These are operations for which the State has financial accountability but they have certain independent qualities as well. For the most part, these entities operate similar to private sector businesses and the business-type activities described above.

Financial statements of the individual component units can be found in the basic financial statements following the fund statements. Addresses and other additional information about component units are presented in the notes to the financial statements. The government-wide financial statements can be found immediately following this discussion and analysis.

Fund Financial Statements

A fund is a grouping of related accounts used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The State, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

The fund financial statements focus on individual parts of the State government, reporting the operations in more detail than the government-wide statements. All of the funds can be divided into three categories. It is important to note that these fund categories use different accounting approaches and should be interpreted differently. The three categories of funds financial statements are:

Governmental Funds Financial Statements - Most of the basic services provided by the State are financed through governmental type funds. Governmental funds are used to account for the functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide

June 30, 2007

financial statements, the governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of expendable resources. They also focus on the balances of expendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. This information may be helpful in evaluating the government's near-term financial requirements. This approach is known as the flow of current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. These statements provide a detailed short-term view of State finances that assists in determining whether there will be adequate financial resources available to meet the current needs of the State.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the Governmental Fund Balance Sheet and the Governmental Fund Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities. These reconciliations are presented on the page immediately following each governmental fund financial statement.

The State has five governmental funds considered major funds for presentation purposes. Each major fund is presented in a separate column in the Governmental Fund Balance Sheet and in the Governmental Fund Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances. The five governmental funds are – the General Fund, the Transportation Fund, the Transportation-Capital Projects Fund, the Health Policy Authority Fund, and the Social and Rehabilitation Services Fund. The basic governmental funds financial statements can be found immediately following the government-wide statements.

Proprietary Funds Financial Statements – These funds are used to show activities that operate more like those of commercial enterprises. Because these funds charge fees for services provided to outside customers including local governments, they are known as enterprise funds. Proprietary funds provide the same type of information as the government-wide financial statements, only in more detail. Like the government-wide financial statements use the accrual basis of accounting. No reconciliation is needed between the government-wide financial statements for business-type activities and the proprietary fund financial statements.

The State's major proprietary funds for presentation purposes are the Unemployment Insurance Fund (within the Department of Labor), the Water Pollution Control and Public Water Supply Revolving Loan Funds (within the Department of Health and Environment) and the Health Care Stabilization Fund.

The basic proprietary funds financial statements can be found immediately following the governmental fund financial statements.

Fiduciary Funds Financial Statements – These funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the State government. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statements because the resources of these funds are not available to support the State's own programs. The accounting used for fiduciary funds is much like that used for proprietary funds. They use the accrual basis of accounting.

The fiduciary funds are the Kansas Public Employees Retirement Fund, the Investment Trust Fund (which accounts for the transactions, assets, liabilities and fund equity of the external investment pool), The College Savings Program (a private purpose trust fund) and the Agency Funds (which account for the assets held for distribution by the State as an agent for other governmental units, other organizations or individuals). Individual fund detail can be found in the combining financial statements described below.

The basic fiduciary funds financial statements can be found immediately following the proprietary funds financial statements.

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Notes to the Financial Statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and the fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found immediately following the financial statements.

Required Supplementary Information

The basic financial statements are followed by a section of required supplementary information, which consists of schedules and related notes. Schedules include budgetary comparisons for the major funds and the Kansas Department of Transportation modified approach explanation. Comparisons can be made between the original budget, final budget, and actual revenues and expenditures. This section also includes in the notes reconciliation between budgetary basis and the accrual basis for major funds as presented in the governmental funds financial statements.

Other Supplementary Information

Combining Financial Statements

The combining financial statements are presented following the required supplementary information. The total columns of these combining financial statements carry to the applicable fund financial statement.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

Net Assets

As noted earlier, net assets may serve over time as a useful indicator of the financial position of a government. The combined net assets of the State (government and business-type activities) totaled \$11.1 billion at the end of 2007, compared to \$10.5 billion at the end of the previous year, an increase of 5.1%

The largest portion of net assets reflects investment in capital assets such as land, buildings, equipment, and infrastructure (roads, bridges, and other immovable assets), less any related debt used to acquire those assets that are still outstanding. The State uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

June 30, 2007

State of Kansas Net Assets – Primary Government

(expressed in thousands)

		Governmen	tal Acti	vities		Business-typ	e Activ	rities		Tot	al													
		2007		2006		2007		2006		2007		2006												
Current assets	\$	3,042,366	\$	2,865,345	\$	2,015,140	\$	1,894,215	\$	5,057,506	\$	4,759,560												
Capital assets		11,314,518		10,967,940		256		391		11,314,774		10,968,331												
Other assets		15,470		16,292		13,402		13,402		18,749		28,872		35,041										
Total assets		14,372,354		13,849,577		2,028,798	1,913,355	-	16,401,152		15,762,932													
Non-current liabilities		2,576,518		2,633,452		862,527		876,828		3,439,045		3,510,280												
Other liabilities		1,831,313		1,665,047		71,789		65,145	1,903,102			1,730,192												
Total liabilities		4,407,831		4,298,499		934,316		941,973	5,342,147			5,240,472												
Invested in capital assets,																								
net of related debt		9,538,694		8,144,626		256		388		9,538,950		8,145,014												
Restricted		93,923		97,386		1,087,458		950,950		1,181,381		1,048,336												
Unrestricted		331,906		1,309,066		6,768		6,768		6,768		6,768		6,768		6,768		6,768		20,044	338,674			1,329,110
Total net assets	\$	9,964,523	\$	9,551,078	\$	1,094,482	\$	971,382	\$	11,059,005	\$	10,522,460												

An additional portion of net assets represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. The remaining balance of unrestricted net assets may be used to meet the ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors. Internally imposed designations of resources are not represented as restricted net assets.

At the end of the current fiscal year, the State is able to report positive balances in all three categories of net assets, both for the government as a whole, as well as for its separate governmental and business-type activities. The same situation held true for the prior fiscal year.

State of Kansas Net Assets – Component Units

(expressed in thousands)

	Component Units						
		2007		2006			
Current assets	\$	2,405,143	\$	2,986,330			
Capital assets		1,546,814		1,452,047			
Other assets		1,139,648		63,466			
Total assets		5,091,605		4,501,843			
Non-current liabilities		897,220		857,248			
Other liabilities		631,162		484,980			
Total liabilities		1,528,382	1,342,228				
Invested in capital assets,							
net of related debt		1,024,004	949,929				
Restricted		1,060,882		1,854,593			
Unrestricted		1,478,337		355,093			
Total net assets	\$	3,563,223	\$ 3,159,615				

Changes in Net Assets – Primary Government

Net assets increased by \$536.5 million or 5.1%. Approximately 58.5% of the total revenue came from taxes, while 26.7% resulted from grants and contributions (including federal aid). Charges for various goods and services provided 11.3% of the total revenues. Expenses cover a range of services. The largest expenses of total expenses were for education (42.6%), human resources (27.9%), and general government (9.7%).

State of Kansas Changes in Net Assets – Primary Government (expressed in thousands)

	Governmen	ntal Activities	Business-ty	pe Activities	T	otal
	2007	2006	2007	2006	2007	2006
Revenues:				· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
Program revenues:						
Charges for services	\$ 735,690	\$ 646,238	\$ 580,302	\$ 633,742	\$ 1,315,992	\$ 1,279,980
Operating grants and contributions	2,777,991	2,791,988	4,101	4,427	2,782,092	2,796,415
Capital grants and contributions	314,463	246,517	12,638	20,799	327,101	267,316
General revenues:						
Taxes						
Property taxes	593,229	548,725	0	0	593,229	548,725
Income and inheritance taxes	3,210,696	2,866,019	0	0	3,210,696	2,866,019
Sales and excise taxes	2,863,794	2,789,933	0	0	2,863,794	2,789,933
Gross receipts taxes	134,872	132,928	0	0	134,872	132,928
Investment earnings	106,727	61,617	45,914	37,446	152,641	99,063
Other revenue	218,482	244,009	31,624	35,972	250,106	279,981
Total revenues	10,955,944	10,327,974	674,579	732,386	11,630,523	11,060,360
Expenses:						
General government	1,074,391	975,416	0	0	1,074,391	975,416
Human resources	3,080,465	2,979,056	0	0	3,080,465	2,979,056
Education	4,696,343	4,378,010	0	0	4,696,343	4,378,010
Public safety	607,343	583,340	0	0	607,343	583,340
Agriculture and natural resources	102,471	98,116	0	0	102,471	98,116
Highways and other transportation	639,384	893,582	0	0	639,384	893,582
Health and environment	199,996	197,884	0	0	199,996	197,884
Economic development	3,125	3,780	0	0	3,125	3,780
Interest expense	149,550	0	0	0	149,550	0
Water pollution and safety	0	0	33,845	33,995	33,845	33,995
Health care stabilization	0	0	24,013	32,500	24,013	32,500
Employment security	0	0	245,910	253,055	245,910	253,055
Workers' compensation	0	0	4,342	4,888	4,342	4,888
Lottery	0	0	170,928	167,623	170,928	167,623
Intergovernmental transfer program	0	0	583	1.084	583	1.084
Transportation revolving fund	0	0	1,977	1,145	1,977	1,145
Total expenses	10,553,068	10,109,184	481,598	494,290	11,034,666	10,603,474
Increase (decrease) in net assets before						
transfers	402,876	218,790	192,981	238,096	595,857	456,886
Transfers	69,881	66,868	(69,881)	(66,868)	0	450,880
	472,757	285,658	123,100	171,228	595,857	456,886
Change in net assets Net assets, beginning of year	9,551,078	9,287,022	971,382	772,123	10,522,460	10,059,145
Revisions to beginning net assets			9/1,382	28,031		
Revisions to beginning net assets	(59,312)	(21,602)	0		(59,312)	6,429
Net assets, beginning of year (restated)	9,491,766	9,265,420	971,382	800,154	10,463,148	10,065,574
Net assets, end of year	\$ 9,964,523	\$ 9,551,078	\$ 1,094,482	\$ 971,382	\$ 11,059,005	\$ 10,522,460

Changes in Net Assets – Component Units

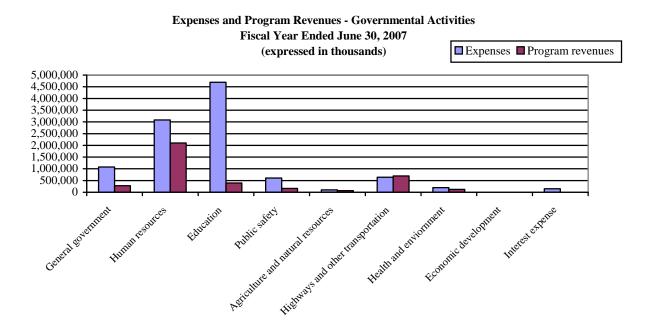
Component unit net assets increased by \$403.6 million or 12.8%. Charges for various goods and services provided 53.0% of the total revenues. Approximately 16.2% of the total revenue came from investment earnings, while 14.3% resulted from grants and contributions (including federal aid). Expenses cover a range of services and are shown below by component unit below.

State of Kansas Changes in Net Assets – Component Unit (expressed in thousands)

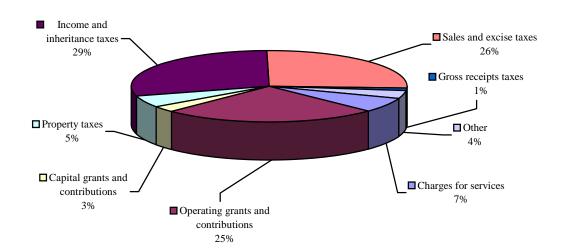
	Component Units						
	2007	2006					
Revenues:		_					
Program revenues:							
Charges for services	\$ 1,071,678	\$ 1,205,503					
Operating grants and contributions	289,062	333,621					
Capital grants and contributions	696	368					
General revenues:							
Taxes							
Sales and excise taxes	0	1					
Gross receipts taxes	934	907					
Investment earnings	327,128	76,801					
Other revenue	331,666	450,027					
Total revenues	2,021,164	2,067,228					
Expenses:							
Kansas Development Finance Authority	1,280	1,325					
Kansas Technology Enterprise Corp.	13,670	13,845					
Kansas Bioscience Authority	3,737	0					
State University System	1,521,080	1,647,723					
Kansas Housing Resources Corp.	64,321	67,890					
Total expenses	1,604,088	1,730,783					
Change in net assets	417,076	336,445					
Net assets, beginning of year	3,159,615	2,875,754					
Revisions to beginning net assets	(13,468)	(52,584)					
Net assets, beginning of year (restated)	3,146,147	2,823,170					
Net assets, end of year	\$ 3,563,223	\$ 3,159,615					

Governmental Activities

Governmental activities increased net assets by \$413.4 million in fiscal year 2007. For the State's governmental activities a comparison of the cost of services by function along with program revenues and a summary of revenues by source are shown below:

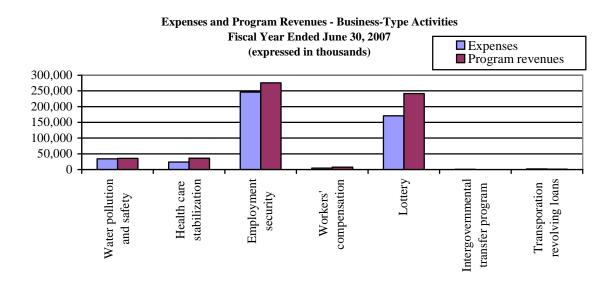


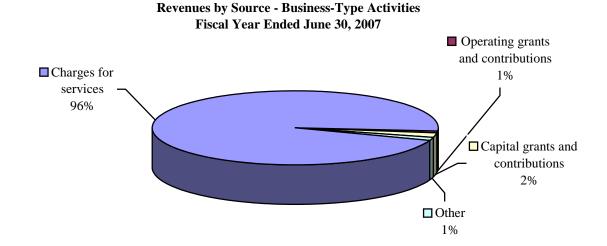
Revenues by Source - Governmental Activities Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2007



Business-Type Activities

The State's business-type activities increased the net assets of the State by \$123.1 million. For the State's business-type activities a comparison of the cost of services by function along with program revenues and a summary of revenues by source are shown below:

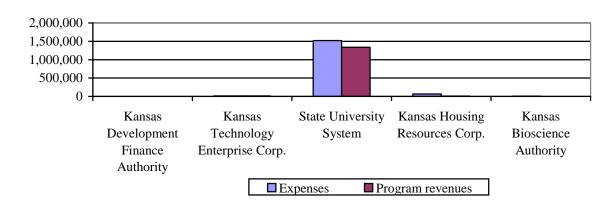




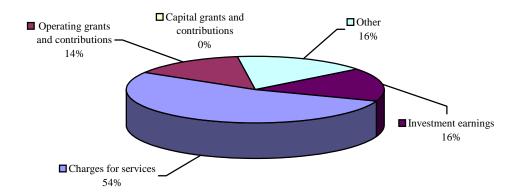
Component Units

The State's component units increased the net assets of the State by \$403.6 million. For the State's component units a comparison of the cost of services by function along with program revenues and a summary of revenues by source are shown below:

Expenses and Program Revenues - Component Units Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2007 (expressed in thousands)



Revenues by Source - Component Units Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2007



June 30, 2007

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE STATE'S INDIVIDUAL FUNDS

As noted earlier, the State uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental Funds

The focus of the State's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of expendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the financing requirements. In particular, unreserved fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

For fiscal year 2007, the governmental funds reported a combined ending fund balance of \$1,4 billion, an increase of \$35.8 million in comparison with the prior year. Part of this fund balance is reserved to indicate that it is not available for new spending because it has already been committed to liquidate contracts and purchase orders of the prior fiscal year in the amount of \$1,1 billion and for advances in the amount of \$144.3 million.

The General Fund is the chief operating fund of the State. At the end of the current fiscal year, unreserved fund balance of the General Fund was \$792 million, while the total fund balance reached \$820.9 million. As a measure of liquidity of the General Fund, it may be useful to compare both unreserved fund balance and total fund balance to total fund expenditures. Unreserved fund balance represents 12.8% of total General Fund expenditures, while total fund balance represents 13.3% of that same amount. The fund balance in the General Fund increased by \$148.9 million during the current fiscal year.

Proprietary Funds

Proprietary funds provide the same type of information found in the government-wide financial statements.

As discussed in the business-type activities above, the State's net assets increased by \$123.1 million as a result of operations in the proprietary funds. This resulted from a \$81.2 million increase in net assets by the Unemployment Insurance Fund, an increase of net assets of \$19.7 million by the State's program for making loans to local government units for water pollution and public water supply projects and \$16.8 million increase in the Health Care Stabilization Fund.

Component Unit Funds

Although legally separate from the State, component units are financially accountable to the State, or their relationships are such that exclusion would cause the State's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. Component units are reported in its own column on the financial statements.

The State's component unit net assets increased by \$403.6 million. Most of this increase resulted from the State University System with an increase of \$349 million and the addition of the Kansas Bioscience Authority with \$47.7 million in net assets. The other three component units accounted for \$6.8 million increase in net assets.

GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

Differences existed between the original budget and the final budget. Revenue estimates were raised by approximately \$140.1 million and expenditure estimates were raised by approximately \$132.4 million. The original estimates provided for an excess of revenues over expenditures of \$73.5 million. The final budget provided for an excess of \$81.2 million of revenues over expenditures. Subsequently, fiscal year 2007 was closed with an excess of revenues over expenditures of \$198.9 million.

June 30, 2007

CAPITAL ASSET AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets

State investment in capital assets for its governmental and business-type activities as of June 30, 2007, amounts to \$11.3 billion. This investment in capital assets includes land, buildings, improvements, equipment, infrastructure and construction in progress. Infrastructure assets are items that are normally immovable and of value only to the State, such as roads and bridges.

The Kansas Department of Transportation used the modified approach for valuing their infrastructure. The roadways' conditions are assessed using a pavement management system. The bridges' conditions are assessed using the Pontis Bridge Management System. The conditions for the roadways and the bridges exceeded the Department's policy for minimum condition levels.

The total increase in the investment in capital assets for its governmental and business-type activities for the current fiscal year was about 3.1% in terms of net book value. The majority of capital asset expenditures were used to construct or reconstruct roads and bridges. Depreciation charges for the year totaled \$73.2 million. Additional information on the capital assets can be found in Note III of the notes to the financial statements of this report.

Debt Administration

The State of Kansas does not have the statutory authority to issue general obligation bonds. The Legislature has authorized the issuance of specific purpose revenue bonds and other forms of long-term obligations.

KDFA is a public body politic and corporate, constituting an independent instrumentality of the State of Kansas. It was created to enhance the ability of the State to finance capital improvements and improve access to long-term financing for State agencies, political subdivisions, public and private organizations, and businesses.

The total long-term bond debt obligations decreased by \$51.7 million during the current fiscal year. The key factor in this decrease was the scheduled and early principal paid on bonds exceeded the bonds issued during the year. Bonds issued during the year include \$13.2 million for State of Kansas Projects, KDFA Series 2006L, \$24.8 million for Transportation Revolving Funds, KDFA Series 2006 TR, \$27.8 million for KSU Housing System, KDFA Series 2007A, \$6.3 million for KU Recreation Center Expansion, KFDA 2007E, and \$34.5 million for the IMPACT program, KDFA Series 2007F.

Additional information on long-term debt obligations can be found in Note III of the notes to the financial statements of this report.

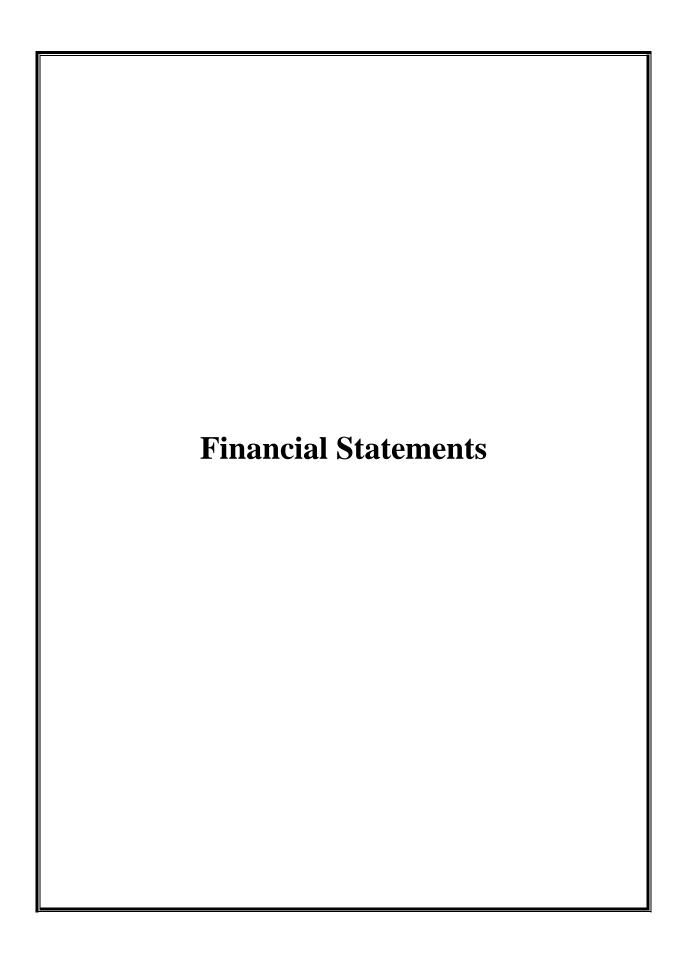
ECONOMIC FACTORS

According to the Kansas Department of Labor *Kansas Labor Market Information News Release* for July 2007, employment for nonfarm jobs in the State of Kansas for June 2007 is improving. Compared to June 2006, employment increased by 32,800 jobs for a total of 1.4 million nonfarm jobs. Kansas has had 12 consecutive months of over-the-year job growth. The unemployment rate was 4.8% for June 2007, compared to 4.7% in June 2006.

REQUESTS FOR INFORMATION

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of State finances for all of Kansas's citizens, taxpayers, customers, and investors and creditors. This financial report seeks to demonstrate State accountability for the money it receives. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional information should be addressed to:

Kent E. Olson, Director of Accounts and Reports 900 S.W. Jackson, Room 351S Landon State Office Building Topeka, KS 66612-1248



State of Kansas

Government Wide - Statement of Net Assets

June 30, 2007

(expressed in thousands)

	P	Primary Government							
	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Totals	Component Units					
ASSETS									
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 1,674,965	\$ 179,923	\$ 1,854,888	\$ 423,791					
Investments	436,597	251,193	687,790	2,125,143					
Receivables (net)	777,147	802,241	1,579,388	276,032					
Due from primary government:	,,,,,		-,,	_,,,,					
Investment in direct financing leases, due within one year	0	0	0	16,115					
Investment in direct financing leases, due in more than one year	0	0	0	217,075					
Internal balances	1,749	(1,749)	0	0					
Inventories	24,906	1,751	26,657	13,273					
Other current assets	0	0	0	70,816					
Restricted cash and cash equivalents	127,002	703,747	830,749	82,094					
Restricted investments	0	78,034	78,034	112,070					
Capital assets (net of accumulated depreciation)	2,151,509	256	2,151,765	1,546,814					
Infrastructure	9,163,009	0	9,163,009	0					
Other non-current assets	15,470	13,402	28,872	208,382					
Total assets	14,372,354	2,028,798	16,401,152	5,091,605					
LIABILITIES									
Accounts payable and other current liabilities	847,773	23,504	871,277	424,781					
Due to component unit:									
Lease revenue bonds payable, due within one year	16,115	0	16,115	0					
Lease revenue bonds payable, due in more than one year	217,075	0	217,075	0					
Deferred revenue	21,219	25	21,244	102,209					
Bonds payable on demand	755,115	0	755,115	0					
Short-term notes payable	3,000	0	3,000	0					
Noncurrent liabilities:									
Due within one year	188,091	48,260	236,351	104,172					
Due in more than one year	2,331,843	693,764	3,025,607	897,220					
Claims and judgements	27,600	168,763	196,363	0					
Total liabilities	4,407,831	934,316	5,342,147	1,528,382					
NET ASSETS									
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	9,538,694	256	0.529.050	1 024 004					
Restricted for:	9,330,094	230	9,538,950	1,024,004					
	0	0	0	39,850					
Capital projects		30,977	124,900	22,920					
Debt service	93,923 0	,	*	,					
Other purposes Unrestricted	331,906	1,056,481 6,768	1,056,481	998,112					
Total net assets	\$ 9,964,523	\$ 1,094,482	\$ 11,059,005	1,478,337 \$ 3,563,223					
1 otal net assets	p 9,904,323	φ 1,094,48Z	\$ 11,039,005	φ 3,303,423					

State of Kansas

Government Wide - Statement of Activities

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2007

(expressed in thousands)

			Program Revenues					
	Functions/Programs	 Expenses		arges for services		perating Grants	Capi	tal Grants
1	Primary government:							
2	Governmental activities:							
3	General government	\$ 1,074,391	\$	208,834	\$	72,193	\$	0
4	Human resources	3,080,465		221,025		1,878,039		0
5	Education	4,696,343		6,096		388,954		0
6	Public safety	607,343		25,636		139,973		0
7	Agriculture and natural resources	102,471		47,695		18,782		0
8	Highways and other transportation	639,384		199,432		184,084		314,463
9	Health and environment	199,996		26,972		95,966		0
10	Economic development	3,125		0		0		0
11	Interest expense	 149,550		0		0		0
12	Total governmental activities	10,553,068		735,690		2,777,991		314,463
13	Business-type activities:	 _				_		
14	Water pollution and safety	33,845		22,755		0		12,638
15	Health care stabilization	24,013		36,010		0		0
16	Employment security	245,910		271,632		4,101		0
17	Workers' compensation	4,342		7,395		0		0
18	Lottery	170,928		241,441		0		0
19	Intergovernmental transfer program	583		157		0		0
20	Transportation revolving loans	1,977		912		0		0
21	Total business-type activities	481,598		580,302		4,101		12,638
22	Total primary government	\$ 11,034,666	\$	1,315,992	\$	2,782,092	\$	327,101
23								
24	Component units:							
25	Kansas Development Finance Authority	\$ 1,280	\$	1,347	\$	0	\$	0
26	Kansas Technology Enterprise Corporation	13,670		1,065		13,866		0
27	Kansas Bioscience Authority	3,737		0		0		0
28	State University System	1,521,080		1,063,902		273,810		696
29	Kansas Housing Resources Corporation	64,321		5,364		1,386		0
30	Total component units	\$ 1,604,088	\$	1,071,678	\$	289,062	\$	696
	-							

		xpense) Revenue ar rimary Government		Assets
	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Total	Component Units
	\$ (793,364) (981,401) (4,301,293) (441,734) (35,994) 58,595 (77,058) (3,125)	\$ 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	\$ (793,364) (981,401) (4,301,293) (441,734) (35,994) 58,595 (77,058) (3,125)	\$ 0 3 0 4 0 5 0 6 0 7 0 8 0 9
	(149,550) (6,724,924)	0	(149,550) (6,724,924)	0 12
	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	1,548 11,997 29,823 3,053 70,513 (426) (1,065) 115,443 \$ 115,443	1,548 11,997 29,823 3,053 70,513 (426) (1,065) 115,443 \$ (6,609,481)	113 0 14 0 15 0 16 0 17 0 18 0 19 0 20 25 0 22 25 25
	\$ 0 0 0 0 0 0 \$ 0	\$ 0 0 0 0 0 0 \$	\$ 0 0 0 0 0 0 \$	\$ 67 28 1,261 26 (3,737) 25 (182,672) 26 (57,571) 28 \$ (242,652) 36
General revenues: Taxes: Property tax Income and inheritance tax Sales and excise tax Gross receipts tax Investment earnings Other revenue Transfers Total general revenues	\$ 593,229 3,210,696 2,863,794 134,872 106,727 218,482 69,881 7,197,681	\$ 0 0 0 0 45,914 31,624 (69,881) 7,657	\$ 593,229 3,210,696 2,863,794 134,872 152,641 250,106 0 7,205,338	\$ 0 0 0 934 327,128 331,666 0 659,728
Change in net assets	472,757	123,100	595,857	417,076
Net assets - beginning Revisions to beginning net assets Net assets - beginning (restated) Net assets - ending	9,551,078 (59,312) 9,491,766 \$ 9,964,523	971,382 0 971,382 \$ 1,094,482	10,522,460 (59,312) 10,463,148 \$ 11,059,005	3,159,615 (13,468) 3,146,147 \$ 3,563,223
1.00 dosetto ename	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	-,,,,,,,,	,507,000	,,,-

State of Kansas

Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds

June 30, 2007

(expressed in thousands)

ASSETS	1		Health Policy authority Transportation-Capital Projects		n-Capital	Other Governmental		Go	Total vernmental				
	£ 1.024.455	¢.	12 25 1	s	00.204	¢.	40.077	Ф.	0	¢.	450.050	•	1 640 020
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 1,034,455 0	\$	42,354 0	\$	80,294	\$	40,077	\$	0	\$	450,859	\$	1,648,039
Investments	345,758		63,460		369,073 156,580		0 103.658		0		67,525 107.691		436,598 777,147
Receivables, net Due from other funds	345,758 9,750		03,460		30,896		103,658		0		107,691		58,564
	- ,		0		,		0		0		17,918		,
Inventories	6,955 0		80		17,480		0		0				24,435
Advances to other funds			0		61,793		0		0		82,468		144,341
Restricted cash and cash equivalents	0		0		0		0		0		126,991		126,991
Total assets	\$ 1,396,918	\$	105,894	\$	716,116	\$	143,735	\$	0	\$	853,452	\$	3,216,115
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES													
Liabilities:													
Accounts payable and other current liabilities	\$ 369,667	\$	78,285	\$	59.816	\$	119,545	\$	0	\$	183,452	\$	810,765
Due to other funds	46,145	Ψ	188	Ψ	0	Ψ	0	Ψ	0	Ψ	4,775	Ψ.	51.108
Deferred revenue	19,651		743		35,842		0		0		1,487		57,723
Advances from other funds	140,604		2.160		0		0		0		2,802		145,566
Bonds payable on demand	0		0		0		0		755,115		0		755,115
Total liabilities	576,067		81,376		95,658		119,545		755,115		192,516		1,820,277
Tom Implifies	270,007		01,570		75,050		117,010		755,115		1,2,010		1,020,277
Fund balances:													
Reserved for:													
Debt service	0		0		0		0		0		13,767		13,767
Inventory	6,955		0		17,480		0		0		0		24,435
Encumbrances	21,916		16,628		897,881		8,405		0		189,578		1,134,408
Advances to other funds	0		80		61,793		0		0		82,468		144,341
Unreserved, reported in:													
General Fund	791,980		0		0		0		0		0		791,980
Social and Rehabilitation	0		7,810		0		0		0		0		7,810
Transportation	0		0		(356,696)		0		0		0		(356,696)
Health Policy Authority	0		0		0		15,785		0		0		15,785
Transportation - Capital Projects	0		0		0		0		(755,115)		0		(755,115)
Special Revenue Funds	0		0		0		0		0		191,836		191,836
Capital Project Funds	0		0		0		0		0		69,994		69,994
Debt service	0		0		0		0		0		113,293		113,293
Total fund balance	820,851		24,518		620,458		24,190		(755,115)		660,936		1,395,838
Total liabilities and fund balance	\$ 1,396,918	\$	105,894	\$	716,116	\$	143,735	\$	0	\$	853,452	\$	3,216,115

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

(Continued)

State of Kansas

Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds - Continued June 30, 2007

(expressed in thousands)

Reconciliation to the Statement of Net Assets:	Total Governmental	
Total fund balance from previous page	\$	1,395,838
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds:		
Infrastructure Capital assets		9,163,009 2,069,010
Other non-current assets are not available to pay for current- period expenditures and, therefore, are deferred in the funds.		15,470
Deferred revenue (not on statement of net assets) Accrued Interest		36,503 (31,559)
Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds:		
Long term debt Compensated absences Due to component unit (lease revenue bonds payable)		(2,306,503) (117,041) (233,190)
Internal Service Funds: the assets and liabilities of the internal service funds are included in governmental activities in the statement of net assets.		(27,014)
Net assets of governmental activities as reported on the Statement of Net Assets.	\$	9,964,523

State of Kansas **Financial Statements**

June 30, 2007

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2007

(expressed in thousands)

	General	Social and Rehabilitation	Transporta- tion	Health Policy Authority	Transporta- tion-Capital Projects	Other Governmental	Total Governmental
Revenues:							
Property tax	\$ 551,145	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 47,571	\$ 598,716
Income and inheritance tax	3,196,972	0	0	0	0	14,364	3,211,336
Sales and excise tax	2,390,845	2,572	447,243	0	0	42,788	2,883,448
Gross receipts tax	115,649	0	0	0	0	19,280	134,929
Charges for services	49,321	58,784	196,651	138,478	0	301,189	744,423
Operating grants	0	479,802	187,837	1,361,171	0	753,467	2,782,277
Capital grants	0	0	306,293	0	0	2,775	309,068
Investment earnings	93,146	839	0	845	0	11,903	106,733
Other revenues	732	7,982	8,419	114,976	0	141,768	273,877
Total revenues	6,397,810	549,979	1,146,443	1,615,470	0	1,335,105	11,044,807
Expenditures:							
Current:							
General government	739,005	0	0	0	0	362,735	1,101,740
Human resources	798,082	999,640	0	916,748	0	375,437	3,089,907
Education	4,205,767	0	0	0	0	493,071	4,698,838
Public safety	377,723	0	0	0	0	233,748	611,471
Agriculture and natural resources	25,170	0	0	0	0	77,217	102,387
Highways and other transportation	0	0	1,016,435	0	0	17,333	1,033,768
Health and environment	33,820	0	0	0	0	167,086	200,906
Economic development	0	0	0	0	0	3,125	3,125
Debt service:							
Principal	0	0	0	0	0	112,398	112,398
Interest	0	0	0	0	0	147,770	147,770
Total expenditures	6,179,567	999,640	1,016,435	916,748	0	1,989,920	11,102,310
Excess of revenues over (under)							
expenditures	218,243	(449,661)	130,008	698,722	0	(654,815)	(57,503)
Other financing sources (uses):							
Proceeds from sale of debt	0	0	0	0	0	54,188	54,188
Transfers, net	(70,385)	410,471	(227,991)	(683,601)	0	609,608	38,102
Total other financing sources (uses)	(70,385)	410,471	(227,991)	(683,601)	0	663,796	92,290
Net change in fund balances	147,858	(39,190)	(97,983)	15,121	0	8,981	34,787
Fund balances, beginning of year	671,912	63,683	718,562	9,069	(755,115)	651,950	1,360,061
Revisions to beginning fund balances	358	25	0	0	0	5	388
Fund balances, beginning of year (restated)	672,270	63,708	718,562	9,069	(755,115)	651,955	1,360,449
Change in reserves for inventory	723	0	(121)	0	0	0	602
Fund balances, end of year	\$ 820,851	\$ 24,518	\$ 620,458	\$ 24,190	\$ (755,115)	\$ 660,936	\$ 1,395,838

(Continued)

State of Kansas

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds - Continued For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2007

(expressed in thousands)

Reconciliation to the Statement of Activities:	Total Governmental	
Total net change in fund balance from previous page	\$	34,787
Revenues in the Statement of Activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenue in the funds.		(40,916)
Debt proceeds provide current financial resources to governmental funds, but issuing debt increases long- term liabilities in the Statement of Net Assets:		
Revenue bond proceeds Bond premiums and discounts Loan proceeds Other borrowings		(43,500) (1,789) (3,000) (5,899)
Repayment of bond principal is reported as an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the payment reduces long-term liabilities in the Statement of Net Assets.		112,398
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures while governmental activities report depreciation expense to allocate those expenditures over the life of the assets:		112,370
Capital assets Depreciation expense		482,935 (73,044)
Some expenses reported in the Statement of Activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds:		
Compensated Absences Accrued Interest Other expenses		(9,582) (1,777) (5,830)
Gain (Loss) on asset disposal and other items		24,718
Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of certain activities, such as insurance and telecommunications, to individual funds. The net revenue (expense) of the internal service funds is reported with		
governmental activities.		3,256
Changes in Net Assets of Governmental Activities as reported on the Statement of Activities	\$	472,757

State of Kansas Financial Statements June 30, 2007

State of Kansas

Statement of Net Assets - Proprietary Funds

June 30, 2007

(expressed in thousands)

			Busin	ess-Ty	e Activities	S			
	Water Funds		mployment surance	Health Care Stabilization		Nonmajor funds	Totals	Governmental Activities - Internal Service Funds	
ASSETS									
Current assets:									
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 133,746	\$	11,710	\$	4,277	\$ 30,190	\$ 179,923	\$ 26,937	
Investments	0		0		47,725	13,800	61,525	0	
Receivables,net	42,508		2,429		5,588	13,704	64,229	0	
Inventories	0		0		0	1,751	1,751	471	
Total current assets	176,254		14,139		57,590	59,445	307,428	27,408	
Noncurrent assets:									
Investments	20,730		0		152,615	16,323	189,668	0	
Receivables, net	700,616		0		0	37,396	738,012	0	
Restricted cash and cash equivalents	39,988		659,836		0	3,923	703,747	0	
Restricted investments	78,034		0		0	0	78,034	0	
Advances to other funds	0		0		1	4,000	4,001	29	
Capital assets (net of accumulated depreciation)	0		0		5	251	256	82,500	
Other noncurrent assets	12,821		0		0	581	13,402	0	
Total noncurrent assets	852,189		659,836		152,621	62,474	1,727,120	82,529	
Total assets	\$ 1,028,443	\$	673,975	\$	210,211	\$ 121,919	\$ 2,034,548	\$ 109,937	
LIABILITIES									
Current liabilities:									
Accounts payable and other current liabilities	\$ 7,009	\$	8.177	\$	241	\$ 8.077	\$ 23,504	\$ 5.448	
Deferred revenue	0		0		0	25	25	0	
Due to other funds	0		0		0	5,750	5,750	1.706	
Short-term compensated absences	0		0		37	12	49	1,467	
Short-term portion of long-term liabilities	32,722		0		7,357	8,132	48,211	35,485	
Total current liabilities	39,731	-	8,177		7,635	21,996	77,539	44.106	
Noncurrent liabilities:	37,731		0,177	-	7,033		11,557	- 11,100	
Compensated absences	0		0		7	2	9	286	
Claims and judgements	0		0		142,243	26,520	168,763	27.600	
Bonds, notes and loans payable	642.914		0		0	55,176	698,090	62,150	
Arbitrage Rebate Payable	987		0		0	0	987	02,130	
Advances from other funds	0		0		0	0	0	2,808	
Other noncurrent liabilities	(5,322)		0		0	0	(5,322)	2,000	
Total noncurrent liabilities	638,579		0		142,250	81,698	862,527	92,844	
Total liabilities	678,310		8,177		149,885	103,694	940.066	136,950	
Total habitees	070,310		0,177		147,003	103,074	740,000	130,730	
NET ASSETS									
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	0		0		5	251	256	82,500	
Restricted for:									
Debt service	0		0		0	30,977	30,977	0	
Other purposes	350,133		665,798		60,321	(19,771)	1,056,481	0	
Unrestricted	0		0		0	6,768	6,768	(109,513)	
Total net assets	350,133		665,798		60,326	18,225	1,094,482	(27,013)	
Total liabilities and net assets	\$ 1,028,443	\$	673,975	\$	210,211	\$ 121,919	\$ 2,034,548	\$ 109,937	

State of Kansas Financial Statements June 30, 2007

State of Kansas

Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Assets - Proprietary Funds

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2007

(expressed in thousands)

	Water Funds	Unemploy- ment Insurance	Health Care Stabilization	Nonmajor Funds	Totals	Governmental Activities - Internal Service Funds
Operating revenues:						
Charges for services	\$ 22,755	\$ 271,632	\$ 36,010	\$ 249,904	\$ 580,301	\$ 95,950
Other revenue	3,319	25,182	1,800	1,322	31,623	9,108
Total operating revenues	26,074	296,814	37,810	251,226	611,924	105,058
Operating expenses:						
Salaries and wages	0	0	858	4,671	5,529	27,042
Supplies and services	0	0	4,986	33,830	38,816	42,138
Lottery prize awards	0	0	0	134,207	134,207	0
Depreciation	0	0	1	141	142	5,744
Insurance claims and expenses	0	245,911	0	1,766	247,677	18,650
Program administration - Water Funds	1,827	0	0	0	1,827	0
Other expenses	426	(1)	16,167	862	17,454	0
Total operating expenses	2,253	245,910	22,012	175,477	445,652	93,574
Operating income (loss)	23,821	50,904	15,798	75,749	166,272	11,484
Nonoperating revenues (expenses):						
Operating grants	0	4,101	0	0	4,101	0
Capital grants	12,638	0	0	0	12,638	0
Investment earnings	14,785	29,048	0	2,081	45,914	0
Interest expense	(31,592)	0	0	(1,850)	(33,442)	(3,179)
Other expenses	0	0	(2,000)	(502)	(2,502)	0
Total nonoperating revenues						
(expenses)	(4,169)	33,149	(2,000)	(271)	26,709	(3,179)
Net income (loss)	19,652	84,053	13,798	75,478	192,981	8,305
Transfers in	0	(2,220)	3,032	(70,016)	(69,204)	(615)
Transfers out	0	(675)	0	(2)	(677)	(4,434)
Net change in net assets	19,652	81,158	16,830	5,460	123,100	3,256
Total net assets - beginning	330,481	584,640	43,496	12,765	971,382	(25,755)
Revisions to beginning net assets	0	0	0	0	0	(4,514)
Net assets - beginning (restated)	330,481	584,640	43,496	12,765	971,382	(30,269)
Total net assets - ending	\$ 350,133	\$ 665,798	\$ 60,326	\$ 18,225	\$ 1,094,482	\$ (27,013)

State of Kansas **Financial Statements**

June 30, 2007

State of Kansas

Statement of Cash Flows - Proprietary Funds For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2007 (expressed in thousands)

	Water Funds	Unemployment Insurance	Health Care Stabilization	Nonmajor funds	Totals	Governmental Activities - Internal Service Funds
Cash flows from operating activities:						
Cash receipts from customers	\$ 22,553	\$ 296,515	\$ 36,832	\$ 251,704	\$ 607,604	\$ 105,058
Cash payments to suppliers for goods and services	(1,495)	2,672	(21,257)	(34,669)	(54,749)	(41,877)
Cash payments to employees for services	0	0	(850)	(4,661)	(5,511)	(28,081)
Cash payments for lottery prizes	0	0	0	(133,672)	(133,672)	0
Claims paid	0	(245,911)	(6,301)	(1,535)	(253,747)	(25,092)
Other operating revenues	46,371	0	0	2,511	48,882	0
Other operating expenses	(59,016)	0	8.424	(19,528)	(78,544)	0
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	8,413	53,276	8,424	60,150	130,263	10,008
Cash flows from noncapital financing activities:						
Operating grants receipts	0	4,101	0	0	4,101	0
Other non-operating expenses	0	0	(2,000)	(502)	(2,502)	0
Net transfers to other funds	0	(2,831)	3,033	(70,023)	(69,821)	(3,777)
Other cash inflows from noncapital financing activities	12,638	0	0	0	12,638	0
Other cash outflows from noncapital financing activities	(62,589)	0	0	0	(62,589)	0
Net cash provided (used) by noncapital financing						
activities	(49,951)	1,270	1,033	(70,525)	(118,173)	(3,777)
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities:	0	0	0	25,325	25,325	0
Proceeds from issuance of long-term debt	0	0	0			(1,921)
Repayment of long-term debt	0	0	0	(2,159)	(2,159)	
Interest payments Proceeds from sale of fixed assets	0	0	0	15	15	(3,202) 184
(Gain) loss on disposal of fixed assests	0	0	0	(13)	(13)	(184)
Payments for purchase of fixed assets	0	0	(3)	(115)	(118)	(1,555)
Net cash provided (used) by capital and related financing			(3)	(113)	(116)	(1,333)
activities	0	0	(3)	23,053	23,050	(6,678)
			(3)	23,033	23,030	(0,070)
Cash flows from investing activities:						
Proceeds from sale and maturities of investment securities	42,162	0	18,978	11,226	72,366	0
Purchase of investments	(10,014)	0	(22,373)	(24,689)	(57,076)	0
Interest and dividends	15,212	29,047	(533)	2,120	45,846	0
Unrealized (gain) loss on investments	0	0	(2,040)	0	(2,040)	0
Net cash provided (used) by investing activities	47,360	29,047	(5,968)	(11,343)	59,096	0
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	5,822	83,593	3,486	1,335	94,236	(447)
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year	167,912	587,953	791	32,778	789,434	27,384
Cash and cash equivalents, end of year	\$ 173,734	\$ 671,546	\$ 4,277	\$ 34,113	\$ 883,670	\$ 26,937
* '						
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided by operations:						
Operating income (loss)	\$ 23,821	\$ 50,904	\$ 15,798	\$ 75,749	\$ 166,272	\$ 11,484
Adjustment to reconcile operating income to net cash provided (used) by operating activities:						
Depreciation and amortization	0	0	1	249	250	5,744
Changes in assets and liabilities:			.a=c:	/4 = 000		_
Receivables	(15,855)	(299)	(978)	(16,392)	(33,524)	0
Inventories	0	0	1	(70)	(69)	(3)
Accounts payable	446	2,671	(104)	(162)	2,851	263
Payroll liabilities	0	0	7	10	17	(1,038)
Claims and judgements	0	0	(6,301)	231	(6,070)	(6,442)
Lottery prize liability	(15,409)	2,372	(7,374)	(15,599)	(36,010)	(1.476)
Total adjustments Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	\$ 8,413	\$ 53,276	\$ 8,424	\$ 60,150	\$ 130,263	\$ 10,008
rect cash provided (used) by operating activities	φ 8,413	\$ 33,276	\$ 8,424	\$ 60,150	a 130,263	ş 10,008

State of Kansas Financial Statements June 30, 2007

State of Kansas

Statement of Fiduciary Net Assets

June 30, 2007

(expressed in thousands)

ASSETS	Pension Trust	Investment Trust	College Savings Program	Agency	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 271	\$ 863,759	\$ 817	\$ 451,277	
Investments	17,136,615	0	1,862,436	989,766	
Receivables, net	3,869,770	0	3,196	28,602	
Inventories	21	0	0	0	
Capital assets	5,957	0	0	0	
Total assets	21,012,634	863,759	1,866,449	\$ 1,469,645	
LIABILITIES					
Accounts payable and other liabilities	6,829,561	0	522	\$ 1,469,645	
Total liabilities	6,829,561	0	522	\$ 1,469,645	
NET ASSETS					
Net assets held in trust	\$ 14,183,073	\$ 863,759	\$ 1,865,927		

State of Kansas

Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Assets For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2007

(expressed in thousands)

	Pension Trust	Investment Trust	College Savings Program Trust
ADDITIONS			
Contributions:	\$ 398,818	\$ 0	\$ 0
Employer contributions Employee contributions	\$ 398,818 256,995	\$ 0 0	\$ 0
College savings contributions	236,993	0	•
College savings contributions			611,977
Total contributions	655,813	0	611,977
Deposits:			
Net investment income	2,162,081	38,760	81,542
MIP deposits	0	3,487,598	0
Other deposits	231	1	0
Total additions	2,818,125	3,526,359	693,519
DEDUCTIONS			
Benefits and refunds:			
Monthly benefits and refunds	868,179	0	0
Refunds of contributions	46,129	0	0
Death benefits	9,154	0	0
Distributions	0	3,451,358	191,772
Total benefits and refunds	923,462	3,451,358	191,772
Administrative expenses	64,480	0	6,239
Total deductions	987,942	3,451,358	198,011
N	4.000.102	77 021	40 5 700
Net increase (decrease)	1,830,183	75,001	495,508
Net assets - beginning of year	12,352,890	788,758	1,370,419
Net assets - end of year	\$ 14,183,073	\$ 863,759	\$ 1,865,927

State of Kansas **Financial Statements** June 30, 2007

State of Kansas

Combining Statement of Net Assets - Component Units

June 30, 2007
(expressed in thousands)

	Deve Fi	ansas lopment nance thority	Tec Ent	ansas hnology terprise poration	He Re	ansas ousing sources poration	Bio	Cansas oscience oscienty	State University System	Totals
ASSETS										
Current assets:										
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	3,440	\$	3,861	\$	6,318	\$	1,063	\$ 409,109	\$ 423,791
Investments		2,677		0		2,443		8,020	1,648,884	1,662,024
Receivables,net		114		2,068		3,101		6,753	207,088	219,124
Due from primary government		16,115		0		0		0	0	16,115
Inventories		0		0		0		0	13,273	13,273
Other assets		67		1		594		12	70,142	70,816
Total current assets		22,413		5,930		12,456		15,848	2,348,496	2,405,143
Noncurrent assets:										
Investments		0		8,435		0		31,444	423,240	463,119
Receivables.net:		28		1.155		894		1.008	53,823	56,908
Restricted cash and cash equivalents		0		0		13		0	82,081	82,094
Restricted investments		1.935		0		0		0	110,135	112,070
Due from primary government		217.075		0		0		0	0	217,075
Capital assets (net of accumulated depreciation)		23		109		367		95	1,546,220	1,546,814
Other noncurrent assets		0		0		3.083		0	205,299	208,382
Total noncurrent assets		219,061		9,699		4,357		32,547	2,420,798	2,686,462
Total assets	\$	241,474	\$	15,629	\$	16,813	\$	48,395	\$ 4,769,294	\$ 5,091,605
LIABILITIES										
Current liabilities:										
Accounts payable and other liabilities	\$	94	\$	543	\$	582	\$	639	\$ 422,923	\$ 424,781
Deferred revenue		335		0		599		0	101,275	102,209
Short-term compensated absences		0		0		115		8	44,331	44,454
Short-term portion of long-term liabilities		16,115		0		0		0	43,603	59,718
Total current liabilities		16,544		543		1,296		647	612,132	631,162
Noncurrent liabilities:										
Compensated absences		0		0		0		0	8,050	8,050
Bonds, notes and loans payable		217,075		0		0		0	589,677	806,752
Other noncurrent liabilities		2,124		0		3,083		0	77,211	82,418
Total noncurrent liabilities		219,199		0		3,083		0	674,938	897,220
Total liabilities		235,743		543		4,379		647	1,287,070	1,528,382
NET ASSETS										
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt		23		109		367		95	1,023,410	1,024,004
Restricted for:		-							,,	,- ,
Capital projects		0		0		0		0	39,850	39,850
Debt service		0		0		0		0	22,920	22,920
Other purposes		0		1,438		2.249		0	994,425	998,112
Unrestricted		5,708		13,539		9,818		47,653	1,401,619	1,478,337
Total net assets	\$	5,731	\$	15,086	\$	12,434	\$	47,748	\$ 3,482,224	\$ 3,563,223

State of Kansas Financial Statements June 30, 2007

State of Kansas

Combining Statement of Activities-Component Units For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2007

(expressed in thousands)

	Kansas Developm Finance Authorit		Tecl Ent	ansas nnology erprise poration	H Re	Cansas ousing sources poration	Bio	ansas science thority	State University System	Totals
Expenses:										
Salaries and wages	\$	830	\$	1,328	\$	2,431	\$	316	\$ 619,551	\$ 624,456
Supplies and services		341		4,871		1,218		630	271,861	278,921
Depreciation		40		71		53		10	94,495	94,669
Interest expense		0		0		0		0	20,312	20,312
Other expenses		69		7,400		60,619		2,781	514,861	585,730
Total expenses	1,	280		13,670		64,321		3,737	1,521,080	1,604,088
Program Revenues:										
Charges for services	1,	347		1,065		5,364		0	1,063,902	1,071,678
Operating grants		0		13,866		1,386		0	273,810	289,062
Capital grants		0		0		0		0	696	696
Total program revenues	1,	347		14,931		6,750		0	1,338,408	1,361,436
Net (Expense) Revenue		67		1,261		(57,571)		(3,737)	(182,672)	(242,652)
General Revenue:										
Taxes:										
Gross receipts tax		0		0		0		0	934	934
Investment earnings		344		130		0		1,365	325,289	327,128
Other revenue		0		256		62,189		26,128	243,093	331,666
Total general revenues		344		386		62,189		27,493	569,316	659,728
Change in net assets		411		1,647		4,618		23,756	386,644	 417,076
Total net assets - beginning	5,	320		13,112		7,975		0	3,133,208	3,159,615
Revisions to beginning net assets	ĺ	0		327		(159)		23,992	(37,628)	(13,468)
Total net assets - beginning (restated)	5,	320		13,439		7,816		23,992	3,095,580	3,146,147
Total net assets - ending	\$ 5,	731	\$	15,086	\$	12,434	\$	47,748	\$ 3,482,224	\$ 3,563,223

June 30, 2007

I. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The accompanying financial statements of the State of Kansas (the "State") have been prepared in conformance with generally accepted accounting principles as prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB). GASB is the standard setting body for governmental accounting and financial reporting principles.

A. Financial Reporting Entity

The accompanying financial statements present the financial position of the State and the various funds and fund types, the results of operations of the State and the various funds and fund types, and the cash flows of the proprietary funds. The financial statements are presented as of June 30, 2007 and for the year then ended. The financial statements include the various agencies, boards, commissions, public trusts and authorities and any other organizational units governed by the Kansas State Legislature and/or Constitutional Officers of the State of Kansas.

The State has considered all potential component units for which it is financially accountable, organizations that raise and hold economic resources for the State, and other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the State are such that exclusion would cause the State's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete.

As required by generally accepted accounting principles, these financial statements present the State of Kansas (the primary government) and its component units.

The accompanying financial statements present the activities of State government (the primary government), which is comprised of three branches: the Executive Branch, with the Governor as chief executive; the Legislative Branch, consisting of a Senate of 40 members and a House of Representatives of 125 members; and the Judicial Branch, which includes the Supreme Court, the Appeals Court, and the District Trial Courts.

Discrete Component Units

Discrete component units are entities that are legally separate from the State, but are financially accountable to the State, or whose relationships with the State are such that exclusion would cause the State's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. The component units are reported in a separate column to emphasize that they are legally separate from the primary government and are governed by separate boards.

Following is a table identifying each discretely presented component unit followed by a brief description of each component unit. Complete financial statements for each of the individual component units may be obtained from their respective administrative offices at the noted addresses.

June 30, 2007

I. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Component Unit	<u>Description: Criteria for</u> Inclusion	Reporting Method	<u>For Separate Financial</u> Statements
Kansas Development Finance Authority (KDFA)	The State appoints a voting majority of the board of KDFA and has the power to impose its will on KDFA.	Reported as a discrete component unit, because the board is not the same and services are provided to other entities.	Kansas Development Finance Authority 555 South Kansas Avenue, Suite 202 Topeka, Kansas 66603
Kansas Technology Enterprise Corporation (KTEC)	The State appoints a voting majority of the board of KTEC and has the power to impose its will on KTEC. There is a potential for KTEC to impose specific financial burdens or provide specific financial benefits to the State. KTEC is fiscally dependent on the State.	Reported as a discrete component unit, because the board is not the same and services are provided to other entities.	Kansas Technology Enterprise Corporation 214 SW 6 th Avenue, Suite 100 Topeka, Kansas 66603
Kansas Housing Resources Corporation (KHRC)	KHRC is a subsidiary corporation of KDFA and a legal entity separate and distinct from KDFA and the State.	Reported as a discrete component unit because the board is not the same and services are provided to other entities.	Kansas Housing Resources Corporation 611 S. Kansas Avenue, Suite 300 Topeka, Kansas 66603
State University System	The State appoints a voting majority of the Kansas Board of Regents which controls the State universities, and has the power to impose its will on the State universities through the budgeting process.	Reported as a discrete component unit because the board is not the same and services are provided to other entities.	The Kansas Board of Regents does not issue separate financial statements. For separate financial statements of a university, contact the respective university or: Kansas Board of Regents 1000 SW Jackson St., Suite 520 Topeka, KS 66612-1368
Kansas Bioscience Authority	The State appoints a voting majority of the Kansas Bioscience Authority and has the power to impose its will on KBA	Reported as a discrete component unit because the board is not the same and services are provided to other entities.	Kansas Bioscience Authority 25501 West Valley Parkway, Ste 100 Olathe, KS 66061
Kansas Public Retirement System	The State appoints a voting majority of the Kansas Public Retirement System and has the power to impose its will on KPERS.	Although KPERS is a component unit of the State of Kansas, it is reported as a fiduciary pension trust fund.	Kansas Public Retirement System 611 S. Kansas Ave., Ste 100 Topeka, KS 66603-3803

Kansas Development Finance Authority (KDFA) was established by Chapter 57, 1987 Session Laws of Kansas. Its enabling statutes are found in K.S.A. 74-8901 et seq., as amended and supplements. KDFA is a public body politic and corporate, constituting an independent instrumentality of the State of Kansas. KDFA was created to enhance the ability

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I. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

of the State to finance capital improvements and improve access to long-term financing for State agencies, political subdivisions, public and private organizations, and businesses.

Kansas Technology Enterprise Corporation (KTEC) is a body politic, corporate, and an instrumentality of the State of Kansas, which was created by the Legislature of the State in March 1986 (K.S.A. 74-8101). The responsibilities and duties of the existing State Office of Advanced Technology were transferred to KTEC effective January 12, 1987. KTEC's principal statutory functions and responsibilities are as follows:

- To foster innovation in existing and developing businesses, especially the creation, growth, and expansion of Kansas enterprises in a diversified range of primary sectors which develop value-added products, processes, and services.
- To invest in basic research, applied research and development, and technology transfer at Kansas educational institutions which meet competitive standards of excellence and which create innovative collaboration between Kansas educational institutions and Kansas enterprises.
- To award applied research matching grants to Kansas educational institutions and Kansas private enterprises in order to move innovation and applied research toward commercial application.
- To engage in seed-capital financing for the development and implementation of innovations or new technologies for existing resource, technology-based, and emerging Kansas businesses.
- To provide technical referral services to such small, new, emerging, or mature businesses and encourage Kansas
 educational institutions to establish technical information databases and industrial liaison offices, which are easily
 accessible by both private and public sector Kansas organizations.

Kansas Housing Resources Corporation (KHRC) was formed pursuant to K.S.A. 74-8904(v) per the Governor's Executive Reorganization Order #30. KHRC is a subsidiary corporation of the Kansas Development Finance Authority. KHRC's mission is to enhance Kansas communities with housing opportunities. This goal is achieved through using a variety of strategies and approaches, including increasing homeownership opportunities, leveraging the construction of more affordable rental housing, promoting energy efficiency improvements for owner-occupied and rental housing, providing affordable housing through rental assistance to low-income families and senior citizens, and creating housing opportunities for previously underserved persons and communities.

State University System. The Kansas State Board of Regents, created in 1859 by adoption of the State Constitution, is responsible for control and supervision of public institutions of higher education which benefit the State. The Kansas Board of Regents is a legally separate body composed of nine members appointed by the Governor. The Board supervises all State universities while budgetary decisions are exercised at the State level. The State university system consists of the Board's administrative arm and six constituent universities. Funding for the State university system is accomplished primarily by State appropriations, tuition and fees, sales and services, federal and state grants, and private donations and grants.

In addition to the Kansas Board of Regents' administrative arm, the following universities and their respective component units make up the State university system for financial reporting purposes: University of Kansas, including the University of Kansas Medical Center; Kansas State University; Wichita State University; Emporia State University; Pittsburg State University; and Fort Hays State University. Each university issues its own complete financial statements which can be obtained from the respective university. The Kansas Board of Regents' administrative arm does not issue separate financial statements.

Kansas Bioscience Authority. The Bioscience Authority is an independent instrumentality of the State of Kansas. Its enabling statutes are found in K.S.A. 74-99b01 et seq. as amended and supplemented. The Bioscience Authority was created on April 19, 2004 with the passage of the Kansas Economic Growth Act, a comprehensive economic development act designed to meet the needs of the changing Kansas economy. The Bioscience Authority was created to make Kansas the most desirable state in which to conduct, facilitate, support, fund and perform bioscience research, development of commercialization, to make Kansas a national leader in bioscience, and to create jobs, foster economic growth, advance scientific knowledge and improve the quality of life for the citizens of the State of Kansas.

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I. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Kansas Public Employees Retirement System. The Kansas Public Employees Retirement System is a body corporate and an instrumentality of the State of Kansas. The Retirement System is an umbrella organization administering the following three statewide pension groups under one plan, as provided by K.S.A. 74, article 49:

- Kansas Public Employees Retirement System
- Kansas Police and Firemen's Retirement System
- Kansas Retirement System for Judges

All three systems are part of a tax-exempt, defined benefit, contributory plan covering substantially all public employees in Kansas. The Kansas Retirement System for Judges is a single employer group, while the other two are multi-employer, cost-sharing groups. The State of Kansas and Kansas schools are required to participate, while participation by local political subdivisions is optional but irrevocable once elected.

B. Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

Government-wide Statements – The statement of net assets and the statement of activities report information of the primary government and its component units. These statements include the financial activities of the overall government, except for fiduciary activities. Eliminations have been made to minimize the duplication of internal activities. These statements distinguish between the *governmental* and *business-type* activities of the State and between its discretely presented component units. Governmental activities are generally supported by taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other non-exchange transactions. Business-type activities are supported in whole or in part by fees charged to external parties.

The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each segment of the business-type activities of the State and for each function of the State's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a program or function and, therefore, are clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include (a) charges paid by the recipients of goods or services offered by the programs and (b) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including all taxes, are presented as general revenues.

The State classifies State spending by function of government and by category of expenditure. Function of government is a grouping of agencies, which make expenditures for similar programs and purposes. There are eight functions of government: (1) general government; (2) human resources; (3) education; (4) public safety; (5) agriculture and natural resources; (6) transportation; (7) health and environment; and (8) economic development. *General Government* includes State agencies with both administrative and regulatory functions. These agencies include the State's elected officials and the Department of Administration. *Human Resources* agencies provide services to individuals. *Education* agencies provide various educational services to Kansans. *Public Safety* agencies ensure the safety and security of Kansas' citizens. *Agriculture and Natural Resources* agencies protect the natural and physical resources of the State and regulate the use of those resources. *Transportation* includes only the Department of Transportation. Responsibilities of this agency include maintenance and construction of highways in Kansas. The *Health and Environment* agency optimizes the promotion and protection of the health of Kansans through efficient and effective public health programs and services and through preservation, protection, and remediation. *Economic Development* reflects certain economic development initiatives.

Net assets are restricted when constraints placed on them are either externally imposed or are imposed by constitutional provisions. Internally imposed designations of resources are not presented as restricted net assets. When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, generally it is the State's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

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I. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Fund Financial Statements – The fund financial statements provide information about State funds, including fiduciary funds. Separate statements for each fund category – *governmental*, *proprietary*, and *fiduciary* are presented. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental and enterprise funds, each displayed in a separate column. All remaining governmental and enterprise funds are aggregated and reported as non-major funds.

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide, proprietary, and fiduciary fund financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Non-exchange transactions, in which the State gives (or receives) value without directly receiving (or giving) equal value in exchange, include income and sales taxes, grants, entitlements, and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from income and sales taxes is recognized in the fiscal year the underlying exchange occurred, while revenue from grants, entitlements, and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied.

Governmental funds are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recognized when measurable and available. The State considers all revenues reported in the governmental funds to be available if the revenues are due at year-end and collected within sixty days thereafter. Expenditures generally are recorded when the related liability is incurred, except for principal and interest on general long-term debt, claims and judgments, and compensated absences, which are recognized as expenditures to the extent they have matured. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Proceeds of general long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

Under the terms of grant agreements, the State funds certain programs by a combination of specific cost-reimbursement grants, categorical block grants, and general revenues. Thus, when program expenses are incurred, there are both restricted and unrestricted net assets available to finance the program. It is the policy of the State to first apply cost-reimbursement grant resources to such programs, followed by general revenues.

The financial statements of the proprietary funds, fiduciary funds, and component units are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, similar to the government-wide statements described above. In reporting the financial activities of the proprietary funds the State applies all applicable GASB pronouncements and FASB pronouncements issued prior to November 30, 1989.

D. Fund Accounting

The financial activities of the State are recorded in individual funds, each of which is deemed to be a separate accounting entity. The State uses fund accounting to report on its financial position and results of operations. Fund accounting is designed to demonstrate legal compliance and aid financial management by segregating transactions related to certain government functions or activities. A fund is a separate accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts.

The financial activities of the State that are reported in the accompanying financial statements have been classified into the following major governmental and proprietary funds. In addition, a description of the internal service, fiduciary and component units follows:

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I. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Governmental Funds:

These funds include the State's main operating fund, special revenue funds, capital projects funds, and debt service funds.

General Fund – This is the primary operating fund of the State. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

Social and Rehabilitation Services Fund – This fund accounts for all the activities of the Department of Social and Rehabilitation Services.

Health Policy Authority – This fund includes all health insurance purchasing by the State, as well as federally funded programs (Medicaid, State Children's Heath Insurance Program and Medikan) and the State Employee Health Insurance Program.

Transportation Fund – This fund is the primary operating fund of the Department of Transportation. The Department of Transportation has the statutory responsibility to coordinate planning, development and operation of the various modes and systems of transportation in the State.

Transportation-Capital Projects Fund – This fund accounts for the financial resources to be used for construction of major capital facilities for the Department of Transportation.

Proprietary Funds:

These funds account for those activities for which the intent of management is to recover, primarily through user charges, the cost of providing goods or services to the general public, or where sound financial management dictates that periodic determinations of results of operations are appropriate.

Water Funds— This fund accounts for the Water Pollution Control and Public Water Supply Revolving Loan funds controlled by the Department of Health and Environment.

Unemployment Insurance Fund – This fund accounts for unemployment insurance for the deposit of moneys requisitioned for the Kansas Unemployment Insurance Trust Fund held by the U.S. Treasury for payment of unemployment benefits.

Health Care Stabilization Fund – This fund accounts for moneys accumulated to pay damages for personal injury or death arising out of the rendering of or the failure to render professional services by a health care provider, self-insurer or inactive health care provider subsequent to the time that such health care provider or self-insurer qualified for coverage under the provisions of this program.

Internal Service Funds - These funds account for printing, information technology, accounting, motor pool, aircraft, building maintenance, architectural, central mail, workers' compensation, and capitol security services provided to other departments on a cost-reimbursement basis.

Fiduciary Funds:

The State presents as Fiduciary Funds those activities that account for assets held in a trustee capacity or as an agent for individuals, private organizations, or other governmental units.

Pension Trust Fund -- This fund is used to account for the assets, liabilities, and fund equities held in trust for the Kansas Public Employees Retirement System.

Investment Trust Fund – This fund is used to account for the assets, liabilities, and fund equities held in trust for the Kansas Municipal Investment Pool.

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I. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Private Purpose Trust Fund - This fund accounts for the College Savings Program that allows participants to invest in a college savings account to cover tuition, fees, and the cost of room and board, books, supplies and equipment required for the enrollment or attendance of a beneficiary at an eligible educational.

Agency Funds - These funds account for assets held by the State in a custodial capacity or as an agent for individuals, private organizations, other governmental units and/or other funds.

Both government-wide and proprietary funds financial statements of the State follow FASB Statements and Interpretations issued on or before November 30, 1989; Accounting Principles Board Opinions; and Accounting Research Bulletins, unless those pronouncements conflict with GASB pronouncements.

The effect of interfund activity has generally been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements.

Amounts reported as program revenues include 1) charges for goods, services, or privileges provided, 2) operating grants and contributions, and 3) capital grants and contributions, including special assessments. General revenues include all taxes and internally dedicated resources.

Proprietary funds distinguish between operating and non-operating revenues and expenses. Operating revenues and expenses are generated from providing services or products in connection with the enterprise operations of the funds.

E. Assets, Liabilities, and Net Assets or Equity

Cash and Investments

Cash balances of funds in the State Treasury are pooled and are held in a general checking account and other special purpose bank accounts. The available cash balances beyond immediate need are pooled for short-term investment purposes by the Pooled Money Investment Board (PMIB) and are reported at fair value, based on quoted market prices.

For purposes of reporting cash flows, cash equivalents are defined as short-term, highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to cash.

The investment policies of the PMIB are governed by State statutes. The primary objectives are to attain safety, liquidity, and yield. Allowable investments for State pooled moneys not held in Kansas financial institutions are as follows:

- Direct obligations of, or obligations except mortgage backed securities, that are insured as to principal and interest by the U.S. Government, or any direct agency thereof, with maturities up to four years
- Repurchase agreements with Kansas banks or with primary government securities dealers
- Loans as mandated by the Kansas Legislature limited to not more than the lesser of 10 percent or \$80,000,000 of total investments.
- Certain Kansas agency and IMPACT Act projects and bonds
- Linked deposit loans for agricultural production not to exceed \$55 million
- High grade commercial paper

Specific Fund Investments – State statutes permit investing cash balances not included in the PMIB in the following types of investments:

- U. S. Government obligations
- Mortgage backed securities
- Corporate securities

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I. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

- U.S. Government agency securities
- Repurchase agreements
- Commercial paper not to exceed 270 days to maturity and rated within the two highest commercial paper ratings
- State of Kansas agency bonds, with maturities not to exceed four years

In addition to the above investments, short-term bond proceeds may be invested at the direction of KDFA through the PMIB.

Kansas Municipal Investment Pool - The Kansas Municipal Investment Pool (MIP) was created on July 1, 1992, as a voluntary, State-managed investment alternative for State and local funds. The Office of the Kansas State Treasurer (Treasurer) acts as the custodian for all moneys deposited. All Kansas governmental units, including cities, counties, school districts and other governmental entities holding public moneys are eligible to participate in the MIP. The deposits in the MIP are combined with State moneys to form the Pooled Money Investment Portfolio.

Kansas Public Employees Retirement System (KPERS) Investments - The Retirement System's investment categories, as permitted by statute, include equities, fixed income securities, cash equivalents, real estate, derivative products and alternative investments. KPERS value its investments at fair value. In fulfilling its responsibilities, the Board of Trustees contracts with investment management firms and a master global custodian.

Investment Income Allocation – State statutes require interest earned to be credited to the State General Fund unless required by law to be credited based on average daily balance to a specific fund.

Receivables and Payables

Activity between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as either "due to / from other funds" (i.e., the current portion of interfund loans) or "advances to/from other funds" (i.e., the non-current portion of interfund loans). All other outstanding balances between funds are reported as "due to / from other funds." Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as "internal balances."

Advances between funds, as reported in the fund financial statements, are offset by a fund balance reserve account in applicable governmental funds to indicate that they are not available for appropriation and are not expendable available financial resources.

Receivables are shown net of an allowance for uncollectibles.

Inventories

Inventories are valued at cost using the first in/first out (FIFO) method. Inventories in the government-wide financial statements are accounted for using the consumption method. Inventories in the governmental funds financial statements are on the purchases method. The purchases method provides that inventory be treated as an expenditure when purchased. Consumable supplies are reported only if over \$200,000 per agency.

The governmental funds statements have a current financial resources focus. As a result, modified accrual adjustments to capitalize inventory at year-end affect beginning fund balance rather than expenditures. The focus on current financial resources is better maintained by not adjusting the expenditures for the amount of inventory reclassified to the balance sheet. The government-wide statements, however, require the full accrual adjustment to expenditures to properly reflect the amount of inventory consumed during the fiscal year.

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I. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Deferred Bond Issuance Costs

Deferred bond issuance costs consist of the costs incurred related to bond issuance. These costs are capitalized and amortized over the term of the bonds using the straight-line method.

Restricted Assets

Certain resources are classified as restricted assets on the balance sheet because they are maintained in separate bank accounts and their use is limited by bond requirements. The Unemployment Insurance Fund was established by law as a special fund separate and apart from all public money or funds of the State. The cash is maintained in a separate bank account with the U.S. Treasury.

Capital Assets

Capital assets are reported at actual or estimated historical cost. Contributed assets are reported at estimated fair value at the time received. The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend asset lives are not capitalized. Construction in process is capitalized. Capitalization policies (the dollar values above which asset acquisitions are added to the capital asset accounts), depreciation methods, and estimated useful lives of capital assets reported in the government-wide statements and proprietary funds are as follows:

	Capitalization	Depreciation	Estimated
	Policy	Method	Useful Life
Land	\$100,000	Not applicable	Not applicable
Buildings and leasehold improvements	100,000	Straight-line	40 years
Furnishings and equipment	5,000	Straight-line	8 years
Automobiles	5,000	Straight-line	5 years

The depreciation method is straight line with no salvage value. Accumulated depreciation is calculated in total by class of assets by year using the one half year convention in year of purchase. No depreciation is recorded for land and construction in progress.

Works of art and historical items are not capitalized. It is the intent of the State of Kansas that all art works and historical objects be held for the purpose of exhibition to the public to further education and research. It is also the intent to preserve and protect such items to insure their availability to future generations. If any items are sold from any collection, the proceeds from such disposition are intended to be set aside for future acquisitions for the collections.

Infrastructure

The roadway system and bridge system are reported using the modified approach. Accordingly, depreciation is not reported for these systems, and all expenditures, except for additions and improvements are expensed.

Compensated Absences

Classified State employees accrue vacation leave based on the number of years employed up to a maximum rate of 6.5 hours per pay period, and may accumulate a maximum of 240 hours. Upon retirement or termination, employees are paid for accrued vacation leave up to their maximum accumulation. State employees earn sick leave at the rate of 3.7 hours per pay period. Employees who terminate are not paid for unused sick leave. Employees who retire are paid a portion of their unused sick leave based on years of service and hours accumulated. The State uses the vesting method to compute the sick leave liability. The compensated absences liability will be liquidated by the State's governmental and internal service funds.

June 30, 2007

I. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Bonds and Notes Payable

Bonds and notes payable consist of notes and bonds issued to finance capital improvements for various projects. In the government-wide financial statements, and proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term debt is reported as a liability in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type statement of net assets. Bond premiums, discounts, and deferred bond issuance costs are capitalized and amortized over the term of the bonds using the straight-line method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount. Deferred bond issuance costs are reported as an other asset and amortized over the term of the related debt.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as deferred bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of bond debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums and discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources and uses. Bond issuance costs are reported as debt service expenditures.

Other Long-term Obligations

Other long-term obligations consist of claims and judgments, capital leases payable, and other miscellaneous long-term obligations. In the government-wide financial statements, and proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, other long-term obligations are reported as a liability in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type statement of net assets.

Fund Equity

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report reservations of fund balance for amounts that are not available for appropriation or are reserved for a specific purpose. Designations of fund balance represent tentative management plans that are subject to change.

F. Use of Estimates

Management uses estimates and assumptions in preparing financial statements. Those estimates and assumptions affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, the disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities, and the reported revenues and expenses. Actual results could vary from the estimates that were used in preparing the financial statements.

G. Pending Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statements

At June 30, 2007, the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) had issued several statements not yet implemented by the State. The State plans to implement the provisions of these statements on or before their effective dates. Management has not yet determined the impact these new statements will have on the State's financial statements:

GASB Statement No. 45, "Accounting and Financial Reporting by Employers for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions", was issued in June, 2004. This statement establishes standards for the measurement, recognition, and display of OPEB expense/expenditures and related liabilities and assets, note disclosures, and, if applicable, required supplementary information in the financial reports of state and local governmental employers. The provisions of this statement are effective for the State of Kansas for periods beginning after December 15, 2006.

GASB Statement No. 48, "Sales and Pledges of Receivables and Future Revenues and Intra-Entity Transfers of Assets and Future Revenues" was issued in September, 2006. This statement establishes criteria to ascertain if proceeds from sales of future cash flows received should be reported as revenue or as a liability. The provisions of this statement are effective for periods beginning after December 15, 2006.

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I. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

GASB Statement No. 49, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pollution Remediation Obligations", was issued November 2006. This statement provides accounting and financial reporting standards for pollution remediation obligations. These obligations address current or potential detrimental effects of existing pollution. Any one of five events requires the government to estimate the expected outlays and determine if the outlays should be accrued as a liability or capitalize when goods or services are acquired. The provisions of this statement are effective for periods beginning after December 15, 2007.

GASB Statement No. 51, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Intangible Assets" was issued June, 2007. This statement classifies all intangible assets not specifically excluded as capital assets, and existing accounting and financial reporting guidance for capital assets should be applied. In addition, an approach for recognition of internally generated intangible assets is provided. The condition for amortization of these assets is addressed. The provisions of this statement are effective for periods beginning after June 15, 2009.

GASB Statement No. 52, "Land and Other Real Estate Held as an Investment by Endowments" was issues November, 2007. This statement establishes the reporting of these assets by endowments be at fair value. The provisions of this statement are effective for periods beginning after June 15, 2008.

June 30, 2007

II. Stewardship, Compliance, Accountability

A. Excess of Expenditures Over Appropriations

For the year ended June 30, 2007, expenditures did not exceed appropriations or limitations.

B. Deficit Fund Equity

The Transportation – Capital Projects Fund had a deficit fund balance in fiscal year 2007 due to reporting requirements of demand bonds with no long-term financing agreement in place.

III. Detailed Notes On All Funds

A. Deposits and Investments

A summary of deposits and investments at June 30, 2007, is as follows (expressed in thousands):

_	Govt and Business Type Activities	Pension Trust	Investment Trust	College Savings Program	Agency	Component units	Total
Pooled Cash and Investments							
Cash	\$ 29,446	\$ 271	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 340	\$ 0	\$ 30,057
Investments	1,722,709	0	863,759	0	471,881	340,786	3,399,135
Cash deposits with financial							
institutions	63,425	0	0	0	0	0	63,425
Cash with U.S. Treasury	659,836	0	0	0	0	0	659,836
Unclaimed Property invested by							
KPERS	206,902	0	0	0	0	0	206,902
Imprest funds and agency bank	1.260	0	0	0	0	98	1.250
accounts Canteen, members' benefit,	1,260	0	0	0	0	98	1,358
members' money in agency's							
custody	0	0	0	0	10,658	0	10,658
ř	· ·	Ü	· ·	· ·	10,050	· ·	10,050
Kansas Public Employees Retirement (KPERS)	0	17,136,615	0	0	0	0	17 126 615
` '	~			0		~	17,136,615
Investments owned by other funds	765,824	0	0	0	832,825	43,299	1,641,948
Learning Quest investments	0	0	0	1,863,253	0	0	1,863,253
Security deposits held by Kansas							
Insurance Dept.	0	0	0	0	156,941	0	156,941
Star Bonds	49,399	0	0	0	0	0	49,399
Miscellaneous cash and other							
adjustments	(47,340)	0	0	0	(31,602)	2,358,915	2,279,973
Total	\$ 3,451,461	\$ 17,136,886	\$ 863,759	\$1,863,253	\$1,441,043	\$ 2,743,098	\$27,499,500

June 30, 2007

III. Detailed Notes On All Funds

A reconciliation of deposits and investments for the State to the financial statements at June 30, 2007, is as follows (expressed in thousands):

Disclosures	Regarding	Denosits	and	Investments:
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Disclosures Regarding Deposits and investments.	
Total investments and deposits	\$ 23,954,168
Carrying amount of deposits	3,545,332
Total	\$ 27,499,500
Statement of Net Assets	
Governmental and Business-Type Activities	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 1,854,888
Investments at fair market value	687,790
Restricted Cash and Cash Equivalents	830,749
Restricted Investments	78,034
Component Units	
Cash and cash equivalents	423,791
Investments at fair market value	2,125,143
Restricted Cash and Cash Equivalents	82,094
Restricted Investments	112,070
Statement of Fiduciary Net Assets	
Cash and cash equivalents	1,316,124
Investments at fair market value	19,988,817
Total	\$ 27,499,500

Investments Owned by Other Funds

	Primary Government						
		~		Business-Type	Component	****	m
Investment Type		Governmental		Activities	 Units	 Fiduciary	 Total
U.S. Government Obligation	\$	2,105	\$	0	\$ 1,770	\$ 832,825	\$ 836,700
US Government Agency Securities		222,086		138,157	1,105	0	361,348
Mortgage Backed Securities		228		0	0	0	228
Municipal Bonds		725		0	0	0	725
Kansas Banks		0		0	2,706		2,706
Repurchase Agreements		52,806		102,387	4,388	0	159,581
Commercial Paper		39,785		0	0	0	39,785
Municipal Investment Pool		0		0	3,907	0	3,907
Guaranteed Investment Contracts		61,716		12,700	29,423	0	103,839
Corporate Securities		70,945		62,184	0	0	133,129
Total	\$	450,396	\$	315,428	\$ 43,299	\$ 832,825	\$ 1,641,948

June 30, 2007

III. Detailed Notes On All Funds

State Treasury and Municipal Investment Pool Balance

Cash balances in the State Treasury are held in numerous bank accounts. Available cash balances beyond immediate needs are pooled for short-term investment purposes. The cash balances and investments are combined and reported under the caption of "Cash and cash equivalents." The State Treasury and Municipal Investment Pool Balance as of fiscal year-end is comprised as follows (expressed in thousands):

State Treasury and Municipal Investment Pool Balance

Pooled Cash and Investments		
Cash		
Kansas banks demand accounts	\$	30,057
Investments at fair market value		
Kansas banks certificates of deposit		101,709
U.S. government agencies securities		1,009,126
Commercial paper		1,468,645
Repurchase agreements		754,600
Loans Receivable		5,078
Public water supply loan fund		5,000
Linked deposits		54,977
Cash deposits with financial institutions		
Moneys in custodial demand accounts		1,323
Cash items		327
Cash in transit		61,775
Unclaimed property invested by KPERS		206,902
Unemployment trust fund cash with U.S. Treasury	_	659,836
Total State Treasury and Municipal Investment Pool Balance	\$_	4,359,355

June 30, 2007

III. Detailed Notes On All Funds

At June 30, 2007, the carrying amount (book balance) of the deposits included in the State Treasury balance was \$3,5 billion. At June 30, 2007, the State Treasurer had \$188.1 million in the associated bank balances. For cash deposits with financial institutions, the State requires that its depository banks pledge collateral that has a market value equal to or greater than the deposits. Effective March 15, 2004, the Kansas State Treasurer's office in its role as custodian for collateral pledged against the State of Kansas deposits, agreed to follow the changes to the pledged collateral policy that the Pooled Money Investment Board has approved. The criteria for Kansas Bank CDs is as follows:

- U.S. Treasury securities (T-Bills, T-Notes, and Treasury Strips) and Federal Agency securities (Discount Notes and Debentures) with a final maturity of five years and under will require pledging of 100 percent collateralization (for any amount over the \$100,000 FDIC coverage).
- Any other type of security (including CMO's and MBS), surety bonds, or letters of credit (regardless of the final maturity) will require 105 percent collateralization.
- Any security with a final maturity longer than five years will require 105 percent collateralization.

Securities pledged as collateral for demand deposit accounts will not be subject to the new pledged collateral policy. The State's deposits with financial institutions were fully collateralized at fiscal year-end by FDIC insurance or pledged collateral (either government securities, FHLB letters of credit or surety bonds). The pledged securities and bonds are held in safekeeping for the State Treasurer at the Federal Reserve Bank of Kansas City or in approved custodial banks and are held in the name of the State.

The cash balances in the State Treasury are included in the financial statements in the category "Cash and cash equivalents." Also included in this category are amounts outside the State Treasury such as cash in agencies' imprest funds and authorized bank accounts, canteen, benefit and members' moneys in agencies' custody.

Component Unit - KDFA

KDFA has adopted a formal investment policy. The primary objectives of investment activities are, in priority order, safety, yield and liquidity. The standard of care to be used by investment officials shall be the "prudent investor" standard, and shall be applied in the context of managing an overall portfolio.

At June 30, 2007, KDFA has \$248,026 invested in the State of Kansas Municipal Investment Pool. As of June 30, 2007, KDFA has \$3.1 million invested in a repurchase agreement with Morgan Stanley.

Custodial Credit Risk. Custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, KDFA will not be able to recover the value of its deposits or investments that are in the possession of an outside party. The bank balances of KDFA's deposits at June 30, 2007, totaled \$4.7 million. Bank balances are fully insured with an excess insurance bond provided by the counterparty, as well as by the standard coverage of Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC).

Credit Risk. KDFA's policy limits investments to those allowed by State Statute, and further to those with one of the top two ratings from Standard & Poor's or Moody's Investor Services, depending on the type of investment. As of June 30, 2007, KDFA was invested in certificates of deposit, the Kansas Municipal Investment Pool, and a repurchase agreement with Morgan Stanley. As of June 30, 2007, the pool was rated AAAf / S1+ by Standard & Poor's. The repurchase agreement's underlying securities were GNMA securities, which are explicitly guaranteed by the U.S. government and thus carry no credit risk.

Interest Rate Risk. As a means of limiting its exposure to fair value losses arising from the fluctuations in interest rates, KDFA's investment policy limits investment maturities as follows: The portion of the portfolio equal to 150 percent of the current year annual operating expense budget shall be continuously invested in obligations which have maturities of 18 months or less. Moneys in excess of the 150 percent may be invested in obligations greater than 18 months, but no more than 48 months.

June 30, 2007

III. Detailed Notes On All Funds

As of June 30, 2007, KDFA had the following investments with the noted investment maturities (expressed in thousands):

	June 30, 2007									
Investment Type	Fair Value	Le	ess than 1 year	1 year 1 - 5 Years						
Repurchase agreement	\$ 3,120	\$	1,520	\$	1,600					
KMIP	248		248							
Total	\$ 3,368	\$	1,768	\$	1,600					

KDFA's investments during the year did not vary substantially from those at year-end in amounts or level of risk.

Component Unit - KHRC

KHRC has cash balances of \$520,528 in the State Housing Trust Fund and \$444,189 held for Federal and fee funded programs, both of which are managed by the Kansas State Treasurer's office, for the year ended June 30, 2007.

As of June 30, 2007, the carrying amount of deposits in financial institutions for KHRC was \$151,326.

As of June 30, 2007, KHRC had the following investments and maturities:

			Fair Value or	
Investment	Maturities	A	Amortized Cost	
Repurchase agreement	07/02/07	\$	5,202,000	
Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corp.	06/23/08		475,935	*
American Express Credit	10/10/07		492,888	*
General Electric Corp.	09/04/07		495,387	*
Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corp.	12/03/07		978,558	*
		\$	7,644,768	

^{*}Investment is reported at amortized cost.

Investment Policy. KHRC has adopted a formal investment policy. The primary objectives, in priority order, of investments activities shall be safety, liquidity, and yield. The standard of care to be used by investment officials shall be the "prudent person" standard, and shall be applied in the context of managing an overall portfolio. Investments are made with judgment and care, under circumstances then prevailing, which persons of prudence, discretion and intelligence exercise in the management of their own affairs, not for speculation, but for investment, considering the probable safety of the capital as well as the probable income to be derived.

Interest Rate Risk. KHRC minimizes the risk it will realize losses due to declines in the market value of securities in its portfolios, by structuring its investment portfolio so that securities mature to meet cash requirements for scheduled disbursements or ongoing operations, taking into account cash balances available or expected to be available for such requirements, thereby avoiding the need to sell securities on the open market prior to maturity. KHRC also diversifies its investments to minimize the risk of loss resulting from over concentration of assets in specific maturity, specific issuer, or specific class of securities.

Credit Risk. KHRC's investment policy limits the types of investments KHRC may make. KHRC's investment policy limits investments to the following investment types: U.S. Treasury Securities, U.S. Government agency obligations, certificates of deposit, investments in the Kansas Municipal Investment Pool, repurchase agreements, state and municipal debt obligations, commercial paper and money market funds. The investment policy also adds limits to certain types of

June 30, 2007

III. Detailed Notes On All Funds

investments: a) repurchase agreements with underlying investments rated not less than A by Standard & Poor's and A1 by Moody's Investors Service, b) state and municipal obligations rated AAA by S&P or Aaa by Moody's, c) money market funds rated AAAm or AAAm-G by Standards & Poor's, d) stripped securities rated AAA by Standards & Poor's or Aaa by Moody's, and e) commercial paper rated in the highest tier by a nationally recognized rating agency. As of June 30, 2007, KHRC's investments were rated A+ to AAA by Standard & Poor's.

Custodial Credit Risk. Custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, KHRC will not be able to recover the value of its deposits or investments that are in the possession of an outside party. KHRC's investment policy requires collateralization on all demand deposit accounts, and to secure investments in certificates of deposits and repurchase agreements. KHRC also minimizes custodial credit risk by pre-qualifying the custodial or depository institutions, broker/dealers, intermediaries and advisors with which KHRC will do business. As of June 30, 2007, standard FDIC coverage was available for deposits with financial institutions, leaving \$51,326 uncollateralized. Investments held at June 30, 2007, including the underlying securities on the repurchase agreement, are held by the investment's counterparty. As of June 30, 2007, collateralization of the repurchase agreement and deposits held with financial institutions was in progress.

Component Unit - KTEC

The following table summarizes the KTEC's cash and investments at June 30, 2007 (expressed in thousands):

Bank deposits and repurchase agreements	\$ 2,420
Certificates of deposit	1,384
Cash held by the State	 56
Total Deposits	\$ 3,860

Cash in the amount of \$55,925 held by the State, which is not categorized below, represents grant funds received but not yet expended at June 30, 2007.

Custodial Credit Risk. Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, KTEC's deposits may not be returned to them. KTEC does not have a deposit policy for custodial risk. KTEC was not exposed to custodial risk at June 30, 2007, as indicated below (expressed in thousands):

Deposits covered by federal depository insurance or collateral held by KTEC or its agent in KTEC's name	\$ 500
Deposits covered by collateral held by pledging financial institution's trust department	
or by its agent in KTEC's name	3,311
Total Deposits (Bank Balance)	\$ 3,811

June 30, 2007

III. Detailed Notes On All Funds

Investments in Limited Partners consisted of the following at June 30, 2007 (expressed in thousands):

Investments in economic development LLCs		
Wichita Technology Ventures, LLC	\$	873
Manhattan Holdings, LLC	•	646
Prairie Investments for Technology		
Advancement, LLC		281
Quest Ventures, LLC		240
Milestone Ventures, LLC		133
Precede Fund, LLC		204
Venture capital investments		
Bi-State Investment Group, LLC		50
CritiTech, Inc.		407
Quvis, Inc.		155
Relight America, Inc.		147
Redemption Plus Inc.		91
Nanoscale Materials, Inc.		250
Control Vision Corporation		200
Living Naturally		99
Magic Lantern, LLC		57
NutriJoy, Inc.		338
Hiper Technology		300
Vasognix Parmaceuticals, Inc.		200
LaGarde, Inc.		100
iModules Software, Inc.		165
CyDex, Inc.		378
Pixius Communications, LLC		100
PowerSmart, LLC		125
Softvu, LLC		160
Tech Guys, Inc.		250
Winglet Technology, LLC		150
Chemidex		207
Griffin Technology		100
IRR - Residential		200
NUVIO Corporation		150
Deciphera		113
Heartland Technologies		150
Innovia Medical		150
Proteon Therapeutics, LLC		182
Sportvision		42
Urigen		240
Community Wireless		100
Edenspace		250
Peak Vision Sports		150
TDP, Inc.		300
Total	\$	8,433

June 30, 2007

III. Detailed Notes On All Funds

KTEC Holdings hold an equity position in Wichita Technology Ventures, LLC, Manhattan Holdings, LLC, Prairie Investments for Technology Advancement, LLC, Quest Ventures, LLC, Milestore Ventures, LLC, and Precede Fund, LLC. These entities were co-organized by KTEC and others to make equity-related investments in preseed and other early stage financings. KTEC Holdings is in no way obligated to provide future funding to any of the joint ventures. Separate financial statements are available from each of the joint ventures upon request of the joint ventures' management.

Component Unit – Kansas Bioscience Authority

As of June 30, 2007, the Bioscience Authority had a balance of \$1.6 million of cash and money market investments, held in an account with a local investment company.

Deposit and Investment Policies. The Bioscience Authority has formally adopted deposit and investment policies. Investment guidelines were followed by the local investment company which holds the Bioscience Authority's cash and investments.

Custodial Credit Risk. Custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of a failure of the counterparty, the Bioscience Authority will not be able to recover the value of its deposits or investments that are in the possession of an outside party. None of the Bioscience Authority's deposits are subject to custodial credit risk as deposits are less than FDIC insurance coverage limits. However, the underlying securities of \$39.5 million of investments are held by the investment's counterparty.

Credit Risk. As of June 30, 2007, the Authority was invested in municipal securities and government agency securities including FHMLC, FFCB, FHLB and FNMA securities. The municipal and government agency securities were rated AAA by Standard & Poor's and Aaa by Moody's Investors Service. Under the Bioscience Authority investment policy, only AAA-rated securities were considered for investment.

Concentration of Credit Risk. Under the Authority's investment policy, there is no limit on the total amount that can be invested in U.S. Treasury securities, government agency securities, or money market funds. Up to 30 percent can be invested in Federal mortgage-backed securities and 10 percent can be invested in collateralized mortgage obligations. As of June 30, 2007, more than five percent of the Bioscience Authority's investments are held in the following securities:

FHLB	46%
FHLMC	20%
FNMA	29%

Interest Rate Risk. Interest rate risk relates to the exposure to fair value losses arising from the fluctuations in interest rates. Under the Bioscience Authority's investment policy, no less than 80 percent of the investment portfolio is limited to a maximum maturity of five years, with at least 20 percent of the investments may have a maximum maturity of up to eight years. As of June 30, 2007, the Bioscience's Authority had the following investment maturities (expressed in thousands):

Investment Type	I	Fair Value	 Less than 90 days	 90 days to 1 year	1 - 5 years
Municipal Securities	\$	900	\$ 900	\$ 0	\$ 0
Government Securities		38,564	 1,567	 5,553	 31,444
Total	\$	39,464	\$ 2,467	\$ 5,553	\$ 31,444

June 30, 2007

III. Detailed Notes On All Funds

B. Investments

Primary Government

Investments in the State Treasury Balance and Municipal Investment Pool at June 30, 2007, are as follows (expressed in thousands):

U.S. Government agency securities	\$ 361,350
Mortgage backed securities	228
Repurchase agreements	159,581
U.S. Government obligations	836,700
Municipal securities	725
Kansas banks	2,706
State of Kansas Municipal Investment Pool	3,907
Money market investments	39,785
Guaranteed investment contracts	105,010
Corporate securities	133,129
Security deposits held by Kansas Insurance Department	156,941
College Savings Program	1,863,253
Less component units and other reconciling items	 (43,299)
Total investments	\$ 3,620,016

Investments are managed by the Pooled Money Investment Board (PMIB) which maintains a published Investment Policy.

Interest Rate Risk – The PMIB minimizes the risk that the market value of securities in the portfolio will fall due to changes in general interest rates by: (a) structuring the investment portfolio so that securities mature to meet cash requirements for ongoing operations, thereby avoiding the need to sell securities on the open market prior to maturity; and (b) investing operating funds primarily in shorter-term securities.

Credit Risk – The PMIB minimizes credit risk, the risk of loss due to the failure of the security issuer or backer, by: (a) limiting investments to the safest types of securities; (b) pre-qualifying the financial institutions, brokers/dealers, intermediaries, and advisers with which the PMIB will do business; and (c) diversifying the investment portfolio so that potential losses on individual securities will be minimized.

Concentration of Credit Risk – The PMIB minimizes concentration of credit risk by requiring that commercial paper shall never exceed 50 percent of the total PMIB investment portfolio, and that no more than five percent of that portfolio shall be invested in the commercial paper of any single business entity.

June 30, 2007

III. Detailed Notes On All Funds

Investments Owned by Other Funds but maintained by KDFA

Specific Fund Investments – Cash balances not held in the State Treasury may be invested as permitted by bond documents and bond covenants. Allowable investments include:

- U.S. Government obligations
- Obligations of government-sponsored agencies
- Federal funds, unsecured certificates of deposit, time deposits and banker's acceptances
- Deposits fully insured by FDIC
- Certain State or municipal debt obligations
- Certain pre-refunded municipal obligations
- Commercial paper
- Investments in money market funds
- Repurchase agreements
- Stripped securities
- Investments in the Municipal Investment Pool Fund
- Investment agreements
- Guaranteed investment contracts

June 30, 2007

III. Detailed Notes On All Funds

As of June 30, 2007, State agencies had the following investments (expressed in thousands):

Agy No.	Agency Name	Investment Type		Fair Value		Less than 1 Year	1-5 Years		6-10 Years		More than 10 Years
		Guaranteed	_		_		 	_	V	_	
034	Adjutant General	Investment Contracts	\$	26	\$	26	\$ 0	\$	0	\$	0
173	Dept. of Administration	Guaranteed Investment Contracts		6,267		6,267	0		0		0
246	Fort Hays State University	Guaranteed Investment Contracts		468		0	0		468		0
264	Dept. of Health and Environment	Repurchase Agreements		86,064		0	0		4,568		81,496
264	Dept. of Health and Environment	Guaranteed Investment Contracts		12,700		0	0		12,700		0
276	Dept. of Transportation	Repurchase Agreements		16,323		0	0		0		16,323
296	Dept. of Labor	Guaranteed Investment Contracts		15,868		15,868	0		0		0
300	Dept. of Commerce	Repurchase Agreements		4,567		1,120	3,447		0		0
300	Dept. of Commerce	Guaranteed Investment Contracts		39,591		0	33,324		6,267		0
367	Kansas State University	Repurchase Agreements		932		0	0		0		932
367	Kansas State University	Guaranteed Investment Contracts		22,800		0	17,636		723		4,441
379	Emporia State University	Guaranteed Investment Contracts		611		384	0		0		227
385	Pittsburg State University	Guaranteed Investment Contracts		1,998		979	0		0		1,019
521	Dept. of Corrections	Repurchase Agreements		439		0	0		0		439
521	Dept. of Corrections	Guaranteed Investment Contracts		1,135		0	1,135		0		0
682	University of Kansas	Repurchase Agreements		1,939		0	0		1,117		822
682	University of Kansas	Guaranteed Investment Contracts		2,849		282	0		1,795		772
683	University of KS Medical Center	Guaranteed Investment Contracts		695		0	0		0		695
715	Wichita State Unversity	Repurchase Agreements		1,517		0	0		555		962
	Total		\$	216,789	\$	24,926	\$ 55,542	\$	28,193	\$	108,128

III. Detailed Notes On All Funds

The investments shown above include debt service reserve funds and other investments as shown below (expressed in thousands):

			Debt Service					
Agency			Reserve		Other			
No.	Agency Name		Fund		Investments	Total		
034	Adjutant General	\$	0	\$	26	\$	26	
173	Dept. of Administration Fort Hays State		0		6,267		6,267	
246	University Department of Health		468		0		468	
264	and Environment		72,100		26,664		98,764	
276	Dept. of Transportation		16,323		0		16,323	
296	Dept. of Labor		0		15,868		15,868	
300	Dept. of Commerce		14,073		30,085		44,158	
367	Kansas State University Emporia State		6,096		17,636		23,732	
379	University Pittsburg State		386		225		611	
385	University		1,019		979		1,998	
521	Dept. of Corrections		1,574		0		1,574	
682	University of Kansas University of KS	4,788		0			4,788	
683	Medical Center Wichita State		695		0		695	
715	University		1,517		0		1,517	
	Total	\$	119,039	\$	97,750	\$	216,789	

Interest Rate Risk – Due to the tax exempt status of the bonds it is generally the practice of Fund management to match reserve fund interest rates to the arbitrage yield on the bonds and the term of the investments to the maturity of the bonds. For invested loan funds, the Fund generally invests to maximize the interest rate and set a term of investment based on estimated expenditures which is generally 3-5 years.

Credit Risk – The Fund holds investments that may have credit risk since the underlying securities may include securities other than those that take the form of U.S. Treasuries or obligations explicitly guaranteed by the U.S. government. The investments are unrated.

Concentration of Credit Risk – The Fund places no limit on the amount that may be invested with any one provider. The table below identifies the percent of total investments held by each provider as of June 30, 2007 (expressed in thousands).

III. Detailed Notes On All Funds

Agency				Percent of Total for
No.	Agency Name	Investment Provider	 Fair Value	Agency
034	Adjutant General	AIG	\$ 26	100.00%
173	Dept. of Administration	AIG	6,267	100.00%
246	Fort Hays State University	Natixis Funding Corp.	468	100.00%
264	Dept. of Health & Environ.	AIG	25,593	25.90%
264	Dept. of Health & Environ.	AMBAC	7,644	7.74%
264	Dept. of Health & Environ.	Citigroup	17,558	17.78%
264	Dept. of Health & Environ.	MBIA	18,328	18.56%
264	Dept. of Health & Environ.	Morgan Guaranty	1,007	1.02%
264	Dept. of Health & Environ.	Socoete Gemerale	5,895	5.97%
264	Dept. of Health & Environ.	Trinity Plus Funding	11,384	11.53%
264	Dept. of Health & Environ.	Westdietscje	11,355	11.50%
276	Dept. of Transportation	FSA Capital Mgmt. Serv.	16,323	100.00%
296	Dept. of Labor	Trinity Plus	15,868	100.00%
300	Dept. of Commerce	Trinity Plus	30,084	68.13%
300	Dept. of Commerce	AIG	3,447	7.81%
300	Dept. of Commerce	MBIA	3,451	7.81%
300	Dept. of Commerce	Bayerische	3,239	7.34%
300	Dept. of Commerce	FSA Capital Mgmt. Serv.	2,817	6.38%
300	Dept. of Commerce	Merrill Lynch	1,120	2.53%
367	Kansas State University	XL Asset Funding Co.	19,303	81.34%
367	Kansas State University	MBIA	2,774	11.69%
367	Kansas State University	JP Morgan Chase	932	3.93%
367	Kansas State University	Bayerische	723	3.04%
379	Emporia State University	Trinity Plus	227	37.20%
379	Emporia State University	Bayerische	159	25.95%
379	Emporia State University	FSA Capital Mgmt. Serv.	225	36.85%
385	Pittsburg State University	AIG	1,792	89.71%
385	Pittsburg State University	Trinity Plus	206	10.29%
521	Dept. of Corrections	AIG	1,574	100.00%
682	University of Kansas	Bayerische	2,042	42.65%
682	University of Kansas	FSA Capital Mgmt. Serv.	1,872	39.09%
682	University of Kansas	Natixis	445	9.30%

June 30, 2007

III. Detailed Notes On All Funds

Agency No.	Agency Name	Investment Provider	 Fair Value	Percent of Total for Agency
682	University of Kansas	Trinity Plus	429	8.96%
683	University of KS Medical Ctr.	Natixis Funding Corp.	463	66.70%
683	University of KS Medical Ctr.	Societe Generale	232	33.30%
715	Wichita State University	MBIA	962	63.40%
715	Wichita State University	AIG	555	36.60%
	Total		\$ 216,789	

Component Unit-Universities

The following table summarizes the State University System's cash and investments at June 30, 2007 (expressed in thousands):

		Fair Value		
U.S. Government obligations	\$	349		
Kansas banks		2,706		
Invested with PMIB		6,434		
Invested with KDFA		33,812		
Imprest funds		98		
Cash held with the State Treasurer		340,561		
Cash and other investments		2,289,489		
Total cash and investments	\$	2,673,449		

University component unit cash investments minimize risks for credit, interest and concentration of credit per specific investment policies which include U.S. treasury securities or obligations explicitly guaranteed by the U.S. government.

June 30, 2007

III. Detailed Notes On All Funds

Kansas Public Employees Retirement System Investments

Investments and the investment process are governed by K.S.A. 74-4921. The Board of Trustees maintains a formal Statement of Investment Policy, which addresses the governing provisions of the law, as well as specifying additional guidelines for the investment process.

Statutory authority for the Retirement System's investment program is provided in K.S.A. 74-4901, et seq., effective July 1, 1993. The Retirement Act addresses the following areas:

- Establishes the structure of the Board of Trustees, defines the Trustees' responsibilities, imposing the prudent expert standard upon their actions with respect to managing the assets of the Retirement System.
- Requires that the assets be invested to preserve capital and solely to provide benefits to members and the members' beneficiaries.
- Limits the possible allocation of common stock to 60 percent of the total book value of the fund.
- Limits the allocation of private placements and other alternative (non-publicly traded) investments to five percent of the total investment assets of the fund, but if market forces increase allocation above the five percent limitation, it does not require the sale of such investments held unless the sale is in the best interest of members.
- Establishes limits on the structure of future investments in real estate or alternative investments.
- Requires that the Board develop investment policies and objectives to invest fund assets.
- Authorizes the Board to hire qualified professionals/firms to assist in investing the fund and requires that such professionals/firms obtain errors and omissions insurance coverage and fidelity bond insurance coverage.
- Authorizes the Board to pay for the services of retained professionals/firms at the rates fixed by the Board, excluding any reimbursement for expenses and subject to the provisions of the appropriations acts.
- Provides for an annual audit and requires that the Board annually examine the investment program, specific investments, and its policies and practices.

The Retirement System's permissible investment categories include:

- 1) Equities
- 2) Fixed income securities
- 3) Cash equivalents
- 4) Real estate
- 5) Derivative products
- 6) Alternative investments

In fulfilling its responsibilities, the Board of Trustees has contracted with 15 investment management firms and a master global custodian. Presently, the Retirement System has investments in the financial futures market. Futures contracts are contracts for delayed delivery or receipt of securities in which the seller agrees to make delivery and the buyer agrees to take delivery at a specified future date, of a specified instrument, at a specified price. Market risk arises due to market price and interest rate fluctuations that may result in a decrease in the fair value of futures contracts. Futures contracts are traded on organized exchanges and require initial margin in the form of cash or marketable securities. Daily, the net change in the future contract value is settled in cash with the exchanges. Holders of futures contracts look to the exchange for performance under the contract. Accordingly, the credit risk due to nonperformance of counterparties to futures contracts is minimal. At June 30, 2007, the Retirement System had futures contracts with market exposure of approximately \$2.0 million. Cash equivalents and short-term investments in amounts necessary to settle the economic

June 30, 2007

III. Detailed Notes On All Funds

value of the futures contracts were held in the portfolio so that no leverage was employed, in accordance with the Statement of Investment Policy.

The Retirement System's Statement of Investment Policy authorizes participation in a securities lending program administered by the master global custodian, Mellon Trust. The System receives income from the loan of the securities, in addition to the income, which accrues to the System as owner of the securities. The securities loans are open contracts and therefore could be terminated at any time by either party. The types of securities lent include U.S. Government securities, domestic and international equities, and domestic and international bonds.

The borrower collateralizes the loan with either cash or government securities of 102 percent of fair value on domestic securities and 105 percent of fair value on international securities loaned. Cash collateral is invested in the Retirement System's name in a dedicated short-term investment fund consisting of investment grade debt securities. The System does not have the ability to pledge or sell collateral securities without a borrower default. At June 30, 2007, the maturities of securities in this dedicated bond portfolio are as follows: 47 percent of the fair value of the securities mature within 30 days; 16 percent mature between 31 and 180 days; and 37 percent mature after 180 days.

The custodian provides for full indemnification to the Retirement System for any losses that might occur in the event of borrower default. Therefore, the Retirement System does not incur any credit risk as it relates to this activity. The securities on loan are marked to market daily to ensure the adequacy of the collateral. The fair value of securities on loan as of June 30, 2006, and June 30, 2007, were \$2.2 billion and \$2.5 billion respectively. Collateral held by the Retirement System for June 30, 2006, and June 30, 2007, was \$2.3 billion and \$2.6 billion respectively. Net income produced from securities lending activities for fiscal year 2006 was \$4.6 million and for fiscal year 2007 was \$4.1 million.

The Retirement System's international investment managers use forward contracts to hedge the exposure of the international investments to fluctuations in foreign currency. Active international investment managers use forward contracts to enhance returns or to control volatility. The Retirement System also contracts with a currency overlay manager to manage the currency exposure to the System's passive international equity portfolio. Currency risk arises due to foreign exchange rate fluctuations. Forward foreign exchange contracts are negotiated between two counterparties. The Retirement System could incur a loss if its counterparties failed to perform pursuant to terms of their contractual obligations. Controls are established by the investment managers to monitor the creditworthiness of the counterparties.

All forward foreign currency contracts are carried at fair value by the Retirement System. As of June 30, 2007, the System had sold forward currency contracts with a fair value of \$3.4 billion and had bought forward currency contracts with a fair value of \$3.4 billion. Purchases of forward currency contracts are liabilities reported as Securities Purchased, and sales of forward currency contracts are receivables reported as Sale of Investment Securities.

The Retirement System also participates in option contracts. These contractual agreements give the purchaser the right, but not the obligation, to purchase or sell a financial instrument at a specified price within a specified time. Options strategies used by the Retirement System are designed to provide exposures to positive market moves and limit exposures to interest rate and currency fluctuations.

The Retirement System internally manages a Treasury Inflation Protected Securities (TIPS) portfolio. TIPS are fixed income securities issued by the U.S. Treasury that pay a fixed coupon rate plus an adjustment for subsequent inflation. At June 30, 2007, the Retirement System had invested in TIPS with a fair value of approximately \$1.2 billion.

<u>Custodial Credit Risk</u> - is when in the event a financial institution or counterparty fails, the System would not be able to recover value of deposits, investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. One hundred percent (100%) of the System's investments are held in the System's name and are not subject to creditors of the custodial bank.

June 30, 2007

III. Detailed Notes On All Funds

<u>Concentration Risk</u> – The System has investments in Federal National Mortgage Association issued securities that represent 5.3 percent of the total net asset value. KPERS investment policy does not prohibit holdings above five percent in the debt securities of U.S. government issuers. Government sponsored enterprises (GSEs, such as FNMA) are considered government issuers for the purpose of implementing KPERS investment policy. No other single issuer represents five percent or more of System assets other than the U.S. Government.

<u>Currency Risk</u> – is the risk that changes in exchange rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. The Retirement System's investments at June 30, 2007, were distributed among the following currencies (expressed in thousands):

III. Detailed Notes On All Funds

USD Equivalent	Currency	Percent
\$ 194,587	Australian Dollar	1.14%
5,764	Bermudian Dollar	0.03%
56,386	Brazil Real	0.33%
535,252	British Pound Sterling	3.11%
177,699	Canadian Dollar	1.04%
1,891	Chilean Peso	0.01%
6,057	Chinese Yuan Renminbi	0.04%
4,095	Colombian Peso	0.02%
2,653	Czech Koruna	0.02%
13,547	Danish Krone	0.08%
1,758	Egyptian Pound	0.01%
1,370,441	Euro Currency Unit	8.00%
118,796	Hong Kong Dollar	0.69%
4,739	Hungarian Forint	0.03%
3,106	Iceland Krona	0.02%
8,550	Indian Rupee	0.05%
15,074	Indonesian Rupian	0.09%
5,670	Israeli Shekel	0.03%
820,668	Japanese Yen	4.79%
14,291	Malaysian Ringgit	0.08%
53,245	Mexican New Peso	0.31%
6,264	Moroccan Dirham	0.04%
31,717	New Turkish Lira	0.19%
4,429	New Zealand Dollar	0.03%
28,237	Norwegian Krone	0.16%
8,876	Philippines Peso	0.05%
15,401	Polish Zloty	0.09%
25,189	Russian Rubel	0.15%
39,763	S African Comm Rand	0.23%
39,214	Singapore Dollar	0.23%
106,260	South Korean Won	0.62%
87,404	Swedish Krona	0.50%
218,445	Swiss Franc	1.27%
80,093	New Taiwan Dollar	0.47%
6,009	Thailand Baht	0.04%
1,044	Uruguayan Peso	0.01%
4,154	Other currencies	0.02%
13,019,847	U.S. Dollar *	75.98%
\$ 17,136,615		100.00%

^{*} Includes securities lending collateral of \$2,418,559

The System's asset allocation and investment policies include active and passive investments in international securities as shown above. KPERS' target allocation is to have 18 percent of assets (excluding securities lending collateral) in dedicated international equities. The System also has 8 percent of assets targeted to global equities which are expected to

III. Detailed Notes On All Funds

be between 40 and 60 percent international. Core Plus bond managers are allowed to invest up to 20 percent of their portfolio in non-dollar securities. The System utilizes a currency overlay manager to reduce risk by hedging up to 50 percent of the foreign currency for selected international equity portfolios. At June 30, 2007, the System's total foreign currency exposure was 20.4 percent hedged.

<u>Credit Risk</u> – is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to a debt investment will not fulfill its obligations. The Retirement System's investment policies require Core and Core Plus managers to have at least 70 percent of holdings in investment grade securities. Each portfolio is required to maintain a reasonable risk level relative to its benchmark. System assets as of June 30, 2007, subject to credit risk are shown with current credit ratings below (expressed in thousands).

					Securities	
Quality	Commercial			U.S.	Lending	
Rating	Paper	Corporate	Agency	Government	Collateral	Total
NR	\$ 267,259	\$233,489	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 476,199	\$ 976,947
AAA	0	655,621	1,121,757	1,449,033	257,000	3,483,411
AA	288,779	164,598	0	0	1,525,976	1,979,353
A	833	244,362	0	0	159,384	404,579
BAA	0	355,395	0	0	0	355,395
BA	0	81,446	0	0	0	81,446
В	0	77,194	0	0	0	77,194
CAA	0	30,879	0	0	0	30,879
CA	0	652	0	0	0	652
Total	\$556,871	\$1,843,636	\$1,121,757	\$1,449,033	\$2,418,559	\$7,389,856

Commercial Paper also includes repurchase agreements and other short term securities. Agency securities are those implicitly guaranteed by the U.S. Government. U.S. Government securities are treasury securities and agencies explicitly guaranteed. Securities Lending Collateral are securities invested using cash collateral from the securities lending program, not pooled with any other institution's funds. Securities rated A1/P1 are included in AA on this table. The securities lending collateral class has the following policy requirements: to be rated A3/A- or better; Commercial Paper must be A1/P1; Asset-backed securities must be AA3/AA- or better; repurchase agreements must be 102 percent collateralized with A3/A- or A1/P/1 or better securities and held by the custodial bank or third-party custodian. Securities Lending Collateral NR (Not Rated) securities are 100 percent repurchase agreements.

<u>Interest Rate Risk</u> – The risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. Investment policy requires Core and Core Plus managers to be within 20 percent of their benchmark duration, and all fixed portfolios shall maintain a reasonable risk level relative to their benchmarks. The same System assets as above are also subject to interest rate risk. These are shown below grouped by effective duration ranges (expressed in thousands).

III. Detailed Notes On All Funds

					Securities	
Effective	Commercial			U.S.	Lending	
Duration	Paper	Corporate	Agency	Government	Collateral	Total
0-1 yr	\$556,871	\$905,279	\$218,274	\$55,431	\$2,358,273	\$4,094,128
1-3 yrs	0	482,946	63,506	52,044	60,286	658,782
3-5 yrs	0	139,952	399,458	70,674	0	610,084
5-10 yrs	0	187,626	440,519	75,241	0	703,386
10-15 yrs	0	127,833	0	1,195,643	0	1,323,476
Total	\$556,871	\$1,843,636	\$1,121,757	\$1,449,033	\$2,418,559	\$7,389,856

Treasury Inflation Protected Securities comprise 95 percent of the U.S. Gov, 10-15 yrs group. Total TIPS for all duration ranges were valued at \$1.2 billion at June 30, 2007. Securities lending collateral policy limits the maximum average portfolio maturity of 90 days and only floating rate, and fixed rate asset-backed securities may mature beyond thirteen months.

C. External Investment Pool

The Kansas Municipal Investment Pool (MIP) was created on July 1, 1992, as a voluntary, State-managed investment alternative for State and local funds. The Kansas State Treasurer's Office acts as the custodian for all moneys deposited. All Kansas governmental units, including cities, counties, school districts and other governmental entities holding public moneys are eligible to participate in the MIP.

The MIP is considered a mixed pool because agencies of the State of Kansas are participants in the pool. At June 30, 2007, the State's participation in the Pool was \$4.7 million. Deposits in the MIP are combined with State moneys to form the Pooled Money Investment Portfolio (PMIB). Investments subject to categorization of the PMIP are all category 1. As of March 15, 2004, the Pooled Money Investment Portfolio was rated AAAf/S-1+ by Standard & Poor's.

The MIP structure provides fixed rate investment alternatives between 30 and 179 days plus 180 and 365-day maturities as well as a variable rate, daily liquidity, overnight investment alternative. Participants' ownership in the fund is based on their deposits and is reflected as net assets held in trust on the statement of fiduciary net assets. The MIP is valued on a monthly basis.

D. Receivables

Accounts receivable as of June 30, 2007, for the State's primary government and component units net of the applicable allowances for uncollectible accounts, are as follows (expressed in thousands).

	G	overnmental	Type				Component
		Activities		Activities		Total	 Units
Taxes receivable	\$	345,297	\$	0	\$	345,297	\$ 0
Loan receivable		0		700,616		700,616	28,451
Accrued interest		720		12,989		13,709	4,340
Other receivables		431,130		88,636		519,766	 243,241
Total	\$	777,147	\$	802,241	\$	1,579,388	\$ 276,032

Taxes receivable are shown net of allowances for uncollectible taxes of \$315.1 million and net of estimated individual and corporate refunds of \$207.9 million.

June 30, 2007

III. Detailed Notes On All Funds

E. Investment in Direct Financing Leases

Component Units

The Kansas Development Finance Authority issues revenue bonds to facilitate construction of certain capital projects for various State agencies and other public and private entities. KDFA's interests in the projects have been assigned to various State government units through the use of financing revenue transactions. Contained in the trust indenture or resolution and loan agreement for each series of bonds is a pledge of revenue agreement by which revenues paid by the various governmental units, as loan obligors to KDFA are pledged to pay bond debt service. Amounts are actually paid by the State agencies directly to the bond paying agents for the revenue bonds.

Net investment in direct financing obligations as of June 30, 2007, are as follows (expressed in thousands):

Total minimum lease payments to be received	\$ 326,370
Less: unearned income	(93,180)
Net investment in direct financing leases	\$ 233,190

The future minimum loan payments to be received by KDFA under the direct financing agreements mirror the payments to be made by KDFA under the revenue bonds payable.

F. Restricted Assets

Certain revenue bond proceeds and other resources set aside for bond repayment, capital projects, and other purposes are reported as restricted assets in the Statement of Net Assets because their use is limited by applicable bond covenants or statutory provisions.

Donor-Restricted Assets. Kansas' permanent endowment moneys are held primarily by State university foundations. Each university has a separate foundation, and each foundation has its own policies and procedures. Typically, the permanent endowment funds have a nonexpendable permanent corpus and an earnings reserve, which is used to receive earnings and pay expenses. The donor restrictions and the Uniform Management of Institutional Funds Act (K.S.A. 58-3601) provide guidance on how these funds can be invested, and also govern the spending of net appreciation from these investments. Net appreciation is reflected in restricted net assets. The amount of net appreciation available to be spent can be found in the individual foundation annual financial reports.

Invested in capital assets, restricted for capital projects, restricted for debt service and restricted for other purposes are each shown separately on the Statement of Net Assets. The majority of restrictions are within the component units, with \$377.9 million from the Kansas University Endowment. Restrictions as of June 30, 2007, from the State's primary government and component units are as follows (expressed in thousands).

June 30, 2007

III. Detailed Notes On All Funds

Primary Government

				Business-				
	Governmental		Type					
		Activities	Activities		_		Total	
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	\$	9,538,694	\$	256		\$	9,538,950	
Restricted for debt service		93,923		30,977			124,900	
Restricted for other purposes		0		1,056,481			1,056,481	
Unrestricted		331,906		6,768	_		338,674	
Total	\$	9,964,523	\$	1,094,482	_	\$	11,059,005	

Component Units

Component Units

		Kansas		Kansas		Kansas				
	De	velopment	Te	chnology		Housing	l	Kansas	State	
]	Finance	E	nterprise	Resources		Bi	oscience	University	
	A	uthority	Co	orporation	Corporation		Authority		System	Total
Invested in capital assets, net of	\$	23	\$	109	\$	367	\$	95	1,023,410	\$ 1,024,004
related debt										
Restricted for capital projects		0		0		0		0	39,850	39,850
Restricted for debt service		0		0		0		0	22,920	22,920
Restricted for other purposes		0		1,438		2,249		0	994,425	998,112
Unrestricted		5,708		13,539		9,818		47,653	1,401,619	1,478,337
Total	\$	5,731	\$	15,086	\$	12,434	\$	47,748	3,482,224	\$ 3,563,223

June 30, 2007

III. Detailed Notes On All Funds

G. Capital Assets

Balance Balance Increase Decrease Balance	Primary Government	1	(expressed in thousands) Beginning				Ending		
Capital assets, not being depreciated: Land \$ 167,416 \$ 8,007 \$ 20 \$ 175,403 Land improvements 80,511 2,818 4 83,325 Construction in progress 887,584 272,459 323,866 836,177 Infrastructure (including construction in progress) 8,743,979 517,595 98,565 9,163,009 Total capital assets, not being depreciated: 9,879,490 800,879 422,455 10,257,914 Capital assets, being depreciated: 80,879,490 800,879 422,455 10,257,914 Capital assets, being depreciated: 80,879,490 800,879 422,455 10,257,914 Capital assets, being depreciated: 80,870 47,376 26,970 451,976 Vehicles 63,840 9,122 6,451 66,511 Water rights 27,273 0 0 27,273 Totals 310,897 28,629 694 338,832 Equipment and furnishings 214,483 33,834 23,626 224,691 Vehicles		1		Increases		Decreases		•	
Land \$ 167,416 \$ 8,007 \$ 20 \$ 175,403 Land improvements 80,511 2,818 4 83,325 Construction in progress 887,584 272,459 323,866 836,177 Infrastructure (including construction in progress) 8,743,979 517,595 98,565 9,163,009 Total capital assets, not being depreciated 9,879,490 800,879 422,455 10,257,914 Capital assets, being depreciated: 80,879,490 800,879 422,455 10,257,914 Capital assets, being depreciated: 80,879,490 800,879 422,455 10,257,914 Capital assets, being depreciated: 80,871 48,013 943 1,130,284 Equipment and furnishings 431,570 47,376 26,970 451,976 Vehicles 63,840 9,122 6,451 66,511 Water rights 1,605,897 104,511 34,364 1,676,044 Less accumulated depreciation for: 81,000 9,980 6,451 42,498 Vehicles 38,969 9,980	Governmental activities								
Land improvements 80,511 2,818 4 83,325 Construction in progress 887,584 272,459 323,866 836,177 Infrastructure (including construction in progress) 8,743,979 517,595 98,565 9,163,009 Total capital assets, not being depreciated 9,879,490 800,879 422,455 10,257,914 Capital assets, being depreciated: 8 80,871 48,013 943 1,130,284 Equipment and furnishings 431,570 47,376 26,970 451,976 Vehicles 63,840 9,122 6,451 66,511 Water rights 27,273 0 0 27,273 Totals 1,605,897 104,511 34,364 1,676,044 Less accumulated depreciation for: 8 214,483 33,834 23,626 224,691 Vehicles 38,969 9,980 6,451 42,498 Water rights 12,818 601 0 13,419 Totals 577,167 73,044 30,771 619,440	Capital assets, not being depreciated:								
Construction in progress 887,584 272,459 323,866 836,177 Infrastructure (including construction in progress) 8,743,979 517,595 98,565 9,163,009 Total capital assets, not being depreciated 9,879,490 800,879 422,455 10,257,914 Capital assets, being depreciated: 800,879 422,455 10,257,914 Buildings and improvements 1,083,214 48,013 943 1,130,284 Equipment and furnishings 431,570 47,376 26,970 451,976 Vehicles 63,840 9,122 6,451 66,511 Water rights 1,605,897 104,511 34,364 1,676,044 Less accumulated depreciation for: 80,000 28,629 694 338,832 Equipment and furnishings 214,483 33,834 23,626 224,691 Vehicles 38,969 9,980 6,451 42,498 Water rights 12,818 601 0 13,419 Totals 577,167 73,044 30,771 619,440	Land	\$	167,416	\$	8,007	\$	20	\$	175,403
Infrastructure (including construction in progress) 8,743,979 517,595 98,565 10,257,914	Land improvements		80,511		2,818		4		83,325
Total capital assets, not being depreciated: 9,879,490 800,879 422,455 10,257,914 Capital assets, being depreciated: 80,879 422,455 10,257,914 Buildings and improvements 1,083,214 48,013 943 1,130,284 Equipment and furnishings 431,570 47,376 26,970 451,976 Vehicles 63,840 9,122 6,451 66,511 Water rights 27,273 0 0 27,273 Totals 1,605,897 104,511 34,364 1,676,044 Less accumulated depreciation for: 80,409 28,629 694 338,832 Equipment and furnishings 214,483 33,834 23,626 224,691 Vehicles 38,969 9,980 6,451 42,498 Water rights 12,818 601 0 13,419 Totals 577,167 73,044 30,771 619,440 Total capital assets, being depreciated, net 1,028,730 31,467 3,593 1,056,604 Governmental activity c	Construction in progress		887,584		272,459		323,866		836,177
Capital assets, being depreciated: Buildings and improvements 1,083,214 48,013 943 1,130,284 Equipment and furnishings 431,570 47,376 26,970 451,976 Vehicles 63,840 9,122 6,451 66,511 Water rights 27,273 0 0 27,273 Totals 1,605,897 104,511 34,364 1,676,044 Less accumulated depreciation for: 8 8 8 29 694 338,832 Equipment and furnishings 214,483 33,834 23,626 224,691 Vehicles 38,969 9,980 6,451 42,498 Water rights 12,818 601 0 13,419 Totals 577,167 73,044 30,771 619,440 Total capital assets, being depreciated, net 1,028,730 31,467 3,593 1,056,604 Governmental activity capital assets, net \$10,908,220 \$832,346 \$426,048 \$11,314,518 Business-type activities 24,001 \$1,056,604 \$1,000,000 \$1,000,000 \$1,000,000 \$1,000,00	Infrastructure (including construction in progress)		8,743,979		517,595		98,565		9,163,009
Buildings and improvements 1,083,214 48,013 943 1,130,284 Equipment and furnishings 431,570 47,376 26,970 451,976 Vehicles 63,840 9,122 6,451 66,511 Water rights 27,273 0 0 27,273 Totals 1,605,897 104,511 34,364 1,676,044 Less accumulated depreciation for: 8 8 8 8 24,629 694 338,832 Equipment and furnishings 214,483 33,834 23,626 224,691 224,691 Vehicles 38,969 9,980 6,451 42,498 42,498 Water rights 12,818 601 0 13,419 Totals 577,167 73,044 30,771 619,440 Total capital assets, being depreciated, net 1,028,730 31,467 3,593 1,056,604 Governmental activity capital assets, net \$10,908,220 \$832,346 \$426,048 \$11,314,518 Business-type activities \$1,000 \$1	Total capital assets, not being depreciated		9,879,490		800,879		422,455		10,257,914
Equipment and furnishings 431,570 47,376 26,970 451,976 Vehicles 63,840 9,122 6,451 66,511 Water rights 27,273 0 0 27,273 Totals 1,605,897 104,511 34,364 1,676,044 Less accumulated depreciation for: 801dings and improvements 310,897 28,629 694 338,832 Equipment and furnishings 214,483 33,834 23,626 224,691 Vehicles 38,969 9,980 6,451 42,498 Water rights 12,818 601 0 13,419 Totals 577,167 73,044 30,771 619,440 Total capital assets, being depreciated, net 1,028,730 31,467 3,593 1,056,604 Governmental activity capital assets, net \$10,908,220 \$832,346 \$426,048 \$11,314,518 Business-type activities \$4,391 \$118 175 \$4,334 Less accumulated depreciation for: \$4,000 142 64 4,078 <td>Capital assets, being depreciated:</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>	Capital assets, being depreciated:								
Vehicles 63,840 9,122 6,451 66,511 Water rights 27,273 0 0 27,273 Totals 1,605,897 104,511 34,364 1,676,044 Less accumulated depreciation for: Buildings and improvements 310,897 28,629 694 338,832 Equipment and furnishings 214,483 33,834 23,626 224,691 Vehicles 38,969 9,980 6,451 42,498 Water rights 12,818 601 0 13,419 Totals 577,167 73,044 30,771 619,440 Total capital assets, being depreciated, net 1,028,730 31,467 3,593 1,056,604 Governmental activity capital assets, net \$10,908,220 \$832,346 \$426,048 \$11,314,518 Business-type activities Capital assets, being depreciated: Equipment and furnishings \$4,391 \$118 \$175 \$4,334 Less accumulated depreciation for: Equipment and furnishings 4,000 142 64 4,078	Buildings and improvements		1,083,214		48,013		943		1,130,284
Water rights 27,273 0 0 27,273 Totals 1,605,897 104,511 34,364 1,676,044 Less accumulated depreciation for: 800,897 28,629 694 338,832 Equipment and furnishings 214,483 33,834 23,626 224,691 Vehicles 38,969 9,980 6,451 42,498 Water rights 12,818 601 0 13,419 Totals 577,167 73,044 30,771 619,440 Total capital assets, being depreciated, net 1,028,730 31,467 3,593 1,056,604 Governmental activity capital assets, net \$10,908,220 \$832,346 \$46,048 \$11,314,518 Business-type activities Capital assets, being depreciated: \$10,908,220 \$832,346 \$46,048 \$11,314,518 Less accumulated depreciation for: \$4,391 \$118 \$175 \$4,334 Less accumulated depreciation for: \$20,000 \$4,000 \$40 \$4,078	· ·		431,570		47,376		26,970		451,976
Totals 1,605,897 104,511 34,364 1,676,044 Less accumulated depreciation for: 8 uildings and improvements 310,897 28,629 694 338,832 Equipment and furnishings 214,483 33,834 23,626 224,691 Vehicles 38,969 9,980 6,451 42,498 Water rights 12,818 601 0 13,419 Totals 577,167 73,044 30,771 619,440 Total capital assets, being depreciated, net 1,028,730 31,467 3,593 1,056,604 Governmental activity capital assets, net \$ 10,908,220 \$ 832,346 \$ 426,048 \$ 11,314,518 Business-type activities Capital assets, being depreciated: \$ 24,334 \$ 118 175 \$ 4,334 Less accumulated depreciation for: Equipment and furnishings 4,000 142 64 4,078	Vehicles		63,840		9,122		6,451		66,511
Less accumulated depreciation for: 310,897 28,629 694 338,832 Equipment and furnishings 214,483 33,834 23,626 224,691 Vehicles 38,969 9,980 6,451 42,498 Water rights 12,818 601 0 13,419 Totals 577,167 73,044 30,771 619,440 Total capital assets, being depreciated, net 1,028,730 31,467 3,593 1,056,604 Governmental activity capital assets, net \$ 10,908,220 \$ 832,346 \$ 426,048 \$ 11,314,518 Business-type activities Capital assets, being depreciated: Equipment and furnishings \$ 4,391 \$ 118 \$ 175 \$ 4,334 Less accumulated depreciation for: Equipment and furnishings 4,000 142 64 4,078	Water rights		27,273		0		0		27,273
Buildings and improvements 310,897 28,629 694 338,832 Equipment and furnishings 214,483 33,834 23,626 224,691 Vehicles 38,969 9,980 6,451 42,498 Water rights 12,818 601 0 13,419 Totals 577,167 73,044 30,771 619,440 Governmental assets, being depreciated, net 1,028,730 31,467 3,593 1,056,604 Governmental activity capital assets, net \$10,908,220 \$832,346 \$426,048 \$11,314,518 Business-type activities Capital assets, being depreciated: Equipment and furnishings \$4,391 \$118 \$175 \$4,334 Less accumulated depreciation for: Equipment and furnishings 4,000 142 64 4,078	Totals		1,605,897		104,511		34,364		1,676,044
Equipment and furnishings 214,483 33,834 23,626 224,691 Vehicles 38,969 9,980 6,451 42,498 Water rights 12,818 601 0 13,419 Totals 577,167 73,044 30,771 619,440 Total capital assets, being depreciated, net 1,028,730 31,467 3,593 1,056,604 Governmental activity capital assets, net \$ 10,908,220 \$ 832,346 \$ 426,048 \$ 11,314,518 Business-type activities Capital assets, being depreciated: Equipment and furnishings \$ 4,391 \$ 118 \$ 175 \$ 4,334 Less accumulated depreciation for: Equipment and furnishings 4,000 142 64 4,078	Less accumulated depreciation for:								
Vehicles 38,969 9,980 6,451 42,498 Water rights 12,818 601 0 13,419 Totals 577,167 73,044 30,771 619,440 Total capital assets, being depreciated, net 1,028,730 31,467 3,593 1,056,604 Governmental activity capital assets, net \$ 10,908,220 \$ 832,346 \$ 426,048 \$ 11,314,518 Business-type activities Capital assets, being depreciated: Equipment and furnishings \$ 4,391 \$ 118 \$ 175 \$ 4,334 Less accumulated depreciation for: Equipment and furnishings 4,000 142 64 4,078	Buildings and improvements		310,897		28,629		694		338,832
Water rights 12,818 601 0 13,419 Totals 577,167 73,044 30,771 619,440 Total capital assets, being depreciated, net 1,028,730 31,467 3,593 1,056,604 Governmental activity capital assets, net \$ 10,908,220 \$ 832,346 \$ 426,048 \$ 11,314,518 Business-type activities Capital assets, being depreciated: Equipment and furnishings \$ 4,391 \$ 118 \$ 175 \$ 4,334 Less accumulated depreciation for: Equipment and furnishings 4,000 142 64 4,078	Equipment and furnishings		214,483		33,834		23,626		224,691
Totals 577,167 73,044 30,771 619,440 Total capital assets, being depreciated, net 1,028,730 31,467 3,593 1,056,604 Governmental activity capital assets, net \$ 10,908,220 \$ 832,346 \$ 426,048 \$ 11,314,518 Business-type activities Capital assets, being depreciated: Equipment and furnishings \$ 4,391 \$ 118 \$ 175 \$ 4,334 Less accumulated depreciation for: Equipment and furnishings 4,000 142 64 4,078	Vehicles		38,969		9,980		6,451		42,498
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net Governmental activity capital assets, net 1,028,730	Water rights		12,818		601		0		13,419
Governmental activity capital assets, net \$\frac{10,908,220}{\$}\$\$\$ 832,346 \$	Totals		577,167		73,044		30,771		619,440
Business-type activities Capital assets, being depreciated: Equipment and furnishings \$ 4,391 \$ 118 \$ 175 \$ 4,334 Less accumulated depreciation for: Equipment and furnishings 4,000 142 64 4,078	Total capital assets, being depreciated, net		1,028,730		31,467		3,593		1,056,604
Capital assets, being depreciated: Equipment and furnishings \$ 4,391 \$ 118 \$ 175 \$ 4,334 Less accumulated depreciation for: Equipment and furnishings 4,000 142 64 4,078	Governmental activity capital assets, net	\$	10,908,220	\$	832,346	\$	426,048	\$	11,314,518
Capital assets, being depreciated: Equipment and furnishings \$ 4,391 \$ 118 \$ 175 \$ 4,334 Less accumulated depreciation for: Equipment and furnishings 4,000 142 64 4,078	Business-type activities								
Less accumulated depreciation for: Equipment and furnishings 4,000 142 64 4,078									
Equipment and furnishings 4,000 142 64 4,078	Equipment and furnishings	\$	4,391	\$	118	\$	175	\$	4,334
Equipment and furnishings 4,000 142 64 4,078									
Rusiness-type activity capital assets net \$ 301 \$ (24) \$ 111 \$ 256	-		4,000		142		64		4,078
Business-type activity capital assets, let ϕ = $\frac{571}{\phi}$ ϕ = $\frac{(24)}{\phi}$ ϕ = $\frac{111}{\phi}$ = $\frac{230}{\phi}$	Business-type activity capital assets, net	\$	391	\$	(24)	\$	111	\$	256

June 30, 2007

III. Detailed Notes On All Funds

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs as follows (expressed in thousands):

Governmental activities	
General government	\$ 12,452
Human resources	8,209
Education	1,572
Public safety	23,128
Agriculture and natural resources	4,136
Highways and other transportation	22,240
Health and environment	1,307
Total depreciation expense – Government activities	\$ 73,044
Business-type activities	
Health care stabilization	\$ 1
Lottery	141
Total depreciation expense – Business-type activities	\$ 142

June 30, 2007

III. Detailed Notes On All Funds

Component Units	Daginning		(expressed in thousands)					F . 1'		
		eginning Balance	Increases		Dec	creases		Ending Balance		
Kansas Development Finance Authority										
Capital assets, being depreciated	Φ	170	ф	10	Ф	7	Ф	170		
Furniture and equipment	\$	170 108	\$	10	\$	7	\$	173		
Buildings and improvements Less accumulated depreciation				0		0		108		
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net	\$	225 53	\$	(30)	\$	$\frac{7}{0}$	\$	258 23		
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net	Þ		Ф	(30)	Φ	<u> </u>	Þ	23		
Kansas Technology Enterprise Corporation										
Capital assets, being depreciated										
Furniture and equipment	\$	1,346	\$	0	\$	394	\$	952		
Less accumulated depreciation		1,202		71		430	_	843		
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net	\$	144	\$	71	\$	(36)	\$	109		
Kansas Housing Resources Corporation										
Capital assets, being depreciated										
Furniture and equipment	\$	312	\$	171	\$	0	\$	483		
Vehicles		12		0		0		12		
Building improvements		49		0		0		49		
Less accumulated depreciation		124		53	_	0		177		
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net	\$	249	\$	118	\$	0	\$	367		
Kansas Bioscience Authority										
Capital assets, being depreciated										
Furniture and equipment	\$	0	\$	99	\$	0	\$	99		
Building improvements		0		6		0		6		
Less accumulated depreciation		0		10		0		10		
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net	\$	0	\$	95	\$	0	\$	95		
University System										
Capital assets, not being depreciated:										
Land	\$	33,964	\$	1,852	\$	202	\$	35,614		
Land improvements		33,210		1,775		260		34,725		
Construction in progress		175,168		127,452	_	226,991		75,629		
Total capital assets, not being depreciated		242,342		131,079		227,453		145,968		
Capital assets, being depreciated:		4 040 000		251 515				2 002 004		
Buildings and improvements		1,818,022		271,717		6,643		2,083,096		
Equipment and furnishings		405,150		44,886		19,109		430,927		
Vehicles		38,800		5,292		1,710		42,382		
Total capital assets, being depreciated		2,261,972		321,895		27,462		2,556,405		
Less accumulated depreciation for:		702.216		EC 502		2 1 4 2		046 570		
Building and improvements		793,216		56,503		3,142		846,578		
Equipment and furnishings		254,480		35,482		15,702		274,261		
Vehicles		34,968		1,991		1,643		35,316		
Totals		1,082,664		93,976		20,487		1,156,153		
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net	Φ.	1,179,308	Φ.	227,919	Φ.	6,975	Φ.	1,400,252		
University capital assets, net	\$	1,421,650	\$	358,998	\$ 2	234,428	\$	1,546,220		

June 30, 2007

III. Detailed Notes On All Funds

Construction Commitments

The State has active construction projects as of June 30, 2007. The projects include road projects, dam repair, building remodeling and restoration, and new juvenile correctional facilities. At year-end, the State's commitments with contractors are as follows (expressed in thousands):

Agency – Project	Spent -to- Date	Remaining Commitment	Funding Source
Agency – Project	Date	Communent	Funding Source
Primary Government			
Kansas Department of Transportation - Various Roadway Projects (over 3,000 projects)	\$ 0	\$ 909,800	Federal, State and Local funds (primarily in the form of matching Federal highway construction funds, motor fuel tax moneys and vehicle registrations and permits)
Department of Social and Rehabilitation Services			
State Hospitals Rehabilitation & Repair	35,000	0	Bonds
Department of Administration - Statehouse restoration and renovation and underground parking garage	103,908	47,319	Lease Revenue Bonds secured by lease rents
Docking Building Cooling Tower Replacement	2,127	362	State General Fund
Department of Wildlife and Parks - Prairie Spirit Trail Development Cheyenne Bottoms Visitor Center Milford Hatchery Improvements	1,092 414 64	722 2,524 900	State and Federal fund State fund, Federal fund, gifts and donations State fund
Adjutant General's Department - Wichita South Armory Pittsburg State University/Pittsburg Readiness Ctr Readiness Center Additions/Alteration - Topeka Armory	1,157 2,766 2,586	11 3,709 100	State bond funds and federal funds State bond funds and federal funds Federal funds
Osawatomie State Hospital Adair Complex Project East Biddle Renovation School for the Deaf -	5,554	948 2,700	State capital improvement funds State capital improvement funds
Dormitory Renovation to Meet Fire Code Requirements and Life Safety Issues	1,764	0	Line of Credit – Master Lease Program
Component Units			
Fort Hays State University - Memorial Union Renovation	5,787	713	Bonds
Kansas State University - Jardine Apartments Housing Project Parking Garage	45,255 641	27,030 16,359	Bonds Bonds
Emporia State University - Twin Towers Physical Ed Building Roof	8,055 36	258 364	State funds State funds
Pittsburg State University - Kansas Polymer Research Center	5,020	712	Bonds (2005D Scientific Research and Development Facilities) and private gifts

June 30, 2007

III. I	Detailed Notes	On All Fund	ls
Kansas Army National Guard Readiness Center	3,749	5,646	Bonds, education building funds, general fees fund, student fees fund/private gifts and federal grant – KS Army National Guard
University of Kansas -			
Multicultural Resource Center and Kansas Union Expansion	3,149	2,141	Restricted fees, private donations and KU Union funds
Student Recreation Center Expansion	635	5,665	Revenue Bonds secured by pledged revenue from KU Athletics
KLETC Capital Improvement Project	314	16,108	Revenue Bonds secured by KLETC Docket fees (Bonds will be issued in Fall 2007)
University of Kansas Medical Center -			
Parking Garage No. 3	11,723	20	Bonds, gifts and parking revenues
Miscellanies	2,779	Unknown	University funds
Wichita State University -			
Engineering Research Lab Building.	9,697	1,946	Bonds and private funds
Total	\$ 253,272	\$ 1,046,057	

H. Interfund Receivables, Payables, and Transfers

Due from/to other funds

Due from/to other funds represent interfund accounts receivable and payable. The total of due from/to other funds at June 30, 2007, is as follows (expressed in thousands):

	Due from]	Due to	
Fund	Oth	ner Funds	Other Funds		
General Fund	\$	9,750	\$	46,145	
Social and Rehabilitation Fund		0		188	
Transportation Fund		30,896		0	
Non-major Governmental Funds		17,918		4,775	
Non-major Enterprise Funds		0		5,750	
Internal Service Funds		0		1,706	
Fiduciary Funds		5,750		5,750	
Total	\$	64,314	\$	64,314	

Advances to/from other funds

Advances to/from other funds represent long-term loans from one fund to another fund. Advances at June 30, 2007, were as follows (expressed in thousands):

	Adva	ances to	Adv	ances from		
Fund	Othe	r Funds	Other Funds			
General Fund	\$	0	\$	140,603		
Social and Rehabilitation Fund		80		2,160		
Transportation Fund		61,794		0		
Non-major Governmental Funds		82,468		2,802		
Health Care Stabilization Fund		1		0		
Non-major Enterprise Funds		4,000		0		
Internal Service Funds		30		2,808		
Total	\$	148,373	\$	148,373		

III. Detailed Notes On All Funds

The interfund balances designated as due from/to other funds are short-term receivables and payables resulting from the time lag between the dates that a) interfund goods and services are provided or reimbursable expenditures occur; b) transactions are recorded in the accounting system; and c) payments between funds are made.

Net transfers by major funds are as follows (expressed in thousands):

Fund	Net Transfers In	Net Transfers Out
General	\$ 0	\$ 70,385
Social and Rehabilitation	410,471	0
Transportation	0	227,991
Health Policy Authority	0	683,601
Non-Major Governmental	609,606	0
Unemployment Insurance	0	2,895
Health Care Stabilization	3,032	0
Non-Major Enterprise	0	70,018
Internal Service Fund	0	5,049
Fiduciary Funds	36,830	0
Totals	\$1,059,939	\$1,059,939

I. Short-term Obligations

Short-term obligations at June 30, 2007, and changes for the fiscal year then ended (expressed in thousands) are as follows:

	6/30/06 Beginning Balance		Additions Deletions				6/30/07 Ending Balance		
Governmental Activities									
Certificates of Indebtedness	\$	0	\$	200,000	\$	200,000	\$	0	
Accrued receivables:									
State Building Fund		0		38,333		38,333		0	
Children's Initiatives Fund		0		23,311		23,311		0	
Correctional Institution Building Fund		0		3,994		3,994		0	
State Economic Development		0		21,216		21,216		0	
Kansas Endowment for Youth Fund		0		200		200		0	
27 th Paycheck		0		27,556		27,556		0	
Bond Anticipation Notes:									
KDFA Series 2007-1, 5.80%		0		3,000		0		3,000	
Total short-term obligations	\$	0	\$	317,610	\$	314,610	\$	3,000	

A Certificate of Indebtedness may be written and issued by the Pooled Money Investment Board (PMIB), an agency of the State, per K.S.A. 75-3725a. This occurs when it appears estimated resources are sufficient in the State General Fund (SGF) to meet the State's expenditures and obligations for that fiscal year, but may not be sufficient to do so in a particular month(s) when obligations are due. Once approval has been granted as prescribed in K.S.A. 75-3725a, the written Certificate of Indebtedness is issued by the PMIB subject to redemption from the SGF not later than June 30, immediately following the issuance of the indebtedness. No interest is accrued or paid. A Certificate of Indebtedness of \$200 million was issued on December 14, 2006 and redeemed on June 30, 2007.

June 30, 2007

III. Detailed Notes On All Funds

Per K.S.A. 76-6b11, on July 1 of each year ad valorem tax and receivables are posted to the State Treasurer's receivables for the State Buildings Fund. The receivable is reduced as the ad valorem taxes are received. In fiscal year 2007, \$25.5 million was posted to the Kansas Educational Building Fund and \$12.8 million to the State Institutions Buildings Fund. The receipts reduced the receivable to zero in June 2007.

Per Senate Bill 480, Section 76(g) of the 2006 Session, receivables are to be posted to the State Treasurer's receivables for the Children's Initiatives Fund by an amount certified by the director of budget which is to be 50 percent of the estimated receipts during the year. The receivable amount is reduced as moneys are received into the fund. In fiscal year 2007 a receivable was posted for \$23.3 million and was reduced to zero in April 2007.

Per Senate Bill 480, Section 76(i) of the 2006 Session, on July 1, 2006, receivables are to be posted to the State Treasurer's receivables for the Correctional Institutions Building Fund by an amount certified by the director of budget which is to be 80 percent of the estimated receipts during the year. The receivable amount is reduced as moneys are received into the fund. In fiscal year 2007, a receivable was posted for \$4 million and was reduced to zero in March, 2007.

Per Senate Bill 480, Section 76(h) of the 2006 Session, on July 1, 2006, receivables are to be posted to the State Treasurer's receivables for the State Economic Development Initiatives Fund by an amount certified by the director of budget which is to be 50 percent of the estimated receipts during the year. The receivable amount is reduced as moneys are received into the fund. In fiscal year 2007, a receivable was posted for \$21.2 million and was reduced to zero in December 2006.

Per Senate Bill 480, Section 76(j) of the 2006 Session, on July 1, 2006, receivables are to be posted to the State Treasurer's receivables for the Kansas Endowment for Youth Fund by an amount certified by the director of budget which is to be 80 percent of the amount approved for expenditure during the fiscal year. The receivable amount is reduced as moneys are received into the fund. In fiscal year 2007, a receivable was posted for \$.2 million and was reduced to zero in March 2007.

Per Senate Bill 480, Section 76(p), on July 1, 2006, receivables are to be posted to the State Treasurer's receivables for the 27th Payroll in the amount of \$27.6 million. The receivable amount is reduced as moneys are received into the fund. In fiscal year 2007, a receivable was posted for \$27.6 million and was reduced to zero in June 2007.

The Kansas Development Finance Authority is empowered by law to consider, authorize, issue, and sell debt obligations of the State. To date, the KDFA has authorized the issuance of notes in anticipation of revenue bond financing. When this short-term debt does not meet long-term financing criteria, it is classified among fund liabilities.

The \$3 million KDFA Bond Anticipation Note, Series 2007-1, was issued to fund a capital improvement project for the Kansas Army National Guard Armory. The loan was provided by the Pooled Money Investment Board for a term of 365 days (due February 1, 2008) at an interest rate of 5.80%.

III. Detailed Notes On All Funds

J. Long-term Obligations

 $A \ summary \ of \ long-term \ obligations \ at \ June \ 30, \ 2007, \ for \ the \ fiscal \ year \ then \ ended \ is \ as \ follows \ (expressed \ in \ thousands):$

	Government		Bus	siness-type	(Component	
	Activities			ctivities		Units	 Total
Revenue bonds payable	\$	2,740,099	\$	714,857	\$	684,398	\$ 4,139,354
Sales tax limited obligation bonds		218,420		0		0	218,420
Notes payable		18,278		0		120,443	138,721
Capital leases payable		145,366		0		16,143	161,509
Arbitrage rebate payable		97		1,340		69	1,506
Claims and judgements		61,593		180,801		0	242,394
Compensated absences		118,796		59		52,503	171,358
Other		0		13,730		127,836	 141,566
Total long-term obligations	\$	3,302,649	\$	910,787	\$	1,001,392	\$ 5,214,828

Long-term obligations at June 30, 2007, and changes for the fiscal year then ended are as follows (expressed in thousands):

Original 6/30/06

	Issue	Interest	Maturity		Original Amount		6/30/06 Beginning						6/30/07 Ending		mounts Due In
	Dates	Rates	Through		of Debt		Balance		Additions		Deletions		Balance	Oı	ne Year
Governmental Activities															
Revenue bonds payable:															
KDFA Series 1998 V	1999	4.25 - 5.00%	2008	\$	11,195	\$	2,940	\$	0	\$	1,435	\$	1,505	\$	1,505
KDFA Series 1999 E	1999	4.00 - 5.00%	2009		34,470		11,710		0		3,745		7,965		3,900
KDFA Series 2001 M	2002	3.50 - 5.00%	2011		32,390		18,840		0		3,435		15,405		3,575
KDFA Series 2003 H	2004	1.41 - 5.21%	2014		40,250		33,325		0		3,585		29,740		3,710
KDFA Series 2004 A	2004	2.00 - 5.00%	2024		44,920		41,845		0		1,640		40,205		1,680
KDFA Series 2004 C	2004	3.43 - 5.50%	2034		500,000		500,000		0		0		500,000		0
KDFA Series 2004 G-1 & G-2	2005	2.50 - 5.13%	2024		1,545		1,115		0		265		850		270
KDFA Series 2005 H	2006	3.25 - 5.00%	2032		88,175		87,795		0		2,915		84,880		3,010
KDFA Series 2005 N	2006	3.50-4.00%	2015		28,165		25,260		0		2,420		22,840		2,500
KDFA Series 2006 A	2006	4.00 - 5.00%	2027		209,490		209,490		0		0		209,490		6,735
KDFA Series 2006 L	2007	4.00 - 4.25%	2026		8,995		0		8,995		0		8,995		465
KDFA Series 2007 F	2007	4.00 - 4.97%	2017		34,505		0		34,505		0		34,505		2,590
KDOT Series 1993 A	1993	2.65 - 5.63%	2008		147,405		19,080		0		11,920		7,160		7,160
KDOT Series 1998	1998	3.65 - 5.50%	2015		189,195		90,850		0		15,845		75,005		16,740
KDOT Series 2000 B & C	2001	4.50 - 5.85%	2021		200,000		200,000		0		0		200,000		0
KDOT Series 2002 A	2003	Variable	2012		199,600		128,725		0		25,255		103,470		26,430
KDOT Series 2002 B & C	2003	3.39%	2020		320,005		320,005		0		0		320,005		0
KDOT Series 2002 D	2003	Variable	2012		88,110		88,110		0		0		88,110		0
KDOT Series 2003 A & B	2004	3.13 – 5.00%	2014		248,190		248,190		0		0		248,190		0
KDOT Series 2003 C	2004	3.36%	2016		150,275		150,275		0		0		150,275		0
KDOT Series 2004 A	2004	4.50 – 5.50%	2023		250,000		250,000		0		0		250,000		0
KDOT Series 2004 B	2005	Variable	2025		200,000		200,000		0		0		200,000		0
KDOT Series 2004 C	2005	Variable	2025		147,000		147,000		0		0		147,000		0
Plus deferred amounts:															
Net unamortized premium (discount)					0		43,955		1,789		5,946		39,798		0
Unamortized deferred refunding difference					0		(53,561)		0		(8,267)		(45,294)		0
Total revenue bonds payable					3,173,880		2,764,949		45,289		70,139		2,740,099		80,270
Sales tax limited obligation bonds:															
1999 KISC	1999	4.20 - 5.25%	2027		17,496		17,496		0		182		17,314		197
2001 Project Area B	2001	4.00 – 5.10%	2020		20,639		17,543		0		281		17,262		493
2002 Subordinate KISC	2002	5.00 - 8.00%	2022		4,550		3,074		0		371		2,703		385
400 Acres Refunding	2005	3.25 – 5.54%	2020		3,931		3,931		0		72		3,859		94
1 st Lien 2005A Turbo	2006	4.67%	2008		16,708		16,290		0		12,996		3,294		3,294
1 st Lien 2005B Turbo	2006	3.75%	2012		36,281		36,281		0		0		36,281		0
1 st Lien 2005C Turbo	2006	3.85%	2013		12,409		12,409		0		0		12,409		0
2 nd Lien 2005 Turbo	2006	4.75 – 5.00%	2020		125,298		125,298		0		0		125,298		0
Total sales tax limited obligation bonds				_	237,312	_	232,322	_	0	-	13,902		218,420		4,463
•											,				
Notes payable:					1.050		222		0		222				
Water supply storage assurance					1,972		232		0		232		0		0
Water supply storage							4.000						45.550		
in Federal reservoirs					27,418		17,989		0		439		17,550		563
Landon State Office Building					11,245		563		0		563		0		0
Wildlife & Parks – Tuttle Creek					1,264		764		0		764		0		0
Printing plant					3,857	_	900		0		172		728		171
Total notes payable				_	45,756		20,448	_	0	_	2,170		18,278		734
Capital leases payable							152,483		5,899		13,016		145,366		11,315
Arbitrage rebate payable							93		5		1		97		0
Claims and judgments							68,033		200,487		206,927		61,593		33,993
Compensated absences						_	109,214	_	9,582	_	0	_	118,796	_	57,316
Total Governmental Activities						\$	3,347,542	\$	261,262	\$	306,155	\$	3,302,649	\$	188,091

June 30, 2007

III. Detailed Notes On All Funds

	Issue Dates	Interest Rates	Maturity Through	Original Amount of Debt	6/30/06 Beginning Balance	Additions	Deletions	6/30/07 Ending Balance		Amounts Due In One Year
Business-type Activities										
Revenue bonds payable: KDFA Series 1997 1 & 2	1998	4.13 - 5.00%	2020	\$ 45,420	\$ 14,670	\$ 0	\$ 1,845	\$ 12,825	\$	0
KDFA Series 1997 I & II	1997	4.10 - 5.60%	2017	39,260	1,845	0	1,845	0	-	0
KDFA Series 1998 1 & 2	1999	3.88 - 5.25%	2021	39,690	16,265	0	1,540	14,725		1,620
KDFA Series 2000 L 8 H	1998	3.75 - 5.25%	2020	80,500	38,240	0	2,725	35,515		2,875
KDFA Series 2000 I & II KDFA Series 2000 I & 2	2000 2000	4.60 - 6.13% 4.75 - 5.75%	2022 2023	82,915 53,500	18,205 23,110	0	2,995 1,850	15,210 21,260		3,450 1,945
KDFA Series 2001 I & II	2002	3.00 - 5.50%	2022	141,045	128,920	0	3,095	125,825		4,835
KDFA Series 2002 1 & 2	2002	4.00 - 5.50%	2024	51,805	28,215	0	1,735	26,480		1,800
KDFA Series 2002 II	2003	2.26 - 5.50%	2024	101,575	67,795	0	4,700	63,095		4,875
KDFA Series 2004 I & II KDFA Series 2004 I & 2	2004 2005	2.00 - 5.25% 3.00 - 5.00%	2023 2026	50,140 176,010	48,140 175,630	0	1,000 3,170	47,140 172,460		1,000 5,150
KDFA Series 2004 F & 2 KDFA Series 2005 CW	2005	3.00 - 5.00%	2027	118,860	116,955	0	3,140	113,815		4,820
KDFA Series 2005 TR	2006	3.00 - 5.00%	2026	32,690	32,690	0	200	32,490		2,000
KDFA Series 2006 TR	2007	4.00 - 5.00%	2027	24,755	0	24,755	0	24,755		1,450
Plus deferred amounts: Net unamortized premium (discount)				0	31,028	570	3,284	28,314		0
Unamortized deferred refunding difference				0	(20,730)	0	(1,678)	(19,052)		0
Total revenue bonds payable				1,038,165	720,978	25,325	31,446	714,857		35,820
Arbitrage rebate payable					963	626	249	1,340		353
Claims and judgments Compensated absences					186,871 47	230 12	6,300	180,801 59		12,038 49
Other					12,961	769	0	13,730		0
Total Business-type Activities					\$ 921,820	\$ 26,962	\$ 37,995	\$ 910,787	\$	48,260
Component Units										
Revenue bonds payable:	1070	2.00 7.120	2000	A 1100	6 125	Φ				
Board of Regents Series 1969 KDFA Series 1989 E	1970 1990	3.00 - 7.13% 6.00 - 7.25%	2009 2010	\$ 1,100 1,401	\$ 125 462	\$ 0 27	\$ 45 131	\$ 80 358	\$	50 128
KDFA Series 1993 L	1994	3.40 - 5.15%	2009	3,975	540	0	45	495		50
KDFA Series 1995 E	1996	4.10 - 5.20%	2007	2,734	25	0	25	0		0
KDFA Series 1995 K	1996	3.75 - 5.40%	2016	3,835	2,560	0	170	2,390		180
KDFA Series 1996 A	1996	4.00 - 5.20%	2008	5,105	330	0	175	155		155
KDFA Series 1996 J KDFA Series 1997 C	1997 1997	3.85 - 5.40% 4.70 - 5.30%	2010 2011	5,600 3,255	845 1,375	0	345 260	500 1,115		255 275
KDFA Series 1997 G-1 & G-2	1998	3.75 - 5.50%	2012	69,126	14,962	49	7,000	8,011		7,000
KDFA Series 1998 B	1998	3.90 - 5.00%	2018	9,320	6,865	0	375	6,490		390
KDFA Series 1998 D	1998	3.70 - 5.05%	2023	4,290	3,470	0	120	3,350		120
KDFA Series 1998 E	1999 1998	3.40 - 4.90%	2024 2013	4,750 2,320	4,105 1,375	0	125 140	3,980 1,235		130 150
KDFA Series 1998 H KDFA Series 1998 L	1998	3.75 - 4.80% 3.80 - 5.00%	2019	5,590	4,225	0	235	3,990		250
KDFA Series 1998 P	1999	3.00 - 4.85%	2019	3,650	2,845	0	140	2,705		145
KDFA Series 1999 A-1 & A-2	1999	3.20 - 5.00%	2012	28,210	16,190	0	3,330	12,860		3,480
KDFA Series 1999 B KDFA Series 1999 C	1999 1999	3.60 - 5.00% 4.00 - 5.10%	2019 2019	2,920 3,085	2,295 2,435	0	120 125	2,175 2,310		125 130
KDFA Series 1999 C KDFA Series 1999 D	1999	4.00 - 4.75%	2014	11,170	5,610	0	400	5,210		150
KDFA Series 1999 H	2000	3.75 - 5.63%	2020	17,830	4,430	0	650	3,780		690
KDFA Series 1999 N	2000	4.00 - 5.13%	2010	21,645	1,305	0	300	1,005		320
KDFA Series 2000 B	2000	4.70 - 5.90%	2015	5,705	4,095	0	315	3,780		335 100
KDFA Series 2000 D KDFA Series 2000 V	2001 2001	4.60 - 5.60% 4.35 - 5.00%	2015 2011	1,735 16,370	1,235 5,150	0	95 1,050	1,140 4,100		1,025
KDFA Series 2001 B	2001	3.65 - 5.20%	2021	2,805	2,330	0	110	2,220		115
KDFA Series 2001 D	2001	4.25 - 5.25%	2021	48,895	40,910	0	1,885	39,025		1,975
KDFA Series 2001 F	2001	3.30 - 5.50%	2012	29,905	18,840	0	3,050	15,790		3,215
KDFA Series 2001 J KDFA Series 2001 N	2002 2001	3.50 - 4.30% 4.25 - 5.25%	2013 2014	5,300 11,640	3,225 6,620	0	475 1,135	2,750 5,485		485 1,575
KDFA Series 2001 S	2002	4.13 - 5.50%	2021	18,955	14,215	0	1,190	13,025		1,215
KDFA Series 2001 U	2002	3.10 - 5.00%	2021	10,295	7,935	0	575	7,360		595
KDFA Series 2001W	2002	3.00 - 5.00%	2022	47,855	42,575	0	1,705	40,870		1,855
KDFA Series 2002 A KDFA Series 2002 C	2002 2002	3.50 - 5.00% 3.00 - 5.00%	2027 2022	26,560 15,830	22,595 14,045	0	1,150 630	21,445 13,415		1,190 650
KDFA Series 2002 H	2003	2.50 - 4.70%	2022	3,765	3,180	0	150	3,030		155
KDFA Series 2002 J-1 & J-2	2003	3.39 - 3.58%	2035	33,355	32,050	0	790	31,260		820
KDFA Series 2002 K	2003	4.30 - 5.00%	2023	5,120	5,120	0	0	5,120		0
KDFA Series 2002 N	2003	3.00 - 5.25%	2023	52,075	47,450	0	1,905	45,545		1,985
KDFA Series 2002 P KDFA Series 2003 A-1 & A-2	2003 2003	3.00 - 5.00% 1.80 - 5.50%	2021 2023	12,150 2,610	10,755 2,355	0	490 100	10,265 2,255		510 100
KDFA Series 2003 C	2003	4.67 - 5.00%	2033	72,670	68,280	0	1,585	66,695		1,660
KDFA Series 2003 D-1 & D-2	2003	2.00 - 4.70%	2028	6,470	5,875	0	210	5,665		215
KDFA Series 2003 J	2004	2.00 - 5.25%	2025	34,100	31,695	0	1,045	30,650		1,095
KDFA Series 2004 D KDFA Series 2004 F	2005 2005	3.00 - 4.75% 2.00 - 5.25%	2020 2012	1,195 44,860	1,195 44,030	0	1 400	1,195 42,630		55 1,830
KDFA Series 2004 F KDFA Series 2004 G-1 & G-2	2005	2.50 - 5.13% 2.50 - 5.13%	2012	19,795	18,125	0	1,400 740	17,385		750
KDFA Series 2005 A	2005	3.00 - 5.00%	2035	44,535	44,535	0	840	43,695		865
KDFA Series 2005 D	2005	3.79 - 5.18%	2022	66,530	65,530	0	6,820	58,710		4,630
KDFA Series 2005 E-1 & E-2	2005	3.00 - 5.00%	2030	19,360	19,360	0	400	18,960		515
KDFA Series 2005 F KDFA Series 2005 G	2006 2006	3.25 - 4.40% 3.30 - 4.60%	2026 2026	8,930 7,790	8,930 7,790	0	0	8,930 7,790		0 285
KDFA Series 2006 B	2006	3.50 - 4.13%	2021	9,790	9,790	0	0	9,790		0
KDFA Series 2006 L	2007	4.00 - 4.25%	2026	4,215	0	4,215	0	4,215		150
KDFA Series 2007 A	2007	3.75 - 4.39%	2037	27,750	0	27,750	0	27,750		385
KDFA Series 2007 E	2007	3.75 - 4.30%	2027	6,275	0	6,275	0	6,275		200

June 30, 2007

III. Detailed Notes On All Funds

Dates Rates Through of Debt Balance Additions Deletions Balance	0
Plus deferred amounts:	0
Net unamortized premium (discount) 0 5,116 (375) 707 4,034	
Unamortized Deferred Refunding Difference 0 (52) 0 (7) (45)	0
Total Revenue Bonds Payable 936,101 691,253 37,941 44,796 684,398	44,708
Notes payable:	
KSU Grain Science Center 3,875 2,350 0 1,000 1,350	1,350
KSU line of credit – oracle project 2,590 668 0 668 0	0
Component units of university system 182,707 106,765 16,637 4,309 119,093	7,564
Total notes payable 189,172 109,783 16,637 5,977 120,443	8,914
Arbitrage rebate payable 80 43 54 69	0
Capital leases 17,082 6 945 16,143	1,124
Compensated absences 49,655 2,848 0 52,503	44,454
Other 104,556 27,589 4,309 127,836	4,972
Total Component Units \$ 972,409 \$ 85,064 \$ 56,081 \$ 1,001,392 \$	104,172

III. Detailed Notes On All Funds

The following table presents annual debt service requirements for those long-term debts outstanding at June 30, 2007, which have scheduled debt service amounts (expressed in thousands):

		Govern Activ	l	Business-type Activities				Component Units			
]	Principal	Interest	F	Principal		Interest	Pı	rincipal		Interest
Revenue bonds:											
2008	\$	80,270	\$ 122,562	\$	35,820	\$	33,962	\$	44,708	\$	30,869
2009		92,915	118,796		38,565		32,356		44,839		28,775
2010		137,205	113,535		40,460		30,663		46,176		26,770
2011		143,370	107,213		42,635		28,737		47,430		24,674
2012		146,685	100,584		43,940		26,745		47,211		22,583
2013-2017		631,625	410,876		228,755		99,973		155,915		89,512
2018-2022		786,425	265,556		198,615		45,702		163,655		50,920
2023-2027		505,500	103,568		76,805		6,304		72,840		20,114
2028-2032		155,150	44,485		0		0		37,920		8,941
2033-2037		66,450	5,532		0		0		19,715		1,874
Unamortized premium		39,798	0		28,314		0		4,034		0
Unamortized deferred refunding		(45,294)	0		(19,052)		0		(45)		0
Totals		2,740,099	1,392,707		714,857		304,442		684,398		305,032
Sales tax limited obligation bonds:											
2008		4,463	9,904		0		0		0		0
2009		1,389	9,853		0		0		0		0
2010		1,608	9,842		0		0		0		0
2011		13,069	9,585		0		0		0		0
2012		14,125	9,098		0		0		0		0
2013-2017		83,312	36,348		0		0		0		0
2018-2022		91,989	13,946		0		0		0		0
2023-2027		6,235	4,635		0		0		0		0
2028		2,230	3,328		0		0		0		0
Totals		218,420	 106,539		0		0		0		0
Notes payable:	-		,								
2008		734	856		0		0		8,914		5,021
2009		704	627		0		0		8,198		4,619
2010		736	608		0		0		6,707		4,240
2011		755	590		0		0		6,653		3,911
2012		584	570		0		0		6,551		3,594
2013-2017		3,244	2,527		0		0		47,359		14,865
2018-2022		3,859	1,912		0		0		33,771		7,968
2023-2027		3,854	1,186		0		0		2,290		1,388
2028-2032		2,630	498		0		0		0		0
2033-2037		725	115		0		0		0		0
2038-2042		453	31		0		0		0		0
Totals		18,278	9,520		0		0		120,443		45,606
Capital leases payable		145,366	71,868		0		0		16,143		4,973
Long-term debt without scheduled debt s	ervice:										
Arbitrage rebate payable		97	0		1,340		0		69		0
Claims and judgments		61,593	0		180,801		0		0		0
Compensated absences		118,796	0		59		0		52,503		0
Other		0	 0		13,730		0		127,836		0
Total long-term obligations	\$	3,302,649	\$ 1,580,634	\$	910,787	\$	304,442	\$	1,001,392	\$	355,611

June 30, 2007

III. Detailed Notes On All Funds

General Obligation Bonds

The State does not have the statutory authority to issue general obligation bonds. However, the Legislature has authorized the issuance of specific purpose revenue bonds and other forms of long-term obligations.

Revenue Bonds

The **Kansas Development Finance Authority** (KDFA) was created to enhance the ability of the State to finance capital improvements and improve access to long-term financing for State agencies, political subdivisions, public and private organizations, and businesses. The KDFA has issued numerous outstanding series of bonds. Please reference Note J. above for KDFA revenue bonds.

The **Kansas Department of Transportation** (KDOT) has issued 14 outstanding series of Highway Revenue Bonds to finance part of the costs of construction, reconstruction, maintenance or improvement of highways in the State as part of the State's Comprehensive Transportation Program. The State's Comprehensive Transportation Program was developed by KDOT after extensive study of the transportation needs in the State and was implemented by the 1999 Kansas Legislature. Principal and interest payments on these bond issues are paid from revenues collected in the State Highway Fund, which include motor fuels taxes, state sales taxes, compensating use taxes, and drivers' license and vehicle registration fees.

The coupon interest rate on outstanding bonds varies from 2.38 percent to 5.5 percent. In addition, the Series 2000 B and C Bonds and Series 2002 B, C and D Bonds were issued as variable rate instruments whose rates change on a daily, weekly, or 28-day basis depending on their respective individual modes. During the year, interest rates ranged from 3.06 percent to 4.03 percent on the daily adjustable bonds, from 3.15 percent to 4.10 percent on the weekly adjustable bonds and 3.30 percent to 3.95 percent on the 28-day adjustable bonds. The 2000 B and C Bonds and 2002 B, C, D and 2004 C Bonds are subject to tender under certain conditions. If the tendered bonds cannot be remarketed, the liquidity provider has agreed to purchase the bonds and hold them for a maximum of 180 days. Through June 30, 2007, all bonds tendered have been remarketed. However, since there is not a long-term financing option in place at June 30, 2007, for tendered bonds, the Series 2000 B and C Bonds, 2002 B, C and D Bonds and 2004 C Bonds have been recorded as obligations of the Transportation - Capital Project Fund resulting in a deficit fund balance in that fund.

The **Board of Regents of the State of Kansas** (Regents) has issued one outstanding series of Revenue Bonds to construct a dormitory at Emporia State University. Principal and interest payments on the bonds are paid from revenues collected from the operation of the dormitory.

Sales Tax Limited Obligation Bonds

In March 1998, the Unified Government of Wyandotte County/Kansas City, KS established the Prairie Delaware Redevelopment District. The District was created for development of a major tourism area, including the Kansas International Speedway. In connection with various projects in the District, the Unified Government has issued Sales Tax Limited Obligation Revenue Bonds (STAR bonds). Pursuant to issuance of the STAR bonds, the Unified Government and the State of Kansas have entered into a Redevelopment District Tax Distribution Agreement. The agreement provides that the principal of, accreted value, and interest on the STAR bonds will be paid proportionally by the Unified Government and the State of Kansas, based on each entity's respective share of sales taxes generated within the District. The State of Kansas' proportional share is approximately 72 percent. Therefore, 72 percent of the outstanding obligation on each STAR bond issue has been recorded with the State of Kansas' long-term debt. This proportional share may change in the future if the sales taxes assessed by the local or state governments are modified. Further details regarding STAR bonds may be found in the chart at the beginning of Note III, Section J.

June 30, 2007

III. Detailed Notes On All Funds

Special Obligation and Private Activity Bonds

Special obligation bonds have various revenue streams that are pledged for repayment of principal and interest. These bonds are special, limited obligations of KDFA, neither the principal of, redemption premium, if any, nor interest on these bonds constitutes a general obligation or indebtedness of, nor is the payment thereof guaranteed by KDFA or the State. Accordingly, such special obligation bonds are not included in KDFA's June 30, 2007, balance sheet. KDFA's special obligation bonds at June 30, 2007, total \$2.1 billion.

Private activity bonds are special limited obligations of KDFA and are made payable solely from a pledge of the applicable trust estate that is comprised of a particular designated revenue stream of the borrower. Accordingly, such private activity bonds are not included on KDFA's June 30, 2007, balance sheet. KDFA's private activity bonds at June 30, 2007, total \$1,0 billion.

Notes Payable

PMIB is authorized as directed by statute to loan funds from the State treasury to state agencies for various capital projects including the purchase of the State's printing plant and the renovation and purchase of the Landon state office building. These internal loans are recorded as loans receivable in the State treasury's cash balance in Note III, Section A, Deposits and Investments, and in corresponding amounts of notes payable in Note III, Section J, Long-term Obligations - Primary Government, Governmental Funds and Section I, Short-term Obligations.

The Kansas Water Office is charged by statute to meet, as nearly as possible, the anticipated future water supply needs of the citizens of Kansas. The agency has executed several water supply storage agreements with the Federal Government over the past 23 years for water supply storage capacity in large Federal multipurpose lakes under the provisions of the 1958 Federal Water Supply Act. Nine of these agreements provide for long-term (fifty-year) repayment with interest of the costs incurred by the Federal Government in construction of the water supply storage space. The Kansas Water Office is authorized by K.S.A. 82a-934 to enter into such agreements, subject to legislative approval through appropriations. Generally, however, receipts from the sale of water to local municipal and industrial water supply users are adequate to make the annual payments due under the long-term contracts with the Federal Government. Portions of the storage in some reservoirs have been designated as "future use" storage, and as such; the State is not required to make payments on that portion of storage until it is needed by users. The State has not recorded a liability at June 30, 2007, for portions of the storage designated as "future use" storage.

Lease Commitments

The State leases office buildings, space, and equipment. Although the lease terms vary under a variety of agreements, most leases are subject to annual appropriations from the State Legislature to continue the lease obligations. If a legislative appropriation is reasonably assured, leases are considered non-cancelable for financial reporting purposes. Any escalation clauses, sublease rentals, and contingent rents are considered immaterial to the future minimum lease payments and current rental expenditures.

Operating Leases

The State has commitments with non-state entities to lease certain buildings and equipment. Future minimum rental commitments for building and equipment operating leases as of June 30, 2007, are as follows (expressed in thousands):

June 30, 2007

III. Detailed Notes On All Funds

Fiscal Year	
2008	\$ 9,242
2009	9,172
2010	8,189
2011	7,739
2012	7,153
2013-2017	24,241
2018-2023	 12,821
Total future minimum lease payments	\$ 78,557
Rent expenditures/expenses for operating leases	
for the year ended June 30, 2007	\$ 10,611

Capital Leases

The State has entered into agreements to lease various facilities and equipment. Such agreements are, in substance, purchases and are reported as capital lease obligations. At the date of acquisition, the assets are valued on the statement of net assets at the present value of the future minimum lease payments. Interest expense for capital leases is not capitalized.

The following schedule presents future minimum lease payments as of June 30, 2007 (expressed in thousands):

Year Ending	Governmental Activities								
June 30		Principal		Interest					
2008	\$	11,322	\$	6,579					
2009		10,000		6,096					
2010		9,208		5,643					
2011		8,703		5,221					
2012		8,319		4,813					
2013-2017		37,331		22,141					
2018-2022		23,445		12,361					
2023-2027		18,650		7,108					
2028-2032		18,388		1,906					
Total	\$	145,366	\$	71,868					

Leased land, buildings, and equipment under capital leases in capital assets at June 30, 2007, include the following (expressed in thousands):

	Gov	ernmental
	A	ctivities
Land (non-depreciable)	\$	9,926
Buildings		91,474
Equipment		65,407
Less: Accumulated depreciation		(32,203)
Total	\$	134,604

June 30, 2007

III. Detailed Notes On All Funds

Master Lease Purchase Program

The Master Lease Purchase Program, administered by the Department of Administration, provides low interest, equipment lease purchase financing and energy conservation project financing to State agencies. The Program began in 1985 with the issuance of Certificates of Participation and evolved into the current Program, which utilizes lines of credit. Lease purchase obligations under the Program are not general obligations of the State, but are payable from appropriations of State agencies participating in the Program, subject to annual appropriation. Financing terms of two years through fifteen years are available. The financing term should not exceed the useful life of the purchased item. The interest component of each lease/purchase payment is subject to a separate determination.

III. Detailed Notes On All Funds

Defeasance of Debt

Primary Government

For financial reporting purposes, the State has in substance defeased certain bonds by issuing additional debt. Thus, the related liability and trust assets to pay the defeased bonds have been removed from the financial statements in the year of defeasance. Defeased debt at June 30, 2007, and changes for the fiscal year then ended are as follows (expressed in thousands):

D. II	В	6/30/06 eginning	Current Year Defeased				6/30/07 Ending			
Bond Issue		Balance	Dere	eased	Payments			Balance		
Governmental Activities		4= 000						44.000		
KDOT Series 1993 A	\$	17,930	\$	0	\$	6,100	\$	11,830		
KDOT Series 1994		44,395		0		8,045		36,350		
KDOT Series 1994 A		6,715		0		0		6,715		
KDOT Series 1998		58,190		0		0		58,190		
KDOT Series 1999		310,920		0		6,930		303,990		
KDOT Series 2000 A		150,000		0		0		150,000		
KDFA Series 2003 J		5,790		0		0		5,790		
KDFA Series 2004 A		5,810		0		0		5,810		
Total governmental activities	\$	599,750	\$	0	\$	21,075	\$	578,675		
Business-type Activities										
KDFA Series 1997 1 & 2	\$	21,175	\$	0	\$	21,175	\$	0		
KDFA Series 1997 I		2,680		0		2,680		0		
KDFA Series 1997 II		26,515		0		26,515		0		
KDFA Series 1998 1 & 2		16,110		0		0		16,110		
KDFA Series 1998 II		28,670		0		0		28,670		
KDFA Series 2000 I		1,965		0		0		1,965		
KDFA Series 2000 II (Nov.)		54,945		0		0		54,945		
KDFA Series 2000 1 & 2		24,635		0		0		24,635		
KDFA Series 2001 II		2,790		0		0		2,790		
KDFA Series 2002 II		26,845		0		0		26,845		
KDFA Series 2002 1 & 2		20,315		0		0		20,315		
Total business-type activities	\$	226,645	\$	0	\$	50,370	\$	176,275		

No bonds were defeased in the current fiscal year.

June 30, 2007

III. Detailed Notes On All Funds

Component Unit

For financial reporting purposes, the Kansas Development Finance Authority has in substance defeased certain lease revenue bonds by issuing additional debt. Thus, the related liability and trust assets to pay the defeased lease revenue bonds have been removed from the financial statements in the year of defeasance. Defeased debt at June 30, 2007, and changes for the fiscal year then ended are as follows (expressed in thousands):

	6	5/30/06	Cur	rent			6	/30/07	
	Ве	eginning	Ye	ear			E	Ending	
Bond Issue	E	Balance	Defe	eased	Payments		B	Balance	
FHSU Series 1968	\$	40	\$	0	\$	20	\$	20	
KDFA Series 1997 G-1 & G-2		27,500		0		0		27,500	
KDFA Series 1999 D		1,920		0		290		1,630	
KDFA Series 1999 H		10,030		0		0		10,030	
KDFA Series 1999 N		19,240		0		0		19,240	
KDFA Series 2000 T		1,540		0		0		1,540	
KDFA Series 2000 V		7,215		0		0		7,215	
KDFA Series 2001 N		1,240		0		310		930	
KDFA Series 2001 W		1,610		0		0		1,610	
Total component units	\$	70,335	\$	0	\$	620	\$	69,715	

No bonds were defeased in the current fiscal year.

Arbitrage Rebate Payable

Estimated arbitrage rebate payables have been calculated and liabilities recorded of \$97,000 for Governmental Activities, \$1,3 million for Business-type Activities, and \$69,000 for Component Units.

June 30, 2007

III. Detailed Notes On All Funds

Derivative Instruments

Interest rate swap

KDFA Series 2002 J-2

Objective of the interest rate swap. As a means to lower its borrowing costs, when compared against fixed-rate bonds at the time of issuance in August 2002, the Kansas Development Finance Authority entered into an interest rate swap in connection with its 2002 J-2 lease revenue bonds. The intention of the swap was to effectively change the variable interest rate of the bonds to a synthetic fixed rate of 3.39 percent.

Terms. The lease revenue bonds mature in December 2034 and the related swap agreement matures in December 2009. The swap's notional amount of \$22.6 million is equal to the par amount of the variable rate bonds. The swap agreement was executed at the same time the bonds were issued. Under the terms of the swap agreement, the KDFA pays the counterparty a fixed rate of 3.39 percent and receives a variable payment computed on the Bond Market Association Municipal Swap IndexTM (BMA).

Fair Value. Because interest rates declined subsequent to the date of execution, the swap had a negative indicative value of \$136,450 as of June 30, 2007.

Kansas Department of Transportation

Objective of the swaps. In order to protect against the potential of rising interest rates, the Department of Transportation entered into four separate pay-fixed, receive-variable interest rate swaps at a cost less than what the Department would have paid to issue fixed-rate debt.

Terms, fair values, and credit risk. The terms, including the fair values and credit ratings of the outstanding swaps as of June 30, 2007, are included below. The Department of Transportation's swap agreements contain scheduled reductions to outstanding notional amounts that are expected to approximately follow scheduled or anticipated reductions in the associated bonds payable (expressed in thousands).

								Swap	Counterparty
		Notional	Effective	Fixed Rate				Termination	Credit
Associated Bond Issue	_	Amount	Date	Paid	Variable Rate Received	I	air Values	Date	Rating
KDOT Series 2002 D	\$	86,875	12/17/02	5.240	67% of USD-LIBOR	\$	(5,289)	03/01/12	Aa3/AA-
KDOT Series 2002 B & C*		200,000	10/23/02	3.164	67% of USD-LIBOR		6,814	09/01/19	Aa3/AA-
KDOT Series 2002 B & C*		120,005	10/23/02	3.164	67% of USD-LIBOR		4,088	09/01/19	Aa1/AA-
KDOT Series 2003 C		150,275	12/03/03	3.359	71% of USD-LIBOR**		4,209	09/01/15	Aa3/AA-
KDOT Series 2004 B & C***		72,000	11/23/04	3.571	63.5% of USD-LIBOR + .29%		1,638	09/01/24	Aa3/AA-
KDOT Series 2004 B & C		75,000	11/23/04	3.571	63.329% of 10 Year LIBOR		2,781	09/01/24	Aa3/AA-
	\$	704,155				\$	14,241		

^{* -} two counterparties

KDOT Series 2002 D Swap - In connection with the issuance of \$86.9 million of variable-rate bonds to refund outstanding KDOT Series 1993A Bonds, on August 27, 2002 the Department of Transportation competitively bid the sale of an option on a floating-to-fixed 67 percent of LIBOR interest rate swap. Merrill Lynch provided the winning bid with a swaption premium amount of \$11.9 million to be paid to the Department in two installments of \$6.5 million on March 1, 2006 and \$5.4 million on March 1, 2007. The swaption allowed the Department to effect a synthetic forward refunding of the Bonds to lock in savings based on then current market conditions. Under U.S. tax law, the Bonds were not eligible for a traditional current refunding until December 1, 2002. The terms of the option were structured to mirror the terms on the optional redemption feature on the Series 1993A Bonds. The swaption generated expected PV savings of \$10.4 million (11.92 percent of the Bonds' par amount). Merrill Lynch has since exercised the option resulting in a floating-to-fixed 67 percent of LIBOR interest rate swap.

^{** -} or the lessor of the Actual Bond Rate until September 1, 2010

^{*** -} reduces from \$147,000 on July 1, 2007.

June 30, 2007

III. Detailed Notes On All Funds

KDOT Series 2002 *B* & *C Swap* - In connection with the issuance of \$320 million of variable-rate KDOT Series 2002 *B* & *C* Bonds, on October 3, 2002 the Department of Transportation competitively bid a floating-to-fixed 67 percent of LIBOR interest rate swap. Goldman Sachs was awarded \$200 million of notional principal and Salomon Smith Barney was awarded \$120 million of notional principal. The executed transaction consisted of a \$320 million 17-year amortizing interest rate swap under which the Department pays Goldman/Salomon a fixed rate of 3.2 percent and receives 67 percent of LIBOR. The Department was able to take advantage of market conditions and effectively create fixed-rate debt at a rate lower that available in the cash market.

KDOT Series 2003C Swap - In connection with the issuance of \$150.3 million of variable-rate KDOT Series 2003 C Bonds, on November 20, 2003 the Department Transportation competitively bid a floating-to-fixed interest rate swap. The executed transaction consisted of a \$150.3 million 12-year amortizing floating-to-fixed interest rate swap whereby the Department pays the counterparty a fixed rate of 3.36 percent and receives the lesser of the Actual Bond Rate and 71 percent of one month LIBOR until September 1, 2010, and 71 percent of LIBOR thereafter. The Department was able to take advantage of market conditions and effectively create fixed-rate debt at a rate lower than available in the cash market.

KDOT Series 2004 B and C Swaps – In connection with the issuance of \$147 million of variable-rate Series 2004 B and C Bonds, on November 12, 2004 the Department of Transportation competitively bid a floating-to-fixed interest rate swap. The executed transaction consisted of a \$147 million 20-year amortizing floating-to-fixed interest rate swap whereby the Department pays the counterparty a fixed rate of 3.57 percent and receives 63.5 percent of LIBOR plus 29 basis points. The Department was able to take advantage of market conditions and effectively create fixed-rate debt at a rate lower than available in the cash market.

Since many tax-exempt and municipal issuers fund capital projects with long-term traditional or synthetic fixed-rate debt, but are constrained to investing short-term for liquidity reasons, in a normal or upwardly sloped yield curve they incur "negative carry" (cost of borrowing exceeds investment rate). The Department of Transportation determined that it could mitigate this imbalance through the execution of the two Constant Maturity Swaps (CMS). On June 15, 2007, based on the results of a previously distributed competitively bid request for quotes for a swap provider, effective July 1, 2007, the Department amended the floating index from 63.5 percent plus 29 basis points to 62.33 percent of the ten year LIBOR CMS rate on \$75 million of the existing \$147 million swap.

Fair Value. These fair values take into consideration the prevailing interest rate environment, the specific terms and conditions of a given transaction and any upfront payments that may have been received. All fair values were estimated using the zero-coupon discounting method. This method calculates the future payments required by the swap, assuming that the current forward rates implied by the yield curve are the market's best estimate of future spot interest rates. These payments are then discounted using the spot rates implied by the current yield curve for a hypothetical zero-coupon rate bond due on the date of each future net settlement on the swaps.

Credit risk. As of June 30, 2007, the Department of Transportation has no credit risk exposure on the swap associated with the KDOT Series 2002 D Bonds because the swap had negative fair value, meaning the counterparties are exposed to the Department in the amount of the derivatives' fair value. However, should interest rates change and the fair value of the swap become positive, the Department would be exposed to credit risk.

On the rest of the swap transactions, the Department has credit risk exposure to Goldman Sachs Capital Markets, L.P., Citigroup Financial Products Inc. and Merrill Lynch Capital Services on the swaps associated with the KDOT Series 2002 B and C, KDOT Series 2003 C, and KDOT Series 2004 B and C Bonds. This is because the transactions all have positive fair market values, meaning the Department is exposed to the counterparties in the amount of the derivatives' fair values. However, should interest rates change and the fair values of the swaps become negative, the Department would not be exposed to credit risk.

The swap agreements contain varying collateral agreements with the counterparties. The swaps require collateralization of the fair value of the swap should the counterparty's credit rating fall below the applicable thresholds.

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III. Detailed Notes On All Funds

Basis risk. Basis risk is the risk that the interest rate paid by the Department of Transportation on the underlying variable rate bonds to bondholders differs from the variable swap rate received from the applicable counterparty. The Department bears basis risk on each of its swaps. The swaps have basis risk since the Department receives a percentage of LIBOR to offset the actual variable bond rate the Department pays on its bonds. The Department is exposed to basis risk should the floating rate that it receives on a swap be less than the actual variable rate the Department pays on the bonds. Depending on the magnitude and duration of any basis risk shortfall, the expected cost savings from the swap may not be realized.

Termination risk. The Department of Transportation or the counterparty may terminate any of the swaps if the other party fails to perform under the terms of the respective contracts. If any of the swaps are terminated, the associated variable-rate bonds would no longer be hedged to a fixed rate. If at the time of termination the swap has a negative fair value, the Department would be liable to the counterparty for a payment equal to the swap's fair value.

K. Revisions to Beginning Net Assets

Various adjustments were made to the beginning fund balances to correct errors in the prior year financial statements. The following table summarizes the changes to the fund balances as reported in the prior year financial statements (expressed in thousands):

	Governmental Funds		E	Business Type	Component Units		
June 30, 2006 fund balance as previously reported	\$	9,551,078	\$	971,382	\$	3,159,615	
Revisions							
Capital lease		0		0		(12,416)	
Kansas Technology Enterprise Corporation		0		0		327	
Kansas Housing Resources Corporation		0		0		(159)	
Kansas Bioscience Authority		0		0		23,992	
Appropriation Adjustment		399		0		(399)	
Bond cash held by outside trustees		5		0		4	
Investments		0		0		(692)	
Capital Assets		(59,716)		0		(30,071)	
State University System		0		0		5,946	
June 30, 2006 fund balance as restated	\$	9,491,766	\$	971,382	\$	3,146,147	

The majority of the revisions to fiscal year 2007 beginning balances are the result of changes in capital assets. The majority of these changes resulted from miscalculations of prior year's accumulated depreciation. These corrections have reduced the capital asset net book value by \$59.7 million in governmental funds and \$30.1 million in component units.

Capital leases beginning balance increased by \$12.4 million due to the energy conservation lease facility mortgage being assumed by Wichita State University from the contractor during fiscal year 2007.

Kansas Technology Enterprise Corporation has beginning balance adjustments in their prior year because of changes in notes receivable and investments.

Kansas Housing Resources Corporation has beginning balance adjustments due to a failure to report a loan and accrued interest previously. In addition, KHRC has made changes in their capitalization threshold so they will be the same as the rest of the state uses. And finally, KHRC has made beginning balance adjustments due to the discovery of errors in bond issuance fee repayment and unearned revenue not claimed.

Kansas Bioscience Authority is a new component unit for the State of Kansas. Their beginning balance adjustment of \$23.9 million is a result of not recording state appropriations and expenses in previous years.

III. Detailed Notes On All Funds

Appropriation adjustments net to zero and are the result of internally closing a fund to governmental funds but leaving a remaining balance in the Regents. This adjustment closes both governmental funds and component units.

Both governmental funds and component units beginning balance increased by \$5,000 and \$4,000 respectively due to the discovery of bond cash held by outside trustees which has not been previously recorded.

Overall, these revisions decrease both governmental funds and component unit funds but have no effect on fiscal year 2007 revenue or expenses.

June 30, 2007

IV. Other Information

A. Risk Management

The State maintains a combination of commercial insurance and self-insurance to cover the risk of losses to which it may be exposed. This is accomplished through risk management and various outside entity commercial insurance providers. It is the policy of the State to cover the risk of certain losses to which it may be exposed through risk management activities. In general, the State is self-insured for certain health care claims (prescription drug and dental plus three of seven medical health plan options), State employee workers' compensation, long-term disability, tort liability, personal property, and real estate property losses up to \$500,000 (except where separate coverage is required by bond covenant). The State has commercial vehicle liability coverage on all vehicles, and a statewide commercial policy on real property valued at \$500,000 or more (except where separate coverage is required by bond covenant). Insurance settlements have not exceeded insurance coverage for the past three fiscal years.

Coverage for health care claims for prescription drugs and dental claims plus three of seven medical health plan options and is provided by The Health and Dental Care Claims (Active Employees) Health and Hospitalization Fund for all active employees, and The Post Employment Health and Dental Care Claims Health and Hospitalization Fund for post-employment populations (retirees). Risk is managed by the performance of full experience studies twice a year. The liability for unpaid claims is the plan reimbursement for services rendered or prescriptions received where the payment to the provider, the member, or the claims administrator has not occurred. These liabilities are estimated by analyzing the prior payment patterns for the same coverage or medical option.

The State Self-insurance Fund (SSIF) is self-insured and self-administered for providing workers' compensation coverage to the State's employees. The agencies make contributions to the SSIF to cover projected losses and net expenses. The SSIF also maintains a partial reserve to reduce the likelihood of additional required contributions due to adverse loss experience. The liability represents results from an annual actuarial study for claims reported but unpaid plus an estimate for claims incurred but not reported.

The remaining risk management activities of the State are included in the State General Fund. The State has not encountered difficulty in resolving past losses by using resources available at the time the loss occurred.

The Tort Claims Fund (TCF) provides payment of compromises, settlements, and final judgments arising from claims against the State or an employee of the State under the Kansas Tort Claims Act, and costs of defending the State or an employee. When the balance in the TCF is insufficient to pay a claim, a transfer is made from the State General Fund to the TCF. The maximum claim liability allowed under The Kansas Tort Claims Act is \$500,000 per occurrence or accident. At June 30, 2007, there were no material claims incurred but unpaid.

The State's self-insurance program covers all personal property losses and real estate property losses up to \$500,000,000 (except where separate coverage is required by bond covenant). Claims in excess of \$500,000,000 are covered by commercial insurance under a statewide policy. The statewide policy has a limit of \$100,000,000 per occurrence for most buildings except flood and earthquake, which are applied as annual aggregates separately to each peril, and a deductible of \$5,000,000 per occurrence for most buildings. For the four buildings in the Capitol Complex, the limit is \$200,000,000 per occurrence. The self-insurance program for personal and real estate property loss represents an estimate of amounts to be paid from currently expendable available financial resources.

Liabilities of the funds are reported when it is probable that a loss has occurred and the amount of the loss can be reasonably estimated. Liabilities include an amount for claims that have been incurred but not reported (IBNR's). The result of the process to estimate the claims liability is not an exact amount as it depends on many complex factors, such as inflation, changes in legal doctrines, and damage awards. Accordingly, claims are reevaluated periodically to consider the effects of inflation, recent claim settlement trends (including frequency and amount of payments), and other economic and social factors. The estimate of the claims liability also includes amounts for incremental claim adjustment expenses related to specific claims and other claim adjustment expenses regardless of whether allocated to specific claims.

June 30, 2007

IV. Other Information

The following table presents the changes in claims liability balances (both current and non-current) during the current fiscal year ended June 30, 2007 (expressed in thousands):

	Cl	aims	P	lus: Current		C	laims				
	Li	ability	Y	ear Claims	Less:	L	iability				
	В	eginning	aı	nd Changes	Claim	E	nding	N	Ion-current	C	urrent
	Ва	alance	ir	Estimates	Payments	В	alance	L	iability	L	iability
Current fiscal year											
State Self-insurance Fund	\$	32,579	\$	27,279	\$ (18,658)	\$	41,200	\$	27,435	\$	13,765
Health and Dental Care Claims		26,257		130,657	(139,930)		16,984		143		16,841
(Active Employees) Health											
and Hospitalization Fund*											
Post Employment Health and		9,197		42,551	(48,339)		3,409		22		3,387
Dental Care Claims Health and											
Hospitalization Fund**											
Total	\$	68,033	\$	200,487	\$ (206,927)	\$	61,593	\$	27,600	\$	33,993
										-	
Prior fiscal year											
State Self-insurance Fund	\$	27,159	\$	22,082	\$ (16,662)	\$	32,579	\$	20,868	\$	11,711
Health and Dental Care Claims		20,354		134,994	(129,091)		26,257		233		26,024
(Active Employees) Health											
and Hospitalization Fund*											
Post Employment Health and		7,129		46,205	(44,137)		9,197		72		9,125
Dental Care Claims Health and											
Hospitalization Fund**											
Total	\$	54,642	\$	203,281	\$ (189,890)	\$	68,033	\$	21,173	\$	46,860

^{*} Claim payments reflect all participants (active and post-employment). Claims liability ending balance reflects the active employee participant component.

B. Contingencies and Commitments

Litigation

The State is a defendant in numerous legal proceedings pertaining to matters incidental to the performance of routine governmental operations. Such litigation includes, but is not limited to, claims asserted against the State arising from alleged torts, alleged breaches of contracts, condemnation proceedings and other alleged violations of State and Federal laws. Known claims, asserted and unasserted, have been evaluated for the likelihood of an unfavorable outcome and estimates have been made regarding the amount or range of potential loss in the event of an unfavorable outcome. After review, it is the State's opinion that its ultimate liability in these cases, if any, is not expected to have a material adverse affect on the financial position of the State, except for potential litigation involving the Kansas Department of Social and Rehabilitation Services (SRS) versus the Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services (CMS). CMS deferred \$58.3 million of child welfare Medicaid claims for the period April 1, 2004 to December 31, 2006. Counsel is optimistic that the State will ultimately be successful in any action against CMS involving this matter.

As a result of an Office of Inspector General (OIG) audit finding, the Disability Determination Services disallowed Kansas Department of Social and Rehabilitation Services (SRS) \$4.9 million of indirect costs for fiscal years 1998 through fiscal year 2002 which were allocated through the SRS approved cost allocation plan. The SRS is currently appealing this finding.

^{**} Claim payments reflect all participants (active and post-employment). Claims liability ending balance reflects the post-employment participant component.

^{***} Claims payments and claims liability estimates for the FY07 ending balance have been updated to reflect both State and Non-State participants in the Health and Dental Care Claims Health and Hospitalization Funds. FY07 uses a more conservative reserve method.

June 30, 2007

IV. Other Information

The Kansas Department of Revenue has potential liabilities of \$9.6 million in for corporate income tax credits including accrued interest, \$10.2 million of sales tax refunds and \$6 million in tax assessments.

Federal Financial Assistance

The State receives significant financial assistance from the Federal government in the form of grants and entitlements, including several non-cash programs. The receipt of grants is generally dependent upon compliance with terms and conditions of the grant agreements and applicable Federal regulations. Grants are subject to the Federal Single Audit Act or to financial and compliance audits by grantor agencies. Disallowances by Federal officials as a result of these audits may become liabilities of the State. Other than what has stated above, the State does not expect additional liabilities for disallowed costs from grantor.

C. Post-Employment Benefits

Primary Government

In addition to the pension benefits described in the Employee Retirement Systems and Pension Plans note, the State provides post-employment health care benefits to retirees who elect the Kansas Choice medical option. This subsidy was ended for post-employment retirees as of December 31, 2006. Retirees that elected this option paid less than one hundred percent. The monthly amount of reduced cost (subsidy) ranges from \$0 to \$115 for early retirees. Early retirees are defined as those retirees not yet Medicare eligible. The participant is required to pay the medical and prescription costs less the subsidy. The employer contribution is the aggregate amount of the subsidies, which is calculated into the employer contribution for active employees.

	Estimated Current		
	Year Expenditures		
	(Subsidies)	Eligible Participants	Enabling Legislation
Kansas Choice Post-Employment Benefits	\$236,255	8,665	K.S.A. 75-6504

The State funds post-employment health care benefits on a pay-as-you-go basis as part of the overall retirement benefit ending on December 31, 2006. No separation of pension obligation and health insurance obligation is made and assets are not allocated between obligations.

June 30, 2007

IV. Other Information

D. Employee Retirement Systems and Pension Plans

Kansas Public Employees Retirement System - Plan Descriptions

The Kansas Public Employees Retirement System (the System) is an umbrella organization administering the following three statewide retirement systems under one plan as provided by K.S.A. 74 Article 49: Kansas Public Employees Retirement System (KPERS), Kansas Police and Firemen's Retirement System (KP&F) and Kansas Retirement System for Judges (Judges). All three systems are part of a tax-exempt, defined benefit, contributory plan covering substantially all public employees in Kansas. The Kansas Retirement System for Judges is a single employer group, while the other two are multi-employer cost-sharing groups. Participation by the State is mandatory, whereas participation by local political subdivisions is an option, but irrevocable once elected. The State Elected Officials Special Members Retirement System is also administered by the System. This system is closed to new members and only a small group is participating.

The System publishes its own financial report, which is available by contacting KPERS at 611 S. Kansas Avenue, Suite 100, Topeka, Kansas 66603 or telephone 1-888-275-5737.

The System provides retirement, death and disability benefits to State employees, public school employees and employees of counties, municipalities, and certain other State political subdivisions. Although public schools are outside the State reporting entity, the State provides the required employers' contribution for public school employees' retirement benefits.

The System's total covered salaries and wages paid were approximately \$5.5 billion. The State's total salaries and wages paid were approximately \$3.1 billion of which approximately \$892.9 million or approximately 28.5 percent relates to employees participating in the System. The remaining approximately 71.5 percent represents salaries and wages paid to employees, such as educational institution employees not participating in the System, employees who have not met the required tenure of employment for participation or those employees who are classified as other than "permanent" and are not eligible for participation. Information on participating employees and retirement system membership at June 30, 2007, unless otherwise noted is as follows:

Participating Employers	Membership
KPERS	1,390
KP&F	82
Judges	1_
Total	1,473

June 30, 2007

IV. Other Information

MEMBERSHIP BY RETIREMENT SYSTEMS

	KPERS	KP&F	Judges	Total
Retirees and beneficiaries currently				
receiving benefits	61,808	3,785	172	65,765
Terminated employees entitled to benefits				
but not yet receiving them	9,429	139	18	9,586
Inactive members, deferred disabled	3,007	186	0	3,193
Inactive members not entitled to benefits	27,084	995	0	28,079
Current employees	144,227	6,965	257	151,449
Total	245,555	12,070	447	258,072

Other Retirement Plans

Faculty and other eligible unclassified employees of the Board of Regents (Regents) Office or state universities must participate in the Regents' mandatory retirement plan. Authorized by statute, this 403(b) defined contribution plan is funded through contributions by the employees and the employer (the Board Office or the state university). Employees are required to serve a one year waiting period before becoming eligible to participate in the plan, but participation can begin earlier if certain waiver provisions are met. The contributions and earnings are fully vested with the first contribution.

Employees participating in the Regents' mandatory retirement plan are required to contribute 5.5 percent of their salary, up to the maximum dollar amount permitted by the Internal Revenue Code. During fiscal year 2007, employees contributed approximately \$35 million. During fiscal year 2007, the 8.5 percent employer contribution totaled \$54.6 million, representing covered wages of approximately \$653.1 million. These employees, along with employees who participate in the KPERS retirement program, may also elect to participate, up to the maximum dollar amount permitted by the Internal Revenue Code, in the Regents' voluntary retirement plan, which allows the member to purchase a 403(b) contract to supplement the mandatory retirement plan. These employees, along with employees who participate in the KPERS retirement program, may also elect to participate, up to the maximum dollar amount permitted by the Internal Revenue Code, in the State's 457 deferred compensation program, to supplement to the mandatory retirement plan.

On July 1, 1971, the control of the School for the Blind and the School for the Deaf was transferred from the Regents to the State Board of Education. Employees covered by the Regents' retirement at the time of the transfer could continue to participate in the 403(b) retirement plan or convert to KPERS. Employees who elected the 403(b) retirement plan contribute 5 percent of their salary. This is matched by a 5 percent employer contribution. During fiscal year 2007, \$3,000 was contributed by employers for employees' 403(b) contracts representing covered wages of approximately \$61,000.

June 30, 2007

IV. Other Information

E. Subsequent Events

Bonds and Notes

Short-term Debt

Certificate of Indebtedness – On December 10, 2007 the Pooled Money Investment Board (PMIB) issued a \$350 million Certificate of Indebtedness per K.S.A. 75-3725a, subject to redemption not later than June 30, 2008. See Section III-I, Short-term Obligations, for additional information on issuance of a Certificate of Indebtedness.

Accrued Receivables for Ad Valorem Taxes – In July 2007, receivables were posted to the State Treasurer's receivables in the amount of \$27.1 million for the Kansas Educational Building Fund and \$13.5 million for the State Institutions Building Fund per K.S.A. 76-6b11. See Section III-I, Short-term Obligations, for additional information.

Accrued Receivables for Children's Initiatives Fund – In July 2007, receivables were posted to the State Treasurer's receivables for the Children's Initiatives Fund in the amount of \$23.7 million per House Bill No. 2368, Section 107(g), Session of 2007. See Section III-I, Short-term Obligations, for additional information.

Accrued Receivables for Economic Development Initiatives Fund – In July 2007, receivables were posted to the State Treasurer's receivables for the Economic Development Initiatives Fund in the amount of \$21.2 million per House Bill No. 2368, Section 107(h), Session of 2007.

Accrued Receivables for Correctional Institutions' Building Fund – In July 2007, receivables were posted to the State Treasurer's receivables for the Correctional Institutions' Building Fund in the amount of \$4.0 million per House Bill No. 2368, Section 107(i), Session of 2007.

Accrued Receivables for Kansas Endowment for Youth Fund – In July 2007, receivables were posted to the State Treasurer's receivables for the Kansas Endowment for Youth Fund in the amount of \$207.6 thousand per House Bill No. 2368, Section 107(j), Session of 2007.

Accrued Receivables for 27th Payroll – In July 2007, receivables were posted to the State Treasurer's receivables for the 27th Payroll in the amount of \$22.6 million per House Bill No. 2368, Section 107(p), Session of 2007.

Long-term Debt

Loans – House substitute for Senate Bill No. 357, Session of 2007 allows the Kansas Racing and Gaming Commission to borrow up to \$3 million from the Pooled Money Investment Board during fiscal year 2008 for operating expenses for expanded lottery operations under Senate Bill No. 66, Session of 2007. In August 2007, \$132,000 was borrowed at an interest rate of 8.12 percent. In November 2007, \$195,000 was borrowed at an interest rate of 7.97 percent. In December 2007, \$221,000 at an interest rate of 7.9 percent. In January 2008, \$210,000 was borrowed at an interest rate of 7.84 percent. The loans are due June 30, 2009.

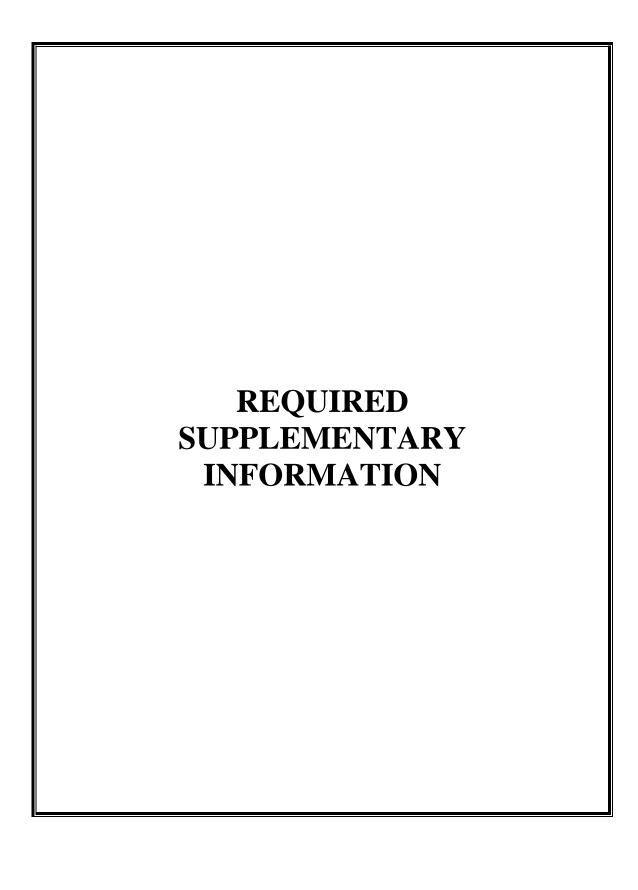
Revenue Bonds – In August 2007, the KDFA issued Series 2007H of \$17.8 million for the Kansas State University parking system. The Interest rates on the bonds range from 3.6 to 4.5 percent. The bonds final maturity is on May 1, 2037.

Revenue Bonds – In September 2007, the KDFA issued Series 2007K for various State projects including continued renovation of the State Capitol, payment of Bond Anticipation Note Series 2007-1, expansion of the Adjutant General's training center, renovations and repairs to Army National Guard armories, and repairs and maintenance to Department of Correction's infrastructure. The bonds totaled \$59.5 million with interest rates ranging from 4 to 5.25 percent. The bonds final maturity is on November 1, 2027.

June 30, 2007

IV. Other Information

Revenue Bonds – In December 2007, the KDFA issued series 2007M for the University of Kansas Law Enforcement Training Center Project. The bonds totaled \$18.2 million with interest rates ranging from 3.5 to 4.6 percent. The bonds final maturity is on June 1, 2027.



State of Kansas Required Supplementary Information June 30, 2007

Budgetary information

Annual budgets are adopted on a cash basis with encumbrance modifications for all governmental funds. Appropriations may be re-appropriated if the balance is greater than \$100, or lapsed at fiscal year end.

On or before October 1, agencies are required to submit annual or biennial budget estimates for the next fiscal year to the Division of Budget. These estimates are used in preparing the Governor's budget report. On or before the eighth calendar day of each regular legislative session, the Governor is required to submit the budget report to the Legislature. However, in the case of the regular legislative session immediately following the election of a governor who was elected to the Office of Governor for the first time, that governor must submit the budget report to the legislature on or before the 21st calendar day of that regular session.

The State maintains budgetary restrictions and controls, imposed through annual appropriations and limitations, approved by the Legislature. Agency, fund, and budget unit usually establish the level of budgetary control in the central accounting system. Budgetary control is maintained by mechanisms in the accounting system that prevent expenditures and firm encumbrances in excess of appropriations or limitations and/or available cash. Encumbrances are reported as expenditures for budgetary purposes and as reserved fund balances in the governmental financial statements in this report. The legal level of budgetary control (i.e., the level at which expenditures may not legally exceed appropriations) is the budget unit level. The supplemental budgetary appropriations made in the General Fund were not material. Due to the volume of data, the detailed budget information at the budget unit level is not presented here.

State of Kansas **Required Supplementary Information**June 30, 2007

State of Kansas

Schedule of Revenue, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual

General Fund

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2007

(expressed in thousands)

· •	Budgeted	Amounts	Actual Amounts Budgetary	Variance with Final Budget - Positive	
	Original	Final	Basis	(Negative)	
Revenues and other financing sources: Property tax Income and inheritance tax	\$ 23,500	\$ 25,000	\$ 25,812	\$ 812	
	3,046,000	3,158,000	3,238,535	80,535	
State sales tax Consumer's and retailer's compensating use tax Tobacco and liquor taxes	1,775,000	1,767,000	1,766,768	(232)	
	290,000	286,000	284,981	(1,019)	
	194,200	191,400	195,436	4,036	
Severance taxes Insurance premiums taxes Other taxes	111,100	111,300	116,025	4,725	
	113,000	114,000	113,805	(195)	
	52,000	52,000	53,385	1,385	
Investment earnings Transfers Charges for services, other revenues and financing sources	89,000	91,200	92,276	1,076	
	(161,096)	(128,000)	(142,446)	(14,446)	
	59,554	64,500	64,467	(33)	
Total revenues and other financing sources	5,592,258	5,732,400	5,809,044	76,644	
Expenditures and other financing uses: Current:					
General government	659,674	719,303	711,929	7,374	
Human resources	799,057	816,024	813,272	2,752	
Education Public safety Agriculture and natural resources	3,610,859	3,663,131	3,639,137	23,994	
	386,177	385,355	383,922	1,433	
	28,804	28,657	27,496	1,161	
Health and environment Total expenditures and other financing uses	34,171	38,719	34,386	4,333	
	5,518,742	5,651,189	5,610,142	41,047	
Excess of revenues and other financing sources over (under) expenditures and other financing uses	73,516	81,211	198,902	\$ 117,691	
Fund balances, beginning of year Adjustment for released encumbrances Fund balances, end of year	710,339 0 \$ 783,855	710,339 0 \$ 791,550	710,339 2,511 \$ 911,752		

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Reconciliation of the Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget to Actual with the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances- Governmental Funds for the State General Fund For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2007

	Stat	te General Fund
Excess of revenues and other financing sources over (under) expenditures and other financing uses - budgetary basis	\$	198,902
Current year encumbrances are reported as expenditures for budgetary reporting purposes		33,107
Expenditures on prior year encumbrances are not reported for budgetary reporting purposes		(23,930)
Budgetary expenditures and transfers to other state funds have been adjusted to GAAP basis		(578,602)
Budgetary basis revenues and transfers from other state funds have been adjusted to GAAP basis		518,381
Changes in Fund Balance as reported on the Statement of Revenue, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance	\$	147,858

State of Kansas

Required Supplementary Information

June 30, 2007

State of Kansas

Schedule of Revenue, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual Social and Rehabilitation Services Fund For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2007 (expressed in thousands)

		Budgeted	Amo	ounts	A	Actual Amounts udgetary	Final	ance with Budget - ositive
	0	riginal		Final	Basis		(Negative)	
Revenues and Other Financing Sources:								
Tobacco & liquor taxes	\$	2,350	\$	2,350	\$	2,561	\$	211
Operating grants		332,782		329,248		479,239		149,991
Investment earnings		425		436		839		403
Transfers		423,713		423,641		400,243		(23,398)
Charges for services, other revenues & financing sources		89,363		89,432		94,640		5,208
Total revenues and other financing sources		848,633		845,107		977,522		132,415
Expenditures and Other Financing Uses:								
Current:								
Human resources		1,028,603		1,027,975		1,035,001		(7,026)
Total expenditures and other financing uses		1,028,603		1,027,975		1,035,001		(7,026)
Excess of revenues and other financing sources over								
(under) expenditures and other financing uses	\$	(179,970)	\$	(182,868)	\$	(57,479)	\$	125,389

State	of	Kansas
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Reconciliation of the Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget to Actual with the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances- Governmental Funds Social and Rehabilitation Services Fund For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2007

	Reh	Social and Rehabilitation Services Fund		
Excess of revenues and other financing sources over (under) expenditures and other financing uses - budgetary basis	\$	(57,479)		
Current year encumbrances are reported as expenditures for budgetary reporting purposes		19,754		
Expenditures on prior year encumbrances are not reported for budgetary reporting purposes		(12,542)		
Budgetary expenditures and transfers to other state funds have been adjusted to GAAP basis		28,149		
Budgetary basis revenues and transfers from other state funds have been adjusted to GAAP basis		(17,072)		
Changes in Fund Balance as reported on the Statement of Revenue, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance	\$	(39,190)		

Kansas Department of Transportation
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Other Financing Sources (Uses)
State Highway Fund (Agency's general fund)
Budget and Actual -- Budgetary Basis
For the Year Ended June 30, 2007
(expressed in thousands)

-		Budgete	1 Amo	unte		Actual & Encum-	Fi	riance with nal Budget Positive
	Original Final			brances	(Negative)			
Revenues:		Originar		1 11141		brances		(tegative)
Motor fuel taxes	\$	297,467	\$	288,348	\$	285,609	\$	(2,739)
Vehicle registrations and permits		167,700		171,787		173,232		1,445
Intergovernmental		364,377		442,949		406,941		(36,008)
Sales and use taxes		152,008		152,023		158,559		6,536
Investment earnings		5,728		12,907		23,786		10,879
Other		8,291		7,391		8,312		921
Transfers from other state funds		35,717		35,531		36,358		827
Total revenues		1,031,288		1,110,936		1,092,797		(18,139)
Expenditures, with legal limits:								
Current operating:								
Maintenance		134,681		137,285		132,990		4,295
Construction		63,555		61,745		56,915		4,830
Local support		5,366		5,611		8,163		(2,552)
Management		61,689		61,183		60,230		953
Capital improvements		8,612		9,267		5,136		4,131
Transfers to other state funds		63,905		94,113		94,672		(559)
Expenditures with legal limits		337,808		369,204		358,106		11,098
Expenditures, without legal limits:								
Current operating:								
Maintenance		162,298		176,099		146,281		29,818
Local support		19,507		25,853		18,430		7,423
Management		650		650		1,158		(508)
Capital improvements		470,281		840,053		626,368		213,685
Transfers to other state funds		936		1,856		1,747		109
Expenditures without legal limits		653,672		1,044,511		793,984		250,527
Total expenditures		991,480		1,413,715		1,152,090		261,625
Excess (deficiency) of revenues								
over expenditures		39,808	_	(302,779)		(59,293)		243,486
Other financing sources (uses):								
Transfers-in		0		0		0		0
Transfers-out		(140,666)		(140,666)		(144,410)		(3,744)
Total other financing sources (uses)		(140,666)		(140,666)		(144,410)		(3,744)
Excess (deficiency) of revenues and other	•	(100.070)	.	(440 445)	ch.	(202 505)	.	220 712
sources over expenditures and other uses	\$	(100,858)	\$	(443,445)	\$	(203,703)	\$	239,742

Kansas Department of Transportation Reconciliation of

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Other Financing Sources (Uses)
State Highway Fund (Agency's general fund)
Budget and Actual -- Budgetary Basis

to

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances
State Highway Fund (Agency's general fund)
For the Year Ended June 30, 2007
(expressed in thousands)

Excess (deficiency) of revenues and other sources over expenditures and other uses - budgetary basis	\$ (203,703)
Budgetary basis revenues and transfers from other state funds have been adjusted to GAAP basis	57,018
Current year encumbrances are reported as expenditures for budgetary reporting purposes	592,347
Expenditures on prior year encumbrances are not reported for budgetary reporting	(553,319)
Budgetary expenditures and transfers to other state funds have been adjusted to GAAP basis	 9,674
Net Change in Fund Balance as reported on the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances	\$ (97,983)

State of Kansas

Required Supplementary Information

June 30, 2007

State of Kansas

Schedule of Revenue, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual Health Policy Authority For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2007 (expressed in thousands)

			Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget -
	Budgeted	Amounts	Budgetary	Positive
	Original	Final	Basis	(Negative)
Revenues and Other Financing Sources:				
Operating grants	\$ 1,467,106	\$ 1,488,406	\$ 1,359,894	\$ (128,512)
Investment earnings	7	7	845	838
Transfers	2,691	2,763	(689,041)	(691,804)
Charges for services, other revenues & financing sources	142,585	133,985	161,424	27,439
Total revenues and other financing sources	1,612,389	1,625,161	833,122	(792,039)
Expenditures and Other Financing Uses:				
Current:				
Human resources	867,953	822,864	822,658	206
Total expenditures and other financing uses	867,953	822,864	822,658	206
Excess of revenues and other financing sources over				
(under) expenditures and other financing uses	\$ 744,436	\$ 802,297	\$ 10,464	\$ (791,833)

State of Kansas

Reconciliation of the Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget to Actual

with the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in

Fund Balances- Governmental Funds

Health Policy Authority

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2007

	th Policy athority
Excess of revenues and other financing sources over (under) expenditures and other financing uses - budgetary basis	\$ 10,464
Current year encumbrances are reported as expenditures for budgetary reporting purposes	10,678
Expenditures on prior year encumbrances are not reported for budgetary reporting purposes	(5,420)
Budgetary expenditures and transfers to other state funds have been adjusted to GAAP basis	(99,348)
Budgetary basis revenues and transfers from other state funds have been adjusted to GAAP basis	 98,747
Changes in Fund Balance as reported on the Statement of Revenue, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance	\$ 15,121

Support of Modified Approach for Kansas Department of Transportation Infrastructure Reporting

Roadways

The highways in the State are made up of two systems: interstate highways and non-interstate highways. The condition of these systems is assessed annually using a pavement management system that measures the condition of the pavement surface to classify the roads into the following three performance levels:

- PL-1 Roadway surface is in good condition and needs only routine or light preventative maintenance.
- PL-2 Roadway surface needs at least routine maintenance.
- PL-3 Roadway surface is in poor condition and needs significant work.

While the Department has goals to maintain these systems at higher levels, minimum acceptable condition levels have been defined as having at least 80 percent of the interstate miles in PL-1 and at least 75 percent of the non-interstate miles in PL-1. The following table compares the minimum acceptable condition level with the actual condition for the current and prior year.

	Interstate Miles		Non-interstate Miles		
	Minimum	_	Minimum		
	Acceptable	Actual	Acceptable	Actual	
	Condition	Condition	Condition	Condition	
Fiscal Year	Level*	Level*	Level*	Level*	
2005	80%	97%	75%	88%	
2006	80%	94%	75%	86%	
2007	80%	97%	75%	90%	

^{*}Percent of miles in PL-1

The Department's goal is to continually improve the condition of the State highway system. To achieve this goal it is necessary to perform maintenance activities and replace those assets that can no longer be economically maintained. To maintain the interstate highways at or above the stated minimum condition level it is estimated that annual preservation and replacement expenditures must exceed \$110 million annually. To maintain the non-interstate highways at or above the stated minimum condition level it is estimated that annual preservation and replacement expenditures must exceed \$260 million. The following table compares the estimated expenditures needed to maintain the system at a minimum acceptable condition level with actual amounts spent for the current and prior year (expressed in thousands).

	Interstate Highways			Non-interstate Highways				
		Minimum				Minimum		
		Acceptable				Acceptable		
Fiscal		Condition		Actual		Condition		Actual
Year		Level		Expenses		Level		Expenses
2003	\$	110,000	\$	126,711	\$	260,000	\$	311,308
2004		110,000		155,711		260,000		311,308
2005		110,000		144,603		260,000		348,629
2006		110,000		115,820		260,000		380,988
2007		110,000		62,935		260,000		384,627

KDOT is in the process of reviewing and updating the methodology used in estimating required funding and related asset allocation to appropriately maintain its infrastructure assets.

Bridges

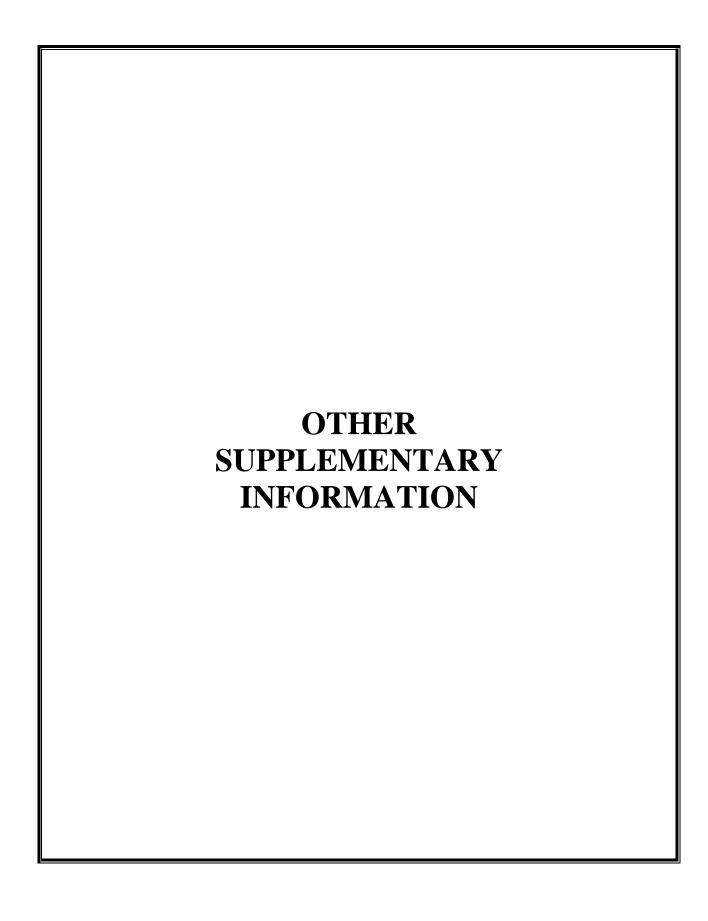
The condition of the bridge system in the state is assessed annually using the Pontis Bridge Management System. This system evaluates the condition of several elements (decks, girders, floor beams, columns etc) within each bridge using a rating scale of 1 to 5. These element ratings are weighted and aggregated to establish a health index of 0 to 100 for each bridge which, in turn, are aggregated to establish a health index for the entire system.

The goal of the Department is to maintain the bridge system at a higher level, but has defined an overall statewide health index of 80 as the minimum acceptable condition level. This table compares the minimum acceptable health index with the actual health index for the current and prior year.

	Minimum	
	Acceptable	Actual
Fiscal Year	Health Index	Health Index
2004	80	92
2005	80	93
2006	80	93

The Department's goal is to continually improve the condition of the State's bridge system. To achieve this goal it is necessary to perform maintenance activities and to replace those bridges that can no longer be economically maintained. To maintain the State's bridges at or above the stated minimum acceptable health index it is estimated that annual preservation and replacement expenditures must be approximately \$75 million. The following table compares the estimated annual expenditures needed to maintain the bridges system with the actual expenditures for the current and prior year (expressed in thousands).

		Minimum	
Fiscal		Acceptable	Actual
Year]	Health Index	 Expenses
2003	\$	75,000	\$ 87,015
2004		75,000	117,671
2005		75,000	106,593
2006		75,000	90,908
2007		75,000	76,536



Listing of Non-Major Governmental Funds

Special Revenue Funds

Special revenue funds are used to account for specific revenues that are legally restricted to expenditure for particular purposes:

State Regulatory Boards and Commissions

Correctional Facilities

Tobacco Settlement for Children's Initiatives

Adjutant General

Aging

Agriculture

Attorney General

Administration

Health and Environment

Highway Patrol

Historical Society

Labor

Commerce

Insurance

Judicial

State Library

Revenue

Education

Secretary of State

State Treasurer

Wildlife and Parks

Executive

Legislative

Transportation- special revenue

State Water Plan

Capital Projects Funds

Capital projects funds are used to account for the acquisition and construction of major capital facilities other than those financed by proprietary funds and trust funds:

State Buildings (Appropriated)

Capitol Complex Buildings

Master Lease Program

Corrections

State Library

Pooled Funds

Armories

Public Broadcasting Digital

Vital Statistics Project

Highway Patrol

Labor

Social and Rehabilitation Services

Debt Service Funds

Debt service funds are used to account for the accumulation of resources for, and the payment of, general long-term debt principle and interest:

Bond and Interest Highway Debt Service STAR bond liability fund for GAAP purposes

State of Kansas Combining Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds June 30, 2007

				Spe	cial Re	evenue Fund	ds		
		State			To	obacco			
	Re	gulatory			Settle	ement for			
	Во	ards and	Con	rectional	Ch	ildren's	Adjutant		
	Com	missions	Fa	cilities	In	itative	General	Aging	
ASSETS									
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	47,229	\$	9,680	\$	13,690	\$ 18,164	\$	6,486
Investments		0		0		0	0		0
Receivables, net		0		1,223		0	0		35,622
Due from other funds		0		0		0	0		0
Advances to other funds		41		5		0	0		0
Restricted cash and cash equivalents		342		78		0	0		0
Total assets	\$	47,612	\$	10,986	\$	13,690	\$ 18,164	\$	42,108
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES									
Liabilities:									
Accounts payable and other liabilities	\$	4,607	\$	4,381	\$	2,625	\$ 8,961	\$	39,219
Due to other funds		0		200		0	0		0
Deferred revenue		0		0		0	0		0
Advances from other funds		0		0		0	0		0
Total liabilities		4,607		4,581		2,625	8,961		39,219
Fund balances:									
Reserved for debt service		342		78		0	0		0
Reserved for encumbrances		5,105		641		5,691	5,991		634
Reserved for advances to other funds		41		5		0	0		0
Unreserved		37,517		5,681		5,374	3,212		2,255
Total fund balance		43,005		6,405		11,065	9,203		2,889
Total liabilities and fund balance	\$	47,612	\$	10,986	\$	13,690	\$ 18,164	\$	42,108

State of Kansas Combining Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds - Continued June 30, 2007

(expressed in inousands)				Specia	l Revenue F	Funds		
ASSETS	Agr	iculture_	Attorney General	Adm	inistration		alth and ironment	Highway Patrol
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	5,218	\$ 11,475	\$	23,675	\$	53,443	\$ 10,758
Investments	Ψ	0	0	Ψ	0	Ψ	0	0
Receivables, net		0	0		0		246	0
Due from other funds		0	0		0		0	0
Advances to other funds		4	2		3		11,022	14
Restricted cash and cash equivalents		0	0		6		0	0
Total assets	\$	5,222	\$ 11,477	\$	23,684	\$	64,711	\$ 10,772
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE	S							
Liabilities:								
Accounts payable and other liabilities	\$	666	\$ 1,321	\$	3,347	\$	12,755	\$ 2,098
Due to other funds		0	0		0		53	533
Deferred revenue		0	0		0		17	0
Advances from other funds		0	0		0		121	1,600
Total liabilities		666	1,321		3,347		12,946	4,231
Fund balances:								
Reserved for debt service		0	0		6		0	0
Reserved for encumbrances		2,481	1,738		8,556		31,814	3,332
Reserved for advances to other funds		4	2		3		11,022	14
Unreserved		2,071	8,416		11,772		8,929	3,195
Total fund balance		4,556	10,156		20,337		51,765	6,541
Total liabilities and fund balance	\$	5,222	\$ 11,477	\$	23,684	\$	64,711	\$ 10,772

State of Kansas

Combining Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds - Continued June 30, 2007

(expressed in inousands)			S	pecia	Revenue l	Funds			
ASSETS	torical ociety	L	abor	Co	mmerce	Ins	urance	_Jı	ıdicial
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 4,205	\$	5,255	\$	53,258	\$	20,913	\$	10,854
Investments	0		0		44,158		0		0
Receivables, net	0		0		14,514		0		0
Due from other funds	0		0		0		0		0
Advances to other funds	0		10		9		8		10
Restricted cash and cash equivalents	 0		0		62		0		0
Total assets	\$ 4,205	\$	5,265	\$	112,001	\$	20,921	\$	10,864
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES									
Liabilities:									
Accounts payable and other liabilities	\$ 261	\$	1,773	\$	4,910	\$	9,345	\$	1,146
Due to other funds	0		106		3,400		83		0
Deferred revenue	0		0		0		0		0
Advances from other funds	0		417		0		664		0
Total liabilities	261		2,296		8,310		10,092		1,146
Fund balances:									
Reserved for debt service	0		0		2		0		0
Reserved for encumbrances	67		22,846		21,341		489		95
Reserved for advances to other funds	0		10		9		8		10
Unreserved	3,877	(1	9,887)		82,339		10,332		9,613
Total fund balance	3,944		2,969		103,691		10,829		9,718
Total liabilities and fund balance	\$ 4,205	\$	5,265	\$	112,001	\$	20,921	\$	10,864

State of Kansas Combining Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds - Continued June 30, 2007

(caprossed in incusarius)			Spec	cial Reve	nue Funds		
ASSETS	ate orary	Revenue	Edu	ucation_	Secretary of State	Stat	te Treasurer
Cash and cash equivalents Investments Receivables, net Due from other funds	\$ 104 0 0 0	\$ 12,629 0 11 0	\$	6,115 0 0 0	\$ 19,676 0 0	\$	2,892 0 0 13,000
Advances to other funds Restricted cash and cash equivalents	0	25 0		1 0	0		48,877 0
Total assets	\$ 104	\$ 12,665	\$	6,116	\$ 19,677	\$	64,769
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES	\$						
Liabilities: Accounts payable and other liabilities Due to other funds Deferred revenue Advances from other funds Total liabilities	\$ 26 0 0 0 0 26	\$ 3,171 0 0 0 0 3,171	\$	2,552 0 0 0 2,552	\$ 2,292 0 0 0 2,292	\$	62,635 0 0 0 62,635
Fund balances: Reserved for debt service Reserved for encumbrances Reserved for advances to other funds Unreserved Total fund balance	 0 0 0 78 78	0 1,601 25 7,868 9,494		0 4,509 1 (946) 3,564	0 4,461 1 12,923 17,385		0 0 48,877 (46,743) 2,134
Total liabilities and fund balance	\$ 104	\$ 12,665	\$	6,116	\$ 19,677	\$	64,769

State of Kansas Combining Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds - Continued June 30, 2007

			Special Rev	renue Funds	
ASSETS	Wildlife and Parks	Executive	Legislative	Transportation- special revenue	State Water Plan
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 31,157	\$ 2,416	\$ 87	\$ 18,528	\$ 19,327
Investments	0	0	0	0	0
Receivables, net	0	0	0	8,606	1,470
Due from other funds	0	0	0	0	0
Advances to other funds	19	0	0	0	1
Restricted cash and cash equivalents	0	0	0	0	0
Total assets	\$ 31,176	\$ 2,416	\$ 87	\$ 27,134	\$ 20,798
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE	S				
Liabilities:					
Accounts payable and other liabilities	\$ 5,727	\$ 787	\$ 0	\$ 388	\$ 1,744
Due to other funds	0	0	0	0	0
Deferred revenue	0	0	0	0	1,470
Advances from other funds	0	0	0	0	0
Total liabilities	5,727	787	0	388	3,214
Fund balances:					
Reserved for debt service	0	0	0	0	0
Reserved for encumbrances	6,567	0	0	11,472	8,576
Reserved for advances to other funds	19	0	0	0	1
Unreserved	18,863	1,629	87	15,274	9,007
Total fund balance	25,449	1,629	87	26,746	17,584
Total liabilities and fund balance	\$ 31,176	\$ 2,416	\$ 87	\$ 27,134	\$ 20,798

State of Kansas Combining Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds - Continued June 30, 2007

, ,		.7 7)	
(expressed	ın	thousands)	

				Capit	al Proj	ects Funds			
		Buildings ropriated)	Co	apitol omplex ildings		ter Lease ogram	Cor	rections	tate orary
ASSETS									
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	36,879	\$	2	\$	6,113	\$	(7)	\$ 377
Investments		0		5,096		0		1,990	0
Receivables, net		0		91		45,417		49	0
Due from other funds		0		0		4,918		0	0
Advances to other funds		0		0		22,416		0	0
Restricted cash and cash equivalents		0		2,318		0		142	0
Total assets	\$	36,879	\$	7,507	\$	78,864	\$	2,174	\$ 377
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES	S								
Liabilities:									
Accounts payable and other liabilities	\$	3,546	\$	1,430	\$	1,118	\$	(1)	\$ 9
Due to other funds		400		0		0		0	0
Deferred revenue		0		0		0		0	0
Advances from other funds		0		0		0		0	0
Total liabilities		3,946		1,430		1,118		(1)	9
Fund balances:									
Reserved for debt service		0		2,298		0		126	0
Reserved for encumbrances		4,678		16,902		1,952		51	0
Reserved for advances to other funds		0		0		22,416		0	0
Unreserved		28,255	C	13,123)		53,378		1,998	368
Total fund balance		32,933		6,077		77,746		2,175	368
Total liabilities and fund balance	\$	36,879	\$	7,507	\$	78,864	\$	2,174	\$ 377

State of Kansas Combining Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds - Continued June 30, 2007

					Ca	pital Pr	ojects l	Funds				
ASSETS	Arı	mories_	Broad	blic casting gital	Stati	tal istics ject	High Pat	-	<u>I</u>	abor	Reha	rial and bilitation rvices
Cook and sook assistations	\$	0	\$	2	\$	0	\$	1	\$	244	\$	2
Cash and cash equivalents Investments	Э	26	Þ	2	Þ	0	3	0	Э	15,868	Э	2
				0		0		0		13,808		
Receivables, net Due from other funds		6 0		0		0		0		0		0
Advances to other funds		0		0		0		0		0		0
				755		680		0		0		
Restricted cash and cash equivalents		4,653		/55		080		0		0		4,813
Total assets	\$	4,685	\$	757	\$	680	\$	1	\$	16,298	\$	4,815
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES	S											
Liabilities:												
Accounts payable and other liabilities	\$	45	\$	36	\$	4	\$	0	\$	1	ф	
Due to other funds		0								1	\$	525
Due to other runus		U		0		0		0		0	\$	
Deferred revenue		0		0 0		0		0		_	\$	525 0 0
										0	\$	0
Deferred revenue	_	0		0		0		0	_	0	5	0 0 0
Deferred revenue Advances from other funds		0		0		0		0		0	<u> </u>	0
Deferred revenue Advances from other funds Total liabilities		0		0		0		0		0		0 0 0
Deferred revenue Advances from other funds Total liabilities Fund balances:		0 0 45		0 0 36		0 0 4		0 0 0		0 0 0 1	<u></u>	0 0 0 525
Deferred revenue Advances from other funds Total liabilities Fund balances: Reserved for debt service	_	0 0 45 4,653		0 0 36 755		0 0 4 680		0 0 0		0 0 0 1		0 0 0 525 4,813
Deferred revenue Advances from other funds Total liabilities Fund balances: Reserved for debt service Reserved for encumbrances	_	0 0 45 4,653 835 0		0 0 36 755 0		0 0 4 680 15		0 0 0		0 0 0 1 1	<u> </u>	0 0 0 525 4,813 974
Deferred revenue Advances from other funds Total liabilities Fund balances: Reserved for debt service Reserved for encumbrances Reserved for advances to other funds	_	0 0 45 4,653 835		0 0 36 755 0		680 15 0		0 0 0 0 0		0 0 0 1 1 0 15,682	\$ 	0 0 0 525 4,813 974 0

State of Kansas Combining Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds - Concluded June 30, 2007

	D	ebt Service Fu	nds	
A CODETEG	Bond and Interest	Highway Debt Service	STAR Bonds Debt Service	Total Nonmajor Governmental
ASSETS				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 1	\$ 0	\$ 11	\$ 450,859
Investments	387	0	0	67,525
Receivables, net	9	241	0	107,691
Due from other funds	0	0	0	17,918
Advances to other funds	0	0	0	82,468
Restricted cash and cash equivalents	11	64,030	49,101	126,991
Total assets	\$ 408	\$ 64,271	\$ 49,112	\$ 853,452
Total assets				
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE				
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE		\$ 0	\$ 1	\$ 183,452
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE iabilities:	S	\$ 0 0	\$ 1 0	
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE Liabilities: Accounts payable and other liabilities	S \$ 1			4,775
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE Liabilities: Accounts payable and other liabilities Due to other funds	\$ 1 0	0	0	4,775 1,487
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE iabilities: Accounts payable and other liabilities Due to other funds Deferred revenue	\$ 1 0 0	0	0	4,775 1,487 2,802
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE Liabilities: Accounts payable and other liabilities Due to other funds Deferred revenue Advances from other funds	\$ 1 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	\$ 183,452 4,775 1,487 2,802 192,516
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE iabilities: Accounts payable and other liabilities Due to other funds Deferred revenue Advances from other funds Total liabilities	\$ 1 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	4,775 1,487 2,802 192,516
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE iabilities: Accounts payable and other liabilities Due to other funds Deferred revenue Advances from other funds Total liabilities fund balances:	\$ 1 0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0 1	4,775 1,487 2,802 192,516
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE iabilities: Accounts payable and other liabilities Due to other funds Deferred revenue Advances from other funds Total liabilities fund balances: Reserved for debt service	\$ 1 0 0 0 1 1 11	0 0 0 0	0 0 0 1	4,775 1,487 2,802 192,516 13,767 189,578
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE iabilities: Accounts payable and other liabilities Due to other funds Deferred revenue Advances from other funds Total liabilities Fund balances: Reserved for debt service Reserved for encumbrances	\$ 1 0 0 0 1 1 1 0	0 0 0 0 0 3 482 0	0 0 0 1	13,767 189,578 41,023
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE Liabilities: Accounts payable and other liabilities Due to other funds Deferred revenue Advances from other funds Total liabilities Fund balances: Reserved for debt service Reserved for encumbrances Reserved for advances to other funds	\$ 1 0 0 0 1 1 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0 3 482	0 0 0 1	4,775 1,487 2,802

State of Kansas

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2007

	Special Revenue Funds Tobacco													
		State		bacco										
	Re	gulatory			Settle	ement for								
	Boa	ards and	Corre	ectional	Chi	ldren's	Adjutant							
	Con	nmission	Fac	ilities	Ini	itative	General	Aging						
Revenues:														
Property tax	\$	0	\$	0	\$	0	\$ 0	\$ 0						
Income and inheritance tax		0		0		0	0	0						
Sales and excise tax		2		0		0	0	0						
Gross receipts tax		7,393		0		0	0	0						
Charges for services		67,221		15,082		51,053	7	11,912						
Operating grants		3,824		4,741		0	106,057	17,030						
Capital grants		0		0		0	0	0						
Investment earnings		429		40		925	1	0						
Other revenues		5,083		2,116		5	(38)	81						
Total revenues		83,952		21,979		51,983	106,027	29,023						
Expenditures:	-													
Current:														
General government		47,531		0		0	0	0						
Human resources		10,288		0		34,338	0	290,242						
Education		541		0		323	0	0						
Public safety		6,085		35,700		8,855	115,262	0						
Agriculture and natural resources		9,763		0		0	0	0						
Highways and other transportation		0		0		0	0	0						
Health and environment		0		0		2,616	0	0						
Economic development		0		0		0	0	0						
Debt service:		· ·		Ü			Ü	· ·						
Principal		1,519		475		0	0	0						
Interest		1,648		124		0	0	0						
Total expenditures		77,375		36,299		46,132	115,262	290,242						
Total expenditures		11,313		30,277		40,132	113,202	270,242						
Excess of revenues over (under)														
expenditures		6,577	((14,320)		5,851	(9,235)	(261,219)						
Other financing sources (uses):														
Proceeds from sale of debt		0		0		0	0	0						
Transfers, net		(7,062)		14,430		(4,187)	16,622	259,323						
Total other financing sources (uses)		(7,062)		14,430		(4,187)	16,622	259,323						
Net change in fund balances		(485)		110		1,664	7,387	(1,896)						
Fund balances, beginning of year		43,490		6,295		9,401	1,816	4,785						
Revisions to beginning fund balances		0		0		0	0	0						
Fund balances, beginning of year (restated)		43,490		6,295		9,401	1,816	4,785						
Fund balances, end of year	\$	43,005	\$	6,405	\$	11,065	\$ 9,203	\$ 2,889						
								_						

Special Revenue Funds

State of Kansas

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds - Continued

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2007

			Attorne	ey			Hea	lth and	High	way
	Agri	culture	Genera	-	Admir	istration	Envi	ronment	Pat	-
Revenues:										
Property tax	\$	0	\$	0	\$	0	\$	0	\$	0
Income and inheritance tax		0		0		0		0		0
Sales and excise tax		0		0		0		695	2	2,564
Gross receipts tax		0		0		0		1,197		0
Charges for services		7,487	12,8	35		11,056		23,405		8,677
Operating grants		4,894	7,8	7,832		262		95,962	24	4,413
Capital grants		0	,	0		0		0		0
Investment earnings		75		63		406		1,363		176
Other revenues		415	1,3	75		14,052		40,874		170
Total revenues		12,871	22,1		-	25,776		163,496	30	5,000
Expenditures:										
Current:										
General government		0	11,6	44		22,280		0		0
Human resources		0	, -	0		0		0		0
Education		0		0		0		0		0
Public safety		0	11,4	54		0		0	49	9,137
Agriculture and natural resources		13,073	,	0		0		0		0
Highways and other transportation		0		0		0		0		0
Health and environment		0		0		0		160,745		0
Economic development		0		0		0		0		0
Debt service:		· ·						Ŭ		Ü
Principal		0		0		235		0		0
Interest		0		0		26,275		0		0
Total expenditures		13,073	23,0	_	-	48,790		160,745	40	9,137
1 our experiences		10,070			-	.0,770		100,7 10		,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,
Excess of revenues over (under)										
expenditures		(202)	(90	93)		(23,014)		2,751	(13	,137)
emperatures		(202)		<i>,</i> <u>,</u> ,		(23,011)		2,731	(13	,137)
Other financing sources (uses):										
Proceeds from sale of debt		0		0		0		0		0
Transfers, net		309	4,3			15,329		3,439	15	5,157
Total other financing sources (uses)		309	4,3	_	-	15,329		3,439		5,157
1 out offer infunency sources (uses)					-	10,02>		5,.55		,,10,
Net change in fund balances		107	3,3	348		(7,685)		6,190	2	2,020
Fund balances, beginning of year		4,449	6,8	808		28,022		45,575	4	4,521
Revisions to beginning fund balances		0		0		0		0		0
Fund balances, beginning of year (restated)		4,449	6,8	808		28,022		45,575		4,521
Fund balances, end of year	\$	4,556	\$ 10,1		\$	20,337	\$	51,765		5,541
»		,	,-	_		- /		- ,		,

Special Revenue Funds

State of Kansas

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds - Continued

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2007

			1		
	Historical				
	Society	Labor	Commerce	Insurance	Judicial
Revenues:			_		
Property tax	\$ (\$	0 \$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0
Income and inheritance tax	()	0 14,364	. 0	0
Sales and excise tax	1,258	}	0 0	0	0
Gross receipts tax	()	0 45	10,466	0
Charges for services	911	1,19	98 5,950	9,500	11,042
Operating grants	828	19,9	19 50,309	169	256
Capital grants	()	0 0	0	0
Investment earnings	149)	0 1,991	0	114
Other revenues	537			314	1,566
Total revenues	3,683	33,26	54 77,992	20,449	12,978
Expenditures:					
Current:					
General government	()	0 114,752	17,551	12,413
Human resources	(34,67	75 0	0	0
Education	3,344	ļ	0 (286)	0	0
Public safety	()	0 0	0	0
Agriculture and natural resources	()	0 0	0	0
Highways and other transportation	()	0 0	0	0
Health and environment	()	0 0	0	0
Economic development	()	0 3,125	0	0
Debt service:					
Principal	()	0 11,100	0	0
Interest	()	0 2,572	0	0
Total expenditures	3,344	34,67	75 131,263	17,551	12,413
Excess of revenues over (under)					
expenditures	339	(1,41	1) (53,271)	2,898	565
expenditures	337	(1,41	(33,271)	2,696	303
Other financing sources (uses):					
Proceeds from sale of debt	()	0 36,286	0	0
Transfers, net	(20)				0
Total other financing sources (uses)	(20)				0
Total other imaneing sources (uses)	(20)	1,50	71,137		
Net change in fund balances	319	(2	8) 21,168	3,002	565
Fund balances, beginning of year	3,625	5 2,99	97 82,523	7,827	9,153
Revisions to beginning fund balances	(0 0		0
Fund balances, beginning of year (restated)	3,625	2,99	97 82,523	7,827	9,153
Fund balances, end of year	\$ 3,944	\$ 2,96	\$ 103,691	\$ 10,829	\$ 9,718

Special Revenue Funds

State of Kansas

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds - Continued

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2007

	State Library	,	Rever	nne	Edu	cation		retary State		tate asurer
Revenues:	Dierury		110 101	100	Baa	Cutton	- 01	State	110	asarcı
Property tax	\$	0	\$	0	\$	0	\$	0	\$	0
Income and inheritance tax		0		0		0		0		0
Sales and excise tax		0	6	,234		0		0		0
Gross receipts tax		0		179		0		0		0
Charges for services		8	14	,972		4,568		4,899		2,459
Operating grants	1,79	2	1.	,101	3	85,854		5		0
Capital grants	(0		0		0		0		0
Investment earnings	(0		0		8		989		3,241
Other revenues	(0		0		32,769		0		12,300
Total revenues	1,80	0	22.	,486	4	23,199		5,893		18,000
Expenditures:										
Current:										
General government	(0	62	,216		0		15,231		15,253
Human resources	(0		0		0		0		0
Education	1,68	5		0	4	84,789		0		0
Public safety	(0		0		0		0		0
Agriculture and natural resources	(0		0		0		0		0
Highways and other transportation	(0		0		0		0		0
Health and environment	(0		0		0		0		0
Economic development		0		0		0		0		0
Debt service:										
Principal		0		0		0		0		0
Interest		0		0		0		0		0
Total expenditures	1,68	5	62	,216	4	84,789		15,231		15,253
Excess of revenues over (under)										
expenditures	11.	<u>5</u> _	(39,	730)	(6	51,590)	((9,338)		2,747
Other financing sources (uses):										
Proceeds from sale of debt	(0		0		0		0		0
Transfers, net	(35	(41	,467		59,812		0	((2,817)
Total other financing sources (uses)	(35)	41	,467		59,812		0	((2,817)
Net change in fund balances	8	0	1,	,737	((1,778)	((9,338)		(70)
Fund balances, beginning of year	(2	()	7	,757		5,342	2	26,723		2,204
Revisions to beginning fund balances		0		0		0		0		0
Fund balances, beginning of year (restated)	(2)	7	,757		5,342		26,723		2,204

State of Kansas

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds - Continued

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2007

			Special Reve	nue Funds	
	Wildlife and Parks	Executive	Legislative	Transportation- special revenue	State Water Plan
Revenues:	Φ. 0	Φ	Φ	Φ	Φ 0
Property tax	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0
Income and inheritance tax	0	0	0	0	0
Sales and excise tax	1,038	0	0	0	0
Gross receipts tax	0	0	0	0	0
Charges for services	27,734	187	40	334	4,345
Operating grants	12,748	15,411	0	0	0
Capital grants	0	0	0	2,775	0
Investment earnings	794	104	0	0	0
Other revenues	781	93	56	1,122	3,408
Total revenues	43,095	15,795	96	4,231	7,753
Expenditures:					
Current:					
General government	0	14,382	150	0	0
Human resources	0	0	0	0	0
Education	0	0	0	0	3
Public safety	0	0	0	0	0
Agriculture and natural resources	43,319	0	0	0	11,062
Highways and other transportation	0	0	0	17,333	0
Health and environment	0	0	0	0	3,648
Economic development	0	0	0	0	0
Debt service:					
Principal	764	0	0	0	232
Interest	19	0	0	0	5
Total expenditures	44,102	14,382	150	17,333	14,950
Excess of revenues over (under)					
expenditures	(1,007)	1,413	(54)	(13,102)	(7,197)
Other financing sources (uses):					
Proceeds from sale of debt	0	0	0	0	0
Transfers, net	3,085	(1,099)	0	17,000	7,770
Total other financing sources (uses)	3,085	(1,099)	0	17,000	7,770
Net change in fund balances	2,078	314	(54)	3,898	573
Fund balances, beginning of year	23,371	1,315	141	22,848	17,011
Revisions to beginning fund balances	0	0	0	0	0
Fund balances, beginning of year (restated)	23,371	1,315	141	22,848	17,011
Fund balances, end of year	\$ 25,449	\$ 1,629	\$ 87	\$ 26,746	\$ 17,584

State of Kansas

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds - Continued

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2007

(expressed in inousands)					Capital Pr	ojects I	Funds				<u> </u>
n		Buildings propriated)	Capitol Complex Buildings		Master Lease Program	Cor	rections	State Librar		Pool Fun	
Revenues:	\$	47,571	\$	0	\$ 0	\$	0	\$	0	\$	0
Property tax	Þ	,	Э			Э	-	Þ		Э	
Income and inheritance tax		0		0	0		0		0		0
Sales and excise tax		0		0	0		0		0		0
Gross receipts tax		0	_	0	0		0		0		0
Charges for services		0	-/	34	0		173		0		0
Operating grants		0		0	0		0	5	8		0
Capital grants		0		0	0		0		0		0
Investment earnings		0	1	22	308		18		0		0
Other revenues		0		1	0		0		0		1
Total revenues		47,571	8	357	308		191		8		1
Expenditures:											
Current:											
General government		491	21,5	68	(1,418)		0		0		0
Human resources		2,340		0	0		0		0		0
Education		2,305		0	0		0	36	57		0
Public safety		3,587		0	0		0		0		0
Agriculture and natural resources		0		0	0		0		0		0
Highways and other transportation		0		0	0		0		0		0
Health and environment		0		0	0		0		0		0
Economic development		0		0	0		0		0		0
Debt service:											
Principal		0	4,4	130	8,976		5,865		0		105
Interest		0	6,1	97	2,779		3,037		0		16
Total expenditures		8,723	32,1	95	10,337		8,902	36	57		121
Excess of revenues over (under)											
expenditures		38,848	(31,33	38)	(10,029)		(8,711)	(30	9)	(120)
Other financing sources (uses):											
Proceeds from sale of debt		0	7,4	91	5,899		0		0		0
Transfers, net		(30,046)	9,7	791	0		8,201		0		120
Total other financing sources (uses)		(30,046)	17,2	282	5,899		8,201		0		120
Net change in fund balances		8,802	(14,05	56)	(4,130)		(510)	(30)	9)		0
Fund balances, beginning of year		24,131	20,1	32	81,876		2,685	67	7		0
Revisions to beginning fund balances		0		1	0		0		0		0
Fund balances, beginning of year (restated)		24,131	20,1	33	81,876		2,685	67	7		0
Fund balances, end of year	\$	32,933	\$ 6,0)77	\$ 77,746	\$	2,175	\$ 36	58	\$	0
				_					•		-

State of Kansas

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds - Continued

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2007

			Capi	tal Pro	jects Fu	ınds				
	Armories	Broad	ablic deasting gital	Stati	tal stics ject	_	hway trol	Labor		Social and Rehabilitation Services
Revenues:	\$ 0	\$	0	\$	0	\$	0	\$ 0		\$
Property tax	\$ 0 0	Ф	0	Ф	0	Ф	0	3 0		Φ
Income and inheritance tax Sales and excise tax	0		0		0		0	0		
Gross receipts tax	0		0		0		0	0		
Charges for services	43		0		0		0	763		2
Operating grants	0		0		0		0	703		2
Capital grants	0		0		0		0	0		
Investment earnings	171		72		37		1	42		24
Other revenues	1		1		0		0	0		24
Total revenues	215		73		37		1	805		27
Expenditures:			13		31					21
Current:										
General government	0		1,039		0		0	0)	
Human resources	0		0		0		0	1,262		2,29
Education	0		0		0		0	-,		_,,
Public safety	3,668		0		0		0	0)	
Agriculture and natural resources	0		0		0		0	Ö		
Highways and other transportation	0		0		0		0	0)	
Health and environment	0		0		77		0	0)	
Economic development	0		0		0		0	0		
Debt service:										
Principal	1,060		295		430		680	1,895		2,89
Interest	954		322		69		205	1,022		3,59
Total expenditures	5,682		1,656		576		885	4,179	_	8,78
Excess of revenues over (under)										
expenditures	(5,467)		(1,583)		(539)		(884)	(3,374)	<u> </u>	(8,511
Other financing sources (uses):										
Proceeds from sale of debt	4,512		0		0		0	C)	
Transfers, net	1,910		517		459		885	1,806	j	6,17
Total other financing sources (uses)	6,422		517		459		885	1,806	_	6,17
Net change in fund balances	955		(1,066)		(80)		1	(1,568))	(2,332
Fund balances, beginning of year	3,685		1,787		756		0	17,865		6,61
Revisions to beginning fund balances	0		0		0		0	0		
Fund balances, beginning of year (restated)	3,685		1,787		756		0	17,865	_	6,62
Fund balances, end of year	\$ 4,640	\$	721	\$	676	\$	1	\$ 16,297	· = =	\$ 4,29

State of Kansas

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds - Concluded For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2007

(expressed in inousands)			Debt S	Service Fur	nds			
		d and		ighway t Service		R Bonds t Service		l Nonmajor vernmental
Revenues:	Φ.				Φ.		Φ.	45.554
Property tax	\$	0	\$	0	\$	0	\$	47,571
Income and inheritance tax		0		0		0		14,364
Sales and excise tax		0		0		30,996		42,787
Gross receipts tax		0		0		0		19,280
Charges for services		22		2,542		0		301,188
Operating grants		0		0		0		753,465
Capital grants		0		0		0		2,775
Investment earnings		6		12		0		11,903
Other revenues		1,805		5,404		0		141,772
Total revenues		1,833		7,958		30,996		1,335,105
Expenditures:								
Current:								
General government		0		0		7,652		362,735
Human resources		0		0		0		375,437
Education		0		0		0		493,071
Public safety		0		0		0		233,748
Agriculture and natural resources		0		0		0		77,217
Highways and other transportation		0		0		0		17,333
Health and environment		0		0		0		167,086
Economic development		0		0		0		3,125
Debt service:								
Principal		4,520		53,020		13,902		112,398
Interest		2,080		86,544		10,303		147,770
Total expenditures		6,600		139,564		31,857		1,989,920
Excess of revenues over (under)								
expenditures	(1,767)		(131,606)		(861)		(654,815)
Other financing sources (uses):								
Proceeds from sale of debt		0		0		0		54,188
Transfers, net		4,769		122,513		0		609,608
Total other financing sources (uses)		4,769		122,513		0		663,796
Net change in fund balances		2		(9,093)		(861)		8,981
Fund balances, beginning of year		405		73,364		49,972		651,950
Revisions to beginning fund balances		0		0		0		5
Fund balances, beginning of year (restated)		405		73,364		49,972		651,955
Fund balances, end of year	\$	407	\$	64,271	\$	49,111	\$	660,936

Listing of Non-Major Proprietary Funds

Enterprise Funds

Enterprise funds may be used to report any activity for which a fee for goods or services is charged external users. Enterprise funds are (1) required for any activity that operates under laws or regulations that its costs be recovered with fees and charges, rather than with taxes or similar revenues, (2) required for any activity for which management establishes fees, pursuant to its pricing policy, designed to recover its costs of providing services, and (3) required for activity that is financed with debt that is secured solely by a pledge of the net revenues from fees and charges of the activity:

Workers' Compensation Lottery Intergovernmental Transfer Program Transportation Revolving Fund Communication Systems Revolving Fund

State of Kansas

Combining Statement of Net Assets - Nonmajor Proprietary Funds June 30,2007

					В	Business-Typ	pe Act	ivities			
-	Worl Compo	ensa-	L	ottery	Inter me Tra	govern- ental ansfer ogram	Tra Re	nsporta- tion volving Fund	tion S Rev	munica- Systems olving und	Γotals
ASSETS	_										
Current assets:											
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	7,589	\$	8,917	\$	1,014	\$	11,309	\$	1,361	\$ 30,190
Investments		0		0		0		13,800		0	13,800
Receivables,net		0		9,267		0		4,381		56	13,704
Inventories		0		1,750		0		0		1	1,751
Total current assets		7,589		19,934		1,014		29,490		1,418	 59,445
Noncurrent assets:											
Investments		0		0		0		16,323		0	16,323
Receivables,net:		0		0		0		36,944		452	37,396
Restricted cash and cash equivalents		0		0		0		3,923		0	3,923
Advances to other funds		4,000		0		0		0		0	4,000
Capital assets (net of accumulated depreciation)		0		251		0		0		0	251
Other noncurrent assets		0		0		0		581		0	581
Total noncurrent assets		4,000		251		0		57,771		452	 62,474
Total assets	\$	11,589	\$	20,185	\$	1,014	\$	87,261	\$	1,870	\$ 121,919
LIABILITIES											
Current liabilities:											
Accounts payable and other liabilities	\$	144	\$	7,306	\$	10	\$	602	\$	15	\$ 8,077
Deferred revenue		0		0		0		0		25	25
Due to other funds		0		5,750		0		0		0	5,750
Short-term compensated absences		12		0		0		0		0	12
Short-term portion of long-term liabilities		4,682		0		0		3,450		0	8,132
Total current liabilities		4,838		13,056		10		4,052		40	21,996
Noncurrent liabilities:											
Compensated absences		2		0		0		0		0	2
Claims and judgements		26,520		0		0		0		0	26,520
Bonds, notes and loans payable		0		0		0		55,176		0	55,176
Total noncurrent liabilities		26,522		0		0		55,176		0	81,698
Total liabilities		31,360		13,056		10		59,228		40	 103,694
NET ASSETS											
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt		0		251		0		0		0	251
Restricted for:											
Debt service		0		0		0		30,977		0	30,977
Other purposes	(1	9,771)		0		0		0		0	(19,771)
Unrestricted		0		6,878		1,004		(2,944)		1,830	6,768
Total net assets	(1	9,771)		7,129		1,004		28,033		1,830	 18,225
Total liabilities and net assets	\$	11,589	\$	20,185	\$	1,014	\$	87,261	\$	1,870	\$ 121,919

State of Kansas

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Assets - Nonmajor Proprietary Funds

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2007 (expressed in thousands)

					Ві	ısiness-Typ	e Act	ivities			
	Workers Compensa- tion		I	ottery	m Tra	govern- ental insfer gram	Transporta- tion Revolving Fund		Communica- tion Systems Revolving Fund		 Γotals
Operating revenues:											
Charges for services	\$	7,396	\$	241,440	\$	156	\$	119	\$	793	\$ 249,904
Other revenue		29		13		120		1,160		0	1,322
Total operating revenues		7,425		241,453		276		1,279		793	 251,226
Operating expenses:											
Personal services		246		4,425		0		0		0	4,671
Supplies and services		1,549		32,154		0		28		99	33,830
Lottery prize awards		0		134,207		0		0		0	134,207
Depreciation		0		141		0		0		0	141
Insurance claims and expenses		1,766		0		0		0		0	1,766
Other expenses		782		0		80		0		0	862
Total operating expenses		4,343		170,927		80		28		99	 175,477
Operating income (loss)		3,082		70,526		196		1,251		694	 75,749
Nonoperating revenues (expenses):											
Investment earnings		0		0		0		2,030		51	2,081
Interest expense		0		0		0		(1,850)		0	(1,850)
Other expenses		0		0		(502)		0		0	(502)
Total nonoperating revenues						<u></u>					
(expenses)		0		0		(502)		180		51	 (271)
Net income (loss)		3,082		70,526		(306)		1,431		745	75,478
Transfers in		1,000		(71,016)		0		0		0	(70,016)
Transfers out		(2)		0		0		0		0	 (2)
Net change in net assets		4,080		(490)		(306)		1,431		745	 5,460
Total net assets - beginning		(23,851)		7,619		1,310		26,602		1,085	12,765
Total net assets - ending	\$	(19,771)	\$	7,129	\$	1,004	\$	28,033	\$	1,830	\$ 18,225

Internal Service Funds

Internal Service Funds are used to report any activity that provides goods or services to other funds, departments, or agencies of the primary government and its component units, or to other governments, on a cost-reimbursement basis:

Printing
Accounting Services
Motor Pool
Information Technology
Aircraft
Building Maintenance
Architectural Services
State Workers' Compensation
Capitol Security
Osawatomie Motor Pool
Wildlife Aircraft
Personnel Services

State of Kansas

Combining Statement of Net Assets - Internal Service Funds June 30, 2007 (expressed in thousands)

ASSETS	Pri	inting		ounting rvices	Mote	or Pool		rmation hnology	Airc	raft		uilding ntenance
ASSE1S Current assets:												
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	2,977	\$	2.155	\$	383	\$	6.731	\$	42	\$	7,949
Inventories	Ψ	0	Ψ	0	Ψ	0	Ψ	471	Ψ	0	Ψ	0
Total current assets		2,977		2,155		383		7,202		42		7,949
Total current assets		2,711		2,133		303		7,202				7,212
Noncurrent assets:												
Advances to other funds		4		4		1		11		0		7
Capital assets (net of accumulated depreciation)		1,255		2		543		7,350		0		73,337
Total noncurrent assets		1,259		6		544		7,361		0		73,344
Total assets	\$	4,236	\$	2,161	\$	927	\$	14,563	\$	42	\$	81,293
	-								:			
LIABILITIES												
Current liabilities:												
Accounts payable and other liabilities	\$	479	\$	136	\$	51	\$	3,221	\$	25	\$	843
Due to other funds		0		0		444		1,202		0		60
Short-term compensated absences		133		278		3		618		0		308
Short-term portion of long-term liabilities		171		20,228		0		0		0		1,321
Total current liabilities		783		20,642		498		5,041		25		2,532
Noncurrent liabilities:												<u></u>
Compensated absences		26		54		1		120		0		60
Claims and judgements		0		165		0		0		0		0
Bonds, notes and loans payable		557		0		0		0		0		61,593
Advances from other funds		0		0		1,907		732		0		169
Total noncurrent liabilities		583		219		1,908		852		0		61,822
Total liabilities		1,366		20,861		2,406		5,893		25		64,354
NET ASSETS												
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt		1,255		2		77		7,350		0		73,337
Restricted for:												
Unrestricted		1,615		(18,702)		(1,556)		1,320		17		(56,398)
Total net assets		2,870		(18,700)		(1,479)		8,670		17		16,939
Total liabilities and net assets	\$	4,236	\$	2,161	\$	927	\$	14,563	\$	42	\$	81,293

June 30, 2007

State of Kansas

Combining Statement of Net Assets - Internal Service Funds - Concluded June 30, 2007 (expressed in thousands)

ACCEPTE	Archit			e Workers apensation		pitol urity_		atomie or Pool		dlife		onnel vices		Totals
ASSETS Current assets:														
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	119	\$	5,949	\$	181	\$	25	\$	149	\$	277	\$	26,937
Inventories	φ	0	Ф	0	φ	0	Ф	0	Ф	0	φ	0	Φ	471
Total current assets	-	119		5,949		181		25		149		277		27,408
Total current assets	-	119		3,949		101		23		147		211		27,400
Noncurrent assets:														
Advances to other funds		1		1		0		0		0		0		29
Capital assets (net of accumulated depreciation)		9		4		0		0		0		0		82,500
Total noncurrent assets		10		5		0		0		0		0		82,529
Total assets	\$	129	\$	5,954	\$	181	\$	25	\$	149	\$	277	\$	109,937
LIABILITIES														
Current liabilities:														
Accounts payable and other liabilities	\$	49	\$	591	\$	46	\$	0	\$	0	\$	7	\$	5,448
Due to other funds		0		0		0		0		0		0		1,706
Short-term compensated absences		60		57		0		0		0		10		1,467
Short-term portion of long-term liabilities		0		13,765		0		0		0		0		35,485
Total current liabilities		109		14,413		46		0		0		17		44,106
Noncurrent liabilities:														
Compensated absences		12		11		0		0		0		2		286
Claims and judgements		0		27,435		0		0		0		0		27,600
Bonds, notes and loans payable		0		0		0		0		0		0		62,150
Advances from other funds		0		0		0		0		0		0		2,808
Total noncurrent liabilities		12		27,446		0		0		0		2		92,844
Total liabilities		121		41,859		46		0		0		19		136,950
NET ASSETS														
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt		9		4		0		0		0		466		82,500
Restricted for:														
Unrestricted		(1)		(35,909)		135		25		149		(208)		(109,513)
Total net assets	_	8	-	(35,905)	_	135		25	_	149		258	_	(27,013)
Total liabilities and net assets		129	\$	5,954	\$	181	\$	25	\$	149	\$	277	\$	109,937

State of Kansas

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Assets - Internal Service Funds

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2007

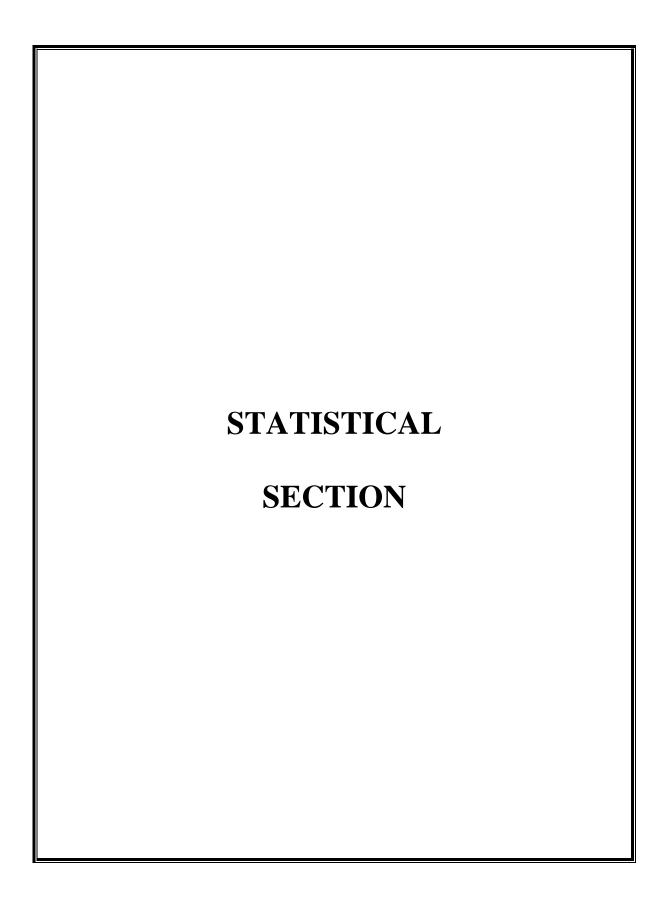
	Printing	Accounting Services	Motor Pool	Information Technology	Aircraft	Building Maintenance
Operating revenues:						
Charges for services	\$ 6,292	\$ 3,433	\$ 824	\$ 36,273	\$ 154	\$ 27,741
Other revenue	2	15,405	1,630	1	(1)	204
Total operating revenues	6,294	18,838	2,454	36,274	153	27,945
Operating expenses:						
Salaries and wages	2,563	4,413	50	10,799	0	7,096
Supplies and services	2,884	760	3,113	23,417	168	9,432
Depreciation	137	1	345	2,419	0	2,835
Insurance claims and expenses	0	0	0	0	0	0
Total operating expenses	5,584	5,174	3,508	36,635	168	19,363
Operating income (loss)	710	13,664	(1,054)	(361)	(15)	8,582
Nonoperating revenues (expenses):						
Interest expense	(43)	0	0	0	0	(3,136)
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)	(43)	0	0	0	0	(3,136)
Net income (loss)	667	13,664	(1,054)	(361)	(15)	5,446
Transfers in	0	731	(1,534)	0	0	(226)
Transfers out	(133)	0	0	(260)	0	(4,041)
Net change in net assets	534	14,395	(2,588)	(621)	(15)	1,179
Total net assets - beginning	2,502	(33,095)	1,244	10,901	32	18,350
Revisions to beginning net assets	(166)	0	(135)	(1,610)	0	(2,590)
Total net assets - beginning (restated)	2,336	(33,095)	1,109	9,291	32	15,760
Total net assets - ending	\$ 2,870	\$ (18,700)	\$ (1,479)	\$ 8,670	\$ 17	\$ 16,939

State of Kansas

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Assets - Internal Service Funds - Concluded

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2007

	itectural rvices	e Workers	,	pitol curity	atomie r Pool	Wile		Perso		Totals
Operating revenues:										
Charges for services	\$ 1,031	\$ 19,878	\$	40	\$ 51	\$	83	\$	150	\$ 95,950
Other revenue	48	(8,263)		82	0		0		0	9,108
Total operating revenues	1,079	11,615		122	51		83		150	105,058
Operating expenses:										
Salaries and wages	986	1,147		(23)	0		0		11	27,042
Supplies and services	65	2,252		19	27		0		1	42,138
Depreciation	6	1		0	0		0		0	5,744
Insurance claims and expenses	0	18,650		0	0		0		0	18,650
Total operating expenses	1,057	22,050		(4)	27		0		12	93,574
Operating income (loss)	 22	 (10,435)		126	 24		83		138	11,484
Nonoperating revenues (expenses):										
Interest expense	0	0		0	0		0		0	(3,179)
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)	0	0		0	0		0		0	(3,179)
Net income (loss)	22	(10,435)		126	24		83		138	8,305
Transfers in	0	414		0	0		0		0	(615)
Transfers out	 0	 0		0	 0		0		0	(4,434)
Net change in net assets	 22	 (10,021)		126	 24		83		138	3,256
Total net assets - beginning	(14)	(25,871)		9	1		66		120	(25,755)
Revisions to beginning net assets	0	(13)		0	0		0		0	(4,514)
Total net assets - beginning (restated)	(14)	(25,884)		9	1		66		120	(30,269)
Total net assets - ending	\$ 8	\$ (35,905)	\$	135	\$ 25	\$	149	\$	258	\$ (27,013)



Contents	Page
Financial Trends	136
These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the State's financial performance and well-being have changed over time.	
Revenue Capacity	146
These schedules contain information to help the reader assess the state's most significant revenue source, the income and sales taxes.	
Debt Capacity	148
These schedules present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the State's current levels of outstanding debt and the State's ability to issue additional debt in the future.	
Demographic and Economic Information	150
These schedules offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the State's financial activities take place.	
Operating Information	152
These schedules contain service and infrastructure data to help the reader understand how the information in the State's financial report relates to the services the State provides and the activities it performs.	

Sources: Unless otherwise noted, the information in these schedules is derived from the comprehensive annual financial reports for the relevant year. The State implemented GASB Statement 34 in fiscal year 2002; schedules presenting government-wide information include information beginning that year.

The State University System was changed from a business-type activity to a component unit of the State which significantly changes some amounts for fiscal year 2004 and beyond.

Financial Trends Net Assets by Fund Type Last Six Fiscal Years (expressed in thousands)

		 2002	2003	 2004
1	Governmental activities	 _	_	
2	Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	\$ 7,494,576	\$ 7,758,504	\$ 7,855,107
3	Restricted	60,207	118,013	142,188
4	Unrestricted	 1,583,141	 1,194,510	831,722
5	Total governmental activities net assets	\$ 9,137,924	\$ 9,071,027	\$ 8,829,017
6				
7	Business-type activities ¹			
8	Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	\$ 714,933	\$ 844,948	\$ 479
9	Restricted	513,119	844,360	589,332
10	Unrestricted	 406,782	 (10,780)	 57,317
11	Total business-type activities net assets	\$ 1,634,834	\$ 1,678,528	\$ 647,128
12				
13	Primary government			
14	Invested in capital assets net of related debt	\$ 8,209,509	\$ 8,603,452	\$ 7,855,586
15	Restricted	573,326	962,373	731,520
16	Unrestricted	 1,989,923	 1,183,730	 889,039
17	Total primary government net assets	\$ 10,772,758	\$ 10,749,555	\$ 9,476,145

¹ In fiscal year 2004 the State University System was changed from a business-type activity to a component unit of the State.

Financial Trends Net Assets by Fund Type Last Six Fiscal Years (expressed in thousands)

	2005		2006		2007
\$	8,435,125	\$	8,144,626	\$	9,538,694
Ψ	89,640	Ψ	97,386	Ψ	93,923
	762,257		1,309,066		331,906
\$	9,287,022	\$	9,551,078	\$	9,964,523
\$	247	\$	388	\$	256
	766,234		950,950		1,087,458
	5,642		20,004		6,768
\$	772,123	\$	971,342	\$	1,094,482
\$	8,435,372	\$	8,145,014	\$	9,538,950
Ψ	855,874	Ψ	1,048,336	Ψ	1,181,381
	767,899		1,329,110		338,674
\$	10,059,145	\$	10,522,460	\$	11,059,005

Financial Trends Changes in Net Assets, Last Six Fiscal Years (expressed in thousands)

_							
1 Exp	enses						
-	ernmental activities:						
3	General government	\$	561,006	\$	419,040	\$	1,615,560
4	Human resources		2,723,207		2,804,932		3,106,382
5	Education		2,662,380		3,125,520		3,201,981
6	Public safety		476,638		446,867		438,540
7	Agriculture and natural resources		90,948		92,466		88,870
8	Highways and other transportation		860,035		798,083		777,697
9	Health and environment		166,038		174,249		176,436
10	Economic development		0		0		0
11	Interest expense		0		0		0
12	Total governmental activities expenses		7,540,252		7,861,157		9,405,466
	ness-type activities:		7,310,232		7,001,137		2,103,100
14	Water pollution and safety		42,370		22,489		28,975
15	Health care stabilization		27,588		34,955		33,874
16	Employment security		341,587		487,610		468,413
17	Workers' compensation		(856)		(38,177)		2,842
18	Lottery		132,284		140,103		154,774
19	Universities		1,857,220		1,749,824		0
20	Intergovernmental transfer program		94,823		35,953		1,210
21	Total business-type activities expenses		2,495,016		2,432,757		690,088
22	Total primary government expenses	\$	10,035,268	\$	10,293,914	\$	10,095,554
23		-		-		-	
24 Prog	gram Revenues						
	ernmental activities:						
26	General government	\$	225,970	\$	283,224	\$	298,640
27	Human resources		1,723,828		1,782,338		1,982,802
28	Education		295,077		322,565		359,415
29	Public safety		111,009		85,705		79,468
30	Agriculture and natural resources		52,315		55,648		58,116
31	Highways and other transportation		583,663		588,536		493,479
32	Health and environment		99,249		119,147		130,810
33	Total governmental activities revenues	-	3,091,111		3,237,163		3,402,730
	ness-type activities: ¹		2,0,2,2,2		-,,		
35	Water pollution and safety		35,799		23,769		50,634
36	Health care stabilization		27,684		26,201		22,236
37	Employment security		318,187		352,282		370,895
38	Workers' compensation		468		871		3,859
39	Lottery		191,064		203,939		225,457
40	Universities		800,899		1,026,479		0
41	Intergovernmental transfer program		0		67		191
42	Transportation revolving fund		0		0		0
43	Total business-type activities revenues		1,374,101		1,633,608		673,272
44	Total primary government revenues	\$	4,465,212	\$	4,870,771	\$	4,076,002
45	primary go . crimient to rendes	Ψ	.,,212	Ψ	.,0.0,7,71	Ψ	.,0,0,002
	(Expense) Revenue						
	ernment activities	\$	(4,449,141)	\$	(4,623,994)	\$	(6,002,736)
	ness-type activities	Ф	(1,120,915)	Φ	(799,149)	Ф	(16,816)
	l primary net (expense) revenue	\$	(5,570,056)	\$	(5,423,143)	\$	(6,019,552)
+7 10ta	i primary net (expense) revenue	Φ	(3,370,030)	<u> </u>	(3,443,143)	_	(0,019,332)

Financial Trends

Changes in Net Assets, Last Six Fiscal Years (expressed in thousands)

	2005	2006	2007	
				1
\$	1,215,280	\$ 975,41	1,074,391	2 3
	3,124,978	2,979,05	3,080,465	4
	3,393,376	4,378,01	4,696,343	5
	514,904	583,34	607,343	6
	93,528	98,11	102,471	7
	679,952	893,58	639,384	8
	189,908	197,88	199,996	9
	3,293	3,78	3,125	10
	0		0 149,550	11
	9,215,219	10,109,18	10,553,068	12 13
	30,499	33,99	33,845	13
	39,897	32,50	00 24,013	15
	280,644	253,05	55 245,910	16
	2,273	4,88		17
	145,496	167,62	23 170,928	18
	0	1,08	34 583	19
	9,287	1,14	1,977	20
	508,096	494,29	00 481,598	21
\$	9,723,315	\$ 10,603,47	<u>\$ 11,034,666</u>	22
				23
				24
				25
\$	320,129	\$ 274,96	59 \$ 281,027	26
	1,861,855	2,090,96	51 2,099,064	27
	386,369	390,18	395,050	28
	126,632	149,63	38 165,609	29
	65,012	63,53	33 66,477	30
	563,126	586,23	697,979	31
	131,568	129,22	122,938	32
	3,454,691	3,684,74	3,828,144	33
				34
	44,542	42,99		35
	21,244	27,40		36
	348,021	349,91		37
	3,464	1,18		38
	207,772	237,27		39
	0		0 0	40
	167	13		41
	0		912	42
	625,210	658,96		43
\$	4,079,901	\$ 4,343,71	\$ 4,425,185	44
				45 46
ď	(5.760.529)	¢ (6.424.44)	1) \$ (6.704.004)	46
\$	(5,760,528) 117,114	\$ (6,424,441) 164,67		47 48
Ф.				
\$	(5,643,414)	\$ (6,259,763	\$ (6,609,481)	49

Financial Trends Revenues and Other Changes in Net Assets

			2002	 2003	 2004
50	Governmental activities:				
51	Taxes				
52	Property tax	\$	54,535	\$ 446,611	\$ 648,604
53	Income and inheritance tax		2,010,550	1,936,916	2,104,072
54	Sales and excise tax		2,248,760	2,496,744	2,510,227
55	Gross receipts tax		103,825	115,282	127,953
56	Investment earnings		37,369	13,422	11,437
57	Other revenue		208,732	150,857	232,168
58	Extraordinary items		(570,470)	45,710	68,294
59	Transfers		0	(606,944)	 0
60	Total governmental activities revenues	\$	4,093,301	\$ 4,598,598	\$ 5,702,755
61	Business-type activities: ¹	· ·			
62	Investment earnings		(159)	(636)	28,290
63	Other revenue		582,437	204,634	28,024
64	Transfers		570,470	606,944	 (68,294)
65	Total business-type activities revenues		1,152,748	810,942	(11,980)
66	Total primary government revenues	\$	5,246,049	\$ 5,409,540	\$ 5,690,775

¹ In fiscal year 2004 the State University System was changed from a business-type activity to a component unit of the State.

Financial Trends Revenues and Other Changes in Net Assets

2005	2006			2007	
\$ 666,698	\$ 548,725	5	6	593,229	
2,385,369	2,866,019			3,210,696	
2,660,026	2,789,933			2,863,794	
127,336	132,928			134,872	
26,401	61,617			106,727	
275,320	244,009			218,482	
77,383	0			0	
0	 66,868			69,881	
\$ 6,218,533	\$ 6,710,099	9	3	7,197,681	
29,507	37,446			45,914	
55,757	35,972			31,624	
(77,383)	 (66,868)			(69,881)	
7,881	 6,550			7,657	
\$ 6,226,414	\$ 6,716,649	5	S	7,205,338	

Financial Trends Fund Balances, Governmental Funds Last Six Fiscal Years

		2002	2003		2004
1	General Fund				
2	Reserved	\$ 22,837	\$ 19,255	\$	18,789
3	Unreserved	 60,595	(53,782)		115,150
4	Total general fund	\$ 83,432	\$ (34,527)	\$	133,939
5		 	 		_
6	Social and Rehabilitation Fund				
7	Reserved	\$ 20,445	\$ 15,762	\$	15,763
8	Unreserved	 (3,628)	 4,961		45,747
9	Total social and rehabilitation fund	\$ 16,817	\$ 20,723	\$	61,510
10					
11	Transportation Fund				
12	Reserved	\$ 732,505	\$ 971,806	\$	1,011,621
13	Unreserved	 183,896	 (178,882)		(295,037)
14	Total Transportation Fund	\$ 916,401	\$ 792,924	\$	716,584
15					
16	Transportation - Capital Projects Fund				
17	Reserved	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$	0
18	Unreserved	 (200,000)	 (608,115)		(608,115)
19	Total Transportation - Capital Projects Fund	\$ (200,000)	\$ (608,115)	\$	(608,115)
20			 	<u> </u>	
21	Health Policy Authority				
22	Reserved	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$	0
23	Unreserved	 0	 0		0
24	Total Health Policy Authority Fund	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$	0
25					
26	All Other Governmental Funds				
27	Reserved reported in:				
28	Reserved for debt service	\$ 46,819	\$ 74,631	\$	112,572
30	Reserved for encumbrances	147,834	163,830		167,582
31	Reserved for advances to other funds	0	60,164		79,888
32	Unreserved	 285,994	 204,844		324,311
33	Total all other governmental funds	\$ 480,647	\$ 503,469	\$	684,353

Financial Trends Fund Balances, Governmental Funds Last Six Fiscal Years

2005			2006	_		2007	
\$ 15,6	74 \$,	22 296		\$	20 071	
		•	22,386		Э	28,871	
297,0		,	649,526	-	Ф	791,980	
\$ 312,7	33 \$)	671,912	=	\$	820,851	
\$ 19,4	13 \$		18,125		\$	16,708	
70,4			45,558		Ψ	7,810	
\$ 89,8		5	63,683	-	\$	24,518	
+ 07,0				=			1
\$ 942,1	14 \$	5	962,147		\$	977,154	
(168,17	(3)		(243,585)			(356,696)	
\$ 773,9		,	718,562	-	\$	620,458	
				=			
\$	0 \$,	0		\$	0	
(755,11			(755,115)			(755,115)	
\$ (755,11		;	(755,115)	-	\$	(755,115)	
				=			,
							,
\$	0 \$	9	4,152		\$	8,405	4
	0		4,917	-		15,785	2
\$	0 \$;	9,069	=	\$	24,190	
							,
							2
\$ 76,14	43 \$,	13,489		\$	13,767	2
155,1		•	13,489		Ф	13,767	3
79,2			149,569 86,002			41,023	3
353,7			402,889			41,023	-
\$ 664,2		,	651,949	-	\$	660,936	
p 004,2	<u> </u>)	031,949	_	Ф	000,930	

Changes in Fund Balances, Governmental Funds Last Six Fiscal Years

		2002	2003	2004
1	Revenues			
2	Taxes	\$ 4,392,768	\$ 4,988,981	\$ 5,455,211
3	Charges for services	449,109	531,949	746,995
4	Intergovernmental (operating and capital grants)	2,657,395	2,730,334	2,697,149
5	Investment earnings	37,442	13,636	11,473
6	Other revenues (includes extraordinary items)	177,028	161,081	309,115
7	Total revenues	7,713,742	8,425,981	9,219,943
8				
9				
10	Expenditures			
11	General government	582,613	542,359	1,699,154
12	Human resources	2,727,508	2,805,640	3,111,624
13	Education	2,664,448	3,128,229	3,206,817
14	Public safety	482,523	467,663	451,511
15	Agriculture and natural resources	91,302	91,034	89,161
16	Highways and other transportation	920,930	898,645	1,018,471
17	Health and environment	166,504	175,636	186,653
18	Economic Development	0	0	0
19	Debt service			
20	Interest	83,511	82,351	82,589
21	Principal	73,861	92,026	73,448
22	Total expenditures	7,793,200	8,283,583	9,919,428
23				
24	Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures	(79,458)	142,398	(699,485)
25				
26				
27	Other Financing Sources (Uses)			
28	Proceeds from sale of debt	164,740	383,863	1,321,417
29	Transfers, net	(573,043)	(612,542)	77,220
30	Other financing sources (uses)	(33,202)	(646,970)	(442,781)
31	Extraordinary items	0	45,710	0
32	Total other financing sources (uses)	(441,505)	(829,939)	955,856
33				
34	Net change in fund balances	\$ (520,963)	\$ (687,541)	\$ 256,371
35				
36	Debt service as a percentage of noncapital			
37	expenditures	2.02%	2.11%	1.57%
٠.		2.3270	2.1170	1.5 . 70

Changes in Fund Balances, Governmental Funds Last Six Fiscal Years

	2005	 2006		2007	
\$	5,827,740	\$ 6,378,200	\$	6,828,429	
	554,851	655,564		744,423	
	2,910,532	3,042,060		3,091,345	
	26,411	61,625		106,733	
	283,470	263,737		290,090	
	9,603,004	 10,401,186		11,061,020	
	_	 _	'	_	
					1
	1,274,908	999,533		1,101,740	1
	3,125,941	2,982,450		3,089,907	1
	3,396,304	4,380,427		3,879,673	1
	507,215	577,042		611,471]
	91,512	96,026		102,387]
	1,026,447	1,027,094		1,033,768]
	190,761	199,016		200,906]
	3,293	3,780		3,125	1
		0			1
	139,062	93,570		112,398	2
	85,347	 142,316		147,770	2
	9,840,790	 10,501,254		10,283,145	2
					2
	(237,786)	(100,068)		777,875	2
					2
					2
				~	2
	257,125	532,422		54,188	2
	84,732	37,830		(797,276)	2
	(1,956)	(177,402)		0	3
	0	 0		(7.12.000)	3
	339,901	 392,850		(743,088)	3
_	100 110			24-55	3
\$	102,115	\$ 292,782	\$	34,787	3
					3
					3
	2.28%	2.25%		2.53%	3

Revenue Capacity Personal Income by Industry, Last Five Calendar Years

(expressed in thousands)

		 2002	 2003	 2004
1	Private earnings			
2	Agricultural, Forestry, Fishing and Hunting	\$ 206,149	\$ 214,456	\$ 210,382
3	Mining	690,752	882,024	1,116,737
4	Utilities	651,345	617,946	657,098
5	Construction	3,268,284	3,328,533	3,484,446
6	Manufacturing	10,374,912	10,273,532	11,051,694
7	Wholesale trade	3,310,915	3,342,670	3,545,216
8	Retail trade	4,141,184	4,205,076	4,288,788
9	Transportation and warehousing	2,255,983	2,322,320	2,410,973
10	Information	3,228,551	3,337,931	3,467,343
11	Finance and insurance	3,251,123	3,443,020	3,538,324
12	Real estate and rental and leasing	944,983	1,030,623	1,084,156
13	Professional and technical services	3,805,827	3,636,298	4,119,366
14	Management of companies and enterprises	657,341	642,242	646,177
15	Administrative and waste services	1,884,145	1,912,856	2,047,391
16	Educational services	437,349	454,982	484,165
17	Health care and social assistance	5,504,250	5,737,227	6,121,229
18	Arts, entertainment and recreation	295,488	262,264	275,033
19	Accommodation and food services	1,414,505	1,529,046	1,620,859
20	Other services except public administration	1,819,250	1,923,437	1,933,757
21				
22	Government			
23	Federal, civilian	1,829,087	1,871,954	2,052,479
24	Military	1,359,767	1,611,419	1,732,548
25	State and local	7,627,869	8,376,916	9,482,014

Source: U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of Economic Analysis at: http://www.bea.gov/regional/spi

Revenue Capacity Personal Income by Industry, Last Five Calendar Years (expressed in thousands)

2005	2006	
		1
\$ 228,199	\$ 234,407	2
1,328,010	1,589,409	3
690,152	722,574	4
3,776,521	4,094,066	5
1,661,073	12,504,265	6
3,772,210	3,991,402	7
4,362,037	4,582,546	8
2,489,576	2,611,443	9
3,344,081	3,521,742	10
3,684,245	3,883,858	11
1,167,144	1,171,789	12
4,494,448	4,875,571	13
684,829	879,612	14
2,469,462	2,847,681	15
507,546	541,281	16
6,444,008	6,819,398	17
274,399	295,266	18
1,655,420	1,759,646	19
1,984,554	2,059,524	20
		21
		22
2,054,583	2,145,533	23
1,889,902	2,096,824	24
9,889,548	10,239,615	25

Debt Capacity Long Term Obligations Last Six Years (Expressed in thousands)

		2002	2003	2004
1	Government Activities			
2	Revenue bonds payable	\$ 1,448,399	\$ 1,374,622	\$ 2,164,339
3	Sales tax limited obligation	0	136,292	160,830
4	Note payable	24,249	25,899	22,549
5	Capital leases payable	122,121	152,539	161,801
6	Arbitrage rebate payable	93	677	385
7	Claims and judgements	40,310	42,816	49,396
8	Compensated absences	96,303	95,456	94,726
9	Total Governmental Activities	1,731,475	1,828,301	2,654,026
10				
11	Business-Type Activities			
12	Revenue bonds payable	713,110	878,605	584,824
13	Note payable	58,052	56,163	0
14	Arbitrage rebate payable	5,342	4,538	3,123
15	Claims and judgements	337,200	297,372	185,909
16	Compensated absences	41,900	43,858	54
17	Other	2,800	0	(930)
18	Total business-type activities	1,158,404	1,280,536	772,980
19				
20	Component Units			
21	Revenue bonds payable	253,975	306,540	619,409
22	Note payable	0	0	82,316
23	Capital leases payable	0	0	0
24	Arbitrage rebate payable	0	0	16
25	Compensated absences	0	0	44,887
26	Other	0	0	17,129
27	Total component units	253,975	306,540	763,757
28	Total	\$ 3,143,854	\$ 3,415,377	\$ 4,190,763

Debt Capacity Long Term Obligations Last Six Years (Expressed in thousands)

	2007		2006		2005	
	2,740,099	\$	2,764,949	\$	1,748,407	\$
	218,420	Ψ	232,322	Ψ	173,239	Ψ
	18,278		20,448		22,391	
	145,366		152,483		159,781	
	97		93		388	
	61,593		68,033		54,642	
	118,795		109,214		100,030	
	3,302,648		3,347,542		2,258,878	
1						
1						
1	714,857		720,978		650,193	
1	0		0		0	
1	1,340		963		2,003	
1	180,802		186,871		187,474	
1	59		47		49	
1	13,730		12,961		11,392	
1	910,788		921,820		851,111	
1						
2						
2	684,398		691,253		726,535	
2	20,443		109,783		68,351	
2	16,143		4,666		0	
2	69		80		62	
2	52,503		49,655		47,919	
2	127,836		103,761		106,726	
2	1,001,392		959,198		949,593	
2	5,214,828	\$	5,228,560	\$	4,059,582	\$

Demographic and Economic Information Kansas Demographic Statistics Last Ten Fiscal Years

Year_	Population	Per Capita Personal Income	Median Age	Education Level in Years of Formal Schooling	K to 12 Public School Enrollment	Unemployment Rate
1998	2,639,000	25,519	35.25	-	469,758	3.8%
1999	2,654,000	26,134	35.50	-	469,205	3.0%
2000	2,688,000	27,439	35.25	-	468,347	3.7%
2001	2,694,641	28,432	35.25	13.28	468,171	4.3%
2002	2,715,884	29,141	35.40	-	468,173	5.1%
2003	2,723,507	29,545	35.50	-	467,326	5.4%
2004	2,735,502	31,003	36.10	-	484,262	4.8%
2005	2,744,687	32,948	36.10	-	466,037	5.3%
2006	2,764,075	34,743	36.00	-	465,374	4.7%
2007	(6)	(6)	(6)	-	465,135	4.8%

Data Sources:

⁽¹⁾ U.S. Bureau of the Census Web Site: http://www.census.gov.

⁽²⁾ State Department of Commerce and U.S. Department of Commerce, BEA Web Site: http://kansascommerce.com or http://www.bea.gov

State Department of Health and Environment: http://www.kdheks.gov

⁽⁴⁾ State Department of Education Web Site: http://www.ksde.org. The Source for education level in years of formal schooling came from 1990 and 2000 census reports issued by the U.S. Census Bureau. The school enrollment represents the head count as of September 20 of each year.

⁽⁵⁾ State Department of Labor, Kansas Labor Market Information Services Web Site: http://laborstats.dol.ks.gov.

⁽⁶⁾ Information is not available at this time.

Principal Employers in Kansas Current Year and Seven Years Ago

		2007			2000*	
Employer	Local/Total Employees	Rank	Percentage of Total Employment	Employees	Rank	Percentage of Total Employment
Cessna Aircraft Co.	12,000 / 40,000	1	0.84%	10,100	3	0.71%
Hawker Beechcraft Corp.	12,000 / 12,000	2	0.84%	-	-	-
Sprint	10,800 / 64,600	3	0.75%	-	-	-
Spirit Aerosystems Inc.	8,000 / 11,845	4	0.56%	-	-	-
Royal Caribbean Cruises Ltd.	4,900 / 42,958	5	0.34%	-	-	-
Coleman Company Inc.	4,600 / 4,600	6	0.32%	-	-	-
Koch	4,390 / 85,270	7	0.31%	-	-	-
Via Christi Regional Med. Ctr.	4,000 / 11,000	8	0.28%	4,678	7	0.33%
Stormont-Vail Healthcare Inc.	3,400 / 3,400	9	0.24%	-	-	-
Performance Contracting Inc	3,000 / 4,000	10	0.21%	-	-	-
University of Kansas Hospital				4,540	8	0.31%
Sprint/United Management Co.	-	-	-	23,197	1	1.63%
Boeing Company	-	-	-	15,300	2	1.08%
Raytheon Aircraft Company	-	-	-	8,100	4	0.57%
IBP, Inc.	-	-	-	6,000	5	0.42%
Farmland Industries	-	-	-	5,850	6	0.41%
Southwestern Bell Telephone	-	-	-	4,500	9	0.32%
General Motor Corporation	-	-	-	4,200	10	0.29%
Total	67,090 / 279,673	-	4.69%	86,465	•	6.07%

Source: Dun & Bradstreet Corporation, Million Dollar Databases 2007 for current fiscal year and Marketplace Directory April - June 1999 for fiscal year 2000 annual financial report (*earliest information reported).

Operating Information Full-time Equivalent State Government Employees by Function/Program - Continued Last Ten Fiscal Years

	Function/Program	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001
1	General Government	5,441	5,388	5,429	5,494	5,465
2	Public Safety	4,891	4,861	4,896	4,957	5,045
3	Education	18,000	18,183	18,288	16,421	16,406
4	Transportation	3,241	3,140	3,112	3,220	3,248
5	Agriculture and Natural	1,407	1,196	1,199	1,211	1,194
6	Resources					
7	Human Resources	10,324	9,177	8,609	8,675	8,472
8	Total	43,304	41,945	41,533	39,978	39,830

Source: Department of Administration Workforce Reports at http://www.da.ks.gov/ps/subject/workforce.htm

Operating Information Full-time Equivalent State Government Employees by Function/Program – Concluded Last Ten Fiscal Years

2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	
5,541	5,551	5,518	5,745	5,843	1
5,064	5,083	5,083	5,114	5,102	2
16,305	16,452	15,901	15,562	16,770	3
3,248	3,248	3,248	3,252	3,238	4
1,278	1,286	1,281	1,287	1,266	5
					6
8,730	8,729	8,426	8,189	8,191	7
40,166	40,349	39,457	39,149	40,410	8





Berberich Trahan & Co., P.A.

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Legislative Post Audit Committee Kansas State Legislature

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the State of Kansas (State) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2007, and have issued our report thereon dated December 31, 2007. We did not audit the financial statements of the various component units of the six state universities which represent 53 percent and 49 percent, respectively, of the assets and revenues of the aggregate discretely presented component units. Those financial statements were audited by other auditors whose reports thereon have been furnished to us, and our opinion, insofar as it relates to the amounts included for the component units of the six state universities aggregate discretely presented component units, is based on the reports of the other auditors. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered the State's internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the State's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the State's internal control over financial reporting.

A control deficiency exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect misstatements on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a control deficiency, or combination of control deficiencies, that adversely affects the entity's ability to initiate, authorize, record, process, or report financial data reliably in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles such that there is more than a remote likelihood that a misstatement of the entity's financial statements that is more than inconsequential will not be prevented or detected by the entity's internal control.

A material weakness is a significant deficiency, or combination of significant deficiencies, that results in more than a remote likelihood that a material misstatement of the financial statements will not be prevented or detected by the entity's internal control.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the State's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under Government Auditing Standards.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the State of Kansas Legislative Post Audit committee, management, federal awarding agencies, pass-through entities, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than those specified parties.

Allen, Gibbs & Houlik, L.C. Berberich Trahan & Co., PA CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

December 31, 2007 Wichita, KS